



SENATE JOURNAL

STATE OF ILLINOIS

**ONE HUNDRED FOURTH GENERAL
ASSEMBLY**

60TH LEGISLATIVE DAY

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 2025

10:42 O'CLOCK A.M.

SENATE
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60th Legislative Day

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The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.
Senator David Koehler, Peoria, Illinois, presiding.
Prayer by Rabbi Arthur Stern, Temple Israel, Springfield, Illinois.
Senator Johnson led the Senate in the Pledge of Allegiance.

The Journal of Monday, May 26, 2025, was being read when on motion of Senator Glowiak Hilton, further reading of same was dispensed with, and unless some Senator had corrections to offer, the Journal would stand approved. No corrections being offered, the Journal was ordered to stand approved.

The Journal of Tuesday, May 27, 2025, was being read when on motion of Senator Glowiak Hilton, further reading of same was dispensed with, and unless some Senator had corrections to offer, the Journal would stand approved. No corrections being offered, the Journal was ordered to stand approved.

The Journal of Wednesday, May 28, 2025, was being read when on motion of Senator Glowiak Hilton, further reading of same was dispensed with, and unless some Senator had corrections to offer, the Journal would stand approved. No corrections being offered, the Journal was ordered to stand approved.

The Journal of Thursday, May 29, 2025, was being read when on motion of Senator Glowiak Hilton, further reading of same was dispensed with, and unless some Senator had corrections to offer, the Journal would stand approved. No corrections being offered, the Journal was ordered to stand approved.

The Journal of Friday, May 30, 2025, was being read when on motion of Senator Glowiak Hilton, further reading of same was dispensed with, and unless some Senator had corrections to offer, the Journal would stand approved. No corrections being offered, the Journal was ordered to stand approved.

Senator Glowiak Hilton moved that reading and approval of the Journal of Tuesday, October 28, 2025, be postponed, pending arrival of the printed Journal.
The motion prevailed.

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED

The following Floor amendments to the House Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

- Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 1437
- Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 3799

REPORTS RECEIVED

The Secretary placed before the Senate the following reports:

DBE Awards or Commitments and Payments Report - 7/23-6/24, submitted by the Metra.

DBE Awards or Commitments and Payments Report - 7/24-6/25, submitted by the Metra.

CPO-HE Annual Reports FY25, submitted by the Public Institutions of Higher Education.

The foregoing reports were ordered received and placed on file in the Secretary’s Office.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE MINORITY LEADER

SPRINGFIELD OFFICE:
108 STATE HOUSE
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62706

DISTRICT OFFICE:
1011 STATE ST.
SUITE 205

[October 29, 2025]

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ILLINOIS STATE SENATE
JOHN CURRAN
SENATE REPUBLICAN LEADER
41ST SENATE DISTRICT

October 29, 2025

Mr. Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
058 State House
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 3-5, I hereby temporarily appoint **Senator Li Arellano Jr.** to replace **Senator Dale Fowler** on the **Senate Energy and Public Utilities Committee**. This appointment is effective Wednesday, October 29, 2025, and will automatically expire upon adjournment of the **Senate Energy and Public Utilities Committee** on Wednesday, October 29, 2025.

Sincerely,
s/John F. Curran
John F. Curran
Illinois Senate Republican Leader
41st District

Cc: Senate President Don Harmon
Assistant Secretary of the Senate Scott Kaiser

PRESENTATION OF CELEBRATION OF LIFE RESOLUTION

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 500

Offered by Senator Curran and all Senators:

Mourns the passing of Zachary, Kelsey, Vada Rose, and Samuel Bailey and extends heartfelt condolences to Darren and Cindy Bailey, Finnley Bailey, and the entire Bailey family.

By unanimous consent, the foregoing resolution was referred to the Resolutions Consent Calendar.

PRESENTATION OF CONGRATULATORY RESOLUTION

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 499

Offered by Senator Belt:

Congratulates Project Compassion, NFP on achieving 20 years of providing unrelenting dedication and love to those in the community who need it most. Wishes the organization many more years of continued success.

Under the Rules, the foregoing resolution was referred to the Committee on Assignments.

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REPORT FROM STANDING COMMITTEE

Senator Cervantes, Chair of the Committee on Criminal Law, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 1836
Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 3492

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

CONSIDERATION OF RESOLUTIONS ON SECRETARY’S DESK

Senator Morrison moved that **Senate Resolution No. 30**, on the Secretary’s Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

Senator Morrison moved that Senate Resolution No. 30 be adopted.

The motion prevailed.

And the resolution was adopted.

Senator Morrison moved that **Senate Resolution No. 31**, on the Secretary’s Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Education, adopted and ordered printed:

WHEREAS, Millions of neurodivergent individuals in the U.S., an estimated 15 to 20% of the overall population according to an American Enterprise Institute (AEI) Report, are bullied in primary education school settings; and

WHEREAS, Individuals with autism are up to four times more likely to experience loneliness than non-autistic people, and children with Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) are nearly twice as likely to be physically and emotionally bullied than their neurotypical peers, according to information provided by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) in 2021; and

WHEREAS, Children with autism or other neurodivergent conditions are particularly sensitive to their early social environments, and positive early interactions, such as inclusive and supportive peer relationships, can significantly enhance their emotional well-being and overall development; and

WHEREAS, A school having an action plan for neurotypical students provides a simple way to demonstrate kindness, respect, and accommodation directed towards neurodivergent peers; and

WHEREAS, If nothing is done in K-8 education for vulnerable Illinoisans, countless neurodivergent individuals will continue being silently oppressed by peers unaware of the condition that affects their peers; and

WHEREAS, The State of Illinois has a responsibility to provide its neurodivergent students with a positive social environment in primary K-8 education; in doing so, it is imperative that neurotypical peers receive educational guidance, in the form of assemblies, workbooks, handbooks, Social Emotional Learning (SEL) lessons, in-classroom conversations, and other methods, on neurodivergence so they can become cognizant of the various neurodivergent conditions; and

WHEREAS, Within schools that encompass a K-8 district, presentations on topics of neurodivergence can be delivered to students in an interpersonal format, including, but not limited to, assemblies and/or presentations; and

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WHEREAS, Special needs instructors and/or professionals should be involved in this process, whether through providing information or through the development of the assembly itself, in order to ensure the authenticity and accuracy of the educational materials; and

WHEREAS, Additional input and content development can be provided by local groups dedicated to neurodivergence advocacy, including the Lincolnshire Autism Awareness Project, which has previously developed presentations used in school districts, including Illinois' District 102, District 103, and others; and

WHEREAS, Autism Awareness Month, recognized annually in the month of April, has been utilized as a time to spread awareness, understanding, and acceptance of autism spectrum disorders; and

WHEREAS, Schools that implement autism awareness programs during awareness months like April often see a reduction in bullying incidents as students and staff educated on autism and neurodivergence as a whole are more likely to intervene and support students with autism, reducing instances of oppression in schooling; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDRED FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we encourage the implementation of a program in K-8 schools to mandate student education on topics of neurodivergence to reinforce Illinois' commitment to providing access to an inclusive future for all students and a safe space for all families in education, cognizant of all neurological backgrounds.

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

Senator Morrison moved that Senate Resolution No. 31, as amended, be adopted.

The motion prevailed.

And the resolution, as amended, was adopted.

Senator Johnson moved that **Senate Resolution No. 377**, on the Secretary's Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

Senator Johnson moved that Senate Resolution No. 377 be adopted.

The motion prevailed.

And the resolution was adopted.

Senator Fine moved that **Senate Resolution No. 396**, on the Secretary's Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

Senator Fine moved that Senate Resolution No. 396 be adopted.

The motion prevailed.

And the resolution was adopted.

Senator Villivalam moved that **Senate Resolution No. 464**, on the Secretary's Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

Senator Villivalam moved that Senate Resolution No. 464 be adopted.

The motion prevailed.

And the resolution was adopted.

Senator Villivalam moved that **Senate Resolution No. 465**, on the Secretary's Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

Senator Villivalam moved that Senate Resolution No. 465 be adopted.

The motion prevailed.

And the resolution was adopted.

Senator Castro moved that **Senate Joint Resolution No. 34**, on the Secretary's Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

Senator Castro moved that Senate Joint Resolution No. 34 be adopted.

The motion prevailed.

And the resolution was adopted.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

At the hour of 11:10 o'clock a.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stands at ease.

AT EASE

At the hour of 11:15 o'clock a.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business.

Senator Koehler, presiding.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON ASSIGNMENTS

Senator Cunningham, Vice-Chair of the Committee on Assignments, during its October 29, 2025 meeting, reported the following Legislative Measures have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Executive: **House Bills Numbered 576 and 767; Committee Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 3266; Floor Amendment No. 6 to House Bill 3564.**

Labor: **House Bill No. 507; Floor Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 3005; Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 3005; Floor Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 3005.**

State Government: **House Bill No. 762.**

Senator Cunningham, Vice-Chair of the Committee on Assignments, during its October 29, 2025 meeting, reported that the following Legislative Measure has been approved for consideration:

Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 250

The foregoing floor amendment was placed on the Secretary's Desk.

Pursuant to Senate Rule 3-8 (b-1), the following amendment will remain in the Committee on Assignments: **Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1473.**

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED

The following Floor amendment to the House Bill listed below has been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 4 to House Bill 3005

The following Floor amendment to the Senate Bill listed below has been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 1473

POSTING NOTICE WAIVED

Senator Peters moved to waive the six-day posting requirement on **House Bill No. 507** so that the measure may be heard in the Committee on Labor that is scheduled to meet October 29, 2025.

The motion prevailed.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Balkema, **Senate Bill No. 2683** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Joyce	Sims
Aquino	Feigenholtz	Koehler	Stadelman
Arellano, L.	Fine	Lewis	Syverson
Balkema	Glowiak Hilton	Lightford	Tracy
Belt	Guzmán	Loughran Cappel	Turner, D.
Bryant	Halpin	Martwick	Turner, S.
Castro	Harris, N.	McClure	Ventura
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Morrison	Villa
Chesney	Hastings	Murphy	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Peters	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Porfirio	Walker
DeWitte	Hunter	Preston	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Rezin	Mr. President
Ellman	Jones, E.	Rose	

This bill, having received the vote of three-fifths of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

Senator Collins asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect her intention to have voted in the affirmative on **Senate Bill No. 2683**.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Hastings, **House Bill No. 643** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 52; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Feigenholtz	Koehler	Syverson
Arellano, L.	Fine	Lewis	Tracy
Balkema	Glowiak Hilton	Loughran Cappel	Turner, D.
Belt	Guzmán	Martwick	Turner, S.
Bryant	Halpin	McClure	Ventura
Castro	Harris, N.	Morrison	Villa

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Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Murphy	Villanueva
Collins	Hastings	Porfirio	Walker
Cunningham	Hills	Preston	Wilcox
Curran	Holmes	Rezin	Mr. President
DeWitte	Hunter	Rose	
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Simmons	
Ellman	Jones, E.	Sims	
Faraci	Joyce	Stadelman	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Sims, **House Bill No. 1863** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Sims offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 1863

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 1863, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Article 3.

Section 3-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the Boards and Commissions Review Act. References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

Section 3-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Appointing authority" means the person or entity authorized or required by the Illinois Constitution, a statute, or an executive order of the Governor to appoint a majority of the appointed members of a board.

"Board" means a board, commission, task force, or other body that is authorized or created by the Illinois Constitution, a statute, or an executive order of the Governor and to which an appointing authority is authorized or required to appoint one or more members.

Section 3-10. Review and report.

(a) During odd-numbered years, beginning in 2027, an appointing authority may review the activity of any board to which the appointing authority is authorized or required to appoint a majority of the members to determine whether the board has conducted business or held meetings in the prior 2 years, has been abolished by executive order, or has submitted a final statutory report. Based on the findings of its review, the appointing authority shall consider whether to submit a report to the General Assembly recommending abolition of the board.

(b) On or before December 31 of each odd-numbered year, beginning in 2027, an appointing authority may submit a report to the General Assembly and the Legislative Reference Bureau that recommends the abolition of one or more boards to which the appointing authority is authorized or required to make appointments and that sets forth the basis for each of its recommendations. A report of an appointing authority under this subsection (b) shall not recommend for abolition any board that was authorized or created during the 2-year period immediately before the report's submittal.

(c) A board that is recommended for abolition by an appointing authority shall be considered inactive upon submission of the report recommending its abolition to the General Assembly. In an even-numbered year following the report, the Legislative Reference Bureau shall draft a revisory bill that (i) proposes the repeal of the boards found by appointing authorities in the immediately preceding year to be inactive and (ii) makes all other conforming changes that the Bureau deems necessary to provide for the repeal of those

boards and their powers and duties. The Bureau shall provide copies of the revisory bill required under this subsection to each legislative leader of the General Assembly.

Article 5.

Section 5-10. The State Agency Web Site Act is amended by changing Section 10 as follows:
(5 ILCS 177/10)

Sec. 10. Cookies and other invasive tracking programs.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), State agency Web sites may not use permanent cookies or any other invasive tracking programs that monitor and track Web site viewing habits; however, a State agency Web site may use transactional cookies that facilitate business transactions.

(b) Permanent cookies used by State agency Web sites may be exempt from the prohibition in subsection (a) if they meet the following criteria:

(1) The use of permanent cookies adds value to the user otherwise not available;

(2) The permanent cookies are not used to monitor and track web site viewing habits unless all types of information collected and the State's use of that information add user value and are disclosed through a comprehensive online privacy statement.

~~The Internet Privacy Task Force established under Section 15 shall define the exemption and limitations of this subsection (b) in practice.~~

(Source: P.A. 93-117, eff. 1-1-04.)

(5 ILCS 177/15 rep.)

Section 5-15. The State Agency Web Site Act is amended by repealing Section 15.

Section 5-18. The Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section 5-525 as follows:

(20 ILCS 5/5-525) (was 20 ILCS 5/6.01)

Sec. 5-525. In the Department of Agriculture.

(a) (Blank).

(b) An Advisory Board of Livestock Commissioners to consist of 25 persons. The Board shall consist of the administrator of animal disease programs, the Dean of the College of Agricultural, Consumer, and Environmental Sciences of the University of Illinois, the Dean of the College of Veterinary Medicine of the University of Illinois, and, commencing on January 1, 1990, the Deans or Chairmen of the Colleges or Departments of Agriculture of Illinois State University, Southern Illinois University, and Western Illinois University in that order who shall each serve for 1 year terms, provided that, commencing on January 1, 1993, such terms shall be for 2 years in the same order, the Director of Public Health, the Director of Natural Resources, the Chairperson of the Agriculture and Conservation Committee of the Senate, and the Chairperson of the Agriculture & Conservation Committee of the House of Representatives, who shall be ~~ex officio~~ ~~ex-officio~~ members of the Board, and ~~16~~ ~~17~~ additional persons, appointed by the Governor to serve at the Governor's pleasure, who are interested in the well-being of domestic animals and poultry and in the prevention, elimination, and control of diseases affecting them. Of the ~~16~~ ~~17~~ additional persons, one shall be a representative of breeders of beef cattle, one shall be a representative of breeders of dairy cattle, ~~one shall be a representative of breeders of dual purpose cattle~~, one shall be a representative of breeders of swine, one shall be a representative of poultry breeders, one shall be a representative of small ruminant sheep breeders, one shall be a veterinarian licensed in this State, one shall be a representative of general or diversified farming, one shall be a representative of deer or elk breeders, ~~one shall be a representative of livestock auction markets~~, one shall be a representative of cattle feeders, one shall be a representative of pork producers, one shall be a representative of the State licensed meat packers, one shall be a representative of canine breeders, one shall be a representative of equine breeders, one shall be a representative of licensed animal shelters, one shall be a representative of licensed animal control officers ~~the Illinois licensed renderers~~, and one shall be a representative of livestock auction markets or livestock dealers. An appointed member's office becomes vacant upon the member's absence from 3 consecutive meetings. Appointments made by the Governor after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall be for a term of 5 years. The members of the Board shall receive no compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties. In the appointment of the Advisory Board

of Livestock Commissioners, the Governor shall consult with representative persons and recognized organizations in the respective fields concerning the appointments.

Rules and regulations of the Department of Agriculture pertaining to the well-being of domestic animals and poultry and the prevention, elimination, and control of diseases affecting them shall be submitted to the Advisory Board of Livestock Commissioners for approval at its duly called meeting. The chairperson of the Board shall certify the official minutes of the Board's action and shall file the certified minutes with the Department of Agriculture within 30 days after the proposed rules and regulations are submitted and before they are promulgated and made effective. In the event it is deemed desirable, the Board may hold hearings upon the rules and regulations or proposed revisions. The Board members shall be familiar with the Acts relating to the well-being of domestic animals and poultry and to the prevention, elimination, and control of diseases affecting them. The Department shall, upon the request of a Board member, advise the Board concerning the administration of the respective Acts.

The Director of Agriculture or his or her representative from the Department shall act as chairperson of the Board. The Director shall call annual meetings of the Board and may call other meetings of the Board as deemed necessary. A quorum of appointed members must be present to convene an official meeting. The chairperson and ~~ex officio~~ ~~ex officio~~ members shall not be included in a quorum call. ~~Ex officio~~ ~~Ex officio~~ members may be represented by a duly authorized representative from their department, division, college, or committee; however, that representative may not exercise the voting privileges of the ~~ex officio~~ ~~ex officio~~ member. Appointed members shall not be represented at a meeting by another person. ~~Ex officio~~ ~~Ex officio~~ members and appointed members shall have the right to vote on all proposed rules and regulations; voting that in effect would pertain to approving rules and regulations shall be taken by an oral roll call. No member shall vote by proxy. The chairman shall not vote except in the case of a tie vote. Any ~~ex officio~~ ~~ex officio~~ or appointed member may ask for and shall receive an oral roll call on any motion before the Board. The Department shall provide a clerk to take minutes of the meetings and record transactions of the Board. The Board, by oral roll call, may require an official court reporter to record the minutes of the meetings.

(Source: P.A. 100-841, eff. 8-14-18.)

(20 ILCS 5/5-570 rep.)

Section 5-19. The Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by repealing Section 5-570.

(20 ILCS 405/405-130 rep.)

Section 5-20. The Department of Central Management Services Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by repealing Section 405-130.

Section 5-25. The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Sections 605-300, 605-600, 605-707, and 605-855 as follows:

(20 ILCS 605/605-300) (was 20 ILCS 605/46.2)

Sec. 605-300. Economic ~~and business~~ development plans; ~~Illinois Business Development Council~~. ~~Economic development plans~~. The Department shall develop a strategic economic development plan for the State by July 1, 2014. By no later than July 1, 2015, and by July 1 annually thereafter, the Department shall make modifications to the plan as modifications are warranted by changes in economic conditions or by other factors, including changes in policy. In addition to the annual modification, the plan shall be reviewed and redeveloped in full every 5 years. In the development of the annual economic development plan, the Department shall consult with representatives of the private sector, other State agencies, academic institutions, local economic development organizations, local governments, and not-for-profit organizations. The annual economic development plan shall set specific, measurable, attainable, relevant, and time-sensitive goals and shall include a focus on areas of high unemployment or poverty.

The term "economic development" shall be construed broadly by the Department and may include, but is not limited to, job creation, job retention, tax base enhancements, development of human capital, workforce productivity, critical infrastructure, regional competitiveness, social inclusion, standard of living, environmental sustainability, energy independence, quality of life, the effective use of financial incentives, the utilization of public private partnerships where appropriate, and other metrics determined by the Department.

The plan shall be based on relevant economic data, focus on economic development as prescribed by this Section, and emphasize strategies to retain and create jobs.

The plan shall identify and develop specific strategies for utilizing the assets of regions within the State defined as counties and municipalities or other political subdivisions in close geographical proximity that share common economic traits such as commuting zones, labor market areas, or other economically integrated characteristics.

If the plan includes strategies that have a fiscal impact on the Department or any other agency, the plan shall include a detailed description of the estimated fiscal impact of such strategies.

Prior to publishing the plan in its final form, the Department shall allow for a reasonable time for public input.

The Department shall transmit copies of the economic development plan to the Governor and the General Assembly no later than July 1, 2014, and by July 1 annually thereafter. The plan and its corresponding modifications shall be published and made available to the public in both paper and electronic media, on the Department's website, and by any other method that the Department deems appropriate.

The Department shall annually submit legislation to implement the strategic economic development plan or modifications to the strategic economic development plan to the Governor, the President and Minority Leader of the Senate, and the Speaker and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives. The legislation shall be in the form of one or more substantive bills drafted by the Legislative Reference Bureau.

(Source: P.A. 102-1071, eff. 6-10-22.)

(20 ILCS 605/605-600) (was 20 ILCS 605/46.19f)

Sec. 605-600. Buy Illinois Program. The Department shall have the authority to establish and administer a Buy Illinois Program, which may include, but is not limited to, the following powers and duties:

(1) To accept grants, loans, or appropriations from the federal government or the State or any agency or instrumentality thereof, and to assess fees for any services performed under the Buy Illinois Program, to carry out the program.

(2) To form a Buy Illinois Council, made up of Illinois large firms and small firms, to provide advice and counsel in directing a statewide program.

(3) To publicize and advertise to Illinois firms and government agencies the importance and benefits of buying goods and services provided by vendors located within the State.

(4) To secure the cooperation of Illinois' large firms, federal, State and local governments, non-profit agencies, international organizations, and others to carry out this program.

(5) To match the needs for products and services by business firms and government agencies with the capabilities of small Illinois firms that can provide those needed goods and services.

(6) To hold purchasing agent seminars, fairs, conferences and workshops to aid small Illinois businesses in obtaining contracts for goods and services from larger firms and government agencies within the State.

(7) To assist business firms and government agencies to analyze their buying activities and to find ways to carry out those activities in an effective and economical manner, while promoting subcontract activity with small Illinois firms.

(8) To establish manual and electronic buying directories, including stand alone computer data bases that list qualified vendors and procurement opportunities.

(9) To promote through other means the use by international agencies, government agencies, and larger businesses of products and services produced by small Illinois firms.

(10) To subcontract, grant funds, or otherwise participate with qualified private firms, existing procurement centers, or other organizations that have designed programs approved in accordance with procedures determined by the Department, that are aimed at assisting small Illinois firms in obtaining contracts for products and services from local government agencies and larger Illinois businesses.

(11) To develop and administer guidelines for projects that provide assistance to the Department in connection with the Buy Illinois Program.

~~(12) To form the Illinois Food Systems Policy Council to develop policies around food access and security, improve individual health and well-being, promote economic incentives for Illinois farmers, agri-businesses, and other private enterprises, and encourage public/private partnerships around healthy food options. Membership on the Council shall include the Director or Secretary, or his or her designee, of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, the Department of Human Services, the Department of Public Health, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Natural Resources, the Department of~~

~~Central Management Services, the State Board of Education, and the Food Nutrition and Education Program. The Council shall consult with farmers and farm associations, businesses and business associations, including agri-businesses and food processing businesses, and community based organizations, including those working on food access, security, and delivery and on obesity prevention. Administration of the Council and its functions shall be shared among the Council members pursuant to an interagency agreement from funds appropriated for this purpose or from existing funds within the budgets of the Council's members. The Council may submit, in consultation and collaboration with the associations, businesses, organizations, and entities listed in this Section, an annual report to the General Assembly describing the Council's work, which may include performance indicators to measure the impact of policies and practices adopted by the Council.~~

(Source: P.A. 94-77, eff. 1-1-06.)

(20 ILCS 605/605-707) (was 20 ILCS 605/46.6d)

Sec. 605-707. International Tourism Program.

(a) The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity must establish a program for international tourism. The Department shall develop and implement the program on January 1, 2000 by rule. As part of the program, the Department may work in cooperation with local convention and tourism bureaus in Illinois in the coordination of international tourism efforts at the State and local level. The Department may (i) work in cooperation with local convention and tourism bureaus for efficient use of their international tourism marketing resources, (ii) promote Illinois in international meetings and tourism markets, (iii) work with convention and tourism bureaus throughout the State to increase the number of international tourists to Illinois, (iv) provide training, research, technical support, and grants to certified convention and tourism bureaus, (v) provide staff, administration, and related support required to manage the programs under this Section, and (vi) provide grants for the development of or the enhancement of international tourism attractions.

(b) The Department shall make grants for expenses related to international tourism and pay for the staffing, administration, and related support from the International Tourism Fund, a special fund created in the State Treasury. Of the amounts deposited into the Fund in fiscal year 2000 after January 1, 2000 through fiscal year 2011, 55% shall be used for grants to convention and tourism bureaus in Chicago (other than the City of Chicago's Office of Tourism) and 45% shall be used for development of international tourism in areas outside of Chicago. Of the amounts deposited into the Fund in fiscal year 2001 and thereafter, 55% shall be used for grants to convention and tourism bureaus in Chicago, and of that amount not less than 27.5% shall be used for grants to convention and tourism bureaus in Chicago other than the City of Chicago's Office of Tourism, and 45% shall be used for administrative expenses and grants authorized under this Section and development of international tourism in areas outside of Chicago, of which not less than \$1,000,000 shall be used annually to make grants to convention and tourism bureaus in cities other than Chicago that demonstrate their international tourism appeal and request to develop or expand their international tourism marketing program, and may also be used to provide grants under item (vi) of subsection (a) of this Section. All of the amounts deposited into the Fund in fiscal year 2012 and thereafter shall be used for administrative expenses and grants authorized under this Section and development of international tourism in areas outside of Chicago, of which not less than \$1,000,000 shall be used annually to make grants to convention and tourism bureaus in cities other than Chicago that demonstrate their international tourism appeal and request to develop or expand their international tourism marketing program, and may also be used to provide grants under item (vi) of subsection (a) of this Section. Amounts appropriated to the State Comptroller for administrative expenses ~~and grants authorized by the Illinois Global Partnership Act~~ are payable from the International Tourism Fund. For Fiscal Years 2021 and 2022 only, the administrative expenses by the Department and the grants to convention and visitors bureaus outside the City of Chicago may be expended for the general purposes of promoting conventions and tourism.

(c) A convention and tourism bureau is eligible to receive grant moneys under this Section if the bureau is certified to receive funds under Title 14 of the Illinois Administrative Code, Section 550.35. To be eligible for a grant, a convention and tourism bureau must provide matching funds equal to the grant amount. The Department shall require that any convention and tourism bureau receiving a grant under this Section that requires matching funds shall provide matching funds equal to no less than 50% of the grant amount. In certain circumstances as determined by the Director of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, however, the City of Chicago's Office of Tourism or any other convention and tourism bureau may provide matching funds equal to no less than 50% of the grant amount to be eligible to receive the grant. One-half of

this 50% may be provided through in-kind contributions. Grants received by the City of Chicago's Office of Tourism and by convention and tourism bureaus in Chicago may be expended for the general purposes of promoting conventions and tourism.

(Source: P.A. 101-636, eff. 6-10-20; 102-16, eff. 6-17-21.)

(20 ILCS 605/605-855) (was 20 ILCS 605/46.32a in part)

Sec. 605-855. Grants to local coalitions and labor-management-community committees.

(a) ~~The Director, with the advice of the Labor-Management-Community Cooperation Committee,~~ shall have the authority to provide grants to employee coalitions or other coalitions that enhance or promote work and family programs and address specific community concerns, and to provide matching grants, grants, and other resources to establish or assist area labor-management-community committees and other projects that serve to enhance labor-management-community relations. The Department shall have the authority, with the advice of the Labor-Management-Community Cooperation Committee, to award grants or matching grants in the areas provided in subsections (b) through (g).

(b) Matching grants to existing local labor-management-community committees. To be eligible for matching grants pursuant to this subsection, local labor-management-community committees shall meet all of the following criteria:

(1) Be a formal, not-for-profit organization structured for continuing service with voluntary membership.

(2) Be composed of labor, management, and community representatives.

(3) Service a distinct and identifiable geographic region.

(4) Be staffed by a professional chief executive officer.

(5) Have been established with the Department for at least 2 years.

(6) Operate in compliance with rules set forth by the Department with the advice of the Labor-Management-Community Cooperation Committee.

(7) Ensure that their efforts and activities are coordinated with relevant agencies, including, but not limited to, the following:

Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity

Illinois Department of Labor

Economic development agencies

Planning agencies

Colleges, universities, and community colleges

U.S. Department of Labor

Statewide Job Training Partnership Act entities or entities under any successor federal workforce training and development legislation.

Further, the purpose of the local labor-management-community committees will include, but not be limited to, the following:

(i) Enhancing the positive labor-management-community relationship within the State, region, community, and/or work place.

(ii) Assisting in the retention, expansion, and attraction of businesses and jobs within the State through special training programs, gathering and disseminating information, and providing assistance in local economic development efforts as appropriate.

(iii) Creating and maintaining a regular nonadversarial forum for ongoing dialogue between labor, management, and community representatives to discuss and resolve issues of mutual concern outside the realm of the traditional collective bargaining process.

(iv) Acting as an intermediary for initiating local programs between unions and employers that would generally improve economic conditions in a region.

(v) Encouraging, assisting, and facilitating the development of work-site and industry labor-management-community committees in the region.

Any local labor-management-community committee meeting these criteria may apply to the Department for annual matching grants, provided that the local committee contributes at least 25% in matching funds, of which no more than 50% shall be "in-kind" services. Funds received by a local committee pursuant to this subsection shall be used for the ordinary operating expenses of the local committee.

(c) Matching grants to local labor-management-community committees that do not meet all of the eligibility criteria set forth in subsection (b). However, to be eligible to apply for a grant under this

subsection (c), the local labor-management-community committee, at a minimum, shall meet all of the following criteria:

(1) Be composed of labor, management, and community representatives.

(2) Service a distinct and identifiable geographic region.

(3) Operate in compliance with the rules set forth by the Department with the advice of the Labor-Management-Community Cooperation Committee.

(4) Ensure that its efforts and activities are directed toward enhancing the labor-management-community relationship within the State, region, community, and/or work place.

Any local labor-management-community committee meeting these criteria may apply to the Department for an annual matching grant, provided that the local committee contributes at least 25% in matching funds of which no more than 50% shall be "in-kind" services. Funds received by a local committee pursuant to this subsection (c) shall be used for the ordinary and operating expenses of the local committee. Eligible committees shall be limited to 3 years of funding under this subsection. With respect to those committees participating in this program prior to enactment of this amendatory Act of 1988 that fail to qualify under paragraph (1) of this subsection (c), previous years' funding shall be counted in determining whether those committees have reached their funding limit under this subsection (c).

(d) Grants to develop and conduct specialized education and training programs of direct benefit to representatives of labor, management, labor-management-community committees and/or their staff. The type of education and training programs to be developed and offered will be determined and prioritized annually by the Department, with the advice of the Labor-Management-Community Cooperation Committee. The Department will develop and issue an annual request for proposals detailing the program specifications.

(e) Grants for research and development projects related to labor-management-community or employment-related family issues. The Department, ~~with the advice of the Labor Management Community Cooperation Committee,~~ will develop and prioritize annually the type and scope of the research and development projects deemed necessary.

(f) Grants of up to a maximum of \$5,000 to support the planning of regional work, family, and community planning conferences that will be based on specific community concerns.

(g) Grants to initiate or support recently created employer-led coalitions to establish pilot projects that promote the understanding of the work and family issues and support local workforce dependent care services.

(h) The Department is authorized to establish applications and application procedures and promulgate any rules deemed necessary in the administration of the grants.

(Source: P.A. 94-793, eff. 5-19-06.)

(20 ILCS 605/605-425 rep.)

(20 ILCS 605/605-850 rep.)

(20 ILCS 605/605-1000 rep.)

Section 5-30. The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by repealing Sections 605-425, 605-850, and 605-1000.

(20 ILCS 627/20 rep.)

Section 5-35. The Electric Vehicle Act is amended by repealing Section 20.

(20 ILCS 896/20 rep.)

Section 5-55. The Lake Michigan Wind Energy Act is amended by repealing Section 20.

Section 5-60. The Energy Conservation and Coal Development Act is amended by changing Sections 9 and 10 as follows:

(20 ILCS 1105/9) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 7409)

Sec. 9. The Illinois Industrial Coal Utilization Program.

The Department shall administer the Illinois Industrial Coal Utilization Program, referred to as the "program". The purpose of the program is to increase the environmentally sound use of Illinois coal by qualified applicants. To that end, the Department shall operate a revolving loan program to partially finance new coal burning facilities sited in Illinois or conversion of existing boilers located in Illinois to coal use, referred to as "industrial coal projects".

The Department, ~~with the advice and recommendation of the Illinois Coal Development Board,~~ shall make below market rate loans available to fund a portion of each qualifying industrial coal project. The applicant must demonstrate that it is able to obtain additional financing from other sources to fund the remainder of the project and that the project would not occur without the Department's participation. The Department may, in part, rely on the financial evaluation completed by the provider of the additional funding, as well as its own evaluation.

The Department shall have the following powers:

(1) To accept grants, loans, or appropriations from the federal government or the State, or any agency or instrumentality of either, to be used for any purposes of the program, including operating and administrative expenses associated with the program and the making of direct loans of those funds with respect to projects. The Department may enter into any agreement with the federal government or the State, or any agency or instrumentality of either, in connection with those grants, loans, or appropriations.

(2) To make loans from appropriations from the Build Illinois Bond Fund and to accept guarantees from individuals, partnerships, joint ventures, corporations, and governmental agencies. Any loan or series of loans shall be limited to an amount not to exceed the lesser of \$4,000,000 or 60% of the total project cost.

(3) To establish interest rates, terms of repayment, and other terms and conditions regarding loans made under this Act as the Department shall determine necessary or appropriate to protect the public interest and carry out the purposes of this Act.

(4) To receive, evaluate, and establish time schedules for the determination of, and determine applications for financial aid for the development, construction, acquisition, or improvement of, an industrial coal project from any qualifying applicant and negotiate terms and conditions on which the coal project may be developed, constructed, improved, owned, or used by or leased to the applicant or its successor in interest. The Department shall prescribe the form of application. The form shall contain, without being limited to, the following:

(i) a general description of the industrial coal project and of the developer, user, or tenant for which the industrial project is to be established;

(ii) plans, equipment lists, and other documents that may be required to show the type, structure, and general character of the project;

(iii) a general description of the expected use of Illinois coal resulting from the project;

(iv) cost estimates of developing, constructing, acquiring, or improving the industrial project;

(v) a general description of the financing plan for the industrial coal project; and

(vi) a general description and statement of value of any property and its improvements provided or to be provided for the project by other sources.

Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to preclude the Department, before the filing of any formal application, from conducting preliminary discussions and investigations with respect to the subject matter of any prospective applications.

(Source: P.A. 94-91, eff. 7-1-05.)

(20 ILCS 1105/10) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 7410)

Sec. 10. Evaluation of loan applications. The Department shall evaluate applications for loans ~~and make such evaluations available to the Illinois Coal Development Board.~~ Evaluation of the loan applications shall be based on, but not limited to, the following criteria:

(a) The length of time applicants will commit to using Illinois coal in the facility which is modified, acquired or constructed as a result of the project. The applicant must agree to use Illinois coal for at least the life of the loan as a condition of such loan. Weight shall be given for longer commitments.

(b) The total amount of Illinois coal used. Weight shall be given to projects using larger amounts of Illinois coal over the life of the loan.

(c) The percentage of the total project costs the State is asked to finance. Weight shall be given to projects which maximize the use of private funds or funds from other public sources.

(d) The technical merits of the project, including, but not limited to, the effectiveness of the prepared coal-use system in controlling emissions of sulfur dioxide and other pollutants.

(Source: P.A. 84-111; 84-1070.)

(20 ILCS 1105/8 rep.)

Section 5-65. The Energy Conservation and Coal Development Act is amended by repealing Section 8.

Section 5-70. The Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Sections 2310-376 and 2310-577 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2310/2310-376)

Sec. 2310-376. Hepatitis education and outreach.

(a) The Illinois General Assembly finds and declares the following:

(1) The World Health Organization characterizes hepatitis as a disease of primary concern to humanity.

(2) Hepatitis is considered a silent killer; no recognizable signs or symptoms occur until severe liver damage has occurred.

(3) Studies indicate that nearly 4 million Americans (1.8 percent of the population) carry the virus HCV that causes the disease.

(4) 30,000 acute new infections occur each year in the United States, and only 25 to 30 percent are diagnosed.

(5) 8,000 to 10,000 Americans die from the disease each year.

(6) 200,000 Illinois residents may be carriers and could develop the debilitating and potentially deadly liver disease.

(7) Inmates of correctional facilities have a higher incidence of hepatitis and, upon their release, present a significant health risk to the general population.

(8) Illinois members of the armed services are subject to an increased risk of contracting hepatitis due to their possible receipt of contaminated blood during a transfusion occurring for the treatment of wounds and due to their service in areas of the World where the disease is more prevalent and healthcare is less capable of detecting and treating the disease. Many of these service members are unaware of the danger of hepatitis and their increased risk of contracting the disease.

(b) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall conduct an education and outreach campaign, in addition to its overall effort to prevent infectious disease in Illinois, in order to raise awareness about and promote prevention of hepatitis.

(c) Subject to appropriation, in addition to the education and outreach campaign provided in subsection (b), the Department shall develop and make available to physicians, other health care providers, members of the armed services, and other persons subject to an increased risk of contracting hepatitis, educational materials, in written and electronic forms, on the diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of the disease. These materials shall include the recommendations of the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and any other persons or entities determined by the Department to have particular expertise on hepatitis, including the American Liver Foundation. These materials shall be written in terms that are understandable by members of the general public.

~~(d) (Blank). The Department shall establish an Advisory Council on Hepatitis to develop a hepatitis prevention plan. The Department shall specify the membership, members' terms, provisions for removal of members, chairmen, and purpose of the Advisory Council. The Advisory Council shall consist of one representative from each of the following State agencies or offices, appointed by the head of each agency or office:~~

~~(1) The Department of Public Health.~~

~~(2) The Department of Public Aid.~~

~~(3) The Department of Corrections.~~

~~(4) The Department of Veterans' Affairs.~~

~~(5) The Department on Aging.~~

~~(6) The Department of Human Services.~~

~~(7) The Illinois State Police.~~

~~(8) The office of the State Fire Marshal.~~

~~The Director shall appoint representatives of organizations and advocates in the State of Illinois, including, but not limited to, the American Liver Foundation. The Director shall also appoint interested members of the public, including consumers and providers of health services and representatives of local public health agencies, to provide recommendations and information to the members of the Advisory Council. Members of the Advisory Council shall serve on a voluntary, unpaid basis and are not entitled to reimbursement for mileage or other costs they incur in connection with performing their duties.~~

~~(Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)~~

~~(20 ILCS 2310/2310-577)~~

~~Sec. 2310-577. Cord blood stem cell banks.~~

(a) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall establish a network of human cord blood stem cell banks. The Director shall enter into contracts with qualified cord blood stem cell banks to assist in the establishment, provision, and maintenance of the network.

(b) A cord blood stem cell bank is eligible to enter the network and be a donor bank if it satisfies each of the following:

(1) Has obtained all applicable federal and State licenses, accreditations, certifications, registrations, and other authorizations required to operate and maintain a cord blood stem cell bank.

(2) Has implemented donor screening and cord blood collection practices adequate to protect both donors and transplant recipients and to prevent transmission of potentially harmful infections and other diseases.

(3) Has established a system of strict confidentiality to protect the identity and privacy of patients and donors in accordance with existing federal and State law and consistent with regulations promulgated under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, for the release of the identity of donors, the identity of recipients, or identifiable records.

(4) Has established a system for encouraging donation by an ethnically and racially diverse group of donors.

(5) Has developed adequate systems for communication with other cord blood stem cell banks, transplant centers, and physicians with respect to the request, release, and distribution of cord blood units nationally and has developed those systems, consistent with the regulations promulgated under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, to track recipients' clinical outcomes for distributed units.

(6) Has developed an objective system for educating the public, including patient advocacy organizations, about the benefits of donating and utilizing cord blood stem cells in appropriate circumstances.

(7) Has policies and procedures in place for the procurement of materials for the conduct of stem cell research, including policies and procedures ensuring that persons are empowered to make voluntary and informed decisions to participate or to refuse to participate in the research, and ensuring confidentiality of the decision.

(8) Has policies and procedures in place to ensure the bank is following current best practices with respect to medical ethics, including informed consent of patients and the protection of human subjects.

(c) A donor bank that enters into the network shall do all of the following:

(1) Acquire, tissue-type, test, cryopreserve, and store donated units of human cord blood acquired with the informed consent of the donor, in a manner that complies with applicable federal regulations.

(2) Make cord blood units collected under this Section, or otherwise, available to transplant centers for stem cell transplantation.

(3) Allocate up to 10% of the cord blood inventory each year for peer-reviewed research. This quota may be met by using cord blood units that did not meet the cell count standards necessary for transplantation.

(4) Make agreements with obstetrical health care facilities, consistent with federal regulations, for the collection of donated units of human cord blood.

(d) ~~(Blank). An advisory committee shall advise the Department concerning the administration of the cord blood stem cell bank network. The committee shall be appointed by the Director and consist of members who represent each of the following:~~

~~(1) Cord blood stem cell transplant centers.~~

~~(2) Physicians from participating birthing hospitals.~~

~~(3) The cord blood stem cell research community.~~

~~(4) Recipients of cord blood stem cell transplants.~~

~~(5) Family members who have made a donation to a statewide cord blood stem cell bank.~~

~~(6) Individuals with expertise in the social sciences.~~

~~(7) Members of the general public.~~

~~(8) Each network donor bank.~~

~~(9) Hospital administration from birthing hospitals.~~

Except as otherwise provided under this subsection, each member of the committee shall serve for a 3-year term and may be reappointed for one or more additional terms. Appointments for the initial members

shall be for terms of 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively, so as to provide for the subsequent appointment of an equal number of members each year. The committee shall elect a chairperson.

(e) A person has a conflict of interest if any action, advice, or recommendation with respect to a matter may directly or indirectly financially benefit any of the following:

(1) That person;

(2) That person's spouse, immediate family living with that person, or that person's extended family;

(3) Any individual or entity required to be disclosed by that person;

(4) Any other individual or entity with which that person has a business or professional relationship.

An advisory committee member who has a conflict of interest with respect to a matter may not discuss that matter with other committee members and shall not vote upon or otherwise participate in any committee action, advice, or recommendation with respect to that matter. Each recusal occurring during a committee meeting shall be made a part of the minutes or recording of the meeting in accordance with the Open Meetings Act.

The Department shall not allow any Department employee to participate in the processing of, or to provide any advice or recommendation concerning, any matter with which the Department employee has a conflict of interest.

(f) Each advisory committee member shall file with the Secretary of State a written disclosure of the following with respect to the member, the member's spouse, and any immediate family living with the member:

(1) Each source of income.

(2) Each entity in which the member, spouse, or immediate family living with the member has an ownership or distributive income share that is not an income source required to be disclosed under item (1) of this subsection (f).

(3) Each entity in or for which the member, spouse, or immediate family living with the member serves as an executive, officer, director, trustee, or fiduciary.

(4) Each entity with which the member, member's spouse, or immediate family living with the member has a contract for future income.

Each advisory committee member shall file the disclosure required by this subsection (f) at the time the member is appointed and at the time of any reappointment of that member.

Each advisory committee member shall file an updated disclosure with the Secretary of State promptly after any change in the items required to be disclosed under this subsection with respect to the member, the member's spouse, or any immediate family living with the member.

The requirements of Section 3A-30 of the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act and any other disclosures required by law apply to this Act.

Filed disclosures shall be public records.

(g) The Department shall do each of the following:

(1) Ensure that the donor banks within the network meet the requirements of subsection (b) on a continuing basis.

(2) Encourage network donor banks to work collaboratively with other network donor banks and encourage network donor banks to focus their resources in their respective local or regional area.

(3) Designate one or more established national or international cord blood registries to serve as a statewide cord blood stem cell registry.

(4) Coordinate the donor banks in the network.

In performing these duties, the Department may seek the advice of the advisory committee.

(h) Definitions. As used in this Section:

(1) "Cord blood unit" means the blood collected from a single placenta and umbilical cord.

(2) "Donor" means a mother who has delivered a baby and consents to donate the newborn's blood remaining in the placenta and umbilical cord.

(3) "Donor bank" means a qualified cord blood stem cell bank that enters into a contract with the Director under this Section.

(4) "Human cord blood stem cells" means hematopoietic stem cells and any other stem cells contained in the neonatal blood collected immediately after the birth from the separated placenta and umbilical cord.

(5) "Network" means the network of qualified cord blood stem cell banks established under this Section.

(Source: P.A. 95-406, eff. 8-24-07.)

(20 ILCS 2310/2310-76 rep.)

(20 ILCS 2310/2310-77 rep.)

(20 ILCS 2310/2310-349 rep.)

(20 ILCS 2310/2310-560 rep.)

(20 ILCS 2310/2310-643 rep.)

Section 5-75. The Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by repealing Sections 2310-76, 2310-77, 2310-349, 2310-560, and 2310-643.

Section 5-80. The Comprehensive Healthcare Workforce Planning Act is amended by changing Sections 5, 10, and 20 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2325/5)

Sec. 5. ~~Definition~~ **Definitions.** As used in this Act, ~~"Council" means the State Healthcare Workforce Council created by this Act.~~ "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

(Source: P.A. 97-424, eff. 7-1-12.)

(20 ILCS 2325/10)

Sec. 10. Purpose. Implementation of this Act is entirely subject to the availability and appropriation of funds from federal grant money applied for by the Department of Public Health. ~~The State Healthcare Workforce Council is hereby established to provide an ongoing assessment of healthcare workforce trends, training issues, and financing policies, and to recommend appropriate State government and private sector efforts to address identified needs. The work of the Council shall focus on: healthcare workforce supply and distribution; cultural competence and minority participation in health professions education; primary care training and practice; and data evaluation and analysis. The Council shall work in coordination with the State Health Improvement Plan Implementation Coordination Council to ensure alignment with the State Health Improvement Plan.~~

(Source: P.A. 97-424, eff. 7-1-12.)

(20 ILCS 2325/20)

Sec. 20. Five-year comprehensive healthcare workforce plan.

(a) Every 5 years, the Department, ~~in cooperation with the Council,~~ shall prepare a comprehensive healthcare workforce plan.

(b) The comprehensive healthcare workforce plan shall include, but need not be limited to, the following:

(1) 25-year projections of the demand and supply of health professionals to meet the needs of healthcare within the State.

(2) The identification of all funding sources for which the State has administrative control that are available for health professions training.

(3) Recommendations on how to rationalize and coordinate the State-supported programs for health professions training.

(4) Recommendations on actions needed to meet the projected demand for health professionals over the 25 years of the plan.

(c) Each year in which a comprehensive healthcare workforce plan is not due, the Department, ~~on behalf of the Council,~~ shall prepare a report by July 1 of that year to the Governor and the General Assembly on the progress made toward achieving the projected goals of the current comprehensive healthcare workforce plan during the previous calendar year.

~~(d) The Department shall provide staffing to the Council.~~

(Source: P.A. 97-424, eff. 7-1-12.)

(20 ILCS 2325/15 rep.)

(20 ILCS 2325/25 rep.)

Section 5-85. The Comprehensive Healthcare Workforce Planning Act is amended by repealing Sections 15 and 25.

(20 ILCS 2407/Art. 2 rep.)

Section 5-90. The Disabilities Services Act of 2003 is amended by repealing Article 2.

Section 5-95. The Disabilities Services Act of 2003 is amended by changing Section 53 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2407/53)

Sec. 53. Rebalancing benchmarks.

(a) Illinois' long-term care system is in a state of transformation, as evidenced by the creation and subsequent work products of the ~~Disability Services Advisory Committee~~, Older Adult Services Advisory Committee, Housing Task Force and other executive and legislative branch initiatives.

(b) Illinois' Money Follows the Person demonstrations or initiatives capitalize on this progress and commit the State to transition older persons and persons with developmental, physical, or psychiatric disabilities from institutional to home and community-based settings, as appropriate.

(c) (Blank).

(d) The Departments will utilize interagency agreements and will seek legislative authority to implement a Money Follows the Person budgetary mechanism to allocate or reallocate funds for the purpose of expanding the availability, quality or stability of home and community-based long-term care services and supports for persons with disabilities.

(e) The allocation of public funds for home and community-based long-term care services shall not have the effect of: (i) diminishing or reducing the quality of services available to residents of long-term care facilities; (ii) forcing any residents of long-term care facilities to involuntarily accept home and community-based long-term care services, or causing any residents of long-term care facilities to be involuntarily transferred or discharged; (iii) causing reductions in long-term care facility reimbursement rates in effect as of July 1, 2008; or (iv) diminishing access to a full array of long-term care options.

(Source: P.A. 103-8, eff. 6-7-23.)

(20 ILCS 2505/2505-550 rep.)

Section 5-100. The Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by repealing Section 2505-550.

(20 ILCS 3948/Act rep.)

Section 5-120. The Illinois Global Partnership Act is repealed.

(20 ILCS 3950/Act rep.)

Section 5-125. The Governor's Council on Health and Physical Fitness Act is repealed.

(20 ILCS 3954/Act rep.)

Section 5-130. The Green Governments Illinois Act is repealed.

(20 ILCS 3968/Act rep.)

Section 5-132. The Interagency Coordinating Committee on Transportation Act is repealed.

(20 ILCS 4024/Act rep.)

Section 5-135. The Interstate Sex Offender Task Force Act is repealed.

(30 ILCS 105/5.491 rep.)

Section 5-140. The State Finance Act is amended by repealing Section 5.491.

(30 ILCS 772/20 rep.)

Section 5-145. The Equity in Long-term Care Quality Act is amended by repealing Section 20.

Section 5-155. The Eliminate the Digital Divide Law is amended by changing Section 5-30 as follows:

(30 ILCS 780/5-30)

Sec. 5-30. Community Technology Center Grant Program.

(a) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall administer the Community Technology Center Grant Program under which the Department shall make grants in accordance with this Article for planning, establishment, administration, and expansion of Community Technology Centers and for assisting public

hospitals, libraries, and park districts in eliminating the digital divide. The purposes of the grants shall include, but not be limited to, volunteer recruitment and management, training and instruction, infrastructure, and related goods and services, including case management, administration, personal information management, and outcome-tracking tools and software for the purposes of reporting to the Department and for enabling participation in digital government and consumer services programs, for Community Technology Centers and public hospitals, libraries, and park districts. No Community Technology Center may receive a grant of more than \$75,000 under this Section in a particular fiscal year.

(b) Public hospitals, libraries, park districts, and State educational agencies, local educational agencies, institutions of higher education, senior citizen homes, and other public and private nonprofit or for-profit agencies and organizations are eligible to receive grants under this Program, provided that a local educational agency or public or private educational agency or organization must, in order to be eligible to receive grants under this Program, provide computer access and educational services using information technology to the public at one or more of its educational buildings or facilities at least 12 hours each week. A group of eligible entities is also eligible to receive a grant if the group follows the procedures for group applications in 34 CFR 75.127-129 of the Education Department General Administrative Regulations.

To be eligible to apply for a grant, a Community Technology Center must serve a community in which not less than 40% of the students are eligible for a free or reduced price lunch under the national school lunch program or in which not less than 30% of the students are eligible for a free lunch under the national school lunch program; however, if funding is insufficient to approve all grant applications for a particular fiscal year, the Department may impose a higher minimum percentage threshold for that fiscal year. Determinations of communities and determinations of the percentage of students in a community who are eligible for a free or reduced price lunch under the national school lunch program shall be in accordance with rules adopted by the Department.

Any entities that have received a Community Technology Center grant under the federal Community Technology Centers Program are also eligible to apply for grants under this Program.

The Department shall provide assistance to Community Technology Centers in making those determinations for purposes of applying for grants.

The Department shall encourage Community Technology Centers to participate in public and private computer hardware equipment recycling initiatives that provide computers at reduced or no cost to low-income families, including programs authorized by the State Property Control Act. On an annual basis, the Department must provide the Director of Central Management Services with a list of Community Technology Centers that have applied to the Department for funding as potential recipients of surplus State-owned computer hardware equipment under programs authorized by the State Property Control Act.

(c) Grant applications shall be submitted to the Department on a schedule of one or more deadlines established by the Department by rule.

(d) The Department shall adopt rules setting forth the required form and contents of grant applications.

(e) (Blank).

(f) (Blank).

(g) (Blank). ~~Duties of the Digital Divide Elimination Working Group include all of the following:~~

~~(1) Undertaking a thorough review of grant programs available through the federal government, local agencies, telecommunications providers, and business and charitable entities for the purpose of identifying appropriate sources of revenues for the Digital Divide Elimination Fund and attempting to update available grants on a regular basis.~~

~~(2) Researching and cataloging programs designed to advance digital literacy and computer access that are available through the federal government, local agencies, telecommunications providers, and business and charitable entities and attempting to update available programs on a regular basis.~~

~~(3) Presenting the information compiled from items (1) and (2) to the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, which shall serve as a single point of contact for applying for funding for the Digital Divide Elimination Fund and for distributing information to the public regarding all programs designed to advance digital literacy and computer access.~~

(Source: P.A. 102-1071, eff. 6-10-22.)

Section 5-165. The Interstate Rail Passenger Network Compact Act is amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

[October 29, 2025]

(45 ILCS 77/15) (from Ch. 114, par. 915)

Sec. 15. Impact study.

(a) The states of Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia, and Florida, referred to in this Act as "participating states" agree, upon adoption of this compact by the respective states, to jointly conduct and participate in a rail passenger network financial and economic impact study. The study must do the following:

(1) Continue research previously performed by the national railroad passenger corporation (Amtrak) and the Evansville Amtrak task force that evaluated the "western route" which includes Chicago, Evansville, Nashville, Chattanooga, Macon, Waycross, and Jacksonville for purposes of evaluating a representative service schedule, train running times, and associated costs.

(2) Include consideration of the following:

(A) The purchase of railroad equipment by a participating state and the lease of the railroad equipment to Amtrak.

~~(B) (Blank.) The recommendation that a member of the council serve on the Amtrak board of directors.~~

(C) The periodic review of projected passenger traffic estimates on the western route.

(D) Any other matter related to the financial and economic impact of a rail passenger network along the western route.

(b) Information and data collected during the study under subsection (a) that is requested by a participating state or a consulting firm representing a participating state or the compact may be made available to the state or firm. However, the information may not include matters not of public record or of a nature considered to be privileged and confidential unless the state providing the information agrees to waive the confidentiality.

(Source: P.A. 87-888.)

(45 ILCS 135/Act rep.)

Section 5-175. The Wabash Valley Compact Act is repealed.

(45 ILCS 175/Act rep.)

Section 5-180. The Military Family Interstate Compact Implementation Statute Drafting Advisory Committee Act is repealed.

(70 ILCS 1835/Act rep.)

Section 5-190. The Mt. Carmel Regional Port District Act is repealed.

(70 ILCS 1870/Act rep.)

Section 5-195. The White County Port District Act is repealed.

(70 ILCS 1915/Act rep.)

Section 5-200. The Grand Avenue Railroad Relocation Authority Act is repealed.

(70 ILCS 1930/Act rep.)

Section 5-205. The Southwest Suburban Railroad Redevelopment Authority Act is repealed.

(70 ILCS 1935/50 rep.)

Section 5-210. The Elmwood Park Grade Separation Authority Act is amended by repealing Section 50.

(110 ILCS 530/Act rep.)

Section 5-215. The Sewage and Water System Training Institute Act is repealed.

(110 ILCS 805/2-26 rep.)

Section 5-216. The Public Community College Act is amended by repealing Section 2-26.

(110 ILCS 935/5 rep.)

Section 5-217. The Underserved Health Care Provider Workforce Act is amended by repealing Section 5.

(210 ILCS 25/Art. V rep.)

Section 5-235. The Illinois Clinical Laboratory and Blood Bank Act is amended by repealing Article V.

Section 5-240. The Hospital Report Card Act is amended by changing Section 25 as follows:
(210 ILCS 86/25)

Sec. 25. Hospital reports.

(a) Individual hospitals shall prepare a quarterly report including all of the following:

(1) Nursing hours per patient day, average daily census, and average daily hours worked for each clinical service area.

(2) Infection-related measures for the facility for the specific clinical procedures and devices determined by the Department by rule under 2 or more of the following categories:

(A) Surgical procedure outcome measures.

(B) Surgical procedure infection control process measures.

(C) Outcome or process measures related to ventilator-associated pneumonia.

(D) Central vascular catheter-related bloodstream infection rates in designated critical care units.

(3) Information required under paragraph (4) of Section 2310-312 of the Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

(4) Additional infection measures mandated by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services that are reported by hospitals to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National Healthcare Safety Network surveillance system, or its successor, and deemed relevant to patient safety by the Department.

(5) Each instance of preterm birth and infant mortality within the reporting period, including the racial and ethnic information of the mothers of those infants.

(6) Each instance of maternal mortality within the reporting period, including the racial and ethnic information of those mothers.

(7) The number of female patients who have died within the reporting period.

(8) The number of female patients admitted to the hospital with a diagnosis of COVID-19 and at least one known underlying condition identified by the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention as a condition that increases the risk of mortality from COVID-19 who subsequently died at the hospital within the reporting period.

The infection-related measures developed by the Department shall be based upon measures and methods developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, or the National Quality Forum. The Department may align the infection-related measures with the measures and methods developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, and the National Quality Forum by adding reporting measures based on national health care strategies and measures deemed scientifically reliable and valid for public reporting. The Department shall receive approval from the State Board of Health to retire measures deemed no longer scientifically valid or valuable for informing quality improvement or infection prevention efforts. The Department shall notify the Chairs and Minority Spokespersons of the House Human Services Committee and the Senate Public Health Committee of its intent to have the State Board of Health take action to retire measures no later than 7 business days before the meeting of the State Board of Health.

The Department shall include interpretive guidelines for infection-related indicators and, when available, shall include relevant benchmark information published by national organizations.

The Department shall collect the information reported under paragraphs (5) and (6) and shall use it to illustrate the disparity of those occurrences across different racial and ethnic groups.

(b) Individual hospitals shall prepare annual reports including vacancy and turnover rates for licensed nurses per clinical service area.

(c) None of the information the Department discloses to the public may be made available in any form or fashion unless the information has been reviewed, adjusted, and validated according to the following process:

(1) ~~(Blank). The Department shall organize an advisory committee, including representatives from the Department, public and private hospitals, direct care nursing staff, physicians, academic researchers, consumers, health insurance companies, organized labor, and organizations representing hospitals and physicians. The advisory committee must be meaningfully involved in the development of all aspects of the Department's methodology for collecting, analyzing, and disclosing the information collected under this Act, including collection methods, formatting, and methods and means for release and dissemination.~~

(2) The entire methodology for collecting and analyzing the data shall be disclosed to all relevant organizations and to all hospitals that are the subject of any information to be made available to the public before any public disclosure of such information.

(3) Data collection and analytical methodologies shall be used that meet accepted standards of validity and reliability before any information is made available to the public.

(4) The limitations of the data sources and analytic methodologies used to develop comparative hospital information shall be clearly identified and acknowledged, including, but not limited to, the appropriate and inappropriate uses of the data.

(5) To the greatest extent possible, comparative hospital information initiatives shall use standard-based norms derived from widely accepted provider-developed practice guidelines.

(6) Comparative hospital information and other information that the Department has compiled regarding hospitals shall be shared with the hospitals under review prior to public dissemination of such information and these hospitals have 30 days to make corrections and to add helpful explanatory comments about the information before the publication.

(7) Comparisons among hospitals shall adjust for patient case mix and other relevant risk factors and control for provider peer groups, when appropriate.

(8) Effective safeguards to protect against the unauthorized use or disclosure of hospital information shall be developed and implemented.

(9) Effective safeguards to protect against the dissemination of inconsistent, incomplete, invalid, inaccurate, or subjective hospital data shall be developed and implemented.

(10) The quality and accuracy of hospital information reported under this Act and its data collection, analysis, and dissemination methodologies shall be evaluated regularly.

(11) Only the most basic identifying information from mandatory reports shall be used, and information identifying a patient, employee, or licensed professional shall not be released. None of the information the Department discloses to the public under this Act may be used to establish a standard of care in a private civil action.

(d) Quarterly reports shall be submitted, in a format set forth in rules adopted by the Department, to the Department by April 30, July 31, October 31, and January 31 each year for the previous quarter. Data in quarterly reports must cover a period ending not earlier than one month prior to submission of the report. Annual reports shall be submitted by December 31 in a format set forth in rules adopted by the Department to the Department. All reports shall be made available to the public on-site and through the Department.

(e) If the hospital is a division or subsidiary of another entity that owns or operates other hospitals or related organizations, the annual public disclosure report shall be for the specific division or subsidiary and not for the other entity.

(f) The Department shall disclose information under this Section in accordance with provisions for inspection and copying of public records required by the Freedom of Information Act provided that such information satisfies the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section.

(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, under no circumstances shall the Department disclose information obtained from a hospital that is confidential under Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(h) No hospital report or Department disclosure may contain information identifying a patient, employee, or licensed professional.

(Source: P.A. 101-446, eff. 8-23-19; 102-256, eff. 1-1-22.)

(210 ILCS 110/13A rep.)

Section 5-245. The Illinois Migrant Labor Camp Law is amended by repealing Section 13A.

[October 29, 2025]

(225 ILCS 109/20 rep.)

Section 5-300. The Sex Offender Evaluation and Treatment Provider Act is amended by repealing Section 20.

(225 ILCS 225/10.5 rep.)

Section 5-310. The Private Sewage Disposal Licensing Act is amended by repealing Section 10.5.

Section 5-330. The Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is amended by changing Section 28 as follows:

(230 ILCS 5/28) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-28)

Sec. 28. Except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, moneys collected shall be distributed according to the provisions of this Section 28.

(a) Thirty per cent of the total of all monies received by the State as privilege taxes shall be paid into the Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Fund in the State treasury until such Fund is repealed, and thereafter shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund in the State treasury.

(b) In addition, 4.5% of the total of all monies received by the State as privilege taxes shall be paid into the State treasury into the Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Fund until such Fund is repealed, and thereafter shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund in the State treasury.

(c) Fifty per cent of the total of all monies received by the State as privilege taxes under the provisions of this Act shall be paid into the Agricultural Premium Fund.

(d) Seven per cent of the total of all monies received by the State as privilege taxes shall be paid into the Fair and Exposition Fund in the State treasury; provided, however, that when all bonds issued prior to July 1, 1984 by the Metropolitan Fair and Exposition Authority shall have been paid or payment shall have been provided for upon a refunding of those bonds, thereafter 1/12 of \$1,665,662 of such monies shall be paid each month into the Build Illinois Fund, and the remainder into the Fair and Exposition Fund. All excess monies shall be allocated to the Department of Agriculture for distribution to county fairs for premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in the Agricultural Fair Act.

(e) The monies provided for in Section 30 shall be paid into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund.

(f) The monies provided for in Section 31 shall be paid into the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund.

(g) Until January 1, 2000, that part representing 1/2 of the total breakage in Thoroughbred, Harness, Appaloosa, Arabian, and Quarter Horse racing in the State shall be paid into the Illinois Race Track Improvement Fund as established in Section 32.

(h) All other monies received by the Board under this Act shall be paid into the Horse Racing Fund.

(i) The salaries of the Board members, secretary, stewards, directors of mutuels, veterinarians, representatives, accountants, clerks, stenographers, inspectors and other employees of the Board, and all expenses of the Board incident to the administration of this Act, including, but not limited to, all expenses and salaries incident to the taking of saliva and urine samples in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Board shall be paid out of the Agricultural Premium Fund.

(j) The Agricultural Premium Fund shall also be used:

(1) for the expenses of operating the Illinois State Fair and the DuQuoin State Fair, including the payment of prize money or premiums;

(2) for the distribution to county fairs, vocational agriculture section fairs, agricultural societies, and agricultural extension clubs in accordance with the Agricultural Fair Act, as amended;

(3) for payment of prize monies and premiums awarded and for expenses incurred in connection with the International Livestock Exposition and the Mid-Continent Livestock Exposition held in Illinois, which premiums, and awards must be approved, and paid by the Illinois Department of Agriculture;

(4) for personal service of county agricultural advisors and county home advisors;

(5) for distribution to agricultural home economic extension councils in accordance with "An Act in relation to additional support and finance for the Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in the several counties in this State and making an appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967, as amended;

(6) for research on equine disease, including a development center therefor;

(7) for training scholarships for study on equine diseases to students at the University of Illinois College of Veterinary Medicine;

(8) for the rehabilitation, repair and maintenance of the Illinois and DuQuoin State Fair Grounds and the structures and facilities thereon and the construction of permanent improvements on such Fair Grounds, including such structures, facilities and property located on such State Fair Grounds which are under the custody and control of the Department of Agriculture;

(9) (blank);

(10) for the expenses of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under Sections 605-620, 605-625, and 605-630 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law;

(11) for remodeling, expanding, and reconstructing facilities destroyed by fire of any Fair and Exposition Authority in counties with a population of 1,000,000 or more inhabitants;

(12) for the purpose of assisting in the care and general rehabilitation of veterans with disabilities of any war and their surviving spouses and orphans;

(13) for expenses of the Illinois State Police for duties performed under this Act;

(14) for the Department of Agriculture for soil surveys and soil and water conservation purposes;

(15) for the Department of Agriculture for grants to the City of Chicago for conducting the Chicagofest;

(16) (Blank). ~~for the State Comptroller for grants and operating expenses authorized by the Illinois Global Partnership Act.~~

(k) To the extent that monies paid by the Board to the Agricultural Premium Fund are in the opinion of the Governor in excess of the amount necessary for the purposes herein stated, the Governor shall notify the Comptroller and the State Treasurer of such fact, who, upon receipt of such notification, shall transfer such excess monies from the Agricultural Premium Fund to the General Revenue Fund.

(Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

(230 ILCS 5/30.5 rep.)

Section 5-335. The Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is amended by repealing Section 30.5.

(230 ILCS 10/7.14 rep.)

Section 5-340. The Illinois Gambling Act is amended by repealing Section 7.14.

Section 5-350. The Health Care Workplace Violence Prevention Act is amended by changing Section 35 as follows:

(405 ILCS 90/35)

Sec. 35. Pilot project; ~~task force.~~ ~~(a)~~ The Department of Human Services and the Department of Public Health shall initially implement this Act as a 2-year pilot project in which only the following health care workplaces shall participate:

- (1) The Chester Mental Health Center.
- (2) The Alton Mental Health Center.
- (3) The Douglas Singer Mental Health Center.
- (4) The Andrew McFarland Mental Health Center.
- (5) The Jacksonville Developmental Center.

Each health care workplace participating in the pilot project shall comply with this Act as provided in this Act.

~~(b) The Governor shall convene a 11 member task force consisting of the following: one member appointed by the President of the Senate; one member appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate; one member appointed by the Speaker of House of Representatives; one member appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives; one representative from a statewide association representing licensed registered professional nurses; one licensed registered professional nurse involved in direct patient care, appointed by the Governor; one representative of an organization representing State, county, and municipal employees, appointed by the Governor; one representative of an organization representing public employees, appointed by the Governor; and 3 representatives of the Department of Human Services, with one representative from the Division of Mental Health, one representative from the Division of Developmental Disabilities, and one representative from the Division of Rehabilitation Services of the Department of Human Services. The task force shall submit a report to the Illinois General Assembly by January 1, 2008 that shall (i) evaluate the effectiveness of the health care workplace violence prevention~~

~~pilot project in the facilities participating in the pilot project and (ii) make recommendations concerning the implementation of workplace violence prevention programs in all health care workplaces.~~

~~(e) The Department of Human Services shall provide all necessary administrative support to the task force.~~

(Source: P.A. 94-347, eff. 7-28-05; 94-1012, eff. 7-7-06.)

Section 5-360. The Stem Cell Research and Human Cloning Prohibition Act is amended by changing Sections 10, 25, and 30 as follows:

(410 ILCS 110/10)

Sec. 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Department" means the Department of Public Health.

"Institute" means the Illinois Regenerative Medicine Institute.

~~"Committee" means the Illinois Regenerative Medicine Institute Oversight Committee.~~

(Source: P.A. 95-519, eff. 1-1-08.)

(410 ILCS 110/25)

Sec. 25. Conflict of interest.

~~(a) (Blank) A person has a conflict of interest if any Committee action with respect to a matter may directly or indirectly financially benefit any of the following:~~

~~(1) That person;~~

~~(2) That person's spouse, immediate family living with that person, or that person's extended family;~~

~~(3) Any individual or entity required to be disclosed by that person;~~

~~(4) Any other individual or entity with which that person has a business or professional relationship.~~

~~(b) (Blank) A Committee member who has a conflict of interest with respect to a matter may not discuss that matter with other Committee members and shall not vote upon or otherwise participate in any Committee action with respect to that matter. Each recusal occurring during a Committee meeting shall be made a part of the minutes or recording of the meeting in accordance with the Open Meetings Act.~~

(c) A member of a scientific peer review panel or any other advisory committee that may be established by the Department who has a conflict of interest with respect to a matter may not discuss that matter with other peer review panel or advisory committee members ~~or with Committee members~~ and shall not vote or otherwise participate in any peer review panel or advisory committee action with respect to that matter. Each recusal of a peer review panel or advisory committee member occurring during a peer review panel or advisory committee meeting shall be made a part of the minutes or recording of the meeting in accordance with the Open Meetings Act.

(d) The Institute shall not allow any Institute employee to participate in the processing of, or to provide any advice concerning, any matter with which the Institute employee has a conflict of interest.

(Source: P.A. 95-519, eff. 1-1-08.)

(410 ILCS 110/30)

Sec. 30. Disclosure of ~~Committee~~, scientific peer review panel, or advisory committee member income and interests.

(a) Each ~~Committee~~, scientific peer review panel, and any advisory committee member shall file with the Secretary of State a written disclosure of the following with respect to the member, the member's spouse, and any immediate family living with the member:

(1) Each source of income.

(2) Each entity in which the member, spouse, or immediate family living with the member has an ownership or distributive income share that is not an income source required to be disclosed under item (1) of this subsection (a).

(3) Each entity in or for which the member, spouse, or immediate family living with the member serves as an executive, officer, director, trustee, or fiduciary.

(4) Each entity with which the member, member's spouse, or immediate family living with the member has a contract for future income.

(b) Each ~~appointed Committee member and each~~ member of a scientific peer review panel and any advisory committee member shall file the disclosure required by subsection (a) of this Section at the time the member is appointed and at the time of any reappointment of that member.

(c) Each ~~Committee member and each~~ member of a scientific peer review panel and any advisory committee member shall file an updated disclosure with the Secretary of State promptly after any change in the items required to be disclosed under this subsection with respect to the member, the member's spouse, or any immediate family living with the member.

(d) The requirements of Section 3A-30 of the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act and any other disclosures required by law apply to this Act.

(e) Filed disclosures shall be public records.

(Source: P.A. 95-519, eff. 1-1-08.)

(410 ILCS 110/20 rep.)

(410 ILCS 110/35 rep.)

Section 5-365. The Stem Cell Research and Human Cloning Prohibition Act is amended by repealing Sections 20 and 35.

(410 ILCS 205/7 rep.)

Section 5-367. The Child Vision and Hearing Test Act is amended by repealing Section 7.

(410 ILCS 225/7 rep.)

Section 5-375. The Prenatal and Newborn Care Act is amended by repealing Section 7.

(410 ILCS 413/15 rep.)

(410 ILCS 413/20 rep.)

Section 5-385. The Epilepsy Disease Assistance Act is amended by repealing Sections 15 and 20.

Section 5-390. The Head and Spinal Cord Injury Act is amended by changing Sections 1 and 3 as follows:

(410 ILCS 515/1) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7851)

Sec. 1. As used in this Act, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(a) "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

(b) "Head Injury" means a sudden insult or damage to the brain or its coverings, not of a degenerative nature, which produces an altered state of consciousness or temporarily or permanently impairs mental, cognitive, behavioral or physical functioning. Cerebral vascular accidents, aneurisms and congenital deficits are excluded from this definition.

(c) "Spinal cord injury" means an injury that occurs as a result of trauma, which involves spinal vertebral fracture, or where the injured person suffers any of the following effects:

(1) effects on the sensory system including numbness, tingling or loss of sensation in the body or in one or more extremities;

(2) effects on the motor system including weakness or paralysis in one or more extremities;

(3) effects on the visceral system including bowel or bladder dysfunction or hypotension.

~~(d) "Council" means the Advisory Council on Spinal Cord and Head Injuries.~~

(Source: P.A. 86-510.)

(410 ILCS 515/3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7853)

Sec. 3. (a) All reports and records made pursuant to this Act and maintained by the Department and other appropriate persons, officials and institutions pursuant to this Act shall be confidential. Information shall not be made available to any individual or institution except to:

(1) appropriate staff of the Department; and

(2) any person engaged in a bona fide research project, with the permission of the Director of Public Health, except that no information identifying the subjects of the reports or the reporters shall be made available to researchers unless the Department requests and receives consent for such release pursuant to the provisions of this Section. ~~;~~ and

~~(3) the Council, except that no information identifying the subjects of the reports or the reporters shall be made available to the Council unless consent for release is requested and received pursuant to the provisions of this Section. Only information pertaining to head and spinal cord injuries as defined in Section 1 of this Act shall be released to the Council.~~

(b) The Department shall not reveal the identity of a patient, physician or hospital, except that the identity of the patient may be released upon written consent of the patient, parent or guardian, the identity of

the physician may be released upon written consent of the physician, and the identity of the hospital may be released upon written consent of the hospital.

(c) The Department shall request consent for release from a patient, a physician or hospital only upon a showing by the applicant for such release that obtaining the identities of certain patients, physicians or hospitals is necessary for his bonafide research directly related to the objectives of this Act.

(d) The Department shall at least annually compile a report of the data accumulated through the reporting system established under Section 2 of this Act ~~and shall submit such data relating to spinal cord and head injuries in accordance with confidentiality restrictions established pursuant to this Act to the Council.~~

(Source: P.A. 86-510.)

(410 ILCS 515/6 rep.)

Section 5-395. The Head and Spinal Cord Injury Act is amended by repealing Section 6.

Section 5-410. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by changing Section 17.7 as follows:

(415 ILCS 5/17.7) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1017.7)

Sec. 17.7. Community water supply testing fee.

(a) The Agency shall collect an annual nonrefundable testing fee from each community water supply for participating in the laboratory fee program for analytical services to determine compliance with contaminant levels specified in State or federal drinking water regulations. A community water supply may commit to participation in the laboratory fee program. If the community water supply makes such a commitment, it shall commit for a period consistent with the participation requirements established by the Agency ~~and the Community Water Supply Testing Council (Council).~~ If a community water supply elects not to participate, it must annually notify the Agency in writing of its decision not to participate in the laboratory fee program.

(b) The Agency shall determine the fee for participating in the laboratory fee program for analytical services. The Agency may establish multi-year participation requirements for community water supplies and establish fees accordingly. The Agency shall base its annual fee determination upon the actual and anticipated costs for testing under State and federal drinking water regulations and the associated administrative costs of the Agency ~~and the Council.~~

(c) Community water supplies that choose not to participate in the laboratory fee program or do not pay the fees shall have the duty to analyze all drinking water samples as required by State or federal safe drinking water regulations established after the federal Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1986.

(d) There is hereby created in the State Treasury an interest-bearing special fund to be known as the Community Water Supply Laboratory Fund. All fees collected by the Agency under this Section shall be deposited into this Fund and shall be used for no other purpose except those established in this Section. In addition to any monies appropriated from the General Revenue Fund, monies in the Fund shall be appropriated to the Agency in amounts deemed necessary for laboratory testing of samples from community water supplies, and for the associated administrative expenses of the Agency ~~and the Council.~~

(e) The Agency is authorized to adopt reasonable and necessary rules for the administration of this Section. ~~The Agency shall submit the proposed rules for review by the Council before submission of the rulemaking for the First Notice under Section 5-40 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.~~

~~(f) The Director shall establish a Community Water Supply Testing Council, consisting of 5 persons who are elected municipal officials, 5 persons representing community water supplies, one person representing the engineering profession, one person representing investor owned utilities, one person representing the Illinois Association of Environmental Laboratories, and 2 persons representing municipalities and community water supplies on a statewide basis, all appointed by the Director. Beginning in 1994, the Director shall appoint the following to the Council: (i) 2 elected municipal officials, 2 community water supply representatives, and 1 investor owned utility representative, each for a one year term; (ii) 2 elected municipal officials and 2 community water supply representatives, each for a 2 year term; and (iii) one elected municipal official, one community water supply representative, one person representing the engineering profession, and 2 persons representing municipalities and community water supplies on a statewide basis, each for a 3 year term. As soon as possible after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, the Director shall appoint one person representing the Illinois Association of Environmental Laboratories to a term of 3 years. Thereafter, the Director shall appoint successors in each position to 3 year terms. In case of a vacancy, the Director may appoint a~~

successor to fill the remaining term of the vacancy. Members of the Council shall serve until a successor is appointed by the Director. The Council shall select from its members a chairperson and such other officers as it deems necessary. The Council shall meet at the call of the Director or the Chairperson of the Council. The Agency shall provide the Council with such supporting services as the Director and the Chairperson may designate, and members shall be reimbursed for ordinary and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The Council shall have the following duties:

(1) to hold regular and special meetings at a time and place designated by the Director or the Chairperson of the Council;

(2) to consider appropriate means for long term financial support of water supply testing, and to make recommendations to the Agency regarding a preferred approach;

(3) to review and evaluate the financial implications of current and future federal requirements for monitoring of public water supplies;

(4) to review and evaluate management and financial audit reports related to the testing program, and to make recommendations regarding the Agency's efforts to implement the fee system and testing provided for by this Section;

(5) to require an external audit as may be deemed necessary by the Council; and

(6) to conduct such other activities as may be deemed appropriate by the Director.

(Source: P.A. 97-220, eff. 7-28-11.)

(430 ILCS 40/6 rep.)

Section 5-420. The Illinois Poison Prevention Packaging Act is amended by repealing Section 6.

Section 5-423. The Manufactured Home Quality Assurance Act is amended by changing Section 40 as follows:

(430 ILCS 117/40)

Sec. 40. Oversight.

(a) This Act is to be administered by the Department. The Department and other personnel as the Department considers necessary must perform the following duties:

(1) Issue manufacturer's licenses and collect fees.

(2) Issue installer's licenses and collect fees.

(b) The Department must serve as a liaison between the State, mobile home park owners, purchasers of mobile homes, dealers, manufacturers, and installers. The Department must receive and investigate complaints related to this Act for the purpose of obtaining non-binding resolution of conflicts between park owners, dealers, manufacturers, installers, and purchasers of mobile homes.

(c) ~~(Blank). There is created the Manufactured Housing Quality Assurance Board to consult and advise the Department. The Board must comprise 9 members as follows: (i) The Director of the Department, or his or her designee, to serve as chairman; (ii) 3 residents of mobile home parks who have lived in mobile homes for at least 5 years; (iii) the president of a state association of mobile home owners or his or her representative; (iv) one mobile home park owner who has owned a mobile home park containing at least 20 sites for at least 5 years; (v) one licensed dealer; (vi) one licensed installer; and (vii) one licensed manufacturer. Each individual described in items (iv), (v), (vi), and (vii) must be an active member of either the Illinois Manufactured Housing Association or the Illinois Housing Institute.~~

(d) ~~(Blank). Members of the Board are appointed by the Governor for 3 year terms, except that, of the initial members, the terms of 3 members expire on December 31 of the year following the effective date of this Act and the terms of 3 other members expire on December 31 of the second year following the effective date of this Act. Members serve until their successors are appointed. Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed is appointed for the remainder of that term. The initial appointments commence on the effective date of this Act.~~

(e) ~~(Blank). The Board must meet at least 3 times each year. Additional meetings may be called by the Department. A majority of the members of the Board constitute a quorum. Each member of the Board must be compensated for travel expenses incurred in the performance of duties as a member of the Board in accordance with Section 12-2 of the State Finance Act.~~

(f) The Department must promulgate rules to implement this Act.

(Source: P.A. 92-410, eff. 1-1-02.)

(605 ILCS 30/4 rep.)

Section 5-430. The Bikeway Act is amended by repealing Section 4.

(625 ILCS 5/15-117 rep.)

Section 5-440. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by repealing Section 15-117.

(730 ILCS 5/3-19-15 rep.)

Section 5-450. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by repealing Section 3-19-15.

Section 5-455. The Eminent Domain Act is amended by changing Sections 5-5-5 and 15-5-15 as follows:

(735 ILCS 30/5-5-5)

Sec. 5-5-5. Exercise of the power of eminent domain; public use; blight.

(a) In addition to all other limitations and requirements, a condemning authority may not take or damage property by the exercise of the power of eminent domain unless it is for a public use, as set forth in this Section.

(a-5) Subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) of this Section do not apply to the acquisition of property under the O'Hare Modernization Act. A condemning authority may exercise the power of eminent domain for the acquisition or damaging of property under the O'Hare Modernization Act as provided for by law in effect prior to the effective date of this Act.

(a-10) Subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) of this Section do not apply to the acquisition or damaging of property in furtherance of the goals and objectives of an existing tax increment allocation redevelopment plan. A condemning authority may exercise the power of eminent domain for the acquisition of property in furtherance of an existing tax increment allocation redevelopment plan as provided for by law in effect prior to the effective date of this Act.

As used in this subsection, "existing tax increment allocation redevelopment plan" means a redevelopment plan that was adopted under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (Article 11, Division 74.4 of the Illinois Municipal Code) prior to April 15, 2006 and for which property assembly costs were, before that date, included as a budget line item in the plan or described in the narrative portion of the plan as part of the redevelopment project, but does not include (i) any additional area added to the redevelopment project area on or after April 15, 2006, (ii) any subsequent extension of the completion date of a redevelopment plan beyond the estimated completion date established in that plan prior to April 15, 2006, (iii) any acquisition of property in a conservation area for which the condemnation complaint is filed more than 12 years after the effective date of this Act, or (iv) any acquisition of property in an industrial park conservation area.

As used in this subsection, "conservation area" and "industrial park conservation area" have the same meanings as under Section 11-74.4-3 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

(b) If the exercise of eminent domain authority is to acquire property for public ownership and control, then the condemning authority must prove that (i) the acquisition of the property is necessary for a public purpose and (ii) the acquired property will be owned and controlled by the condemning authority or another governmental entity.

(c) Except when the acquisition is governed by subsection (b) or is primarily for one of the purposes specified in subsection (d), (e), or (f) and the condemning authority elects to proceed under one of those subsections, if the exercise of eminent domain authority is to acquire property for private ownership or control, or both, then the condemning authority must prove by clear and convincing evidence that the acquisition of the property for private ownership or control is (i) primarily for the benefit, use, or enjoyment of the public and (ii) necessary for a public purpose.

An acquisition of property primarily for the purpose of the elimination of blight is rebuttably presumed to be for a public purpose and primarily for the benefit, use, or enjoyment of the public under this subsection.

Any challenge to the existence of blighting factors alleged in a complaint to condemn under this subsection shall be raised within 6 months of the filing date of the complaint to condemn, and if not raised within that time the right to challenge the existence of those blighting factors shall be deemed waived.

Evidence that the Illinois Commerce Commission has granted a certificate or otherwise made a finding of public convenience and necessity for an acquisition of property (or any right or interest in property) for private ownership or control (including, without limitation, an acquisition for which the use of eminent domain is authorized under the Public Utilities Act, the Telephone Company Act, or the Electric

Supplier Act) to be used for utility purposes creates a rebuttable presumption that such acquisition of that property (or right or interest in property) is (i) primarily for the benefit, use, or enjoyment of the public and (ii) necessary for a public purpose.

In the case of an acquisition of property (or any right or interest in property) for private ownership or control to be used for utility, pipeline, or railroad purposes for which no certificate or finding of public convenience and necessity by the Illinois Commerce Commission is required, evidence that the acquisition is one for which the use of eminent domain is authorized under one of the following laws creates a rebuttable presumption that the acquisition of that property (or right or interest in property) is (i) primarily for the benefit, use, or enjoyment of the public and (ii) necessary for a public purpose:

- (1) the Public Utilities Act,
- (2) the Telephone Company Act,
- (3) the Electric Supplier Act,
- (4) the Railroad Terminal Authority Act,
- (5) (blank), ~~the Grand Avenue Railroad Relocation Authority Act,~~
- (6) the West Cook Railroad Relocation and Development Authority Act,
- (7) Section 4-505 of the Illinois Highway Code,
- (8) Section 17 or 18 of the Railroad Incorporation Act,
- (9) Section 18c-7501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(d) If the exercise of eminent domain authority is to acquire property for private ownership or control and if the primary basis for the acquisition is the elimination of blight and the condemning authority elects to proceed under this subsection, then the condemning authority must: (i) prove by a preponderance of the evidence that acquisition of the property for private ownership or control is necessary for a public purpose; (ii) prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the property to be acquired is located in an area that is currently designated as a blighted area or conservation area under an applicable statute; (iii) if the existence of blight or blighting factors is challenged in an appropriate motion filed within 6 months after the date of filing of the complaint to condemn, prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the required blighting factors existed in the area so designated (but not necessarily in the particular property to be acquired) at the time of the designation under item (ii) or at any time thereafter; and (iv) prove by a preponderance of the evidence at least one of the following:

(A) that it has entered into an express written agreement in which a private person or entity agrees to undertake a development project within the blighted area that specifically details the reasons for which the property or rights in that property are necessary for the development project;

(B) that the exercise of eminent domain power and the proposed use of the property by the condemning authority are consistent with a regional plan that has been adopted within the past 5 years in accordance with Section 5-14001 of the Counties Code or Section 11-12-6 of the Illinois Municipal Code or with a local land resource management plan adopted under Section 4 of the Local Land Resource Management Planning Act; or

(C) that (1) the acquired property will be used in the development of a project that is consistent with the land uses set forth in a comprehensive redevelopment plan prepared in accordance with the applicable statute authorizing the condemning authority to exercise the power of eminent domain and is consistent with the goals and purposes of that comprehensive redevelopment plan, and (2) an enforceable written agreement, deed restriction, or similar encumbrance has been or will be executed and recorded against the acquired property to assure that the project and the use of the property remain consistent with those land uses, goals, and purposes for a period of at least 40 years, which execution and recording shall be included as a requirement in any final order entered in the condemnation proceeding.

The existence of an ordinance, resolution, or other official act designating an area as blighted is not prima facie evidence of the existence of blight. A finding by the court in a condemnation proceeding that a property or area has not been proven to be blighted does not apply to any other case or undermine the designation of a blighted area or conservation area or the determination of the existence of blight for any other purpose or under any other statute, including without limitation under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (Article 11, Division 74.4 of the Illinois Municipal Code).

Any challenge to the existence of blighting factors alleged in a complaint to condemn under this subsection shall be raised within 6 months of the filing date of the complaint to condemn, and if not raised within that time the right to challenge the existence of those blighting factors shall be deemed waived.

(e) If the exercise of eminent domain authority is to acquire property for private ownership or control and if the primary purpose of the acquisition is one of the purposes specified in item (iii) of this subsection and the condemning authority elects to proceed under this subsection, then the condemning authority must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that: (i) the acquisition of the property is necessary for a public purpose; (ii) an enforceable written agreement, deed restriction, or similar encumbrance has been or will be executed and recorded against the acquired property to assure that the project and the use of the property remain consistent with the applicable purpose specified in item (iii) of this subsection for a period of at least 40 years, which execution and recording shall be included as a requirement in any final order entered in the condemnation proceeding; and (iii) the acquired property will be one of the following:

(1) included in the project site for a residential project, or a mixed-use project including residential units, where not less than 20% of the residential units in the project are made available, for at least 15 years, by deed restriction, long-term lease, regulatory agreement, extended use agreement, or a comparable recorded encumbrance, to low-income households and very low-income households, as defined in Section 3 of the Illinois Affordable Housing Act;

(2) used primarily for public airport, road, parking, or mass transportation purposes and sold or leased to a private party in a sale-leaseback, lease-leaseback, or similar structured financing;

(3) owned or used by a public utility or electric cooperative for utility purposes;

(4) owned or used by a railroad for passenger or freight transportation purposes;

(5) sold or leased to a private party that operates a water supply, waste water, recycling, waste disposal, waste-to-energy, or similar facility;

(6) sold or leased to a not-for-profit corporation whose purposes include the preservation of open space, the operation of park space, and similar public purposes;

(7) used as a library, museum, or related facility, or as infrastructure related to such a facility;

(8) used by a private party for the operation of a charter school open to the general public; or

(9) a historic resource, as defined in Section 3 of the Illinois State Agency Historic Resources Preservation Act, a landmark designated as such under a local ordinance, or a contributing structure within a local landmark district listed on the National Register of Historic Places, that is being acquired for purposes of preservation or rehabilitation.

(f) If the exercise of eminent domain authority is to acquire property for public ownership and private control and if the primary purpose of the acquisition is one of the purposes specified in item (iii) of this subsection and the condemning authority elects to proceed under this subsection, then the condemning authority must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that: (i) the acquisition of the property is necessary for a public purpose; (ii) the acquired property will be owned by the condemning authority or another governmental entity; and (iii) the acquired property will be controlled by a private party that operates a business or facility related to the condemning authority's operation of a university, medical district, hospital, exposition or convention center, mass transportation facility, or airport, including, but not limited to, a medical clinic, research and development center, food or commercial concession facility, social service facility, maintenance or storage facility, cargo facility, rental car facility, bus facility, taxi facility, flight kitchen, fixed based operation, parking facility, refueling facility, water supply facility, and railroad tracks and stations.

(g) This Article is a limitation on the exercise of the power of eminent domain, but is not an independent grant of authority to exercise the power of eminent domain.

(Source: P.A. 94-1055, eff. 1-1-07.)

(735 ILCS 30/15-5-15)

Sec. 15-5-15. Eminent domain powers in ILCS Chapters 70 through 75. The following provisions of law may include express grants of the power to acquire property by condemnation or eminent domain:

(70 ILCS 5/8.02 and 5/9); Airport Authorities Act; airport authorities; for public airport facilities.

(70 ILCS 5/8.05 and 5/9); Airport Authorities Act; airport authorities; for removal of airport hazards.

(70 ILCS 5/8.06 and 5/9); Airport Authorities Act; airport authorities; for reduction of the height of objects or structures.

(70 ILCS 10/4); Interstate Airport Authorities Act; interstate airport authorities; for general purposes.

(70 ILCS 15/3); Kankakee River Valley Area Airport Authority Act; Kankakee River Valley Area Airport Authority; for acquisition of land for airports.

(70 ILCS 200/2-20); Civic Center Code; civic center authorities; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.

- (70 ILCS 200/5-35); Civic Center Code; Aledo Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/10-15); Civic Center Code; Aurora Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/15-40); Civic Center Code; Benton Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/20-15); Civic Center Code; Bloomington Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/35-35); Civic Center Code; Brownstown Park District Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/40-35); Civic Center Code; Carbondale Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/55-60); Civic Center Code; Chicago South Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/60-30); Civic Center Code; Collinsville Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/70-35); Civic Center Code; Crystal Lake Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/75-20); Civic Center Code; Decatur Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/80-15); Civic Center Code; DuPage County Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/85-35); Civic Center Code; Elgin Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/95-25); Civic Center Code; Herrin Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/110-35); Civic Center Code; Illinois Valley Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/115-35); Civic Center Code; Jasper County Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/120-25); Civic Center Code; Jefferson County Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/125-15); Civic Center Code; Jo Daviess County Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/130-30); Civic Center Code; Katherine Dunham Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/145-35); Civic Center Code; Marengo Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/150-35); Civic Center Code; Mason County Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/155-15); Civic Center Code; Matteson Metropolitan Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/160-35); Civic Center Code; Maywood Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/165-35); Civic Center Code; Melrose Park Metropolitan Exposition Auditorium and Office Building Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/170-20); Civic Center Code; certain Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authorities; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 200/180-35); Civic Center Code; Normal Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/185-15); Civic Center Code; Oak Park Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/195-35); Civic Center Code; Ottawa Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/200-15); Civic Center Code; Pekin Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.

- (70 ILCS 200/205-15); Civic Center Code; Peoria Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/210-35); Civic Center Code; Pontiac Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/215-15); Civic Center Code; Illinois Quad City Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/220-30); Civic Center Code; Quincy Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/225-35); Civic Center Code; Randolph County Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/230-35); Civic Center Code; River Forest Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/235-40); Civic Center Code; Riverside Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/245-35); Civic Center Code; Salem Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/255-20); Civic Center Code; Springfield Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority; for grounds, centers, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/260-35); Civic Center Code; Sterling Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/265-20); Civic Center Code; Vermilion County Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/270-35); Civic Center Code; Waukegan Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/275-35); Civic Center Code; West Frankfort Civic Center Authority; for grounds, centers, buildings, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 200/280-20); Civic Center Code; Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority; for grounds, centers, and parking.
- (70 ILCS 210/5); Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act; Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority; for general purposes, including quick-take power.
- (70 ILCS 405/22.04); Soil and Water Conservation Districts Act; soil and water conservation districts; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 410/10 and 410/12); Conservation District Act; conservation districts; for open space, wildland, scenic roadway, pathway, outdoor recreation, or other conservation benefits.
- (70 ILCS 503/25); Chanute-Rantoul National Aviation Center Redevelopment Commission Act; Chanute-Rantoul National Aviation Center Redevelopment Commission; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 507/15); Fort Sheridan Redevelopment Commission Act; Fort Sheridan Redevelopment Commission; for general purposes or to carry out comprehensive or redevelopment plans.
- (70 ILCS 520/8); Southwestern Illinois Development Authority Act; Southwestern Illinois Development Authority; for general purposes, including quick-take power.
- (70 ILCS 605/4-17 and 605/5-7); Illinois Drainage Code; drainage districts; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 615/5 and 615/6); Chicago Drainage District Act; corporate authorities; for construction and maintenance of works.
- (70 ILCS 705/10); Fire Protection District Act; fire protection districts; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 750/20); Flood Prevention District Act; flood prevention districts; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 805/6); Downstate Forest Preserve District Act; certain forest preserve districts; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 805/18.8); Downstate Forest Preserve District Act; certain forest preserve districts; for recreational and cultural facilities.
- (70 ILCS 810/8); Cook County Forest Preserve District Act; Forest Preserve District of Cook County; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 810/38); Cook County Forest Preserve District Act; Forest Preserve District of Cook County; for recreational facilities.
- (70 ILCS 910/15 and 910/16); Hospital District Law; hospital districts; for hospitals or hospital facilities.
- (70 ILCS 915/3); Illinois Medical District Act; Illinois Medical District Commission; for general purposes.

- (70 ILCS 915/4.5); Illinois Medical District Act; Illinois Medical District Commission; quick-take power for the Illinois State Police Forensic Science Laboratory (obsolete).
- (70 ILCS 920/5); Tuberculosis Sanitarium District Act; tuberculosis sanitarium districts; for tuberculosis sanitariums.
- (70 ILCS 925/20); Mid-Illinois Medical District Act; Mid-Illinois Medical District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 930/20); Mid-America Medical District Act; Mid-America Medical District Commission; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 935/20); Roseland Community Medical District Act; medical district; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1005/7); Mosquito Abatement District Act; mosquito abatement districts; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1105/8); Museum District Act; museum districts; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1205/7-1); Park District Code; park districts; for streets and other purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1205/8-1); Park District Code; park districts; for parks.
- (70 ILCS 1205/9-2 and 1205/9-4); Park District Code; park districts; for airports and landing fields.
- (70 ILCS 1205/11-2 and 1205/11-3); Park District Code; park districts; for State land abutting public water and certain access rights.
- (70 ILCS 1205/11.1-3); Park District Code; park districts; for harbors.
- (70 ILCS 1225/2); Park Commissioners Land Condemnation Act; park districts; for street widening.
- (70 ILCS 1230/1 and 1230/1-a); Park Commissioners Water Control Act; park districts; for parks, boulevards, driveways, parkways, viaducts, bridges, or tunnels.
- (70 ILCS 1250/2); Park Commissioners Street Control (1889) Act; park districts; for boulevards or driveways.
- (70 ILCS 1290/1); Park District Aquarium and Museum Act; municipalities or park districts; for aquariums or museums.
- (70 ILCS 1305/2); Park District Airport Zoning Act; park districts; for restriction of the height of structures.
- (70 ILCS 1310/5); Park District Elevated Highway Act; park districts; for elevated highways.
- (70 ILCS 1505/15); Chicago Park District Act; Chicago Park District; for parks and other purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1505/25.1); Chicago Park District Act; Chicago Park District; for parking lots or garages.
- (70 ILCS 1505/26.3); Chicago Park District Act; Chicago Park District; for harbors.
- (70 ILCS 1570/5); Lincoln Park Commissioners Land Condemnation Act; Lincoln Park Commissioners; for land and interests in land, including riparian rights.
- (70 ILCS 1801/30); Alexander-Cairo Port District Act; Alexander-Cairo Port District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1805/8); Havana Regional Port District Act; Havana Regional Port District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1810/7); Illinois International Port District Act; Illinois International Port District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1815/13); Illinois Valley Regional Port District Act; Illinois Valley Regional Port District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1820/4); Jackson-Union Counties Regional Port District Act; Jackson-Union Counties Regional Port District; for removal of airport hazards or reduction of the height of objects or structures.
- (70 ILCS 1820/5); Jackson-Union Counties Regional Port District Act; Jackson-Union Counties Regional Port District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1825/4.9); Joliet Regional Port District Act; Joliet Regional Port District; for removal of airport hazards.
- (70 ILCS 1825/4.10); Joliet Regional Port District Act; Joliet Regional Port District; for reduction of the height of objects or structures.
- (70 ILCS 1825/4.18); Joliet Regional Port District Act; Joliet Regional Port District; for removal of hazards from ports and terminals.
- (70 ILCS 1825/5); Joliet Regional Port District Act; Joliet Regional Port District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1830/7.1); Kaskaskia Regional Port District Act; Kaskaskia Regional Port District; for removal of hazards from ports and terminals.
- (70 ILCS 1830/14); Kaskaskia Regional Port District Act; Kaskaskia Regional Port District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1831/30); Massac-Metropolis Port District Act; Massac-Metropolis Port District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1835/5.10); Mt. Carmel Regional Port District Act; Mt. Carmel Regional Port District; for removal of airport hazards.

- ~~(70 ILCS 1835/5.11); Mt. Carmel Regional Port District Act; Mt. Carmel Regional Port District; for reduction of the height of objects or structures.~~
- ~~(70 ILCS 1835/6); Mt. Carmel Regional Port District Act; Mt. Carmel Regional Port District; for general purposes.~~
- (70 ILCS 1837/30); Ottawa Port District Act; Ottawa Port District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1842/30 and 1842/35); Rock Island Regional Port District Act; Rock Island Regional Port District and participating municipalities; for general Port District purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1845/4.9); Seneca Regional Port District Act; Seneca Regional Port District; for removal of airport hazards.
- (70 ILCS 1845/4.10); Seneca Regional Port District Act; Seneca Regional Port District; for reduction of the height of objects or structures.
- (70 ILCS 1845/5); Seneca Regional Port District Act; Seneca Regional Port District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1850/4); Shawneetown Regional Port District Act; Shawneetown Regional Port District; for removal of airport hazards or reduction of the height of objects or structures.
- (70 ILCS 1850/5); Shawneetown Regional Port District Act; Shawneetown Regional Port District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1855/4); Southwest Regional Port District Act; Southwest Regional Port District; for removal of airport hazards or reduction of the height of objects or structures.
- (70 ILCS 1855/5); Southwest Regional Port District Act; Southwest Regional Port District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1860/4); Tri-City Regional Port District Act; Tri-City Regional Port District; for removal of airport hazards.
- (70 ILCS 1860/5); Tri-City Regional Port District Act; Tri-City Regional Port District; for the development of facilities.
- (70 ILCS 1863/11); Upper Mississippi River International Port District Act; Upper Mississippi River International Port District; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 1865/4.9); Waukegan Port District Act; Waukegan Port District; for removal of airport hazards.
- (70 ILCS 1865/4.10); Waukegan Port District Act; Waukegan Port District; for restricting the height of objects or structures.
- (70 ILCS 1865/5); Waukegan Port District Act; Waukegan Port District; for the development of facilities.
- ~~(70 ILCS 1870/8); White County Port District Act; White County Port District; for the development of facilities.~~
- (70 ILCS 1905/16); Railroad Terminal Authority Act; Railroad Terminal Authority (Chicago); for general purposes.
- ~~(70 ILCS 1915/25); Grand Avenue Railroad Relocation Authority Act; Grand Avenue Railroad Relocation Authority; for general purposes, including quick take power (now obsolete).~~
- ~~(70 ILCS 1935/25); Elmwood Park Grade Separation Authority Act; Elmwood Park Grade Separation Authority; for general purposes.~~
- (70 ILCS 2105/9b); River Conservancy Districts Act; river conservancy districts; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 2105/10a); River Conservancy Districts Act; river conservancy districts; for corporate purposes.
- (70 ILCS 2205/15); Sanitary District Act of 1907; sanitary districts; for corporate purposes.
- (70 ILCS 2205/18); Sanitary District Act of 1907; sanitary districts; for improvements and works.
- (70 ILCS 2205/19); Sanitary District Act of 1907; sanitary districts; for access to property.
- (70 ILCS 2305/8); North Shore Water Reclamation District Act; North Shore Water Reclamation District; for corporate purposes.
- (70 ILCS 2305/15); North Shore Water Reclamation District Act; North Shore Water Reclamation District; for improvements.
- (70 ILCS 2405/7.9); Sanitary District Act of 1917; Sanitary District of Decatur; for carrying out agreements to sell, convey, or disburse treated wastewater to a private entity.
- (70 ILCS 2405/8); Sanitary District Act of 1917; sanitary districts; for corporate purposes.
- (70 ILCS 2405/15); Sanitary District Act of 1917; sanitary districts; for improvements.
- (70 ILCS 2405/16.9 and 2405/16.10); Sanitary District Act of 1917; sanitary districts; for waterworks.
- (70 ILCS 2405/17.2); Sanitary District Act of 1917; sanitary districts; for public sewer and water utility treatment works.
- (70 ILCS 2405/18); Sanitary District Act of 1917; sanitary districts; for dams or other structures to regulate water flow.

- (70 ILCS 2605/8); Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act; Metropolitan Water Reclamation District; for corporate purposes.
- (70 ILCS 2605/16); Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act; Metropolitan Water Reclamation District; quick-take power for improvements.
- (70 ILCS 2605/17); Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act; Metropolitan Water Reclamation District; for bridges.
- (70 ILCS 2605/35); Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act; Metropolitan Water Reclamation District; for widening and deepening a navigable stream.
- (70 ILCS 2805/10); Sanitary District Act of 1936; sanitary districts; for corporate purposes.
- (70 ILCS 2805/24); Sanitary District Act of 1936; sanitary districts; for improvements.
- (70 ILCS 2805/26i and 2805/26j); Sanitary District Act of 1936; sanitary districts; for drainage systems.
- (70 ILCS 2805/27); Sanitary District Act of 1936; sanitary districts; for dams or other structures to regulate water flow.
- (70 ILCS 2805/32k); Sanitary District Act of 1936; sanitary districts; for water supply.
- (70 ILCS 2805/32l); Sanitary District Act of 1936; sanitary districts; for waterworks.
- (70 ILCS 2905/2-7); Metro-East Sanitary District Act of 1974; Metro-East Sanitary District; for corporate purposes.
- (70 ILCS 2905/2-8); Metro-East Sanitary District Act of 1974; Metro-East Sanitary District; for access to property.
- (70 ILCS 3010/10); Sanitary District Revenue Bond Act; sanitary districts; for sewerage systems.
- (70 ILCS 3205/12); Illinois Sports Facilities Authority Act; Illinois Sports Facilities Authority; quick-take power for its corporate purposes (obsolete).
- (70 ILCS 3405/16); Surface Water Protection District Act; surface water protection districts; for corporate purposes.
- (70 ILCS 3605/7); Metropolitan Transit Authority Act; Chicago Transit Authority; for transportation systems.
- (70 ILCS 3605/8); Metropolitan Transit Authority Act; Chicago Transit Authority; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 3605/10); Metropolitan Transit Authority Act; Chicago Transit Authority; for general purposes, including railroad property.
- (70 ILCS 3610/3 and 3610/5); Local Mass Transit District Act; local mass transit districts; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 3615/2.13); Regional Transportation Authority Act; Regional Transportation Authority; for general purposes.
- (70 ILCS 3705/8 and 3705/12); Public Water District Act; public water districts; for waterworks.
- (70 ILCS 3705/23a); Public Water District Act; public water districts; for sewerage properties.
- (70 ILCS 3705/23e); Public Water District Act; public water districts; for combined waterworks and sewerage systems.
- (70 ILCS 3715/6); Water Authorities Act; water authorities; for facilities to ensure adequate water supply.
- (70 ILCS 3715/27); Water Authorities Act; water authorities; for access to property.
- (75 ILCS 5/4-7); Illinois Local Library Act; boards of library trustees; for library buildings.
- (75 ILCS 16/30-55.80); Public Library District Act of 1991; public library districts; for general purposes.
- (75 ILCS 65/1 and 65/3); Libraries in Parks Act; corporate authorities of city or park district, or board of park commissioners; for free public library buildings.
- (Source: Incorporates 98-564, eff. 8-27-13; P.A. 98-756, eff. 7-16-14; 99-669, eff. 7-29-16; revised 6-23-25.)

Article 10.

Section 10-5. The State Salary and Annuity Withholding Act is amended by changing Sections 2, 4, 6, 7, 8, and 9 as follows:

(5 ILCS 365/2) (from Ch. 127, par. 352)

Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Office" means the State Comptroller, the Board of Trustees of the State Universities Retirement System, or the Board of Trustees of any of the following institutions: the University of Illinois, Southern Illinois University, Chicago State University, Eastern Illinois University, Governors State University, Illinois

State University, Northeastern Illinois University, Northern Illinois University, and Western Illinois University.

"Department" means any department, board, commission, institution, officer, court, or agency of State government, other than the University of Illinois, Southern Illinois University, Chicago State University, Eastern Illinois University, Governors State University, Illinois State University, Northeastern Illinois University, Northern Illinois University, and Western Illinois University, receiving State appropriations and having the power to certify payrolls to the Comptroller authorizing payments of salary or wages from appropriations from any State fund or from trust funds held by the State Treasurer; and the Board of Trustees of the General Assembly Retirement System, the Board of Trustees of the State Employees' Retirement System of Illinois, the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois, and the Board of Trustees of the Judges Retirement System of Illinois created respectively by Articles 2, 14, 16, and 18 of the Illinois Pension Code.

"Employee" means any regular officer or employee who receives salary or wages for personal service rendered to the State of Illinois ~~and, for the purpose of deduction for the purchase of United States Savings Bonds, includes any State contractual employee.~~

"Annuitant" means a person receiving a retirement annuity or disability benefits under Article 2, 14, 15, 16, or 18 of the Illinois Pension Code.

"Annuity" means the retirement annuity or disability benefits received by an annuitant.

(Source: P.A. 89-4, eff. 1-1-96; 90-14, eff. 7-1-97; 90-448, eff. 8-16-97.)

(5 ILCS 365/4) (from Ch. 127, par. 354)

Sec. 4. Authorization of withholding. An employee or annuitant may authorize the withholding of a portion of his salary, wages, or annuity for any one or more of the following purposes:

(1) ~~(blank); for purchase of United States Savings Bonds;~~

(2) for payment of premiums on life or accident and health insurance as defined in Section 4 of the "Illinois Insurance Code", ~~approved June 29, 1937, as amended~~, and for payment of premiums on policies of automobile insurance as defined in Section 143.13 of the "Illinois Insurance Code", ~~as amended~~, and the personal multiperil coverages commonly known as homeowner's insurance. However, no portion of salaries, wages or annuities may be withheld to pay premiums on automobile, homeowner's, life or accident and health insurance policies issued by any one insurance company or insurance service company unless a minimum of 100 employees or annuitants insured by that company authorize the withholding by an Office within 6 months after such withholding begins. If such minimum is not satisfied the Office may discontinue withholding for such company. For any insurance company or insurance service company which has not previously had withholding, the Office may allow withholding for premiums, where less than 100 policies have been written, to cover a probationary period. An insurance company which has discontinued withholding may reinstate it upon presentation of facts indicating new management or reorganization ~~re-organization~~ satisfactory to the Office;

(3) for payment to any labor organization designated by the employee;

(4) for payment of dues to any association the membership of which consists of State employees and former State employees;

(5) for deposit in any credit union, in which State employees are within the field of membership as a result of their employment;

(6) for payment to or for the benefit of an institution of higher education by an employee of that institution;

(7) for payment of parking fees at the parking facilities located on the Urbana-Champaign campus of the University of Illinois;

(8) for voluntary payment to the State of Illinois of amounts then due and payable to the State;

(9) for investment purchases made as a participant or contributor to qualified tuition programs established pursuant to Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code or qualified ABLE programs established pursuant to Section 529A of the Internal Revenue Code;

(10) for voluntary payment to the Illinois Department of Revenue of amounts due or to become due under the Illinois Income Tax Act;

(11) for payment of optional contributions to a retirement system subject to the provisions of the Illinois Pension Code;

(12) for contributions to organizations found qualified by the State Comptroller under the requirements set forth in the Voluntary Payroll Deductions Act of 1983;

(13) for payment of fringe benefit contributions to employee benefit trust funds (whether such employee benefit trust funds are governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §1001 et seq. or not) for State contractual employees hired through labor organizations and working pursuant to a signed agreement between a labor organization and a State agency, whether subject to the Illinois Prevailing Wage Act or not; this item (13) is not intended to limit employee benefit trust funds and the contributions to be made thereto to be limited to those which are encompassed for purposes of computing the prevailing wage in any particular locale, but rather such employee benefit trusts are intended to include contributions to be made to such funds that are intended to assist in training, building and maintenance, industry advancement, and the like, including, but not limited to, those benefit trust funds such as pension and welfare that are normally computed in the prevailing wage rates and which otherwise would be subject to contribution obligations by private employers that are signatory to agreements with labor organizations;

(14) for voluntary payment as part of the Illinois Gives Initiative under Section 26 of the State Comptroller Act; or

(15) for payment of parking fees at the underground facility located south of the William G. Stratton State Office Building in Springfield or the parking ramp located at 401 South College Street, west of the William G. Stratton State Office Building in Springfield.

(Source: P.A. 99-166, eff. 7-28-15; 100-763, eff. 8-10-18.)

(5 ILCS 365/6) (from Ch. 127, par. 356)

Sec. 6. Sufficient copies of any authorization provided for by this Act shall be executed by the employee to enable the Department that prepares the voucher on which the employee's name appears to transmit a copy thereof to any Department required to certify or approve such vouchers, and the Department so preparing the voucher shall make such transmittals. Copies of such authorization need not be transmitted to the Department of Central Management Services. ~~Authorizations for withholding and the termination of withholding for the purchase of United States Savings Bonds shall be filed with the Comptroller.~~

Each Department and Office, in the preparation of vouchers, or payroll disbursing, is authorized and directed, in addition to other requirements of law, to indicate thereon:

- (1) the amount or amounts to be withheld from the salary, wages or annuity of each employee or annuitant that has authorized such withholding under this Act;
- (2) the purpose or purposes of such withholding; and
- (3) the net amount payable to the employee or annuitant.

~~Voucher forms designed and approved by the comptroller under the provisions of Section 9a of "An Act in relation to State finance", approved June 10, 1919, as heretofore or hereafter amended, shall be so designed as to meet the requirements of this Section.~~

Any Department required to approve vouchers shall approve vouchers prepared in accordance with this Act if they meet the requirements of other laws applicable thereto.

(Source: P.A. 82-789.)

(5 ILCS 365/7) (from Ch. 127, par. 357)

Sec. 7. Any Office in making payment for any item of salary, wages or annuity on a voucher or in disbursing a payroll shall deduct any amount or amounts authorized to be withheld under this Act as certified in such voucher or disbursed in such payroll and shall make payment to the employee or annuitant for the net amount payable to the employee or annuitant. Where payment is made by warrant, information concerning the amount or amounts withheld and the purpose of each such withholding shall be provided on a detachable stub. Where payment is made by the Comptroller by direct deposit, the Comptroller may distribute statements of the amounts and purposes of withholding from such payments intermittently, not less than annually.

~~Each Office shall create a separate trust fund for the purpose of withholding from employees for the purchase of United States Savings Bonds as provided by this Act. The State Treasurer shall be ex officio, trustee and custodian of such trust fund created by the State Comptroller. The Comptroller shall direct the State Treasurer to deposit to the trust fund the amounts authorized to be withheld for United States Savings Bonds as certified on each payroll or annuitant's voucher.~~

Such trust fund and each individual employee or annuitant account created by the Comptroller shall be subject to audit the same as funds and accounts belonging to the State of Illinois and shall be protected by the official bond given by the State Treasurer. Trust funds and individual employee or annuitant accounts created by an Office other than the Comptroller shall be subject to audit in the same manner as other funds.

(Source: P.A. 83-162.)

(5 ILCS 365/8) (from Ch. 127, par. 358)

Sec. 8. Payment of certain amounts withheld.

(a) If a withholding authorization is for the purpose of payment of insurance premiums or for payment to a labor union, each Office shall make payments, as soon as payroll warrants are prepared and verified, on behalf of the employee or annuitant to the payee named in the authorization the amount specified in the authorization. Such payments shall be made by warrants prepared at the time the payroll is processed.

~~(b) (Blank). If a withholding authorization is for the purpose of purchasing United States Savings Bonds, each Office, whenever a sufficient sum has accumulated in the employee's account to purchase a bond of the denomination directed by the employee in his authorization, shall purchase such a United States Savings Bond in the name designated by the employee and deliver it to the employee.~~

(c) If a withholding authorization is for the purpose of payment of parking fees pursuant to paragraph (7) 7 of Section 4, the State Comptroller shall deposit the amount withheld in the State Parking Facility Maintenance Fund in the State Treasury.

(d) If a withholding authorization is for the purpose of payment of amounts due or to become due under the Illinois Income Tax Act, the Office shall pay the amounts withheld without delay directly to the Department of Revenue or to a depository designated by the Department of Revenue.

(e) If a withholding authorization is for the purpose of payment of parking fees under paragraph (15) of Section 4 of this Act, the State Comptroller shall deposit the entire amount withheld in the State Parking Facility Maintenance Fund in the State treasury.

(Source: P.A. 99-166, eff. 7-28-15.)

(5 ILCS 365/9) (from Ch. 127, par. 359)

Sec. 9. Any authorization to withhold from the salary, wages or annuity of an employee or annuitant shall terminate and such withholding shall cease upon the happening of any of the following events:

(1) termination of employment or termination of payment of an annuity, as the case may be;

(2) written notice by the employee or annuitant of cancellation of such former authorization, except that an authorization to withhold for the payment of optional contributions to a retirement system through an employer pickup is irrevocable;

(3) expiration of the time during which such withholding was authorized;

(4) when the total amount authorized to be withheld has been so withheld.

~~Upon termination of authorization to purchase United States Savings Bonds, any amount withheld from the salary or wages of an employee for such purpose and which has not been so used shall be immediately remitted by each Office to the person from whose salary or wages such amount was withheld.~~

(Source: P.A. 90-448, eff. 8-16-97.)

Section 10-10. The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section 605-328 as follows:

(20 ILCS 605/605-328)

Sec. 605-328. Economic Development Matching Grants Program.

(a) The Department, in its discretion, may establish a program of grants to be matched by economic development entities in the State to finance and promote local economic development. The Department is authorized to make grants, subject to appropriations by the General Assembly for this purpose, ~~from the Economic Development Matching Grants Program Fund, a special fund created in the State treasury,~~ to nonprofit organizations and ~~local~~ units of local government whose primary objectives are to promote Illinois communities as sites for industrial and business location and expansion. The goal of the program is to enhance the marketing of Illinois by enabling regions and communities to market themselves and thereby attract new business and industry to the State and enhance the environment of growth for existing business and industry.

(b) The applicant's proposed project must have a definable impact on business and industrial attraction, recruitment, or retention. Items eligible for funding consideration include, but are not limited to, specific, time-limited research studies related to industrial and business recruitment or retention, advertising and public relation expenses related to the applicant's proposed project, and production of printed materials and brochures, slide presentations and videotapes, and internet home pages for distribution to those involved in expansion or relocation activities.

(c) In determining the recipients of the grants, consideration shall be given to the following factors:

(1) Does the project demonstrate collaboration between more than one municipality, county, and region?

(2) Does the project demonstrate substantial potential for economic return from an area outside the applicant's region and provide research measurement?

(3) Does the project show creativity and good design qualities and appropriately target a specific market?

(4) Does the project support the Department's economic development out-of-state marketing efforts?

(5) Is the project a demonstrable part of a long-range marketing or strategic plan?

(6) Are the projected costs for the project well-researched and reasonable?

(d) State grant dollars shall be evenly matched by the applicant.

(e) ~~(Blank). Moneys appropriated to the program of grants shall be deposited into the Economic Development Matching Grants Program Fund and shall not lapse into the General Revenue Fund at the end of a fiscal year.~~

(f) The grants made under this Section shall be in addition to any other grant programs currently in place and administered by the Department.

(g) The Department shall adopt rules to implement this program.

(Source: P.A. 90-660, eff. 7-30-98; 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.)

Section 10-15. The Technology Advancement and Development Act is amended by changing Section 1004 as follows:

(20 ILCS 700/1004) (from Ch. 127, par. 3701-4)

Sec. 1004. Duties and powers. The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity shall establish and administer any of the programs authorized under this Act subject to the availability of funds appropriated by the General Assembly. The Department may make awards from general revenue fund appropriations and federal reimbursement funds, ~~and the Technology Cooperation Fund~~, as provided under the provisions of this Act. The Department, in addition to those powers granted under the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, is granted the following powers to help administer the provisions of this Act:

(a) To provide financial assistance as direct or participation grants, loans, or qualified security investments to, or on behalf of, eligible applicants. Loans, grants, and investments shall be made for the purpose of increasing research and development, commercializing technology, adopting advanced production and processing techniques, and promoting job creation and retention within Illinois;

(b) To enter into agreements, accept funds or grants, and engage in cooperation with agencies of the federal government, local units of government, universities, research foundations or institutions, regional economic development corporations, or other organizations for the purposes of this Act;

(c) To enter into contracts, agreements, and memoranda of understanding; and to provide funds for participation agreements or to make any other agreements or contracts or to invest, grant, or loan funds to any participating intermediary organizations, including not-for-profit entities, for-profit entities, State agencies or authorities, government owned and contract operated facilities, institutions of higher education, other public or private development corporations, or other entities necessary or desirable to further the purpose of this Act. Any such agreement or contract by an intermediary organization to deliver programs authorized under this Act may include terms and provisions, including, but not limited to, organization and development of documentation, review and approval of projects, servicing and disbursement of funds, and other related activities;

(d) To fix, determine, charge, and collect any premiums, fees, charges, costs, and expenses, including, without limitation, any application fees, commitment fees, program fees, financing charges, or publication fees in connection with the Department's activities under this Act;

(e) To establish forms for applications, notifications, contracts, or any other agreements, and to promulgate procedures, rules, or regulations deemed necessary and appropriate;

(f) To establish and regulate the terms and conditions of the Department's agreements and to consent, subject to the provisions of any agreement with another party, to the modification or restructuring of any agreement to which the Department is a party;

(g) To require that recipients of financial assistance shall at all times keep proper books of record and account in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied, with such books open for reasonable Department inspection and audits, including, without limitation, the making of copies thereof;

(h) To require applicants or grantees receiving funds under this Act to permit the Department to: (i) inspect and audit any books, records or papers related to the project in the custody or control of the applicant, including the making of copies or extracts thereof, and (ii) inspect or appraise any of the applicant's or grantee's business assets;

(i) To require applicants or grantees, upon written request by the Department, to issue any necessary authorization to the appropriate federal, State, or local authority for the release of information concerning a business or business project financed under the provisions of this Act, with the information requested to include, but not be limited to, financial reports, returns, or records relating to that business or business project;

(i-5) To provide staffing, administration, and related support required to manage the programs authorized under this Act and to pay for staffing and administration as appropriated by the General Assembly. Administrative responsibilities may include, but are not limited to, research and identification of the needs of commerce and industry in this State; design of comprehensive statewide plans and programs; direction, management, and control of specific projects; and communication and cooperation with entities about technology commercialization and business modernization;

(j) To take whatever actions are necessary or appropriate to protect the State's interest in the event of bankruptcy, default, foreclosure or noncompliance with the terms and conditions of financial assistance or participation required under this Act, including the power to sell, dispose, lease or rent, upon terms and conditions determined by the Director to be appropriate, real or personal property which the Department may receive as a result thereof; and

(k) To exercise such other powers as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

Section 10-20. The Women's Business Ownership Act of 2015 is amended by changing Section 5 as follows:

(20 ILCS 5060/5)

Sec. 5. Women's Business Ownership Council. The Women's Business Ownership Council is created within the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity. The Council shall consist of 9 members, with 5 persons appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be the Director of Commerce and Economic Opportunity or his or her designee, one person appointed by the President of the Senate, one person appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate, one person appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one person appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

Appointed members shall be uniquely qualified by education, professional knowledge, or experience to serve on the Council and shall reflect the ethnic, cultural, and geographic diversity of the State. Of the 9 members, at least 5 shall be women business owners. As used in this Act, "woman business owner" means a woman who is either:

(1) the principal of a company or business concern, at least 51% of which is owned, operated, and controlled by women; or

(2) a senior officer or director of a company or business concern who also has either:

(A) material responsibility for the daily operations and management of the overall company or business concern; or

(B) material responsibility for the policy making of the company or business concern.

Of the initial appointments, members shall be randomly assigned to staggered terms; 3 members shall be appointed for a term of 3 years, 3 members shall be appointed for a term of 2 years, and 3 members shall be appointed for a term of one year. Upon the expiration of each member's term, a successor shall be appointed for a term of 3 years. In the case of a vacancy in the office of any member, a successor shall be appointed for the remainder of the unexpired term by the person designated as responsible for making the appointment. No member shall serve more than 3 consecutive terms. Members shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in connection with the performance of their duties as members.

One of the members shall be designated as Chairperson by the Governor. In the event the Governor does not appoint the Chairperson within 60 days after August 3, 2015 (the effective date of Public Act 99-233) ~~this Act~~, the Council shall convene and elect a Chairperson by a simple majority vote. Upon a vacancy in the position of Chairperson, the Governor shall have 30 days from the date of the resignation to appoint a new Chairperson. In the event the Governor does not appoint a new Chairperson within 30 days, the Council shall convene and elect a new Chairperson by a simple majority vote.

The first meeting of the Council shall be held within 90 days after August 3, 2015 (the effective date of Public Act 99-233) ~~this Act~~. The Council shall meet quarterly and may hold other meetings on the call of the Chairperson. Five members shall constitute a quorum. The Council may adopt rules it deems necessary to govern its own procedures. The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity shall cooperate with the Council to fulfill the purposes of this Act and shall provide the Council with necessary staff and administrative support. ~~The Council may apply for grants from the public and private sector and is authorized to accept grants, gifts, and donations, which shall be deposited into the Women's Business Ownership Fund.~~

(Source: P.A. 99-233, eff. 8-3-15.)

(20 ILCS 5060/15 rep.)

Section 10-25. The Women's Business Ownership Act of 2015 is amended by repealing Section 15.

Section 10-30. The State Finance Act is amended by changing Section 5.270 as follows:

(30 ILCS 105/5.270) (from Ch. 127, par. 141.270)

Sec. 5.270. The CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund (~~Commercial Driver's License Information System/American Association of Motor Vehicle Administrators network/National Motor Vehicle Title Information Service Trust Fund~~).

(Source: P.A. 98-177, eff. 1-1-14.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.637 rep.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.706 rep.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.728 rep.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.869 rep.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.878 rep.)

Section 10-35. The State Finance Act is amended by repealing Sections 5.637, 5.706, 5.728, 5.869, and 5.878.

(30 ILCS 186/Act rep.)

Section 10-40. The Emergency Budget Implementation Act of Fiscal Year 2010 is repealed.

(105 ILCS 124/Act rep.)

Section 10-45. The Farm Fresh Schools Program Act is repealed.

Section 10-50. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by changing Sections 511.111 and 513b6 as follows:

(215 ILCS 5/511.111) (from Ch. 73, par. 1065.58-111)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)

Sec. 511.111. Insurance Producer Administration Fund. All fees and fines paid to and collected by the Director under this Article shall be paid promptly after receipt thereof, together with a detailed statement of such fees, into a special fund in the State Treasury to be known as the Insurance Producer Administration Fund. The monies deposited into the Insurance Producer Administration Fund shall be used only for payment of the expenses of the Department and shall be appropriated as otherwise provided by law for the payment of such expenses. ~~Moneys in the Insurance Producer Administration Fund may be transferred to the Professions Indirect Cost Fund, as authorized under Section 2105-300 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.~~

(Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13.)

(215 ILCS 5/513b6)

Sec. 513b6. Insurance Producer Administration Fund. All fees and fines paid to and collected by the Director under this Article shall be paid promptly after receipt thereof, together with a detailed statement of such fees, into the Insurance Producer Administration Fund. ~~The moneys deposited into the Insurance Producer Administration Fund may be transferred to the Professions Indirect Cost Fund, as authorized under Section 2105-300 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.~~

(Source: P.A. 101-452, eff. 1-1-20.)

Section 10-55. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by changing Sections 5C-7 and 12-4.50 as follows:

(305 ILCS 5/5C-7) (from Ch. 23, par. 5C-7)

Sec. 5C-7. Care Provider Fund for Persons with a Developmental Disability.

(a) There is created in the State Treasury the Care Provider Fund for Persons with a Developmental Disability. Interest earned by the Fund shall be credited to the Fund. The Fund shall not be used to replace any moneys appropriated to the Medicaid program by the General Assembly.

(b) The Fund is created for the purpose of receiving and disbursing assessment moneys in accordance with this Article. Disbursements from the Fund shall be made only as follows:

(1) For payments to intermediate care facilities for persons with a developmental disability under Title XIX of the Social Security Act and Article V of this Code.

(2) For the reimbursement of moneys collected by the Illinois Department through error or mistake, ~~and to make required payments under Section 5.4.28(a)(1) of this Code if there are no moneys available for such payments in the Medicaid Provider for Persons with a Developmental Disability Participation Fee Trust Fund.~~

(3) For payment of administrative expenses incurred by the Department of Human Services or its agent or the Illinois Department or its agent in performing the activities authorized by this Article.

(4) For payments of any amounts which are reimbursable to the federal government for payments from this Fund which are required to be paid by State warrant.

(5) For making transfers to the General Obligation Bond Retirement and Interest Fund as those transfers are authorized in the proceedings authorizing debt under the Short Term Borrowing Act, but transfers made under this paragraph (5) shall not exceed the principal amount of debt issued in anticipation of the receipt by the State of moneys to be deposited into the Fund.

(6) For making refunds as required under Section 5C-10 of this Article.

Disbursements from the Fund, other than transfers to the General Obligation Bond Retirement and Interest Fund, shall be by warrants drawn by the State Comptroller upon receipt of vouchers duly executed and certified by the Illinois Department.

(c) The Fund shall consist of the following:

(1) All moneys collected or received by the Illinois Department from the care provider for persons with a developmental disability assessment imposed by this Article.

(2) All federal matching funds received by the Illinois Department as a result of expenditures made by the Illinois Department that are attributable to moneys deposited in the Fund.

(3) Any interest or penalty levied in conjunction with the administration of this Article.

(4) ~~(Blank). Any balance in the Medicaid Care Provider for Persons With a Developmental Disability Participation Fee Trust Fund in the State Treasury. The balance shall be transferred to the Fund upon certification by the Illinois Department to the State Comptroller that all of the disbursements required by Section 5.4.21(b) of this Code have been made.~~

(5) All other moneys received for the Fund from any other source, including interest earned thereon.

(Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 98-651, eff. 6-16-14; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)

(305 ILCS 5/12-4.50)

Sec. 12-4.50. Healthy Local Food Incentives Program.

(a) Legislative findings. Diet and other lifestyle choices contribute to more than half of all deaths in Illinois. Health risk factors include smoking, obesity, stress, nutrition, high blood pressure, and alcohol and drug use. Illinois residents should be encouraged to adopt diets and lifestyles that lead to wellness. The State can help provide that encouragement by funding wellness programs that enhance the health of Illinois residents. Healthy local food incentives encourage wellness among some of the most vulnerable residents of Illinois (those whose incomes are below the poverty line and who often have limited access to fresh, healthy, and affordable foods) by doubling the purchasing power of LINK cardholders at farmers markets across the State. The benefits of such a program include: an increase in population health, Medicaid health care cost savings, decreased incidence of preventable diseases, increased revenue for Illinois small farmers, and economic stimulus for the region.

(b) Definitions. As used in this Section:

"FINI eligible fruits and vegetables" means any variety of fresh, canned, dried, or frozen whole or cut fruits and vegetables without added sugars, fats, or oils, and salt (i.e. sodium), as defined by the Food Insecurity Nutrition Incentive Grant Program administered by the United States Department of Agriculture.

"LINK card" means an electronic benefits transfer card issued by the Department of Human Services for the purpose of enabling a user of the card to obtain SNAP benefits or cash.

"SNAP" means the federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program.

(c) The Department of Human Services shall establish a Healthy Local Food Incentives Program to double the purchasing power of Illinois residents with limited access to fresh fruits and vegetables. ~~The Healthy Local Food Incentives Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury for the purpose of implementing the Healthy Local Food Incentives Program. All moneys received pursuant to this Section shall be deposited into the Healthy Local Food Incentives Fund.~~

(d) Subject to appropriation, the Department of Human Services shall make an annual grant of \$500,000 ~~from the Fund~~ to a qualified Illinois non-profit organization or agency, which shall be distributed to participating Illinois farmers markets for the purpose of providing matching dollar incentives (up to a specified amount) for the dollar value of SNAP benefits spent on FINI eligible fruits and vegetables at participating Illinois farmers markets and direct producer-to-consumer venues.

(e) The designated qualified non-profit organization or agency shall have a demonstrated track record of:

- (1) building a statewide network;
- (2) designing and implementing successful healthy food incentive programs that connect SNAP recipients with local producers;
- (3) implementing funds distribution and reporting processes;
- (4) providing training and technical assistance to farmers markets;
- (5) conducting community outreach and data collection; and
- (6) providing full accounting and administration of funds distributed to farmers markets.

(f) 100% of the ~~grant funds moneys deposited into the Fund~~ shall be distributed to participating Illinois farmers markets for healthy local food incentives.

(g) Within 90 days after the end of a grant cycle, the designated qualified non-profit organization or agency shall submit a progress report to the Department of Human Services. The progress report shall include the following information:

- (1) the names and locations of Illinois farmers markets and direct producer-to-consumer venues that received funds distributed under the Program;
- (2) the dollar amount of funds awarded to each participating Illinois farmers market and direct producer-to-consumer venue;
- (3) the dollar amount of SNAP benefits, and funds provided under the Program, that were spent at Illinois farmers markets participating in the Program, as well as the dollar amount of any unspent funds available under the Program;
- (4) the number of SNAP transactions carried out annually at participating Illinois farmers markets;
- (5) the impact of the Program on increasing the quantity of fresh fruits and vegetables consumed by SNAP families, as determined by customer surveys.

(h) No later than December 31, 2017, the Department of Human Services shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of this Section.

(i) (Blank).

(Source: P.A. 99-928, eff. 1-20-17; 100-636, eff. 1-1-19.)

(305 ILCS 5/12-10.6a rep.)

Section 10-60. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by repealing Section 12-10.6a.

Section 10-65. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 2-119 and 6-118 as follows:

(625 ILCS 5/2-119) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 2-119)

Sec. 2-119. Disposition of fees and taxes.

(a) All moneys received from Salvage Certificates shall be deposited in the Common School Fund in the State treasury.

(b) Of the money collected for each certificate of title, duplicate certificate of title, and corrected certificate of title:

- (1) \$2.60 shall be deposited in the Park and Conservation Fund;
- (2) \$0.65 shall be deposited in the Illinois Fisheries Management Fund;

- (3) \$48 shall be disbursed under subsection (g) of this Section;
- (4) \$4 shall be deposited into the Motor Vehicle License Plate Fund;
- (5) \$30 shall be deposited into the Capital Projects Fund; and
- (6) \$10 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special Services Fund.

All remaining moneys collected for certificates of title, and all moneys collected for filing of security interests, shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund.

The \$20 collected for each delinquent vehicle registration renewal fee shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

The moneys deposited in the Park and Conservation Fund under this Section shall be used for the acquisition and development of bike paths as provided for in Section 805-420 of the Department of Natural Resources (Conservation) Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. The moneys deposited into the Park and Conservation Fund under this subsection shall not be subject to administrative charges or chargebacks, unless otherwise authorized by this Code.

If the balance in the Motor Vehicle License Plate Fund exceeds \$40,000,000 on the last day of a calendar month, then during the next calendar month, the \$4 that otherwise would be deposited in that fund shall instead be deposited into the Road Fund.

(c) All moneys collected for that portion of a driver's license fee designated for driver education under Section 6-118 shall be placed in the Drivers Education Fund in the State treasury.

(d) Of the moneys collected as a registration fee for each motorcycle, motor driven cycle, and moped, 27% shall be deposited in the Cycle Rider Safety Training Fund.

(e) (Blank).

(f) Of the total money collected for a commercial learner's permit (CLP) or original or renewal issuance of a commercial driver's license (CDL) pursuant to the Uniform Commercial Driver's License Act (UCDLA): (i) \$6 of the total fee for an original or renewal CDL, and \$6 of the total CLP fee when such permit is issued to any person holding a valid Illinois driver's license, shall be paid into the CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund (~~Commercial Driver's License Information System/American Association of Motor Vehicle Administrators network/National Motor Vehicle Title Information Service Trust Fund~~) and shall be used for the purposes provided in Section 6z-23 of the State Finance Act and (ii) \$20 of the total fee for an original or renewal CDL or CLP shall be paid into the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund, which is hereby created as a special fund in the State treasury, to be used by the Illinois State Police, subject to appropriation, to hire additional officers to conduct motor carrier safety inspections pursuant to Chapter 18b of this Code.

(g) Of the moneys received by the Secretary of State as registration fees or taxes, certificates of title, duplicate certificates of title, corrected certificates of title, or as payment of any other fee under this Code, when those moneys are not otherwise distributed by this Code, 37% shall be deposited into the State Construction Account Fund, and 63% shall be deposited in the Road Fund. Moneys in the Road Fund shall be used for the purposes provided in Section 8.3 of the State Finance Act.

(h) (Blank).

(i) (Blank).

(j) (Blank).

(k) There is created in the State treasury a special fund to be known as the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. Money deposited into the Fund shall, subject to appropriation, be used by the Office of the Secretary of State (i) to help defray plate manufacturing and plate processing costs for the issuance and, when applicable, renewal of any new or existing registration plates authorized under this Code and (ii) for grants made by the Secretary of State to benefit Illinois Veterans Home libraries.

(l) The Motor Vehicle Review Board Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. Moneys deposited into the Fund under paragraph (7) of subsection (b) of Section 5-101 and Section 5-109 shall, subject to appropriation, be used by the Office of the Secretary of State to administer the Motor Vehicle Review Board, including, without limitation, payment of compensation and all necessary expenses incurred in administering the Motor Vehicle Review Board under the Motor Vehicle Franchise Act.

(m) Effective July 1, 1996, there is created in the State treasury a special fund to be known as the Family Responsibility Fund. Moneys deposited into the Fund shall, subject to appropriation, be used by the Office of the Secretary of State for the purpose of enforcing the Illinois Safety and Family Financial Responsibility Law.

(n) The Illinois Fire Fighters' Memorial Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. Moneys deposited into the Fund shall, subject to appropriation, be used by the Office of the State Fire Marshal for

construction of the Illinois Fire Fighters' Memorial to be located at the State Capitol grounds in Springfield, Illinois. Upon the completion of the Memorial, moneys in the Fund shall be used in accordance with Section 3-634.

(o) Of the money collected for each certificate of title for all-terrain vehicles and off-highway motorcycles, \$17 shall be deposited into the Off-Highway Vehicle Trails Fund.

(p) For audits conducted on or after July 1, 2003 pursuant to Section 2-124(d) of this Code, 50% of the money collected as audit fees shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

(q) Beginning July 1, 2023, the additional fees imposed by Public Act 103-8 in Sections 2-123, 3-821, and 6-118 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special Services Fund.
(Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 103-8, eff. 7-1-23; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24.)

(625 ILCS 5/6-118)

Sec. 6-118. Fees.

(a) The fees for licenses and permits under this Article are as follows:

Original 4-year driver's license	\$30
Original 8-year driver's license issued under subsection (a-3) of Section 6-115	<u>\$60</u>
Original driver's license issued to 18, 19, and 20 year olds	\$5
All driver's licenses for persons age 69 through age 80	\$5
All driver's licenses for persons age 81 through age 86	\$2
All driver's licenses for persons age 87 or older	\$0
Renewal 4-year driver's license (except for applicants, age 69 and older)	\$30
Renewal 8-year driver's license issued under subsection (a-3) of Section 6-115 (except for applicants age 69 and older)	<u>\$60</u>
Original instruction permit issued to persons (except those age 69 and older) who do not hold or have not previously held an Illinois instruction permit or driver's license	\$20
Instruction permit issued to any person holding an Illinois driver's license who wishes a change in classifications, other than at the time of renewal	\$5
Any instruction permit issued to a person age 69 and older	\$5
Instruction permit issued to any person, under age 69, not currently holding a valid Illinois driver's license or instruction permit but who has previously been issued either document in Illinois	\$10
Restricted driving permit	\$8
Monitoring device driving permit	\$8
Duplicate or corrected driver's license or permit	\$5
Duplicate or corrected restricted driving permit	\$5
Duplicate or corrected monitoring device driving permit	\$5
Duplicate driver's license or permit issued to an active-duty member of the	

United States Armed Forces, the member's spouse, or the dependent children living with the member	\$0
Original or renewal M or L endorsement	\$5

SPECIAL FEES FOR COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE

The fees for commercial driver licenses and permits under Article V shall be as follows:

Commercial driver's license: \$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund; (Commercial Driver's License Information System/American Association of Motor Vehicle Administrators network/National Motor Vehicle Title Information Service Trust Fund); \$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund; \$10 for the driver's license; and \$24 for the CDL:	\$60
Renewal commercial driver's license: \$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund; \$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund; \$10 for the driver's license; and \$24 for the CDL:	\$60
Commercial learner's permit issued to any person holding a valid Illinois driver's license for the purpose of changing to a CDL classification: \$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund; \$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund; and \$24 for the CDL classification	\$50
Commercial learner's permit issued to any person holding a valid Illinois CDL for the purpose of making a change in a classification, endorsement or restriction	\$5
CDL duplicate or corrected license	\$5

In order to ensure the proper implementation of the Uniform Commercial Driver License Act, Article V of this Chapter, the Secretary of State is empowered to prorate the \$24 fee for the commercial driver's license proportionate to the expiration date of the applicant's Illinois driver's license.

The fee for any duplicate license or permit shall be waived for any person who presents the Secretary of State's office with a police report showing that his license or permit was stolen.

The fee for any duplicate license or permit shall be waived for any person age 60 or older whose driver's license or permit has been lost or stolen.

No additional fee shall be charged for a driver's license, or for a commercial driver's license, when issued to the holder of an instruction permit for the same classification or type of license who becomes eligible for such license.

The fee for a restricted driving permit under this subsection (a) shall be imposed annually until the expiration of the permit.

(a-5) The fee for a driver's record or data contained therein is \$20 and shall be disbursed as set forth in subsection (k) of Section 2-123 of this Code.

(b) Any person whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked under Section 3-707, any provision of Chapter 6, Chapter 11, or Section 7-205, 7-303, or 7-702 of the Illinois Safety and Family Financial Responsibility Law of this Code, shall in addition to any other fees required by this Code, pay a reinstatement fee as follows:

Suspension under Section 3-707	\$100
Suspension under Section 11-1431	\$100
Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1	\$250

Suspension under Section 11-501.9	\$250
Summary revocation under Section 11-501.1	\$500
Other suspension.....	\$70
Revocation	\$500

However, any person whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked for a second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501, 11-501.1, or 11-501.9 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 and each suspension or revocation was for a violation of Section 11-501, 11-501.1, or 11-501.9 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 shall pay, in addition to any other fees required by this Code, a reinstatement fee as follows:

Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1	\$500
Suspension under Section 11-501.9	\$500
Summary revocation under Section 11-501.1	\$500
Revocation	\$500

(c) All fees collected under the provisions of this Chapter 6 shall be disbursed under subsection (g) of Section 2-119 of this Code, except as follows:

1. The following amounts shall be paid into the Drivers Education Fund:
 - (A) \$16 of the \$20 fee for an original driver's instruction permit;
 - (B) one-sixth of the fee for an original driver's license;
 - (C) one-sixth of the fee for a renewal driver's license;
 - (D) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a restricted driving permit; and
 - (E) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a monitoring device driving permit.

2. \$30 of the \$250 fee for reinstatement of a license summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 or suspended under Section 11-501.9 shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund. However, for a person whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked for a second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501, 11-501.1, or 11-501.9 of this Code or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a license summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 or suspended under Section 11-501.9, and \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a revoked license shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund. \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a license summarily revoked pursuant to Section 11-501.1 shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund.

3. \$6 of the original or renewal fee for a commercial driver's license and \$6 of the commercial learner's permit fee when the permit is issued to any person holding a valid Illinois driver's license, shall be paid into the CDLIS/AAMVAnet/NMVTIS Trust Fund.

4. \$30 of the \$70 fee for reinstatement of a license suspended under the Illinois Safety and Family Financial Responsibility Law shall be paid into the Family Responsibility Fund.

5. The \$5 fee for each original or renewal M or L endorsement shall be deposited into the Cycle Rider Safety Training Fund.

6. \$20 of any original or renewal fee for a commercial driver's license or commercial learner's permit shall be paid into the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund.

7. The following amounts shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund:

- (A) \$190 of the \$250 reinstatement fee for a summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 or a suspension under Section 11-501.9;
- (B) \$40 of the \$70 reinstatement fee for any other suspension provided in subsection (b) of this Section; and
- (C) \$440 of the \$500 reinstatement fee for a first offense revocation and \$310 of the \$500 reinstatement fee for a second or subsequent revocation.

8. Fees collected under paragraph (4) of subsection (d) and subsection (h) of Section 6-205 of this Code; subparagraph (C) of paragraph 3 of subsection (c) of Section 6-206 of this Code; and paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of Section 6-206.1 of this Code, shall be paid into the funds set forth in those Sections.

(d) All of the proceeds of the additional fees imposed by Public Act 96-34 ~~this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly~~ shall be deposited into the Capital Projects Fund.

(e) The additional fees imposed by Public Act 96-38 ~~this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly~~ shall become effective 90 days after becoming law. The additional fees imposed by Public Act 103-8 ~~this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly~~ shall become effective July 1, 2023 and shall be paid into the Secretary of State Special Services Fund.

(f) As used in this Section, "active-duty member of the United States Armed Forces" means a member of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or a member of the Illinois National Guard who is called to active duty pursuant to an executive order of the President of the United States, an act of the Congress of the United States, or an order of the Governor.
(Source: P.A. 103-8, eff. 7-1-23; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 103-872, eff. 1-1-25; revised 11-26-24.)

(805 ILCS 8/5-6 rep.)

Section 10-70. The Franchise Tax and License Fee Amnesty Act of 2007 is amended by repealing Section 5-6.

Section 10-75. The Day and Temporary Labor Services Act is amended by changing Section 80 as follows:

(820 ILCS 175/80)

Sec. 80. Child Labor and Day and Temporary Labor Services Enforcement Fund. All moneys received as fees and civil penalties under this Act shall be deposited into the Child Labor and Day and Temporary Labor Services Enforcement Fund and may be used for the purposes set forth in Section 75-47-3 of the Child Labor Law of 2024.

(Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13.)

Section 10-80. The Unemployment Insurance Act is amended by changing Section 1403 as follows:

(820 ILCS 405/1403) (from Ch. 48, par. 553)

Sec. 1403. Financing benefits paid to state employees. Benefits paid to individuals with respect to whom this State or any of its wholly owned instrumentalities is the last employer as provided in Section 1502.1 shall be financed by appropriations to the Department of Employment Security.

The State Treasurer shall be liable on his general official bond for the faithful performance of his duties with regard to such moneys as may come into his hands by virtue of this Section. Such liability on his official bond shall exist in addition to the liability upon any separate bond given by him. All sums recovered for losses sustained by the clearing account herein described shall be deposited therein.

In lieu of contributions required of other employers under this Act, the State Treasurer shall transfer to and deposit in the clearing account an amount equal to 100% of regular benefits, including dependents' allowances, and 100% of extended benefits, including dependents' allowances paid to an individual, but only if the State: (a) is the last employer as provided in Section 1502.1 and (b) paid, to the individual receiving benefits, wages for insured work during his base period. If the State meets the requirements of (a) but not (b), it shall be required to make payments in an amount equal to 50% of regular benefits, including dependents' allowances, and 50% of extended benefits, including dependents' allowances, paid to an individual.

~~Transfers On and after July 1, 2005, transfers to the clearing account pursuant to this Section shall be made directly from such funds and accounts as the appropriations to the Department authorize, as designated by the Director. On July 1, 2005, or as soon thereafter as may be reasonably practicable, all remaining funds in the State Employees' Unemployment Benefit Fund shall be transferred to the clearing account, and, upon the transfer of those funds, the State Employees' Unemployment Benefit Fund is abolished.~~

The Director shall ascertain the amount to be so transferred and deposited by the State Treasurer as soon as practicable after the end of each calendar quarter. The provisions of paragraphs 4 and 5 of Section 1404B shall be applicable to a determination of the amount to be so transferred and deposited. Such deposit shall be made by the State Treasurer at such times and in such manner as the Director may determine and direct.

Every department, institution, agency and instrumentality of the State of Illinois shall make available to the Director such information with respect to any individual who has performed insured work for it as the Director may find practicable and necessary for the determination of such individual's rights under this Act. Each such department, institution, agency and instrumentality shall file such reports with the Director as he may by regulation prescribe.

(Source: P.A. 94-233, eff. 7-14-05.)

Article 20.

Section 20-5. The State Finance Act is amended by changing Sections 5.565, 5.746, 5.770, 5.835, 5.841, 5.842, 5.847, 5.848, 5.853, 5.877, 5.880, 5.909, and 5.910 as follows:

(30 ILCS 105/5.565)

Sec. 5.565. The Chicago and Northeast Illinois District Council of Carpenters Fund. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 92-477, eff. 1-1-02; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.746)

Sec. 5.746. The United Auto Workers' Fund. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 96-687, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.770)

Sec. 5.770. The 4-H Fund. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 96-1449, eff. 1-1-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.835)

Sec. 5.835. The National Wild Turkey Federation Fund. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 98-66, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.841)

Sec. 5.841. The American Red Cross Fund. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 98-151, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.842)

Sec. 5.842. The Illinois Police Benevolent and Protective Association Fund. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 98-233, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.847)

Sec. 5.847. The Public Safety Diver Fund. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 98-376, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.848)

Sec. 5.848. The Committed to a Cure Fund. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 98-382, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.853)

Sec. 5.853. The Curing Childhood Cancer Fund. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 98-66, eff. 1-1-14; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.877)

Sec. 5.877. The Horsemen's Council of Illinois Fund. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 100-78, eff. 1-1-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.880)

Sec. 5.880. The Prostate Cancer Awareness Fund. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 100-60, eff. 1-1-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.909)

Sec. 5.909. The Theresa Tracy Trot-Illinois CancerCare Foundation Fund. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 101-276, eff. 8-9-19; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.910)

Sec. 5.910. The Developmental Disabilities Awareness Fund. This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 101-282, eff. 1-1-20; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.579 rep.)

(30 ILCS 105/5.585 rep.)

Section 20-10. The State Finance Act is amended by repealing Sections 5.579 and 5.585.

Section 20-15. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 3-610.1, 3-652, 3-685, 3-694, 3-699, 3-699.1, 3-699.4, 3-699.5, 3-699.9, 3-699.10, and 3-699.14 as follows:

(625 ILCS 5/3-610.1)

Sec. 3-610.1. Retired members of the Illinois congressional delegation. Upon receipt of a request from a retired member of the Illinois congressional delegation, accompanied by the appropriate application and fee, the Secretary of State shall issue to the retired member special registration plates bearing appropriate wording or abbreviations indicating that the holder is a retired member of the Illinois congressional delegation. The plates may be issued for a 2-year period beginning January 1st of each odd-numbered year and ending December 31st of the subsequent even-numbered year. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, motorcycles, autocycles, and motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds.

An applicant shall be charged a \$15 fee for original issuance in addition to the applicable registration fee. This additional fee shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. For each registration renewal period, a \$2 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged and shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate ~~Retired Members of the Illinois Congressional Delegation~~ Fund.

A retired member of the Illinois Congressional delegation who has a disability as defined under Section 1-159.1 may request one set of specialized plates which display the International Symbol of Access and shall be subject to the provisions within Section 3-616. The set of specialized plates displaying the International Symbol of Access shall only be issued along with the assignment of a corresponding disability placard that must be displayed in the vehicle. The surviving spouse of the retired member shall not be entitled to retain this plate.

"Retired member of the Illinois congressional delegation" means any individual who has served as a member of the U.S. Senate or U.S. House of Representatives representing the State of Illinois. The term does not include an individual who is serving in the U.S. Senate or U.S. House of Representatives. (Source: P.A. 103-195, eff. 1-1-24; 103-843, eff. 1-1-25.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-652)

Sec. 3-652. Chicago and Northeast Illinois District Council of Carpenters license plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration plates designated as Chicago and Northeast Illinois District Council of Carpenters license plates.

The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, motorcycles, autocycles, or motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds.

Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design and color of the special plates shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary. Appropriate documentation, as determined by the Secretary, shall accompany each application. The Secretary may allow the plates to be issued as vanity plates or personalized plates under Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The Secretary shall prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412 of this Code.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$25 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$10 shall be deposited into the Chicago and Northeast Illinois District Council of Carpenters Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs.

For each registration renewal period, a \$25 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$23 shall be deposited into the Chicago and Northeast Illinois District Council of Carpenters Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The Chicago and Northeast Illinois District Council of Carpenters Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys in the Chicago and Northeast Illinois District Council of Carpenters Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and distribution by the Secretary, as grants to charitable entities designated by the Chicago and Northeast Illinois District Council of Carpenters.

(e) On July 1, 2025, or as soon thereafter as practical, the State Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall transfer the remaining balance from the Chicago and Northeast Illinois District Council of Carpenters Fund into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. Upon completion of the transfer, the Chicago and Northeast Illinois District Council of Carpenters Fund is dissolved, and any future deposits due to that Fund and any outstanding obligations or liabilities of that Fund shall pass to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(f) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 103-843, eff. 1-1-25.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-685)

Sec. 3-685. United Auto Workers license plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration plates designated as United Auto Workers license plates. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, motorcycles, autocycles, or motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design and color of the special plates shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary. Appropriate documentation, as determined by the Secretary, shall accompany each application. The Secretary may allow the plates to be issued as vanity plates or personalized plates under Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The Secretary shall prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412 of this Code.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$25 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$10 shall be deposited into the United Auto Workers' Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs.

For each registration renewal period, a \$25 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$23 shall be deposited into the United Auto Workers' Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The United Auto Workers' Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys in the United Auto Workers' Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and distribution by the Secretary, as grants to charitable entities designated by Illinois local unions affiliated with the United Auto Workers.

(e) On July 1, 2025, or as soon thereafter as practical, the State Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall transfer the remaining balance from the United Auto Workers' Fund into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. Upon completion of the transfer, the United Auto Workers' Fund is dissolved, and any future deposits due to that Fund and any outstanding obligations or liabilities of that Fund shall pass to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(f) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 103-843, eff. 1-1-25.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-694)

Sec. 3-694. 4-H license plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration plates designated as 4-H license plates. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, motorcycles, autocycles, and motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design and color of the plates is wholly within the discretion of the Secretary of State. Appropriate documentation, as determined by the Secretary, shall accompany the application. The Secretary, in his or her discretion, may allow the plates to be issued as vanity or personalized plates under Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The Secretary shall prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412 of this Code.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$40 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$25 shall be deposited into the 4-H Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs.

For each registration renewal period, a \$12 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$10 shall be deposited into the 4-H Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The 4-H Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All money in the 4-H Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and distribution by the Secretary of State, as grants to the Illinois 4-H Foundation, a ~~tax-exempt tax-exempt~~ entity under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, for the funding of 4-H programs in Illinois.

(e) On July 1, 2025, or as soon thereafter as practical, the State Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall transfer the remaining balance from the 4-H Fund into the Secretary of State Special License

Plate Fund. Upon completion of the transfer, the 4-H Fund is dissolved, and any future deposits due to that Fund and any outstanding obligations or liabilities of that Fund shall pass to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(f) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 103-843, eff. 1-1-25.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-699)

Sec. 3-699. National Wild Turkey Federation license plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration plates designated as National Wild Turkey Federation license plates. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, motorcycles, autcycles, or motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design and color of the special plates shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary. The Secretary may allow the plates to be issued as vanity plates or personalized plates under Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The Secretary shall prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412 of this Code.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$40 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$25 shall be deposited into the National Wild Turkey Federation Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs.

For each registration renewal period, a \$27 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$25 shall be deposited into the National Wild Turkey Federation Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The National Wild Turkey Federation Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys in the National Wild Turkey Federation Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and distribution by the Secretary, as grants to National Wild Turkey Federation, Inc., a ~~tax-exempt~~ ~~tax-exempt~~ entity under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, to fund turkey habitat protection, enhancement, and restoration projects in the State of Illinois, to fund education and outreach for media, volunteers, members, and the general public regarding turkeys and turkey habitat conservation in the State of Illinois, and to cover the reasonable cost for National Wild Turkey Federation special plate advertising and administration of the conservation projects and education program.

(e) On July 1, 2025, or as soon thereafter as practical, the State Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall transfer the remaining balance from the National Wild Turkey Federation Fund into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. Upon completion of the transfer, the National Wild Turkey Federation Fund is dissolved, and any future deposits due to that Fund and any outstanding obligations or liabilities of that Fund shall pass to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(f) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 103-843, eff. 1-1-25.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-699.1)

Sec. 3-699.1. Curing Childhood Cancer Plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration plates designated as Curing Childhood Cancer license plates. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, motorcycles, autcycles, or motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design and color of the special plates shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary. Appropriate documentation, as determined by the Secretary, shall accompany each application.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$65 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$50 shall be deposited into the Curing Childhood Cancer Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs. For each registration renewal period, a \$52 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$50 shall be deposited into the Curing Childhood Cancer Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The Curing Childhood Cancer Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All money in the Curing Childhood Cancer Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and distribution by the Secretary, in equal share as grants to the St. Jude Children's Research Hospital and the Children's Oncology Group for the purpose of funding scientific research on cancer.

(e) On July 1, 2025, or as soon thereafter as practical, the State Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall transfer the remaining balance from the Curing Childhood Cancer Fund into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. Upon completion of the transfer, the Curing Childhood Cancer Fund is dissolved, and any future deposits due to that Fund and any outstanding obligations or liabilities of that Fund shall pass to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(f) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 103-843, eff. 1-1-25.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-699.4)

Sec. 3-699.4. American Red Cross license plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration plates designated as American Red Cross license plates. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, motorcycles, autocycles, or motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design and color of the special plates shall be within the discretion of the Secretary, but shall include the American Red Cross official logo. Appropriate documentation, as determined by the Secretary, shall accompany each application. The Secretary may allow the plates to be issued as vanity plates or personalized plates under Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The Secretary shall prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412 of this Code.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$40 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$25 shall be deposited into the American Red Cross Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs. For each registration renewal period, a \$27 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$25 shall be deposited into the American Red Cross Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The American Red Cross Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys in the American Red Cross Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and distribution by the Secretary, as grants to the American Red Cross or to charitable entities designated by the American Red Cross.

(e) On July 1, 2025, or as soon thereafter as practical, the State Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall transfer the remaining balance from the American Red Cross Fund into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. Upon completion of the transfer, the American Red Cross Fund is dissolved, and any future deposits due to that Fund and any outstanding obligations or liabilities of that Fund shall pass to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(f) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 103-843, eff. 1-1-25.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-699.5)

Sec. 3-699.5. Illinois Police Benevolent and Protective Association license plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of an application made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration plates designated as Illinois Police Benevolent and Protective Association license plates. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, motorcycles, autocycles, and motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design and color of the plates is wholly within the discretion of the Secretary. The Secretary may allow the plates to be issued as vanity plates or personalized under Section 3-405.1 of the Code. The Secretary shall prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412 of this Code. The Secretary may, in his or her discretion, allow the plates to be issued as vanity or personalized plates in accordance with Section 3-405.1 of this Code.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$25 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$10 shall be deposited into the Illinois Police Benevolent and

Protective Association Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs.

For each registration renewal period, a \$25 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$23 shall be deposited into the Illinois Police Benevolent and Protective Association Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The Illinois Police Benevolent and Protective Association Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All money in the Illinois Police Benevolent and Protective Association Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and distribution by the Secretary, as grants to the Illinois Police Benevolent and Protective Association for the purposes of providing death benefits for the families of police officers killed in the line of duty, providing scholarships for undergraduate study to children and spouses of police officers killed in the line of duty, and educating the public and police officers regarding policing and public safety.

(e) On July 1, 2025, or as soon thereafter as practical, the State Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall transfer the remaining balance from the Illinois Police Benevolent and Protective Association Fund into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. Upon completion of the transfer, the Illinois Police Benevolent and Protective Association Fund is dissolved, and any future deposits due to that Fund and any outstanding obligations or liabilities of that Fund shall pass to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(f) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 103-843, eff. 1-1-25.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-699.9)

Sec. 3-699.9. Public Safety Diver license plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of an application made in the form prescribed by the Secretary of State, may issue special registration plates designated to be Public Safety Diver license plates. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, motorcycle, autocycles, motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds, and recreational vehicles as defined by Section 1-169 of this Code. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design and color of the plates shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary of State. Appropriate documentation, as determined by the Secretary, shall accompany the application. The Secretary may, in his or her discretion, allow the plates to be issued as vanity or personalized plates in accordance with Section 3-405.1 of this Code.

(c) An applicant shall be charged a \$45 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee, if applicable. Of this fee, \$30 shall be deposited into the Public Safety Diver Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. For each registration renewal period, a \$27 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$25 shall be deposited into the Public Safety Diver Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The Public Safety Diver Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys in the Public Safety Diver Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and distribution by the Secretary, to the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board for the purposes of providing grants based on need for training, standards, and equipment to public safety disciplines within the State and to units of local government involved in public safety diving and water rescue services.

(e) The Public Safety Diver Advisory Committee shall recommend grant rewards with the intent of achieving reasonably equitable distribution of funds between police, firefighting, and public safety diving services making application for grants under this Section.

(f) The administrative costs related to management of grants made from the Public Safety Diver Fund shall be paid from the Public Safety Diver Fund to the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board.

(g) On July 1, 2025, or as soon thereafter as practical, the State Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall transfer the remaining balance from the Public Safety Diver Fund into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. Upon completion of the transfer, the Public Safety Diver Fund is dissolved, and any future deposits due to that Fund and any outstanding obligations or liabilities of that Fund shall pass to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(h) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 103-843, eff. 1-1-25.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-699.10)

Sec. 3-699.10. The H Foundation - Committed to a Cure for Cancer plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration plates designated as The H Foundation - Committed to a Cure for Cancer license plates. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, motorcycles, autocycles, or motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design and color of the special plates shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary. Appropriate documentation, as determined by the Secretary, shall accompany each application.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$40 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$25 shall be deposited into the Committed to a Cure Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs. For each registration renewal period, a \$27 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$25 shall be deposited into the Committed to a Cure Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The Committed to a Cure Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All money in the Committed to a Cure Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and distribution by the Secretary, as grants to the Robert H. Lurie Comprehensive Cancer Center of Northwestern University for the purpose of funding scientific research on cancer.

(e) On July 1, 2025, or as soon thereafter as practical, the State Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall transfer the remaining balance from the Committed to a Cure Fund into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. Upon completion of the transfer, the Committed to a Cure Fund is dissolved, and any future deposits due to that Fund and any outstanding obligations or liabilities of that Fund shall pass to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(f) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2026.

(Source: P.A. 103-843, eff. 1-1-25.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-699.14)

Sec. 3-699.14. Universal special license plates.

(a) In addition to any other special license plate, the Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue Universal special license plates to residents of Illinois on behalf of organizations that have been authorized by the General Assembly to issue decals for Universal special license plates. Appropriate documentation, as determined by the Secretary, shall accompany each application. Authorized organizations shall be designated by amendment to this Section. When applying for a Universal special license plate the applicant shall inform the Secretary of the name of the authorized organization from which the applicant will obtain a decal to place on the plate. The Secretary shall make a record of that organization and that organization shall remain affiliated with that plate until the plate is surrendered, revoked, or otherwise cancelled. The authorized organization may charge a fee to offset the cost of producing and distributing the decal, but that fee shall be retained by the authorized organization and shall be separate and distinct from any registration fees charged by the Secretary. No decal, sticker, or other material may be affixed to a Universal special license plate other than a decal authorized by the General Assembly in this Section or a registration renewal sticker. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, including motorcycles and autocycles, or motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure under Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design, color, and format of the Universal special license plate shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary. Universal special license plates are not required to designate "Land of Lincoln", as prescribed in subsection (b) of Section 3-412 of this Code. The design shall allow for the application of a decal to the plate. Organizations authorized by the General Assembly to issue decals for Universal special license plates shall comply with rules adopted by the Secretary governing the requirements for and approval of Universal special license plate decals. The Secretary may, in his or her discretion, allow Universal special license plates to be issued as vanity or personalized plates in accordance with Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The Secretary of State must make a version of the special registration plates authorized under this Section in a form appropriate for motorcycles and autocycles.

(c) When authorizing a Universal special license plate, the General Assembly shall set forth whether an additional fee is to be charged for the plate and, if a fee is to be charged, the amount of the fee and how the fee is to be distributed. When necessary, the authorizing language shall create a special fund in the State

treasury into which fees may be deposited for an authorized Universal special license plate. Additional fees may only be charged if the fee is to be paid over to a State agency or to a charitable entity that is in compliance with the registration and reporting requirements of the Charitable Trust Act and the Solicitation for Charity Act. Any charitable entity receiving fees for the sale of Universal special license plates shall annually provide the Secretary of State a letter of compliance issued by the Attorney General verifying that the entity is in compliance with the Charitable Trust Act and the Solicitation for Charity Act.

(d) Upon original issuance and for each registration renewal period, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, if applicable, the Secretary shall collect any additional fees, if required, for issuance of Universal special license plates. The fees shall be collected on behalf of the organization designated by the applicant when applying for the plate. All fees collected shall be transferred to the State agency on whose behalf the fees were collected, or paid into the special fund designated in the law authorizing the organization to issue decals for Universal special license plates. All money in the designated fund shall be distributed by the Secretary subject to appropriation by the General Assembly.

(e) The following organizations may issue decals for Universal special license plates with the original and renewal fees and fee distribution as follows:

(1) The Illinois Department of Natural Resources.

(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Roadside Monarch Habitat Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Roadside Monarch Habitat Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(2) Illinois Veterans' Homes.

(A) Original issuance: \$26, which shall be deposited into the Illinois Veterans' Homes Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$26, which shall be deposited into the Illinois Veterans' Homes Fund.

(3) The Illinois Department of Human Services for volunteerism decals.

(A) Original issuance: \$25, which shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25, which shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

~~(4) (Blank). The Illinois Department of Public Health.~~

~~(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Prostate Cancer Awareness Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.~~

~~(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Prostate Cancer Awareness Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.~~

~~(5) (Blank). Horsemen's Council of Illinois.~~

~~(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Horsemen's Council of Illinois Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.~~

~~(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Horsemen's Council of Illinois Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.~~

(6) K9s for Veterans, NFP.

(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder Awareness Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder Awareness Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(7) The International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers.

(A) Original issuance: \$35; with \$20 to the Guide Dogs of America Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 going to the Guide Dogs of America Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(8) Local Lodge 701 of the International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers.

(A) Original issuance: \$35; with \$10 to the Guide Dogs of America Fund, \$10 to the Mechanics Training Fund, and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$30; with \$13 to the Guide Dogs of America Fund, \$15 to the Mechanics Training Fund, and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

~~(9) (Blank). Illinois Department of Human Services.~~

~~(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Theresa Tracy Trot Illinois CancerCare Foundation Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.~~

~~(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Theresa Tracy Trot Illinois CancerCare Foundation Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.~~

(10) (Blank). The Illinois Department of Human Services for developmental disabilities awareness decals.

~~(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Developmental Disabilities Awareness Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.~~

~~(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Developmental Disabilities Awareness Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.~~

(11) The Illinois Department of Human Services for pediatric cancer awareness decals.

(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Pediatric Cancer Awareness Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Pediatric Cancer Awareness Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(12) The Department of Veterans' Affairs for Fold of Honor decals.

(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Folds of Honor Foundation Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Folds of Honor Foundation Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(13) The Illinois chapters of the Experimental Aircraft Association for aviation enthusiast decals.

(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Experimental Aircraft Association Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Experimental Aircraft Association Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(14) The Illinois Department of Human Services for Child Abuse Council of the Quad Cities decals.

(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Child Abuse Council of the Quad Cities Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Child Abuse Council of the Quad Cities Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(15) The Illinois Department of Public Health for health care worker decals.

(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Illinois Health Care Workers Benefit Fund, and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Illinois Health Care Workers Benefit Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(16) The Department of Agriculture for Future Farmers of America decals.

(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Future Farmers of America Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Future Farmers of America Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(17) The Illinois Department of Public Health for autism awareness decals that are designed with input from autism advocacy organizations.

(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Autism Awareness Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Autism Awareness Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(18) The Department of Natural Resources for Lyme disease research decals.

(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Tick Research, Education, and Evaluation Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Tick Research, Education, and Evaluation Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(19) The IBEW Thank a Line Worker decal.

(A) Original issuance: \$15, which shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$2, which shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(20) An Illinois chapter of the Navy Club for Navy Club decals.

(A) Original issuance: \$5; which shall be deposited into the Navy Club Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$18; which shall be deposited into the Navy Club Fund.

(21) ~~(20)~~ An Illinois chapter of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers for International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers decal.

(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(22) ~~(20)~~ The 100 Club of Illinois decal.

(A) Original issuance: \$45; with \$30 to the 100 Club of Illinois Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$27; with \$25 to the 100 Club of Illinois Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(23) ~~(20)~~ The Illinois USTA/Midwest Youth Tennis Foundation decal.

(A) Original issuance: \$40; with \$25 to the Illinois USTA/Midwest Youth Tennis Foundation Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$40; with \$38 to the Illinois USTA/Midwest Youth Tennis Foundation Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(24) ~~(20)~~ The Sons of the American Legion decal.

(A) Original issuance: \$25; with \$10 to the Sons of the American Legion Fund and \$15 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(B) Renewal: \$25; with \$23 to the Sons of the American Legion Fund and \$2 to the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(f) The following funds are created as special funds in the State treasury:

(1) The Roadside Monarch Habitat Fund. All money in the Roadside Monarch Habitat Fund shall be paid as grants to the Illinois Department of Natural Resources to fund roadside monarch and other pollinator habitat development, enhancement, and restoration projects in this State.

~~(2) (Blank). The Prostate Cancer Awareness Fund. All money in the Prostate Cancer Awareness Fund shall be paid as grants to the Prostate Cancer Foundation of Chicago.~~

~~(3) (Blank). The Horsemen's Council of Illinois Fund. All money in the Horsemen's Council of Illinois Fund shall be paid as grants to the Horsemen's Council of Illinois.~~

(4) The Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder Awareness Fund. All money in the Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder Awareness Fund shall be paid as grants to K9s for Veterans, NFP for support, education, and awareness of veterans with post-traumatic stress disorder.

(5) The Guide Dogs of America Fund. All money in the Guide Dogs of America Fund shall be paid as grants to the International Guiding Eyes, Inc., doing business as Guide Dogs of America.

(6) The Mechanics Training Fund. All money in the Mechanics Training Fund shall be paid as grants to the Mechanics Local 701 Training Fund.

~~(7) (Blank). The Theresa Tracy Trot - Illinois CancerCare Foundation Fund. All money in the Theresa Tracy Trot - Illinois CancerCare Foundation Fund shall be paid to the Illinois CancerCare Foundation for the purpose of furthering pancreatic cancer research.~~

~~(8) (Blank). The Developmental Disabilities Awareness Fund. All money in the Developmental Disabilities Awareness Fund shall be paid as grants to the Illinois Department of Human Services to fund legal aid groups to assist with guardianship fees for private citizens willing to become guardians for individuals with developmental disabilities but who are unable to pay the legal fees associated with becoming a guardian.~~

(9) The Pediatric Cancer Awareness Fund. All money in the Pediatric Cancer Awareness Fund shall be paid as grants to the Cancer Center at Illinois for pediatric cancer treatment and research.

(10) The Folds of Honor Foundation Fund. All money in the Folds of Honor Foundation Fund shall be paid as grants to the Folds of Honor Foundation to aid in providing educational scholarships to military families.

(11) The Experimental Aircraft Association Fund. All money in the Experimental Aircraft Association Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and distribution by the Secretary, as grants to promote recreational aviation.

(12) The Child Abuse Council of the Quad Cities Fund. All money in the Child Abuse Council of the Quad Cities Fund shall be paid as grants to benefit the Child Abuse Council of the Quad Cities.

(13) The Illinois Health Care Workers Benefit Fund. All money in the Illinois Health Care Workers Benefit Fund shall be paid as grants to the Trinity Health Foundation for the benefit of health care workers, doctors, nurses, and others who work in the health care industry in this State.

(14) The Future Farmers of America Fund. All money in the Future Farmers of America Fund shall be paid as grants to the Illinois Association of Future Farmers of America.

(15) The Tick Research, Education, and Evaluation Fund. All money in the Tick Research, Education, and Evaluation Fund shall be paid as grants to the Illinois Lyme Association.

(16) The Navy Club Fund. All money in the Navy Club Fund shall be paid as grants to any local chapter of the Navy Club that is located in this State.

(17) ~~(16)~~ The International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers Fund. All money in the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers Fund shall be paid as grants to any local chapter of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers that is located in this State.

(18) ~~(17)~~ The 100 Club of Illinois Fund. All money in the 100 Club of Illinois Fund shall be paid as grants to the 100 Club of Illinois for the purpose of giving financial support to children and spouses of first responders killed in the line of duty and mental health resources for active duty first responders.

(19) ~~(18)~~ The Illinois USTA/Midwest Youth Tennis Foundation Fund. All money in the Illinois USTA/Midwest Youth Tennis Foundation Fund shall be paid as grants to Illinois USTA/Midwest Youth Tennis Foundation to aid USTA/Midwest districts in the State with exposing youth to the game of tennis.

(20) ~~(19)~~ The Sons of the American Legion Fund. All money in the Sons of the American Legion Fund shall be paid as grants to the Illinois Detachment of the Sons of the American Legion.

(g) The following funds are dissolved on July 1, 2025:

(1) The Prostate Cancer Awareness Fund.

(2) The Horsemen's Council of Illinois Fund.

(3) The Theresa Tracy Trot-Illinois CancerCare Foundation Fund.

(4) The Developmental Disabilities Awareness Fund.

(Source: P.A. 102-383, eff. 1-1-22; 102-422, eff. 8-20-21; 102-423, eff. 8-20-21; 102-515, eff. 1-1-22; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-809, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 103-112, eff. 1-1-24; 103-163, eff. 1-1-24; 103-349, eff. 1-1-24; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 103-664, eff. 1-1-25; 103-665, eff. 1-1-25; 103-855, eff. 1-1-25; 103-911, eff. 1-1-25; 103-933, eff. 1-1-25; revised 11-26-24.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-636 rep.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-637 rep.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-654 rep.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-662 rep.)

Section 20-20. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by repealing Sections 3-636, 3-637, 3-654, and 3-662.

Article 25.

Section 25-5. The State Employee Housing Act is amended by changing Sections 5-20 and 5-30 as follows:

(5 ILCS 412/5-20)

Sec. 5-20. Security deposit. The Department of Corrections, ~~the Department of Transportation,~~ the Department of Natural Resources, the University of Illinois, and the University of Illinois Foundation shall each analyze the need for all employee and non-employee tenants of State-owned housing to pay a reasonable security deposit and may each collect security deposits and maintain them in interest-bearing accounts.

(Source: P.A. 100-695, eff. 8-3-18.)

(5 ILCS 412/5-30)

Sec. 5-30. Tenant selection. The Department of Corrections, the Department of Natural Resources, ~~the Department of Transportation~~, the University of Illinois, and the University of Illinois Foundation shall each develop and maintain application forms for its State-owned housing, written criteria for selecting employee tenants, and records of decisions as to who was selected to receive State housing and why they were selected.

(Source: P.A. 100-695, eff. 8-3-18.)

Section 25-10. The State Budget Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section 50-5 as follows:

(15 ILCS 20/50-5)

Sec. 50-5. Governor to submit State budget.

(a) The Governor shall, as soon as possible and not later than the second Wednesday in March in 2010 (March 10, 2010), the third Wednesday in February in 2011, the fourth Wednesday in February in 2012 (February 22, 2012), the first Wednesday in March in 2013 (March 6, 2013), the fourth Wednesday in March in 2014 (March 26, 2014), the first Wednesday in February in 2022 (February 2, 2022), and the third Wednesday in February of each year thereafter, except as otherwise provided in this Section, submit a State budget, embracing therein the amounts recommended by the Governor to be appropriated to the respective departments, offices, and institutions, and for all other public purposes, the estimated revenues from taxation, and the estimated revenues from sources other than taxation. Except with respect to the capital development provisions of the State budget, beginning with the revenue estimates prepared for fiscal year 2012, revenue estimates shall be based solely on: (i) revenue sources (including non-income resources), rates, and levels that exist as of the date of the submission of the State budget for the fiscal year and (ii) revenue sources (including non-income resources), rates, and levels that have been passed by the General Assembly as of the date of the submission of the State budget for the fiscal year and that are authorized to take effect in that fiscal year. Except with respect to the capital development provisions of the State budget, the Governor shall determine available revenue, deduct the cost of essential government services, including, but not limited to, pension payments and debt service, and assign a percentage of the remaining revenue to each statewide prioritized goal, as established in Section 50-25 of this Law, taking into consideration the proposed goals set forth in the report of the Commission established under that Section. The Governor shall also demonstrate how spending priorities for the fiscal year fulfill those statewide goals. The amounts recommended by the Governor for appropriation to the respective departments, offices and institutions shall be formulated according to each department's, office's, and institution's ability to effectively deliver services that meet the established statewide goals. The amounts relating to particular functions and activities shall be further formulated in accordance with the object classification specified in Section 13 of the State Finance Act. In addition, the amounts recommended by the Governor for appropriation shall take into account each State agency's effectiveness in achieving its prioritized goals for the previous fiscal year, as set forth in Section 50-25 of this Law, giving priority to agencies and programs that have demonstrated a focus on the prevention of waste and the maximum yield from resources.

~~Beginning in fiscal year 2011, the Governor shall distribute written quarterly financial reports on operating funds, which may include general, State, or federal funds and may include funds related to agencies that have significant impacts on State operations, and budget statements on all appropriated funds to the General Assembly and the State Comptroller. The reports shall be submitted no later than 45 days after the last day of each quarter of the fiscal year and shall be posted on the Governor's Office of Management and Budget's website on the same day. The reports shall be prepared and presented for each State agency and on a statewide level in an executive summary format that may include, for the fiscal year to date, individual itemizations for each significant revenue type as well as itemizations of expenditures and obligations, by agency, with an appropriate level of detail. The reports shall include a calculation of the actual total budget surplus or deficit for the fiscal year to date. The Governor shall also present periodic budget addresses throughout the fiscal year at the invitation of the General Assembly.~~

The Governor shall not propose expenditures and the General Assembly shall not enact appropriations that exceed the resources estimated to be available, as provided in this Section. Appropriations may be adjusted during the fiscal year by means of one or more supplemental appropriation bills if any State agency either fails to meet or exceeds the goals set forth in Section 50-25 of this Law.

For the purposes of Article VIII, Section 2 of the 1970 Illinois Constitution, the State budget for the following funds shall be prepared on the basis of revenue and expenditure measurement concepts that are in concert with generally accepted accounting principles for governments:

[October 29, 2025]

- (1) General Revenue Fund.
- (2) Common School Fund.
- (3) Educational Assistance Fund.
- (4) Road Fund.
- (5) Motor Fuel Tax Fund.
- (6) Agricultural Premium Fund.

These funds shall be known as the "budgeted funds". The revenue estimates used in the State budget for the budgeted funds shall include the estimated beginning fund balance, plus revenues estimated to be received during the budgeted year, plus the estimated receipts due the State as of June 30 of the budgeted year that are expected to be collected during the lapse period following the budgeted year, minus the receipts collected during the first 2 months of the budgeted year that became due to the State in the year before the budgeted year. Revenues shall also include estimated federal reimbursements associated with the recognition of Section 25 of the State Finance Act liabilities. For any budgeted fund for which current year revenues are anticipated to exceed expenditures, the surplus shall be considered to be a resource available for expenditure in the budgeted fiscal year.

Expenditure estimates for the budgeted funds included in the State budget shall include the costs to be incurred by the State for the budgeted year, to be paid in the next fiscal year, excluding costs paid in the budgeted year which were carried over from the prior year, where the payment is authorized by Section 25 of the State Finance Act. For any budgeted fund for which expenditures are expected to exceed revenues in the current fiscal year, the deficit shall be considered as a use of funds in the budgeted fiscal year.

Revenues and expenditures shall also include transfers between funds that are based on revenues received or costs incurred during the budget year.

Appropriations for expenditures shall also include all anticipated statutory continuing appropriation obligations that are expected to be incurred during the budgeted fiscal year.

By March 15 of each year, the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability shall prepare revenue and fund transfer estimates in accordance with the requirements of this Section and report those estimates to the General Assembly and the Governor.

For all funds other than the budgeted funds, the proposed expenditures shall not exceed funds estimated to be available for the fiscal year as shown in the budget. Appropriation for a fiscal year shall not exceed funds estimated by the General Assembly to be available during that year.

(b) By February 24, 2010, the Governor must file a written report with the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives containing the following:

- (1) for fiscal year 2010, the revenues for all budgeted funds, both actual to date and estimated for the full fiscal year;
- (2) for fiscal year 2010, the expenditures for all budgeted funds, both actual to date and estimated for the full fiscal year;
- (3) for fiscal year 2011, the estimated revenues for all budgeted funds, including without limitation the affordable General Revenue Fund appropriations, for the full fiscal year; and
- (4) for fiscal year 2011, an estimate of the anticipated liabilities for all budgeted funds, including without limitation the affordable General Revenue Fund appropriations, debt service on bonds issued, and the State's contributions to the pension systems, for the full fiscal year.

Between July 1 and August 31 of each fiscal year, the members of the General Assembly and members of the public may make written budget recommendations to the Governor.

Beginning with budgets prepared for fiscal year 2013, the budgets submitted by the Governor and appropriations made by the General Assembly for all executive branch State agencies must adhere to a method of budgeting where each priority must be justified each year according to merit rather than according to the amount appropriated for the preceding year.

(Source: P.A. 102-671, eff. 11-30-21.)

(20 ILCS 2305/8 rep.)

Section 25-15. The Department of Public Health Act is amended by repealing Section 8.

Section 25-20. The Department of Transportation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section 2705-200 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2705/2705-200) (was 20 ILCS 2705/49.16)

Sec. 2705-200. Master plan; reporting requirements.

(a) The Department has the power to develop and maintain a continuing, comprehensive, and integrated planning process that shall develop and periodically revise a statewide master plan for transportation to guide program development and to foster efficient and economical transportation services in ground, air, water, and all other modes of transportation throughout the State. The Department shall coordinate its transportation planning activities with those of other State agencies and authorities and shall supervise and review any transportation planning performed by other Executive agencies under the direction of the Governor. The Department shall cooperate and participate with federal, regional, interstate, State, and local agencies, in accordance with Sections 5-301 and 7-301 of the Illinois Highway Code, and with interested private individuals and organizations in the coordination of plans and policies for development of the state's transportation system.

To meet the provisions of this Section, the Department shall publish and deliver to the Governor and General Assembly by December 31, 2012 and every 5 years thereafter, its master plan for highway, waterway, aeronautic, mass transportation, and railroad systems. The plan shall identify priority subsystems or components of each system that are critical to the economic and general welfare of this State regardless of public jurisdictional responsibility or private ownership.

The master plan shall include a comprehensive and multimodal freight mobility plan which shall analyze commodity flows, assess the freight transportation network, and identify significant freight system trends, needs, and economic opportunities. It shall recommend improvements in the operation and management of the freight system, projects that will eliminate inefficiencies in the State's freight network, methods of funding needed for freight system improvements, and policies to ensure the safe, reliable, and efficient movement of goods within and through the State and to ensure the State's economic vitality. The freight mobility plan shall incorporate and maintain compatibility with any federally required rail plan affecting this State.

The master plan shall provide particular emphasis and detail of at least the 5-year period in the immediate future.

Annual and 5-year, or longer, project programs for each State system in this Section shall be published and furnished the General Assembly on the first Wednesday in April of each year.

Identified needs included in the project programs shall be listed and mapped in a distinctive fashion to clearly identify the priority status of the projects: (1) projects to be committed for execution; (2) tentative projects that are dependent upon funding or other constraints; and (3) needed projects that are not programmed due to lack of funding or other constraints.

All projects shall be related to the priority systems of the master plan, and the priority criteria identified. Cost and estimated completion dates shall be included for work required to complete a usable ~~useable~~ segment or component beyond the period of the program.

(b) The Department shall publish and deliver to the Governor and General Assembly on the first Wednesday in April of each year a 5-year, or longer, Highway Improvement Program reporting the number of fiscal years each project has been on previous plans submitted by the Department.

(c) The Department shall publish on its website ~~and deliver to the Governor and the General Assembly~~ by January ~~November~~ 1 of each year a For the Record report that shall include the following:

(1) All the projects accomplished in the previous fiscal year listed by each Illinois Department of Transportation District.

(2) The award cost and the beginning dates of each listed project.

(Source: P.A. 97-32, eff. 6-28-11.)

(30 ILCS 105/8j rep.)

Section 25-25. The State Finance Act is amended by repealing Section 8j.

Section 25-30. The School Code is amended by changing Section 13-44.4 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/13-44.4) (from Ch. 122, par. 13-44.4)

Sec. 13-44.4. Department of Corrections Reimbursement and Education Fund; budget. All moneys received from the Common School Fund, federal aid and grants, vocational and educational funds and grants, and gifts and grants by individuals, foundations and corporations for educational purposes shall be deposited into the Department of Corrections Reimbursement and Education Fund in the State Treasury. Moneys in the Department of Corrections Reimbursement and Education Fund may be used, subject to appropriation, to pay the expense of the schools and school district of the Department of Corrections together with and supplemental to regular appropriations to the Department for educational purposes,

including, but not limited to, the cost of teacher salaries, supplies and materials, building upkeep and costs, transportation, scholarships, non-academic salaries, equipment and other school costs.

~~Beginning in 1972, the Board of Education shall, by November 15, adopt an annual budget for the use of education moneys for the next school year which it deems necessary to defray all necessary expenses and liabilities of the district, and in such annual budget shall specify the objects and purposes of each item and the amount needed for each object or purpose. The budget shall contain a statement of cash on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year, an estimate of the cash expected to be received during such fiscal year from all sources, an estimate of the expenditure contemplated for such fiscal year, and a statement of the estimated cash expected to be on hand at the end of such year. Prior to the adoption of the annual educational budget, this budget shall be submitted to the Department of Corrections and the State Board of Education for incorporation.~~

(Source: P.A. 90-9, eff. 7-1-97; 90-587, eff. 7-1-98.)

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.136 rep.)

Section 25-35. The School Code is amended by repealing Section 2-3.136.

Section 25-40. The Higher Education Veterans Service Act is amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

(110 ILCS 49/15)

Sec. 15. Survey; coordinator; best practices report; best efforts.

~~(a) (Blank). All public colleges and universities shall, within 60 days after the effective date of this Act, conduct a survey of the services and programs that are provided for veterans, active duty military personnel, and their families, at each of their respective campuses. This survey shall enumerate and fully describe the service or program that is available, the number of veterans or active duty personnel using the service or program, an estimated range for potential use within a 5 year and 10 year period, information on the location of the service or program, and how its administrators may be contacted. The survey shall indicate the manner or manners in which a student veteran may avail himself or herself of the program's services. This survey must be made available to all veterans matriculating at the college or university in the form of an orientation related guidebook.~~

~~Each public college and university shall make the survey available on the homepage of all campus Internet links as soon as practical after the completion of the survey. As soon as possible after the completion of the survey, each public college and university shall provide a copy of its survey to the following:~~

~~(1) the Board of Higher Education;~~

~~(2) the Department of Veterans' Affairs;~~

~~(3) the President and Minority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives; and~~

~~(4) the Governor.~~

(b) Each public college and university shall, at its discretion, (i) appoint, within 6 months after August 7, 2009 (the effective date of this Act), an existing employee or (ii) hire a new employee to serve as a Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services on each campus of the college or university that has an onsite, daily, full-time student headcount above 1,000 students.

The Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services shall be an ombudsperson serving the specific needs of student veterans and military personnel and their families and shall serve as an advocate before the administration of the college or university for the needs of student veterans. The college or university shall enable the Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services to communicate directly with the senior executive administration of the college or university periodically. The college or university shall retain unfettered discretion to determine the organizational management structure of its institution.

In addition to any responsibilities the college or university may assign, the Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services shall make its best efforts to create a centralized source for student veterans and military personnel to learn how to receive all benefit programs and services for which they are eligible.

Each college and university campus that is required to have a Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services shall regularly and conspicuously advertise the office location and phone number of and Internet access to the Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services, along

with a brief summary of the manner in which he or she can assist student veterans. The advertisement shall include, but is not necessarily limited to, the following:

- (1) advertisements on each campus' Internet home page;
- (2) any promotional mailings for student application; and
- (3) the website and any social media accounts of the public college or university.

The Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services shall facilitate other campus offices with the promotion of programs and services that are available.

~~(c) (Blank). Upon receipt of all of the surveys under subsection (a) of this Section, the Board of Higher Education and the Department of Veterans' Affairs shall conduct a joint review of the surveys. The Department of Veterans' Affairs shall post, on any Internet home page it may operate, a link to each survey as posted on the Internet website for the college or university. The Board of Higher Education shall post, on any Internet home page it may operate, a link to each survey as posted on the Internet website for the college or university or an annual report or document containing survey information for each college or university. Upon receipt of all of the surveys, the Office of the Governor, through its military affairs advisors, shall similarly conduct a review of the surveys. Following its review of the surveys, the Office of the Governor shall submit an evaluation report to each college and university offering suggestions and insight on the conduct of student veteran related policies and programs.~~

~~(d) (Blank). The Board of Higher Education and the Department of Veterans' Affairs may issue a best practices report to highlight those programs and services that are most beneficial to veterans and active duty military personnel. The report shall contain a fiscal needs assessment in conjunction with any program recommendations.~~

(e) Each college and university campus that is required to have a Coordinator of Veterans and Military Personnel Student Services under subsection (b) of this Section shall make its best efforts to create academic and social programs and services for veterans and active duty military personnel that will provide reasonable opportunities for academic performance and success.

Each public college and university shall make its best efforts to determine how its online educational curricula can be expanded or altered to serve the needs of student veterans and currently deployed military, including a determination of whether and to what extent the public colleges and universities can share existing technologies to improve the online curricula of peer institutions, provided such efforts are both practically and economically feasible.

(Source: P.A. 102-278, eff. 8-6-21; 102-295, eff. 8-6-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

(110 ILCS 335/Act rep.)

Section 25-45. The Institution for Tuberculosis Research Act is repealed.

Section 25-50. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by changing Section 11-5.2 as follows:

(305 ILCS 5/11-5.2)

Sec. 11-5.2. Income, Residency, and Identity Verification System.

(a) The Department shall ensure that its proposed integrated eligibility system shall include the computerized functions of income, residency, and identity eligibility verification to verify eligibility, eliminate duplication of medical assistance, and deter fraud. Until the integrated eligibility system is operational, the Department may enter into a contract with the vendor selected pursuant to Section 11-5.3 as necessary to obtain the electronic data matching described in this Section. This contract shall be exempt from the Illinois Procurement Code pursuant to subsection (h) of Section 1-10 of that Code.

(b) Prior to awarding medical assistance at application under Article V of this Code, the Department shall, to the extent such databases are available to the Department, conduct data matches using the name, date of birth, address, and Social Security Number of each applicant or recipient or responsible relative of an applicant or recipient against the following:

- (1) Income tax information.
- (2) Employer reports of income and unemployment insurance payment information maintained by the Department of Employment Security.
- (3) Earned and unearned income, citizenship and death, and other relevant information maintained by the Social Security Administration.
- (4) Immigration status information maintained by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services.
- (5) Wage reporting and similar information maintained by states contiguous to this State.

(6) Employment information maintained by the Department of Employment Security in its New Hire Directory database.

(7) Employment information maintained by the United States Department of Health and Human Services in its National Directory of New Hires database.

(8) Veterans' benefits information maintained by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, in coordination with the Department of Health and Human Services and the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, in the federal Public Assistance Reporting Information System (PARIS) database.

(9) Residency information maintained by the Illinois Secretary of State.

(10) A database which is substantially similar to or a successor of a database described in this Section that contains information relevant for verifying eligibility for medical assistance.

(c) (Blank).

(d) If a discrepancy results between information provided by an applicant, recipient, or responsible relative and information contained in one or more of the databases or information tools listed under subsection (b) of this Section or subsection (c) of Section 11-5.3 and that discrepancy calls into question the accuracy of information relevant to a condition of eligibility provided by the applicant, recipient, or responsible relative, the Department or its contractor shall review the applicant's or recipient's case using the following procedures:

(1) If the information discovered under subsection (b) of this Section or subsection (c) of Section 11-5.3 does not result in the Department finding the applicant or recipient ineligible for assistance under Article V of this Code, the Department shall finalize the determination or redetermination of eligibility.

(2) If the information discovered results in the Department finding the applicant or recipient ineligible for assistance, the Department shall provide notice as set forth in Section 11-7 of this Article.

(3) If the information discovered is insufficient to determine that the applicant or recipient is eligible or ineligible, the Department shall provide written notice to the applicant or recipient which shall describe in sufficient detail the circumstances of the discrepancy, the information or documentation required, the manner in which the applicant or recipient may respond, and the consequences of failing to take action. The applicant or recipient shall have 10 business days to respond.

(4) If the applicant or recipient does not respond to the notice, the Department shall deny assistance for failure to cooperate, in which case the Department shall provide notice as set forth in Section 11-7. Eligibility for assistance shall not be established until the discrepancy has been resolved.

(5) If an applicant or recipient responds to the notice, the Department shall determine the effect of the information or documentation provided on the applicant's or recipient's case and shall take appropriate action. Written notice of the Department's action shall be provided as set forth in Section 11-7 of this Article.

(6) Suspected cases of fraud shall be referred to the Department's Inspector General.

(e) The Department shall adopt any rules necessary to implement this Section.

(Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

Section 25-55. The Older Adult Services Act is amended by changing Section 35 as follows:
(320 ILCS 42/35)

Sec. 35. Older Adult Services Advisory Committee.

(a) The Older Adult Services Advisory Committee is created to advise the directors of Aging, Healthcare and Family Services, and Public Health on all matters related to this Act and the delivery of services to older adults in general.

(b) The Advisory Committee shall be comprised of the following:

(1) The Director of Aging or the Director's ~~his or her~~ designee, who shall serve as chair and shall be an ex officio and nonvoting member.

(2) The Director of Healthcare and Family Services and the Director of Public Health or their designees, who shall serve as vice-chairs and shall be ex officio and nonvoting members.

(3) One representative each of the Governor's Office, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, the Department of Public Health, the Department of Veterans' Affairs, the Department of Human Services, the Department on Aging's Senior Health Insurance Program ~~Department of~~

~~Insurance~~, the Department on Aging, the Department on Aging's State Long Term Care Ombudsman, the Illinois Housing Finance Authority, and the Illinois Housing Development Authority, each of whom shall be selected by his or her respective director and shall be an ex officio and nonvoting member.

(4) Thirty-one ~~Thirty~~ members appointed by the Director of Aging in collaboration with the directors of Public Health and Healthcare and Family Services, and selected from the recommendations of statewide associations and organizations, as follows:

- (A) One member representing the Area Agencies on Aging;
 - (B) Four members representing nursing homes or licensed assisted living establishments;
 - (C) One member representing home health agencies;
 - (D) One member representing case management services;
 - (E) One member representing statewide senior center associations;
 - (F) One member representing Community Care Program homemaker services;
 - (G) One member representing Community Care Program adult day services;
 - (H) One member representing nutrition project directors;
 - (I) One member representing hospice programs;
 - (J) One member representing individuals with Alzheimer's disease and related dementias;
 - (K) Two members representing statewide trade or labor unions;
 - (L) One advanced practice registered nurse with experience in gerontological nursing;
 - (M) One physician specializing in gerontology;
 - (N) One member representing regional long-term care ombudsmen;
 - (O) One member representing municipal, ~~township, or county~~ officials;
 - (P) (Blank);
 - (Q) (Blank);
 - (R) One member representing a nurse from a Community Care Program provider ~~the parish nurse movement~~;
 - (S) One member representing pharmacists;
 - (T) Two members representing statewide organizations engaging in advocacy or legal representation on behalf of the senior population;
 - (U) Two family caregivers;
 - (V) Two citizen members over the age of 60;
 - (W) One citizen with knowledge in the area of gerontology research or health care law;
 - (X) One representative of health care facilities licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act;
- ~~and~~
- (Y) One representative of primary care service providers; and
 - (Z) One member representing townships or county officials.

The Director of Aging, in collaboration with the Directors of Public Health and Healthcare and Family Services, may appoint additional citizen members to the Older Adult Services Advisory Committee. Each such additional member must be either an individual age 60 or older or an uncompensated caregiver for a family member or friend who is age 60 or older.

(c) Voting members of the Advisory Committee shall serve for a term of 3 years or until a replacement is named. All members shall be appointed no later than January 1, 2005. Of the initial appointees, as determined by lot, 10 members shall serve a term of one year; 10 shall serve for a term of 2 years; and 12 shall serve for a term of 3 years. Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his or her predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of that term. The Advisory Committee shall meet at least quarterly and may meet more frequently at the call of the Chair. A simple majority of those appointed shall constitute a quorum. The affirmative vote of a majority of those present and voting shall be necessary for Advisory Committee action. Members of the Advisory Committee shall receive no compensation for their services.

(d) The Advisory Committee shall have an Executive Committee comprised of the Chair, the Vice Chairs, and up to 15 members of the Advisory Committee appointed by the Chair who have demonstrated expertise in developing, implementing, or coordinating the system restructuring initiatives defined in Section 25. The Executive Committee shall have responsibility to oversee and structure the operations of the Advisory Committee and to create and appoint necessary subcommittees and subcommittee members. The Advisory Committee's Community Care Program Medicaid Enrollment Oversight Subcommittee shall have the membership and powers and duties set forth in Section 4.02 of the Illinois Act on the Aging.

(e) The Advisory Committee shall study and make recommendations related to the implementation of this Act, including, but not limited to, system restructuring initiatives as defined in Section 25 or otherwise related to this Act.

(Source: P.A. 100-513, eff. 1-1-18; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 100-621, eff. 7-20-18; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19.)

(410 ILCS 230/Act rep.)

Section 25-60. The Problem Pregnancy Health Services and Care Act is repealed.

Section 25-65. The Fish and Aquatic Life Code is amended by changing Sections 15-5 and 20-5 as follows:

(515 ILCS 5/15-5) (from Ch. 56, par. 15-5)

Sec. 15-5. Commercial fisherman; license requirement.

(a) A "commercial fisherman" is defined as any individual who uses any of the commercial fishing devices as defined by this Code for the taking of any aquatic life, except mussels, protected by the terms of this Code.

(b) All commercial fishermen shall have a commercial fishing license. In addition to a commercial fishing license, a commercial fisherman shall also obtain a sport fishing license. All individuals assisting a licensed commercial fisherman in taking aquatic life, except mussels, from any waters of the State must have a commercial fishing license unless these individuals are under the direct supervision of and aboard the same watercraft as the licensed commercial fisherman. An individual assisting a licensed commercial fisherman must first obtain a sport fishing license.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, blind residents or residents with a disability may fish with commercial fishing devices without holding a sports fishing license. For the purpose of this Section, an individual is blind or has a disability if that individual has a Class 2 disability as defined in Section 4A of the Illinois Identification Card Act. For the purposes of this Section, an Illinois person with a Disability Identification Card issued under the Illinois Identification Card Act indicating that the individual named on the card has a Class 2 disability shall be adequate documentation of a disability.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a veteran who, ~~according to the determination of the federal Veterans' Administration~~ as certified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, is at least 10% disabled with service-related disabilities or in receipt of total disability pensions may fish with commercial fishing devices without holding a sports fishing license during those periods of the year that it is lawful to fish with commercial fishing devices, if the respective disabilities do not prevent the veteran from fishing in a manner that is safe to him or herself and others.

(e) A "Lake Michigan commercial fisherman" is defined as an individual who resides in this State or an Illinois corporation who uses any of the commercial fishing devices as defined by this Code for the taking of aquatic life, except mussels, protected by the terms of this Code.

(f) For purposes of this Section, an act or omission that constitutes a violation committed by an officer, employee, or agent of a corporation shall be deemed the act or omission of the corporation.

(Source: P.A. 98-336, eff. 1-1-14; 98-898, eff. 1-1-15; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)

(515 ILCS 5/20-5) (from Ch. 56, par. 20-5)

Sec. 20-5. Necessity of license; exemptions.

(a) Any person taking or attempting to take any fish, including minnows for commercial purposes, turtles, mussels, crayfish, or frogs by any means whatever in any waters or lands wholly or in part within the jurisdiction of the State, including that part of Lake Michigan under the jurisdiction of this State, shall first obtain a license to do so, and shall do so only during the respective periods of the year when it shall be lawful as provided in this Code. Individuals under 16, blind residents or residents with a disability, or individuals fishing at fee fishing areas licensed by the Department, however, may fish with sport fishing devices without being required to have a license. For the purpose of this Section an individual is blind or has a disability if that individual has a Class 2 disability as defined in Section 4A of the Illinois Identification Card Act. For purposes of this Section an Illinois Person with a Disability Identification Card issued under the Illinois Identification Card Act indicating that the individual named on the card has a Class 2 disability shall be adequate documentation of a disability.

(b) A courtesy non-resident sport fishing license or stamp may be issued at the discretion of the Director, without fee, to (i) any individual officially employed in the wildlife and fish or conservation department of another state or of the United States who is within the State to assist or consult or cooperate with the Director or (ii) the officials of other states, the United States, foreign countries, or officers or

representatives of conservation organizations or publications while in the State as guests of the Governor or Director.

(c) The Director may issue special fishing permits without cost to groups of hospital patients or to individuals with disabilities for use on specified dates in connection with supervised fishing for therapy.

(d) Veterans who, ~~according to the determination of the Veterans' Administration~~ as certified by the United States Department of Veterans ~~Veterans'~~ Affairs, are at least 10% disabled with service-related disabilities or in receipt of total disability pensions may fish with sport fishing devices during those periods of the year it is lawful to do so without being required to have a license, on the condition that their respective disabilities do not prevent them from fishing in a manner which is safe to themselves and others.

(e) Each year the Director may designate a period, not to exceed 4 days in duration, when sport fishermen may fish waters wholly or in part within the jurisdiction of the State, including that part of Lake Michigan under the jurisdiction of the State, and not be required to obtain the license or stamp required by subsection (a) of this Section, Section 20-10 or subsection (a) of Section 20-55. The term of any such period shall be established by administrative rule. This subsection shall not apply to commercial fishing.

(f) The Director may issue special fishing permits without cost for a group event, restricted to specific dates and locations if it is determined by the Department that the event is beneficial in promoting sport fishing in Illinois.

(Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)

Section 25-70. The Wildlife Code is amended by changing Section 3.1-2 as follows:

(520 ILCS 5/3.1-2) (from Ch. 61, par. 3.1-2)

Sec. 3.1-2. Veterans who, ~~according to the determination of the Veterans' Administration~~ as certified by the United States Department of Veterans ~~Veterans'~~ Affairs, are at least 10% disabled with service-related disabilities or in receipt of total disability pensions and former prisoners of war may hunt and trap any of the species protected by Section 2.2, during such times, with such devices and by such methods as are permitted by this Act, without procuring hunting and trapping licenses, State Habitat Stamps, and State Waterfowl Stamps on the condition that their respective disabilities do not prevent them from hunting and trapping in a manner which is safe to themselves and others.

(Source: P.A. 102-524, eff. 8-20-21; 102-837, eff. 5-13-22.)

Article 30.

Section 30-5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 18-8.15 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/18-8.15)

Sec. 18-8.15. Evidence-Based Funding for student success for the 2017-2018 and subsequent school years.

(a) General provisions.

(1) The purpose of this Section is to ensure that, by June 30, 2027 and beyond, this State has a kindergarten through grade 12 public education system with the capacity to ensure the educational development of all persons to the limits of their capacities in accordance with Section 1 of Article X of the Constitution of the State of Illinois. To accomplish that objective, this Section creates a method of funding public education that is evidence-based; is sufficient to ensure every student receives a meaningful opportunity to learn irrespective of race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender, or community-income level; and is sustainable and predictable. When fully funded under this Section, every school shall have the resources, based on what the evidence indicates is needed, to:

(A) provide all students with a high quality education that offers the academic, enrichment, social and emotional support, technical, and career-focused programs that will allow them to become competitive workers, responsible parents, productive citizens of this State, and active members of our national democracy;

(B) ensure all students receive the education they need to graduate from high school with the skills required to pursue post-secondary education and training for a rewarding career;

(C) reduce, with a goal of eliminating, the achievement gap between at-risk and non-at-risk students by raising the performance of at-risk students and not by reducing standards; and

(D) ensure this State satisfies its obligation to assume the primary responsibility to fund public education and simultaneously relieve the disproportionate burden placed on local property taxes to fund schools.

(2) The Evidence-Based Funding formula under this Section shall be applied to all Organizational Units in this State. The Evidence-Based Funding formula outlined in this Act is based on the formula outlined in Senate Bill 1 of the 100th General Assembly, as passed by both legislative chambers. As further defined and described in this Section, there are 4 major components of the Evidence-Based Funding model:

(A) First, the model calculates a unique Adequacy Target for each Organizational Unit in this State that considers the costs to implement research-based activities, the unit's student demographics, and regional wage differences.

(B) Second, the model calculates each Organizational Unit's Local Capacity, or the amount each Organizational Unit is assumed to contribute toward its Adequacy Target from local resources.

(C) Third, the model calculates how much funding the State currently contributes to the Organizational Unit and adds that to the unit's Local Capacity to determine the unit's overall current adequacy of funding.

(D) Finally, the model's distribution method allocates new State funding to those Organizational Units that are least well-funded, considering both Local Capacity and State funding, in relation to their Adequacy Target.

(3) An Organizational Unit receiving any funding under this Section may apply those funds to any fund so received for which that Organizational Unit is authorized to make expenditures by law.

(4) As used in this Section, the following terms shall have the meanings ascribed in this paragraph (4):

"Adequacy Target" is defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of this Section.

"Adjusted EAV" is defined in paragraph (4) of subsection (d) of this Section.

"Adjusted Local Capacity Target" is defined in paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of this Section.

"Adjusted Operating Tax Rate" means a tax rate for all Organizational Units, for which the State Superintendent shall calculate and subtract for the Operating Tax Rate a transportation rate based on total expenses for transportation services under this Code, as reported on the most recent Annual Financial Report in Pupil Transportation Services, function 2550 in both the Education and Transportation funds and functions 4110 and 4120 in the Transportation fund, less any corresponding fiscal year State of Illinois scheduled payments excluding net adjustments for prior years for regular, vocational, or special education transportation reimbursement pursuant to Section 29-5 or subsection (b) of Section 14-13.01 of this Code divided by the Adjusted EAV. If an Organizational Unit's corresponding fiscal year State of Illinois scheduled payments excluding net adjustments for prior years for regular, vocational, or special education transportation reimbursement pursuant to Section 29-5 or subsection (b) of Section 14-13.01 of this Code exceed the total transportation expenses, as defined in this paragraph, no transportation rate shall be subtracted from the Operating Tax Rate.

"Allocation Rate" is defined in paragraph (3) of subsection (g) of this Section.

"Alternative School" means a public school that is created and operated by a regional superintendent of schools and approved by the State Board.

"Applicable Tax Rate" is defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of this Section.

"Assessment" means any of those benchmark, progress monitoring, formative, diagnostic, and other assessments, in addition to the State accountability assessment, that assist teachers' needs in understanding the skills and meeting the needs of the students they serve.

"Assistant principal" means a school administrator duly endorsed to be employed as an assistant principal in this State.

"At-risk student" means a student who is at risk of not meeting the Illinois Learning Standards or not graduating from elementary or high school and who demonstrates a need for vocational support or social services beyond that provided by the regular school program. All students included in an Organizational Unit's Low-Income Count, as well as all English learner and disabled students attending the Organizational Unit, shall be considered at-risk students under this Section.

"Average Student Enrollment" or "ASE" for fiscal year 2018 means, for an Organizational Unit, the greater of the average number of students (grades K through 12) reported to the State Board as enrolled in the Organizational Unit on October 1 in the immediately preceding school year, plus the

pre-kindergarten students who receive special education services of 2 or more hours a day as reported to the State Board on December 1 in the immediately preceding school year, or the average number of students (grades K through 12) reported to the State Board as enrolled in the Organizational Unit on October 1, plus the pre-kindergarten students who receive special education services of 2 or more hours a day as reported to the State Board on December 1, for each of the immediately preceding 3 school years. For fiscal year 2019 and each subsequent fiscal year, "Average Student Enrollment" or "ASE" means, for an Organizational Unit, the greater of the average number of students (grades K through 12) reported to the State Board as enrolled in the Organizational Unit on October 1 and March 1 in the immediately preceding school year, plus the pre-kindergarten students who receive special education services as reported to the State Board on October 1 and March 1 in the immediately preceding school year, or the average number of students (grades K through 12) reported to the State Board as enrolled in the Organizational Unit on October 1 and March 1, plus the pre-kindergarten students who receive special education services as reported to the State Board on October 1 and March 1, for each of the immediately preceding 3 school years. For the purposes of this definition, "enrolled in the Organizational Unit" means the number of students reported to the State Board who are enrolled in schools within the Organizational Unit that the student attends or would attend if not placed or transferred to another school or program to receive needed services. For the purposes of calculating "ASE", all students, grades K through 12, excluding those attending kindergarten for a half day and students attending an alternative education program operated by a regional office of education or intermediate service center, shall be counted as 1.0. All students attending kindergarten for a half day shall be counted as 0.5, unless in 2017 by June 15 or by March 1 in subsequent years, the school district reports to the State Board of Education the intent to implement full-day kindergarten district-wide for all students, then all students attending kindergarten shall be counted as 1.0. Special education pre-kindergarten students shall be counted as 0.5 each. If the State Board does not collect or has not collected both an October 1 and March 1 enrollment count by grade or a December 1 collection of special education pre-kindergarten students as of August 31, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 100-465), it shall establish such collection for all future years. For any year in which a count by grade level was collected only once, that count shall be used as the single count available for computing a 3-year average ASE. Funding for programs operated by a regional office of education or an intermediate service center must be calculated using the Evidence-Based Funding formula under this Section for the 2019-2020 school year and each subsequent school year until separate adequacy formulas are developed and adopted for each type of program. ASE for a program operated by a regional office of education or an intermediate service center must be determined by the March 1 enrollment for the program. For the 2019-2020 school year, the ASE used in the calculation must be the first-year ASE and, in that year only, the assignment of students served by a regional office of education or intermediate service center shall not result in a reduction of the March enrollment for any school district. For the 2020-2021 school year, the ASE must be the greater of the current-year ASE or the 2-year average ASE. Beginning with the 2021-2022 school year, the ASE must be the greater of the current-year ASE or the 3-year average ASE. School districts shall submit the data for the ASE calculation to the State Board within 45 days of the dates required in this Section for submission of enrollment data in order for it to be included in the ASE calculation. For fiscal year 2018 only, the ASE calculation shall include only enrollment taken on October 1. In recognition of the impact of COVID-19, the definition of "Average Student Enrollment" or "ASE" shall be adjusted for calculations under this Section for fiscal years 2022 through 2024. For fiscal years 2022 through 2024, the enrollment used in the calculation of ASE representing the 2020-2021 school year shall be the greater of the enrollment for the 2020-2021 school year or the 2019-2020 school year.

"Base Funding Guarantee" is defined in paragraph (10) of subsection (g) of this Section.

"Base Funding Minimum" is defined in subsection (e) of this Section.

"Base Tax Year" means the property tax levy year used to calculate the Budget Year allocation of primary State aid.

"Base Tax Year's Extension" means the product of the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the county clerk in the Base Tax Year multiplied by the limiting rate as calculated by the county clerk and defined in PTELL.

"Bilingual Education Allocation" means the amount of an Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target attributable to bilingual education divided by the Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target,

the product of which shall be multiplied by the amount of new funding received pursuant to this Section. An Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target attributable to bilingual education shall include all additional investments in English learner students' adequacy elements.

"Budget Year" means the school year for which primary State aid is calculated and awarded under this Section.

"Central office" means individual administrators and support service personnel charged with managing the instructional programs, business and operations, and security of the Organizational Unit.

"Comparable Wage Index" or "CWI" means a regional cost differentiation metric that measures systemic, regional variations in the salaries of college graduates who are not educators. The CWI utilized for this Section shall, for the first 3 years of Evidence-Based Funding implementation, be the CWI initially developed by the National Center for Education Statistics, as most recently updated by Texas A & M University. In the fourth and subsequent years of Evidence-Based Funding implementation, the State Superintendent shall re-determine the CWI using a similar methodology to that identified in the Texas A & M University study, with adjustments made no less frequently than once every 5 years.

"Computer technology and equipment" means computers servers, notebooks, network equipment, copiers, printers, instructional software, security software, curriculum management courseware, and other similar materials and equipment.

"Computer technology and equipment investment allocation" means the final Adequacy Target amount of an Organizational Unit assigned to Tier 1 or Tier 2 in the prior school year attributable to the additional \$285.50 per student computer technology and equipment investment grant divided by the Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target, the result of which shall be multiplied by the amount of new funding received pursuant to this Section. An Organizational Unit assigned to a Tier 1 or Tier 2 final Adequacy Target attributable to the received computer technology and equipment investment grant shall include all additional investments in computer technology and equipment adequacy elements.

"Core subject" means mathematics; science; reading, English, writing, and language arts; history and social studies; world languages; and subjects taught as Advanced Placement in high schools.

"Core teacher" means a regular classroom teacher in elementary schools and teachers of a core subject in middle and high schools.

"Core Intervention teacher (tutor)" means a licensed teacher providing one-on-one or small group tutoring to students struggling to meet proficiency in core subjects.

"CPPRT" means corporate personal property replacement tax funds paid to an Organizational Unit during the calendar year one year before the calendar year in which a school year begins, pursuant to "An Act in relation to the abolition of ad valorem personal property tax and the replacement of revenues lost thereby, and amending and repealing certain Acts and parts of Acts in connection therewith", certified August 14, 1979, as amended (Public Act 81-1st S.S.-1).

"EAV" means equalized assessed valuation as defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Section and calculated in accordance with paragraph (3) of subsection (d) of this Section.

"ECI" means the Bureau of Labor Statistics' national employment cost index for civilian workers in educational services in elementary and secondary schools on a cumulative basis for the 12-month calendar year preceding the fiscal year of the Evidence-Based Funding calculation.

"EIS Data" means the employment information system data maintained by the State Board on educators within Organizational Units.

"Employee benefits" means health, dental, and vision insurance offered to employees of an Organizational Unit, the costs associated with the statutorily required payment of the normal cost of the Organizational Unit's teacher pensions, Social Security employer contributions, and Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund employer contributions.

"English learner" or "EL" means a child included in the definition of "English learners" under Section 14C-2 of this Code participating in a program of transitional bilingual education or a transitional program of instruction meeting the requirements and program application procedures of Article 14C of this Code. For the purposes of collecting the number of EL students enrolled, the same collection and calculation methodology as defined above for "ASE" shall apply to English learners,

with the exception that EL student enrollment shall include students in grades pre-kindergarten through 12.

"Essential Elements" means those elements, resources, and educational programs that have been identified through academic research as necessary to improve student success, improve academic performance, close achievement gaps, and provide for other per student costs related to the delivery and leadership of the Organizational Unit, as well as the maintenance and operations of the unit, and which are specified in paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this Section.

"Evidence-Based Funding" means State funding provided to an Organizational Unit pursuant to this Section.

"Extended day" means academic and enrichment programs provided to students outside the regular school day before and after school or during non-instructional times during the school day.

"Extension Limitation Ratio" means a numerical ratio in which the numerator is the Base Tax Year's Extension and the denominator is the Preceding Tax Year's Extension.

"Final Percent of Adequacy" is defined in paragraph (4) of subsection (f) of this Section.

"Final Resources" is defined in paragraph (3) of subsection (f) of this Section.

"Full-time equivalent" or "FTE" means the full-time equivalency compensation for staffing the relevant position at an Organizational Unit.

"Funding Gap" is defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (g).

"Hybrid District" means a partial elementary unit district created pursuant to Article 11E of this Code.

"Instructional assistant" means a core or special education, non-licensed employee who assists a teacher in the classroom and provides academic support to students.

"Instructional facilitator" means a qualified teacher or licensed teacher leader who facilitates and coaches continuous improvement in classroom instruction; provides instructional support to teachers in the elements of research-based instruction or demonstrates the alignment of instruction with curriculum standards and assessment tools; develops or coordinates instructional programs or strategies; develops and implements training; chooses standards-based instructional materials; provides teachers with an understanding of current research; serves as a mentor, site coach, curriculum specialist, or lead teacher; or otherwise works with fellow teachers, in collaboration, to use data to improve instructional practice or develop model lessons.

"Instructional materials" means relevant instructional materials for student instruction, including, but not limited to, textbooks, consumable workbooks, laboratory equipment, library books, and other similar materials.

"Laboratory School" means a public school that is created and operated by a public university and approved by the State Board.

"Librarian" means a teacher with an endorsement as a library information specialist or another individual whose primary responsibility is overseeing library resources within an Organizational Unit.

"Limiting rate for Hybrid Districts" means the combined elementary school and high school limiting rates.

"Local Capacity" is defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of this Section.

"Local Capacity Percentage" is defined in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section.

"Local Capacity Ratio" is defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section.

"Local Capacity Target" is defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section.

"Low-Income Count" means, for an Organizational Unit in a fiscal year, the higher of the average number of students for the prior school year or the immediately preceding 3 school years who, as of July 1 of the immediately preceding fiscal year (as determined by the Department of Human Services), are eligible for at least one of the following low-income programs: Medicaid, the Children's Health Insurance Program, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), or the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, excluding pupils who are eligible for services provided by the Department of Children and Family Services. Until such time that grade level low-income populations become available, grade level low-income populations shall be determined by applying the low-income percentage to total student enrollments by grade level. The low-income percentage is determined by dividing the Low-Income Count by the Average Student Enrollment. The low-income percentage for a regional office of education or an intermediate service center operating one or more

alternative education programs must be set to the weighted average of the low-income percentages of all of the school districts in the service region. The weighted low-income percentage is the result of multiplying the low-income percentage of each school district served by the regional office of education or intermediate service center by each school district's Average Student Enrollment, summarizing those products and dividing the total by the total Average Student Enrollment for the service region.

"Maintenance and operations" means custodial services, facility and ground maintenance, facility operations, facility security, routine facility repairs, and other similar services and functions.

"Minimum Funding Level" is defined in paragraph (9) of subsection (g) of this Section.

"New Property Tax Relief Pool Funds" means, for any given fiscal year, all State funds appropriated under Section 2-3.170 of this Code.

"New State Funds" means, for a given school year, all State funds appropriated for Evidence-Based Funding in excess of the amount needed to fund the Base Funding Minimum for all Organizational Units in that school year.

"Nurse" means an individual licensed as a certified school nurse, in accordance with the rules established for nursing services by the State Board, who is an employee of and is available to provide health care-related services for students of an Organizational Unit.

"Operating Tax Rate" means the rate utilized in the previous year to extend property taxes for all purposes, except Bond and Interest, Summer School, Rent, Capital Improvement, and Vocational Education Building purposes. For Hybrid Districts, the Operating Tax Rate shall be the combined elementary and high school rates utilized in the previous year to extend property taxes for all purposes, except Bond and Interest, Summer School, Rent, Capital Improvement, and Vocational Education Building purposes.

"Organizational Unit" means a Laboratory School or any public school district that is recognized as such by the State Board and that contains elementary schools typically serving kindergarten through 5th grades, middle schools typically serving 6th through 8th grades, high schools typically serving 9th through 12th grades, a program established under Section 2-3.66 or 2-3.41, or a program operated by a regional office of education or an intermediate service center under Article 13A or 13B. The General Assembly acknowledges that the actual grade levels served by a particular Organizational Unit may vary slightly from what is typical.

"Organizational Unit CWI" is determined by calculating the CWI in the region and original county in which an Organizational Unit's primary administrative office is located as set forth in this paragraph, provided that if the Organizational Unit CWI as calculated in accordance with this paragraph is less than 0.9, the Organizational Unit CWI shall be increased to 0.9. Each county's current CWI value shall be adjusted based on the CWI value of that county's neighboring Illinois counties, to create a "weighted adjusted index value". This shall be calculated by summing the CWI values of all of a county's adjacent Illinois counties and dividing by the number of adjacent Illinois counties, then taking the weighted value of the original county's CWI value and the adjacent Illinois county average. To calculate this weighted value, if the number of adjacent Illinois counties is greater than 2, the original county's CWI value will be weighted at 0.25 and the adjacent Illinois county average will be weighted at 0.75. If the number of adjacent Illinois counties is 2, the original county's CWI value will be weighted at 0.33 and the adjacent Illinois county average will be weighted at 0.66. The greater of the county's current CWI value and its weighted adjusted index value shall be used as the Organizational Unit CWI.

"Preceding Tax Year" means the property tax levy year immediately preceding the Base Tax Year.

"Preceding Tax Year's Extension" means the product of the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the county clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the Operating Tax Rate.

"Preliminary Percent of Adequacy" is defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (f) of this Section.

"Preliminary Resources" is defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (f) of this Section.

"Principal" means a school administrator duly endorsed to be employed as a principal in this State.

"Professional development" means training programs for licensed staff in schools, including, but not limited to, programs that assist in implementing new curriculum programs, provide data focused or academic assessment data training to help staff identify a student's weaknesses and strengths, target interventions, improve instruction, encompass instructional strategies for English

learner, gifted, or at-risk students, address inclusivity, cultural sensitivity, or implicit bias, or otherwise provide professional support for licensed staff.

"Prototypical" means 450 special education pre-kindergarten and kindergarten through grade 5 students for an elementary school, 450 grade 6 through 8 students for a middle school, and 600 grade 9 through 12 students for a high school.

"PTELL" means the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law.

"PTELL EAV" is defined in paragraph (4) of subsection (d) of this Section.

"Pupil support staff" means a nurse, psychologist, social worker, family liaison personnel, or other staff member who provides support to at-risk or struggling students.

"Real Receipts" is defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of this Section.

"Regionalization Factor" means, for a particular Organizational Unit, the figure derived by dividing the Organizational Unit CWI by the Statewide Weighted CWI.

"School counselor" means a licensed school counselor who provides guidance and counseling support for students within an Organizational Unit.

"School site staff" means the primary school secretary and any additional clerical personnel assigned to a school.

"Special education" means special educational facilities and services, as defined in Section 14-1.08 of this Code.

"Special Education Allocation" means the amount of an Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target attributable to special education divided by the Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target, the product of which shall be multiplied by the amount of new funding received pursuant to this Section. An Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target attributable to special education shall include all special education investment adequacy elements.

"Specialist teacher" means a teacher who provides instruction in subject areas not included in core subjects, including, but not limited to, art, music, physical education, health, driver education, career-technical education, and such other subject areas as may be mandated by State law or provided by an Organizational Unit.

"Specially Funded Unit" means an Alternative School, safe school, Department of Juvenile Justice school, special education cooperative or entity recognized by the State Board as a special education cooperative, State-approved charter school, or alternative learning opportunities program that received direct funding from the State Board during the 2016-2017 school year through any of the funding sources included within the calculation of the Base Funding Minimum or Glenwood Academy.

"Supplemental Grant Funding" means supplemental general State aid funding received by an Organizational Unit during the 2016-2017 school year pursuant to subsection (H) of Section 18-8.05 of this Code (now repealed).

"State Adequacy Level" is the sum of the Adequacy Targets of all Organizational Units.

"State Board" means the State Board of Education.

"State Superintendent" means the State Superintendent of Education.

"Statewide Weighted CWI" means a figure determined by multiplying each Organizational Unit CWI times the ASE for that Organizational Unit creating a weighted value, summing all Organizational Units' weighted values, and dividing by the total ASE of all Organizational Units, thereby creating an average weighted index.

"Student activities" means non-credit producing after-school programs, including, but not limited to, clubs, bands, sports, and other activities authorized by the school board of the Organizational Unit.

"Substitute teacher" means an individual teacher or teaching assistant who is employed by an Organizational Unit and is temporarily serving the Organizational Unit on a per diem or per period-assignment basis to replace another staff member.

"Summer school" means academic and enrichment programs provided to students during the summer months outside of the regular school year.

"Supervisory aide" means a non-licensed staff member who helps in supervising students of an Organizational Unit, but does so outside of the classroom, in situations such as, but not limited to, monitoring hallways and playgrounds, supervising lunchrooms, or supervising students when being transported in buses serving the Organizational Unit.

"Target Ratio" is defined in paragraph (4) of subsection (g).

"Tier 1", "Tier 2", "Tier 3", and "Tier 4" are defined in paragraph (3) of subsection (g).

"Tier 1 Aggregate Funding", "Tier 2 Aggregate Funding", "Tier 3 Aggregate Funding", and "Tier 4 Aggregate Funding" are defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (g).

(b) Adequacy Target calculation.

(1) Each Organizational Unit's Adequacy Target is the sum of the Organizational Unit's cost of providing Essential Elements, as calculated in accordance with this subsection (b), with the salary amounts in the Essential Elements multiplied by a Regionalization Factor calculated pursuant to paragraph (3) of this subsection (b).

(2) The Essential Elements are attributable on a pro rata basis related to defined subgroups of the ASE of each Organizational Unit as specified in this paragraph (2), with investments and FTE positions pro rata funded based on ASE counts in excess of or less than the thresholds set forth in this paragraph (2). The method for calculating attributable pro rata costs and the defined subgroups thereto are as follows:

(A) Core class size investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding required to support that number of FTE core teacher positions as is needed to keep the respective class sizes of the Organizational Unit to the following maximum numbers:

(i) For grades kindergarten through 3, the Organizational Unit shall receive funding required to support one FTE core teacher position for every 15 Low-Income Count students in those grades and one FTE core teacher position for every 20 non-Low-Income Count students in those grades.

(ii) For grades 4 through 12, the Organizational Unit shall receive funding required to support one FTE core teacher position for every 20 Low-Income Count students in those grades and one FTE core teacher position for every 25 non-Low-Income Count students in those grades.

The number of non-Low-Income Count students in a grade shall be determined by subtracting the Low-Income students in that grade from the ASE of the Organizational Unit for that grade.

(B) Specialist teacher investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover that number of FTE specialist teacher positions that correspond to the following percentages:

(i) if the Organizational Unit operates an elementary or middle school, then 20.00% of the number of the Organizational Unit's core teachers, as determined under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (2); and

(ii) if such Organizational Unit operates a high school, then 33.33% of the number of the Organizational Unit's core teachers.

(C) Instructional facilitator investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE instructional facilitator position for every 200 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students of the Organizational Unit.

(D) Core intervention teacher (tutor) investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE teacher position for each prototypical elementary, middle, and high school.

(E) Substitute teacher investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover substitute teacher costs that is equal to 5.70% of the minimum pupil attendance days required under Section 10-19 of this Code for all full-time equivalent core, specialist, and intervention teachers, school nurses, special education teachers and instructional assistants, instructional facilitators, and summer school and extended day teacher positions, as determined under this paragraph (2), at a salary rate of 33.33% of the average salary for grade K through 12 teachers and 33.33% of the average salary of each instructional assistant position.

(F) Core school counselor investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE school counselor for each 450 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 5 students, plus one FTE school counselor for each 250 grades 6 through 8 ASE middle school students, plus one FTE school counselor for each 250 grades 9 through 12 ASE high school students.

(G) Nurse investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE nurse for each 750 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students across all grade levels it serves.

(H) Supervisory aide investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE for each 225 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 5 students, plus one FTE for each 225 ASE middle school students, plus one FTE for each 200 ASE high school students.

(I) Librarian investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE librarian for each prototypical elementary school, middle school, and high school and one FTE aide or media technician for every 300 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students.

(J) Principal investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE principal position for each prototypical elementary school, plus one FTE principal position for each prototypical middle school, plus one FTE principal position for each prototypical high school.

(K) Assistant principal investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE assistant principal position for each prototypical elementary school, plus one FTE assistant principal position for each prototypical middle school, plus one FTE assistant principal position for each prototypical high school.

(L) School site staff investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed for one FTE position for each 225 ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 5 students, plus one FTE position for each 225 ASE middle school students, plus one FTE position for each 200 ASE high school students.

(M) Gifted investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive \$40 per kindergarten through grade 12 ASE.

(N) Professional development investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive \$125 per student of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students for trainers and other professional development-related expenses for supplies and materials.

(O) Instructional material investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive \$190 per student of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students to cover instructional material costs.

(P) Assessment investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive \$25 per student of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students to cover assessment costs.

(Q) Computer technology and equipment investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive \$285.50 per student of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students to cover computer technology and equipment costs. For the 2018-2019 school year and subsequent school years, Organizational Units assigned to Tier 1 and Tier 2 in the prior school year shall receive an additional \$285.50 per student of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students to cover computer technology and equipment costs in the Organizational Unit's Adequacy Target. The State Board may establish additional requirements for Organizational Unit expenditures of funds received pursuant to this subparagraph (Q), including a requirement that funds received pursuant to this subparagraph (Q) may be used only for serving the technology needs of the district. It is the intent of Public Act 100-465 that all Tier 1 and Tier 2 districts receive the addition to their Adequacy Target in the following year, subject to compliance with the requirements of the State Board.

(R) Student activities investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive the following funding amounts to cover student activities: \$100 per kindergarten through grade 5 ASE student in elementary school, plus \$200 per ASE student in middle school, plus \$675 per ASE student in high school.

(S) Maintenance and operations investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive \$1,038 per student of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students for day-to-day maintenance and operations expenditures, including salary, supplies, and materials, as well as purchased services, but

excluding employee benefits. The proportion of salary for the application of a Regionalization Factor and the calculation of benefits is equal to \$352.92.

(T) Central office investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive \$742 per student of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students to cover central office operations, including administrators and classified personnel charged with managing the instructional programs, business and operations of the school district, and security personnel. The proportion of salary for the application of a Regionalization Factor and the calculation of benefits is equal to \$368.48.

(U) Employee benefit investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive 30% of the total of all salary-calculated elements of the Adequacy Target, excluding substitute teachers and student activities investments, to cover benefit costs. For central office and maintenance and operations investments, the benefit calculation shall be based upon the salary proportion of each investment. If at any time the responsibility for funding the employer normal cost of teacher pensions is assigned to school districts, then that amount certified by the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois to be paid by the Organizational Unit for the preceding school year shall be added to the benefit investment. For any fiscal year in which a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code is responsible for paying the employer normal cost of teacher pensions, then that amount of its employer normal cost plus the amount for retiree health insurance as certified by the Public School Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund of Chicago to be paid by the school district for the preceding school year that is statutorily required to cover employer normal costs and the amount for retiree health insurance shall be added to the 30% specified in this subparagraph (U). The Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois and the Public School Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund of Chicago shall submit such information as the State Superintendent may require for the calculations set forth in this subparagraph (U).

(V) Additional investments in low-income students. In addition to and not in lieu of all other funding under this paragraph (2), each Organizational Unit shall receive funding based on the average teacher salary for grades K through 12 to cover the costs of:

- (i) one FTE intervention teacher (tutor) position for every 125 Low-Income Count students;
- (ii) one FTE pupil support staff position for every 125 Low-Income Count students;
- (iii) one FTE extended day teacher position for every 120 Low-Income Count students; and
- (iv) one FTE summer school teacher position for every 120 Low-Income Count students.

(W) Additional investments in English learner students. In addition to and not in lieu of all other funding under this paragraph (2), each Organizational Unit shall receive funding based on the average teacher salary for grades K through 12 to cover the costs of:

- (i) one FTE intervention teacher (tutor) position for every 125 English learner students;
- (ii) one FTE pupil support staff position for every 125 English learner students;
- (iii) one FTE extended day teacher position for every 120 English learner students;
- (iv) one FTE summer school teacher position for every 120 English learner students; and
- (v) one FTE core teacher position for every 100 English learner students.

(X) Special education investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive funding based on the average teacher salary for grades K through 12 to cover special education as follows:

- (i) one FTE teacher position for every 141 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students;
- (ii) one FTE instructional assistant for every 141 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students; and
- (iii) one FTE psychologist position for every 1,000 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students.

(3) For calculating the salaries included within the Essential Elements, the State Superintendent shall annually calculate average salaries to the nearest dollar using the employment information system data maintained by the State Board, limited to public schools only and excluding special education and vocational cooperatives, schools operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice, and charter schools, for the following positions:

- (A) Teacher for grades K through 8.
- (B) Teacher for grades 9 through 12.
- (C) Teacher for grades K through 12.
- (D) School counselor for grades K through 8.
- (E) School counselor for grades 9 through 12.
- (F) School counselor for grades K through 12.
- (G) Social worker.
- (H) Psychologist.
- (I) Librarian.
- (J) Nurse.
- (K) Principal.
- (L) Assistant principal.

For the purposes of this paragraph (3), "teacher" includes core teachers, specialist and elective teachers, instructional facilitators, tutors, special education teachers, pupil support staff teachers, English learner teachers, extended day teachers, and summer school teachers. Where specific grade data is not required for the Essential Elements, the average salary for corresponding positions shall apply. For substitute teachers, the average teacher salary for grades K through 12 shall apply.

For calculating the salaries included within the Essential Elements for positions not included within EIS Data, the following salaries shall be used in the first year of implementation of Evidence-Based Funding:

- (i) school site staff, \$30,000; and
- (ii) non-instructional assistant, instructional assistant, library aide, library media tech, or supervisory aide: \$25,000.

In the second and subsequent years of implementation of Evidence-Based Funding, the amounts in items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph (3) shall annually increase by the ECI.

The salary amounts for the Essential Elements determined pursuant to subparagraphs (A) through (L), (S) and (T), and (V) through (X) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this Section shall be multiplied by a Regionalization Factor.

(c) Local Capacity calculation.

(1) Each Organizational Unit's Local Capacity represents an amount of funding it is assumed to contribute toward its Adequacy Target for purposes of the Evidence-Based Funding formula calculation. "Local Capacity" means either (i) the Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Target as calculated in accordance with paragraph (2) of this subsection (c) if its Real Receipts are equal to or less than its Local Capacity Target or (ii) the Organizational Unit's Adjusted Local Capacity, as calculated in accordance with paragraph (3) of this subsection (c) if Real Receipts are more than its Local Capacity Target.

(2) "Local Capacity Target" means, for an Organizational Unit, that dollar amount that is obtained by multiplying its Adequacy Target by its Local Capacity Ratio.

(A) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Percentage is the conversion of the Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio, as such ratio is determined in accordance with subparagraph (B) of this paragraph (2), into a cumulative distribution resulting in a percentile ranking to determine each Organizational Unit's relative position to all other Organizational Units in this State. The calculation of Local Capacity Percentage is described in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (2).

(B) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio in a given year is the percentage obtained by dividing its Adjusted EAV or PTELL EAV, whichever is less, by its Adequacy Target, with the resulting ratio further adjusted as follows:

- (i) for Organizational Units serving grades kindergarten through 12 and Hybrid Districts, no further adjustments shall be made;
- (ii) for Organizational Units serving grades kindergarten through 8, the ratio shall be multiplied by 9/13;

(iii) for Organizational Units serving grades 9 through 12, the Local Capacity Ratio shall be multiplied by 4/13; and

(iv) for an Organizational Unit with a different grade configuration than those specified in items (i) through (iii) of this subparagraph (B), the State Superintendent shall determine a comparable adjustment based on the grades served.

(C) The Local Capacity Percentage is equal to the percentile ranking of the district. Local Capacity Percentage converts each Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio to a cumulative distribution resulting in a percentile ranking to determine each Organizational Unit's relative position to all other Organizational Units in this State. The Local Capacity Percentage cumulative distribution resulting in a percentile ranking for each Organizational Unit shall be calculated using the standard normal distribution of the score in relation to the weighted mean and weighted standard deviation and Local Capacity Ratios of all Organizational Units. If the value assigned to any Organizational Unit is in excess of 90%, the value shall be adjusted to 90%. For Laboratory Schools, the Local Capacity Percentage shall be set at 10% in recognition of the absence of EAV and resources from the public university that are allocated to the Laboratory School. For a regional office of education or an intermediate service center operating one or more alternative education programs, the Local Capacity Percentage must be set at 10% in recognition of the absence of EAV and resources from school districts that are allocated to the regional office of education or intermediate service center. The weighted mean for the Local Capacity Percentage shall be determined by multiplying each Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio times the ASE for the unit creating a weighted value, summing the weighted values of all Organizational Units, and dividing by the total ASE of all Organizational Units. The weighted standard deviation shall be determined by taking the square root of the weighted variance of all Organizational Units' Local Capacity Ratio, where the variance is calculated by squaring the difference between each unit's Local Capacity Ratio and the weighted mean, then multiplying the variance for each unit times the ASE for the unit to create a weighted variance for each unit, then summing all units' weighted variance and dividing by the total ASE of all units.

(D) For any Organizational Unit, the Organizational Unit's Adjusted Local Capacity Target shall be reduced by either (i) the school board's remaining contribution pursuant to paragraph (ii) of subsection (b-4) of Section 16-158 of the Illinois Pension Code in a given year or (ii) the board of education's remaining contribution pursuant to paragraph (iv) of subsection (b) of Section 17-129 of the Illinois Pension Code absent the employer normal cost portion of the required contribution and amount allowed pursuant to subdivision (3) of Section 17-142.1 of the Illinois Pension Code in a given year. In the preceding sentence, item (i) shall be certified to the State Board of Education by the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois and item (ii) shall be certified to the State Board of Education by the Public School Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund of the City of Chicago.

(3) If an Organizational Unit's Real Receipts are more than its Local Capacity Target, then its Local Capacity shall equal an Adjusted Local Capacity Target as calculated in accordance with this paragraph (3). The Adjusted Local Capacity Target is calculated as the sum of the Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Target and its Real Receipts Adjustment. The Real Receipts Adjustment equals the Organizational Unit's Real Receipts less its Local Capacity Target, with the resulting figure multiplied by the Local Capacity Percentage.

As used in this paragraph (3), "Real Percent of Adequacy" means the sum of an Organizational Unit's Real Receipts, CPPRT, and Base Funding Minimum, with the resulting figure divided by the Organizational Unit's Adequacy Target.

(d) Calculation of Real Receipts, EAV, and Adjusted EAV for purposes of the Local Capacity calculation.

(1) An Organizational Unit's Real Receipts are the product of its Applicable Tax Rate and its Adjusted EAV. An Organizational Unit's Applicable Tax Rate is its Adjusted Operating Tax Rate for property within the Organizational Unit.

(2) The State Superintendent shall calculate the equalized assessed valuation, or EAV, of all taxable property of each Organizational Unit as of September 30 of the previous year in accordance with paragraph (3) of this subsection (d). The State Superintendent shall then determine the Adjusted

EAV of each Organizational Unit in accordance with paragraph (4) of this subsection (d), which Adjusted EAV figure shall be used for the purposes of calculating Local Capacity.

(3) To calculate Real Receipts and EAV, the Department of Revenue shall supply to the State Superintendent the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue of all taxable property of every Organizational Unit, together with (i) the applicable tax rate used in extending taxes for the funds of the Organizational Unit as of September 30 of the previous year and (ii) the limiting rate for all Organizational Units subject to property tax extension limitations as imposed under PTELL.

(A) The Department of Revenue shall add to the equalized assessed value of all taxable property of each Organizational Unit situated entirely or partially within a county that is or was subject to the provisions of Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code (i) an amount equal to the total amount by which the homestead exemption allowed under Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code for real property situated in that Organizational Unit exceeds the total amount that would have been allowed in that Organizational Unit if the maximum reduction under Section 15-176 was (I) \$4,500 in Cook County or \$3,500 in all other counties in tax year 2003 or (II) \$5,000 in all counties in tax year 2004 and thereafter and (ii) an amount equal to the aggregate amount for the taxable year of all additional exemptions under Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code for owners with a household income of \$30,000 or less. The county clerk of any county that is or was subject to the provisions of Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code shall annually calculate and certify to the Department of Revenue for each Organizational Unit all homestead exemption amounts under Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code and all amounts of additional exemptions under Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code for owners with a household income of \$30,000 or less. It is the intent of this subparagraph (A) that if the general homestead exemption for a parcel of property is determined under Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code rather than Section 15-175, then the calculation of EAV shall not be affected by the difference, if any, between the amount of the general homestead exemption allowed for that parcel of property under Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code and the amount that would have been allowed had the general homestead exemption for that parcel of property been determined under Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code. It is further the intent of this subparagraph (A) that if additional exemptions are allowed under Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code for owners with a household income of less than \$30,000, then the calculation of EAV shall not be affected by the difference, if any, because of those additional exemptions.

(B) With respect to any part of an Organizational Unit within a redevelopment project area in respect to which a municipality has adopted tax increment allocation financing pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act, Division 74.4 of Article 11 of the Illinois Municipal Code, or the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law, Division 74.6 of Article 11 of the Illinois Municipal Code, no part of the current EAV of real property located in any such project area that is attributable to an increase above the total initial EAV of such property shall be used as part of the EAV of the Organizational Unit, until such time as all redevelopment project costs have been paid, as provided in Section 11-74.4-8 of the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act or in Section 11-74.6-35 of the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law. For the purpose of the EAV of the Organizational Unit, the total initial EAV or the current EAV, whichever is lower, shall be used until such time as all redevelopment project costs have been paid.

(B-5) The real property equalized assessed valuation for a school district shall be adjusted by subtracting from the real property value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue, for the district an amount computed by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes under Section 18-170 of the Property Tax Code by 3.00% for a district maintaining grades kindergarten through 12, by 2.30% for a district maintaining grades kindergarten through 8, or by 1.05% for a district maintaining grades 9 through 12 and adjusted by an amount computed by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes under subsection (a) of Section 18-165 of the Property Tax Code by the same percentage rates for district type as specified in this subparagraph (B-5).

(C) For Organizational Units that are Hybrid Districts, the State Superintendent shall use the lesser of the adjusted equalized assessed valuation for property within the partial elementary

unit district for elementary purposes, as defined in Article 11E of this Code, or the adjusted equalized assessed valuation for property within the partial elementary unit district for high school purposes, as defined in Article 11E of this Code.

(D) If a school district's boundaries span multiple counties, then the Department of Revenue shall send to the State Board, for the purposes of calculating Evidence-Based Funding, the limiting rate and individual rates by purpose for the county that contains the majority of the school district's equalized assessed valuation.

(4) An Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV shall be the average of its EAV over the immediately preceding 3 years or the lesser of its EAV in the immediately preceding year or the average of its EAV over the immediately preceding 3 years if the EAV in the immediately preceding year has declined by 10% or more when comparing the 2 most recent years. In the event of Organizational Unit reorganization, consolidation, or annexation, the Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV for the first 3 years after such change shall be as follows: the most current EAV shall be used in the first year, the average of a 2-year EAV or its EAV in the immediately preceding year if the EAV declines by 10% or more when comparing the 2 most recent years for the second year, and the lesser of a 3-year average EAV or its EAV in the immediately preceding year if the Adjusted EAV declines by 10% or more when comparing the 2 most recent years for the third year. For any school district whose EAV in the immediately preceding year is used in calculations, in the following year, the Adjusted EAV shall be the average of its EAV over the immediately preceding 2 years or the immediately preceding year if that year represents a decline of 10% or more when comparing the 2 most recent years.

"PTELL EAV" means a figure calculated by the State Board for Organizational Units subject to PTELL as described in this paragraph (4) for the purposes of calculating an Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (4), the PTELL EAV of an Organizational Unit shall be equal to the product of the equalized assessed valuation last used in the calculation of general State aid under Section 18-8.05 of this Code (now repealed) or Evidence-Based Funding under this Section and the Organizational Unit's Extension Limitation Ratio. If an Organizational Unit has approved or does approve an increase in its limiting rate, pursuant to Section 18-190 of the Property Tax Code, affecting the Base Tax Year, the PTELL EAV shall be equal to the product of the equalized assessed valuation last used in the calculation of general State aid under Section 18-8.05 of this Code (now repealed) or Evidence-Based Funding under this Section multiplied by an amount equal to one plus the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for all items published by the United States Department of Labor for the 12-month calendar year preceding the Base Tax Year, plus the equalized assessed valuation of new property, annexed property, and recovered tax increment value and minus the equalized assessed valuation of disconnected property.

As used in this paragraph (4), "new property" and "recovered tax increment value" shall have the meanings set forth in the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law.

(e) Base Funding Minimum calculation.

(1) For the 2017-2018 school year, the Base Funding Minimum of an Organizational Unit or a Specially Funded Unit shall be the amount of State funds distributed to the Organizational Unit or Specially Funded Unit during the 2016-2017 school year prior to any adjustments and specified appropriation amounts described in this paragraph (1) from the following Sections, as calculated by the State Superintendent: Section 18-8.05 of this Code (now repealed); Section 5 of Article 224 of Public Act 99-524 (equity grants); Section 14-7.02b of this Code (funding for children requiring special education services); Section 14-13.01 of this Code (special education facilities and staffing), except for reimbursement of the cost of transportation pursuant to Section 14-13.01; Section 14C-12 of this Code (English learners); and Section 18-4.3 of this Code (summer school), based on an appropriation level of \$13,121,600. For a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code, the Base Funding Minimum also includes (i) the funds allocated to the school district pursuant to Section 1D-1 of this Code attributable to funding programs authorized by the Sections of this Code listed in the preceding sentence and (ii) the difference between (I) the funds allocated to the school district pursuant to Section 1D-1 of this Code attributable to the funding programs authorized by Section 14-7.02 (non-public special education reimbursement), subsection (b) of Section 14-13.01 (special education transportation), Section 29-5 (transportation), Section 2-3.80 (agricultural education), Section 2-3.66 (truant's alternative education), Section 2-3.62 (educational service centers), and

Section 14-7.03 (special education - orphanage) of this Code and Section 15 of the Childhood Hunger Relief Act (free breakfast program) and (II) the school district's actual expenditures for its non-public special education, special education transportation, transportation programs, agricultural education, truant's alternative education, services that would otherwise be performed by a regional office of education, special education orphanage expenditures, and free breakfast, as most recently calculated and reported pursuant to subsection (f) of Section 1D-1 of this Code. The Base Funding Minimum for Glenwood Academy shall be \$952,014. For programs operated by a regional office of education or an intermediate service center, the Base Funding Minimum must be the total amount of State funds allocated to those programs in the 2018-2019 school year and amounts provided pursuant to Article 34 of Public Act 100-586 and Section 3-16 of this Code. All programs established after June 5, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-10) and administered by a regional office of education or an intermediate service center must have an initial Base Funding Minimum set to an amount equal to the first-year ASE multiplied by the amount of per pupil funding received in the previous school year by the lowest funded similar existing program type. If the enrollment for a program operated by a regional office of education or an intermediate service center is zero, then it may not receive Base Funding Minimum funds for that program in the next fiscal year, and those funds must be distributed to Organizational Units under subsection (g).

(2) For the 2018-2019 and subsequent school years, the Base Funding Minimum of Organizational Units and Specially Funded Units shall be the sum of (i) the amount of Evidence-Based Funding for the prior school year, (ii) the Base Funding Minimum for the prior school year, and (iii) any amount received by a school district pursuant to Section 7 of Article 97 of Public Act 100-21.

For the 2022-2023 school year, the Base Funding Minimum of Organizational Units shall be the amounts recalculated by the State Board of Education for Fiscal Year 2019 through Fiscal Year 2022 that were necessary due to average student enrollment errors for districts organized under Article 34 of this Code, plus the Fiscal Year 2022 property tax relief grants provided under Section 2-3.170 of this Code, ensuring each Organizational Unit has the correct amount of resources for Fiscal Year 2023 Evidence-Based Funding calculations and that Fiscal Year 2023 Evidence-Based Funding Distributions are made in accordance with this Section.

(3) Subject to approval by the General Assembly as provided in this paragraph (3), an Organizational Unit that meets all of the following criteria, as determined by the State Board, shall have District Intervention Money added to its Base Funding Minimum at the time the Base Funding Minimum is calculated by the State Board:

(A) The Organizational Unit is operating under an Independent Authority under Section 2-3.25f-5 of this Code for a minimum of 4 school years or is subject to the control of the State Board pursuant to a court order for a minimum of 4 school years.

(B) The Organizational Unit was designated as a Tier 1 or Tier 2 Organizational Unit in the previous school year under paragraph (3) of subsection (g) of this Section.

(C) The Organizational Unit demonstrates sustainability through a 5-year financial and strategic plan.

(D) The Organizational Unit has made sufficient progress and achieved sufficient stability in the areas of governance, academic growth, and finances.

As part of its determination under this paragraph (3), the State Board may consider the Organizational Unit's summative designation, any accreditations of the Organizational Unit, or the Organizational Unit's financial profile, as calculated by the State Board.

If the State Board determines that an Organizational Unit has met the criteria set forth in this paragraph (3), it must submit a report to the General Assembly, no later than January 2 of the fiscal year in which the State Board makes its determination, on the amount of District Intervention Money to add to the Organizational Unit's Base Funding Minimum. The General Assembly must review the State Board's report and may approve or disapprove, by joint resolution, the addition of District Intervention Money. If the General Assembly fails to act on the report within 40 calendar days from the receipt of the report, the addition of District Intervention Money is deemed approved. If the General Assembly approves the amount of District Intervention Money to be added to the Organizational Unit's Base Funding Minimum, the District Intervention Money must be added to the Base Funding Minimum annually thereafter.

For the first 4 years following the initial year that the State Board determines that an Organizational Unit has met the criteria set forth in this paragraph (3) and has received funding under this Section, the Organizational Unit must annually submit to the State Board, on or before November 30, a progress report regarding its financial and strategic plan under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (3). The plan shall include the financial data from the past 4 annual financial reports or financial audits that must be presented to the State Board by November 15 of each year and the approved budget financial data for the current year. The plan shall be developed according to the guidelines presented to the Organizational Unit by the State Board. The plan shall further include financial projections for the next 3 fiscal years and include a discussion and financial summary of the Organizational Unit's facility needs. If the Organizational Unit does not demonstrate sufficient progress toward its 5-year plan or if it has failed to file an annual financial report, an annual budget, a financial plan, a deficit reduction plan, or other financial information as required by law, the State Board may establish a Financial Oversight Panel under Article 1H of this Code. However, if the Organizational Unit already has a Financial Oversight Panel, the State Board may extend the duration of the Panel.

(f) Percent of Adequacy and Final Resources calculation.

(1) The Evidence-Based Funding formula establishes a Percent of Adequacy for each Organizational Unit in order to place such units into tiers for the purposes of the funding distribution system described in subsection (g) of this Section. Initially, an Organizational Unit's Preliminary Resources and Preliminary Percent of Adequacy are calculated pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection (f). Then, an Organizational Unit's Final Resources and Final Percent of Adequacy are calculated to account for the Organizational Unit's poverty concentration levels pursuant to paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection (f).

(2) An Organizational Unit's Preliminary Resources are equal to the sum of its Local Capacity Target, CPPRT, and Base Funding Minimum. An Organizational Unit's Preliminary Percent of Adequacy is the lesser of (i) its Preliminary Resources divided by its Adequacy Target or (ii) 100%.

(3) Except for Specially Funded Units, an Organizational Unit's Final Resources are equal to the sum of its Local Capacity, CPPRT, and Adjusted Base Funding Minimum. The Base Funding Minimum of each Specially Funded Unit shall serve as its Final Resources, except that the Base Funding Minimum for State-approved charter schools shall not include any portion of general State aid allocated in the prior year based on the per capita tuition charge times the charter school enrollment.

(4) An Organizational Unit's Final Percent of Adequacy is its Final Resources divided by its Adequacy Target. An Organizational Unit's Adjusted Base Funding Minimum is equal to its Base Funding Minimum less its Supplemental Grant Funding, with the resulting figure added to the product of its Supplemental Grant Funding and Preliminary Percent of Adequacy.

(g) Evidence-Based Funding formula distribution system.

(1) In each school year under the Evidence-Based Funding formula, each Organizational Unit receives funding equal to the sum of its Base Funding Minimum and the unit's allocation of New State Funds determined pursuant to this subsection (g). To allocate New State Funds, the Evidence-Based Funding formula distribution system first places all Organizational Units into one of 4 tiers in accordance with paragraph (3) of this subsection (g), based on the Organizational Unit's Final Percent of Adequacy. New State Funds are allocated to each of the 4 tiers as follows: Tier 1 Aggregate Funding equals 50% of all New State Funds, Tier 2 Aggregate Funding equals 49% of all New State Funds, Tier 3 Aggregate Funding equals 0.9% of all New State Funds, and Tier 4 Aggregate Funding equals 0.1% of all New State Funds. Each Organizational Unit within Tier 1 or Tier 2 receives an allocation of New State Funds equal to its tier Funding Gap, as defined in the following sentence, multiplied by the tier's Allocation Rate determined pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subsection (g). For Tier 1, an Organizational Unit's Funding Gap equals the tier's Target Ratio, as specified in paragraph (5) of this subsection (g), multiplied by the Organizational Unit's Adequacy Target, with the resulting amount reduced by the Organizational Unit's Final Resources. For Tier 2, an Organizational Unit's Funding Gap equals the tier's Target Ratio, as described in paragraph (5) of this subsection (g), multiplied by the Organizational Unit's Adequacy Target, with the resulting amount reduced by the Organizational Unit's Final Resources and its Tier 1 funding allocation. To determine the Organizational Unit's Funding Gap, the resulting amount is then multiplied by a factor equal to one minus the Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Target percentage. Each Organizational Unit within

Tier 3 or Tier 4 receives an allocation of New State Funds equal to the product of its Adequacy Target and the tier's Allocation Rate, as specified in paragraph (4) of this subsection (g).

(2) To ensure equitable distribution of dollars for all Tier 2 Organizational Units, no Tier 2 Organizational Unit shall receive fewer dollars per ASE than any Tier 3 Organizational Unit. Each Tier 2 and Tier 3 Organizational Unit shall have its funding allocation divided by its ASE. Any Tier 2 Organizational Unit with a funding allocation per ASE below the greatest Tier 3 allocation per ASE shall get a funding allocation equal to the greatest Tier 3 funding allocation per ASE multiplied by the Organizational Unit's ASE. Each Tier 2 Organizational Unit's Tier 2 funding allocation shall be multiplied by the percentage calculated by dividing the original Tier 2 Aggregate Funding by the sum of all Tier 2 Organizational Units' Tier 2 funding allocation after adjusting districts' funding below Tier 3 levels.

(3) Organizational Units are placed into one of 4 tiers as follows:

(A) Tier 1 consists of all Organizational Units, except for Specially Funded Units, with a Percent of Adequacy less than the Tier 1 Target Ratio. The Tier 1 Target Ratio is the ratio level that allows for Tier 1 Aggregate Funding to be distributed, with the Tier 1 Allocation Rate determined pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subsection (g).

(B) Tier 2 consists of all Tier 1 Units and all other Organizational Units, except for Specially Funded Units, with a Percent of Adequacy of less than 0.90.

(C) Tier 3 consists of all Organizational Units, except for Specially Funded Units, with a Percent of Adequacy of at least 0.90 and less than 1.0.

(D) Tier 4 consists of all Organizational Units with a Percent of Adequacy of at least 1.0.

(4) The Allocation Rates for Tiers 1 through 4 are determined as follows:

(A) The Tier 1 Allocation Rate is 30%.

(B) The Tier 2 Allocation Rate is the result of the following equation: Tier 2 Aggregate Funding, divided by the sum of the Funding Gaps for all Tier 2 Organizational Units, unless the result of such equation is higher than 1.0. If the result of such equation is higher than 1.0, then the Tier 2 Allocation Rate is 1.0.

(C) The Tier 3 Allocation Rate is the result of the following equation: Tier 3 Aggregate Funding, divided by the sum of the Adequacy Targets of all Tier 3 Organizational Units.

(D) The Tier 4 Allocation Rate is the result of the following equation: Tier 4 Aggregate Funding, divided by the sum of the Adequacy Targets of all Tier 4 Organizational Units.

(5) A tier's Target Ratio is determined as follows:

(A) The Tier 1 Target Ratio is the ratio level that allows for Tier 1 Aggregate Funding to be distributed with the Tier 1 Allocation Rate.

(B) The Tier 2 Target Ratio is 0.90.

(C) The Tier 3 Target Ratio is 1.0.

(6) If, at any point, the Tier 1 Target Ratio is greater than 90%, then all Tier 1 funding shall be allocated to Tier 2 and no Tier 1 Organizational Unit's funding may be identified.

(7) In the event that all Tier 2 Organizational Units receive funding at the Tier 2 Target Ratio level, any remaining New State Funds shall be allocated to Tier 3 and Tier 4 Organizational Units.

(8) If any Specially Funded Units, excluding Glenwood Academy, recognized by the State Board do not qualify for direct funding following the implementation of Public Act 100-465 from any of the funding sources included within the definition of Base Funding Minimum, the unqualified portion of the Base Funding Minimum shall be transferred to one or more appropriate Organizational Units as determined by the State Superintendent based on the prior year ASE of the Organizational Units.

(8.5) If a school district withdraws from a special education cooperative, the portion of the Base Funding Minimum that is attributable to the school district may be redistributed to the school district upon withdrawal. The school district and the cooperative must include the amount of the Base Funding Minimum that is to be reapportioned in their withdrawal agreement and notify the State Board of the change with a copy of the agreement upon withdrawal.

(9) The Minimum Funding Level is intended to establish a target for State funding that will keep pace with inflation and continue to advance equity through the Evidence-Based Funding formula. The target for State funding of New Property Tax Relief Pool Funds is \$50,000,000 for State fiscal year 2019 and subsequent State fiscal years. The Minimum Funding Level is equal to \$350,000,000. In addition to any New State Funds, no more than \$50,000,000 New Property Tax

Relief Pool Funds may be counted toward the Minimum Funding Level. If the sum of New State Funds and applicable New Property Tax Relief Pool Funds are less than the Minimum Funding Level, then funding for tiers shall be reduced in the following manner:

(A) First, Tier 4 funding shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the Minimum Funding Level and New State Funds until such time as Tier 4 funding is exhausted.

(B) Next, Tier 3 funding shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the Minimum Funding Level and New State Funds and the reduction in Tier 4 funding until such time as Tier 3 funding is exhausted.

(C) Next, Tier 2 funding shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the Minimum Funding Level and New State Funds and the reduction in Tier 4 and Tier 3.

(D) Finally, Tier 1 funding shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the Minimum Funding level and New State Funds and the reduction in Tier 2, 3, and 4 funding. In addition, the Allocation Rate for Tier 1 shall be reduced to a percentage equal to the Tier 1 Allocation Rate set by paragraph (4) of this subsection (g), multiplied by the result of New State Funds divided by the Minimum Funding Level.

(9.5) For State fiscal year 2019 and subsequent State fiscal years, if New State Funds exceed \$300,000,000, then any amount in excess of \$300,000,000 shall be dedicated for purposes of Section 2-3.170 of this Code up to a maximum of \$50,000,000.

(10) In the event of a decrease in the amount of the appropriation for this Section in any fiscal year after implementation of this Section, the Organizational Units receiving Tier 1 and Tier 2 funding, as determined under paragraph (3) of this subsection (g), shall be held harmless by establishing a Base Funding Guarantee equal to the per pupil kindergarten through grade 12 funding received in accordance with this Section in the prior fiscal year. Reductions shall be made to the Base Funding Minimum of Organizational Units in Tier 3 and Tier 4 on a per pupil basis equivalent to the total number of the ASE in Tier 3-funded and Tier 4-funded Organizational Units divided by the total reduction in State funding. The Base Funding Minimum as reduced shall continue to be applied to Tier 3 and Tier 4 Organizational Units and adjusted by the relative formula when increases in appropriations for this Section resume. In no event may State funding reductions to Organizational Units in Tier 3 or Tier 4 exceed an amount that would be less than the Base Funding Minimum established in the first year of implementation of this Section. If additional reductions are required, all school districts shall receive a reduction by a per pupil amount equal to the aggregate additional appropriation reduction divided by the total ASE of all Organizational Units.

(11) The State Superintendent shall make minor adjustments to the distribution formula set forth in this subsection (g) to account for the rounding of percentages to the nearest tenth of a percentage and dollar amounts to the nearest whole dollar.

(h) State Superintendent administration of funding and district submission requirements.

(1) The State Superintendent shall, in accordance with appropriations made by the General Assembly, meet the funding obligations created under this Section.

(2) The State Superintendent shall calculate the Adequacy Target for each Organizational Unit under this Section. No Evidence-Based Funding shall be distributed within an Organizational Unit without the approval of the unit's school board.

(3) Annually, the State Superintendent shall calculate and report to each Organizational Unit the unit's aggregate financial adequacy amount, which shall be the sum of the Adequacy Target for each Organizational Unit. The State Superintendent shall calculate and report separately for each Organizational Unit the unit's total State funds allocated for its students with disabilities. The State Superintendent shall calculate and report separately for each Organizational Unit the amount of funding and applicable FTE calculated for each Essential Element of the unit's Adequacy Target.

(4) Annually, the State Superintendent shall calculate and report to each Organizational Unit the amount the unit must expend on special education and bilingual education and computer technology and equipment for Organizational Units assigned to Tier 1 or Tier 2 that received an additional \$285.50 per student computer technology and equipment investment grant to their Adequacy Target pursuant to the unit's Base Funding Minimum, Special Education Allocation, Bilingual Education Allocation, and computer technology and equipment investment allocation.

(5) Moneys distributed under this Section shall be calculated on a school year basis, but paid on a fiscal year basis, with payments beginning in August and extending through June. Unless otherwise

provided, the moneys appropriated for each fiscal year shall be distributed in 22 equal payments at least 2 times monthly to each Organizational Unit. If moneys appropriated for any fiscal year are distributed other than monthly, the distribution shall be on the same basis for each Organizational Unit.

(6) Any school district that fails, for any given school year, to maintain school as required by law or to maintain a recognized school is not eligible to receive Evidence-Based Funding. In case of non-recognition of one or more attendance centers in a school district otherwise operating recognized schools, the claim of the district shall be reduced in the proportion that the enrollment in the attendance center or centers bears to the enrollment of the school district. "Recognized school" means any public school that meets the standards for recognition by the State Board. A school district or attendance center not having recognition status at the end of a school term is entitled to receive State aid payments due upon a legal claim that was filed while it was recognized.

(7) School district claims filed under this Section are subject to Sections 18-9 and 18-12 of this Code, except as otherwise provided in this Section.

(8) Each fiscal year, the State Superintendent shall calculate for each Organizational Unit an amount of its Base Funding Minimum and Evidence-Based Funding that shall be deemed attributable to the provision of special educational facilities and services, as defined in Section 14-1.08 of this Code, in a manner that ensures compliance with maintenance of State financial support requirements under the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. An Organizational Unit must use such funds only for the provision of special educational facilities and services, as defined in Section 14-1.08 of this Code, and must comply with any expenditure verification procedures adopted by the State Board.

(9) All Organizational Units in this State must submit annual spending plans, as part of the budget submission process, no later than October 31 of each year to the State Board. The spending plan shall describe how each Organizational Unit will utilize the Base Funding Minimum and Evidence-Based Funding it receives from this State under this Section with specific identification of the intended utilization of Low-Income, English learner, and special education resources. Additionally, the annual spending plans of each Organizational Unit shall describe how the Organizational Unit expects to achieve student growth and how the Organizational Unit will achieve State education goals, as defined by the State Board, and shall indicate which stakeholder groups the Organizational Unit engaged with to inform its annual spending plans. The State Superintendent may, from time to time, identify additional requisites for Organizational Units to satisfy when compiling the annual spending plans required under this subsection (h). The format and scope of annual spending plans shall be developed by the State Superintendent and the State Board of Education. School districts that serve students under Article 14C of this Code shall continue to submit information as required under Section 14C-12 of this Code. Annual spending plans required under this subsection (h) shall be integrated into annual school district budgets completed pursuant to Section 17-1 or Section 34-43. Organizational Units that do not submit a budget to the State Board shall be provided with a separate planning template developed by the State Board. The State Board shall create an Evidence-Based Funding spending plan tool to make Evidence-Based Funding spending plan data for each Organizational Unit available on the State Board's website no later than December 31, 2025, with annual updates thereafter. The tool shall allow for the selection and review of each Organizational Unit's planned use of Evidence-Based Funding.

(10) No later than January 1, 2018, the State Superintendent shall develop a 5-year strategic plan for all Organizational Units to help in planning for adequacy funding under this Section. The State Superintendent shall submit the plan to the Governor and the General Assembly, as provided in Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act. The plan shall include recommendations for:

(A) a framework for collaborative, professional, innovative, and 21st century learning environments using the Evidence-Based Funding model;

(B) ways to prepare and support this State's educators for successful instructional careers;

(C) application and enhancement of the current financial accountability measures, the approved State plan to comply with the federal Every Student Succeeds Act, and the Illinois Balanced Accountability Measures in relation to student growth and elements of the Evidence-Based Funding model; and

(D) implementation of an effective school adequacy funding system based on projected and recommended funding levels from the General Assembly.

(11) On an annual basis, the State Superintendent must recalibrate all of the following per pupil elements of the Adequacy Target and applied to the formulas, based on the study of average expenses and as reported in the most recent annual financial report:

- (A) Gifted under subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b).
- (B) Instructional materials under subparagraph (O) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b).
- (C) Assessment under subparagraph (P) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b).
- (D) Student activities under subparagraph (R) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b).
- (E) Maintenance and operations under subparagraph (S) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b).

(b).

- (F) Central office under subparagraph (T) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b).

(i) Professional Review Panel.

(1) A Professional Review Panel is created to study and review topics related to the implementation and effect of Evidence-Based Funding, as assigned by a joint resolution or Public Act of the General Assembly or a motion passed by the State Board of Education. The Panel must provide recommendations to and serve the Governor, the General Assembly, and the State Board. The State Superintendent or his or her designee must serve as a voting member and chairperson of the Panel. The State Superintendent must appoint a vice chairperson from the membership of the Panel. The Panel must advance recommendations based on a three-fifths majority vote of Panel members present and voting. A minority opinion may also accompany any recommendation of the Panel. The Panel shall be appointed by the State Superintendent, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection (i) and include the following members:

(A) Two appointees that represent district superintendents, recommended by a statewide organization that represents district superintendents.

(B) Two appointees that represent school boards, recommended by a statewide organization that represents school boards.

(C) Two appointees from districts that represent school business officials, recommended by a statewide organization that represents school business officials.

(D) Two appointees that represent school principals, recommended by a statewide organization that represents school principals.

(E) Two appointees that represent teachers, recommended by a statewide organization that represents teachers.

(F) Two appointees that represent teachers, recommended by another statewide organization that represents teachers.

(G) Two appointees that represent regional superintendents of schools, recommended by organizations that represent regional superintendents.

(H) Two independent experts selected solely by the State Superintendent.

(I) Two independent experts recommended by public universities in this State.

(J) One member recommended by a statewide organization that represents parents.

(K) Two representatives recommended by collective impact organizations that represent major metropolitan areas or geographic areas in Illinois.

(L) One member from a statewide organization focused on research-based education policy to support a school system that prepares all students for college, a career, and democratic citizenship.

(M) One representative from a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code.

The State Superintendent shall ensure that the membership of the Panel includes representatives from school districts and communities reflecting the geographic, socio-economic, racial, and ethnic diversity of this State. The State Superintendent shall additionally ensure that the membership of the Panel includes representatives with expertise in bilingual education and special education. Staff from the State Board shall staff the Panel.

(2) In addition to those Panel members appointed by the State Superintendent, 4 members of the General Assembly shall be appointed as follows: one member of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one member of the Senate appointed by the President of the Senate, one member of the House of Representatives appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, and one member of the Senate appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate. There shall be one additional member appointed by the Governor. All members appointed by legislative leaders or the Governor shall be non-voting, ex officio members.

(3) The Panel must study topics at the direction of the General Assembly or State Board of Education, as provided under paragraph (1). The Panel may also study the following topics at the direction of the chairperson:

(A) The format and scope of annual spending plans referenced in paragraph (9) of subsection (h) of this Section.

(B) The Comparable Wage Index under this Section.

(C) Maintenance and operations, including capital maintenance and construction costs.

(D) "At-risk student" definition.

(E) Benefits.

(F) Technology.

(G) Local Capacity Target.

(H) Funding for Alternative Schools, Laboratory Schools, safe schools, and alternative learning opportunities programs.

(I) Funding for college and career acceleration strategies.

(J) Special education investments.

(K) Early childhood investments, in collaboration with the Illinois Early Learning Council.

(4) (Blank).

(5) Within 5 years after the implementation of this Section, and every 5 years thereafter, the Panel shall complete an evaluative study of the entire Evidence-Based Funding model, including an assessment of whether or not the formula is achieving State goals. The Panel shall report to the State Board, the General Assembly, and the Governor on the findings of the study.

(6) (Blank).

(7) To ensure that (i) the Adequacy Target calculation under subsection (b) accurately reflects the needs of students living in poverty or attending schools located in areas of high poverty, (ii) racial equity within the Evidence-Based Funding formula is explicitly explored and advanced, and (iii) the funding goals of the formula distribution system established under this Section are sufficient to provide adequate funding for every student and to fully fund every school in this State, the Panel shall review the Essential Elements under paragraph (2) of subsection (b). The Panel shall consider all of the following in its review:

(A) The financial ability of school districts to provide instruction in a foreign language to every student and whether an additional Essential Element should be added to the formula to ensure that every student has access to instruction in a foreign language.

(B) The adult-to-student ratio for each Essential Element in which a ratio is identified. The Panel shall consider whether the ratio accurately reflects the staffing needed to support students living in poverty or who have traumatic backgrounds.

(C) Changes to the Essential Elements that may be required to better promote racial equity and eliminate structural racism within schools.

(D) The impact of investing \$350,000,000 in additional funds each year under this Section and an estimate of when the school system will become fully funded under this level of appropriation.

(E) Provide an overview of alternative funding structures that would enable the State to become fully funded at an earlier date.

(F) The potential to increase efficiency and to find cost savings within the school system to expedite the journey to a fully funded system.

(G) The appropriate levels for reenrolling and graduating high-risk high school students who have been previously out of school. These outcomes shall include enrollment, attendance, skill gains, credit gains, graduation or promotion to the next grade level, and the transition to college, training, or employment, with an emphasis on progressively increasing the overall attendance.

(H) The evidence-based or research-based practices that are shown to reduce the gaps and disparities experienced by African American students in academic achievement and educational performance, including practices that have been shown to reduce disparities in disciplinary rates, drop-out rates, graduation rates, college matriculation rates, and college completion rates.

On or before December 31, 2021, the Panel shall report to the State Board, the General Assembly, and the Governor on the findings of its review. This paragraph (7) is inoperative on and after July 1, 2022.

(8) On or before April 1, 2024, the Panel must submit a report to the General Assembly on annual adjustments to Glenwood Academy's base-funding minimum in a similar fashion to school districts under this Section.

(9) On or before March 31, 2026, the Professional Review Panel shall make a report to the Governor and the General Assembly assessing the impact of the property tax relief pool grant program under Section 2-3.170, including the number of districts participating in the program by fiscal year since Fiscal Year 2019, the tier assignment for participating school districts, and an analysis of the operating tax rates of participating school districts to determine if the grant program is meeting the legislative intent of reducing property taxes in high-tax areas of the State.

(j) References. Beginning July 1, 2017, references in other laws to general State aid funds or calculations under Section 18-8.05 of this Code (now repealed) shall be deemed to be references to evidence-based model formula funds or calculations under this Section.

(Source: P.A. 102-33, eff. 6-25-21; 102-197, eff. 7-30-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-699, eff. 4-19-22; 102-782, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-894, eff. 5-20-22; 103-8, eff. 6-7-23; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23; 103-175, eff. 6-30-23; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 103-780, eff. 8-2-24; 103-802, eff. 1-1-25; revised 11-26-24.)

ARTICLE 35.

(105 ILCS 5/14-15.01 rep.)

Section 35-5. The School Code is amended by repealing Section 14-15.01.

Section 35-10. The Interagency Children's Behavioral Health Services Act is amended by changing Section 10 as follows:

(405 ILCS 165/10)

Sec. 10. Interagency agreement. In order to establish the Interagency Children's Behavioral Health Services Team, within 90 days after the effective date of this Act, the Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of Human Services, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, the Illinois State Board of Education, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the Department of Public Health shall enter into an interagency agreement for the purpose of establishing the roles and responsibilities of each participating agency.

The interagency agreement, among other things, shall address all of the following:

(1) Require each participating agency to assign staff to the Interagency Children's Behavioral Health Services Team who have operational knowledge of and decision-making authority over the agency's children's behavioral health programs and services.

(2) Set criteria to identify children whose cases will be presented to the Interagency Children's Behavioral Health Services Team for prioritized review. Criteria shall include, but not be limited to:

(A) the length of time the child has been clinically approved for residential services through existing funding streams but has not been admitted to an appropriate program;

(B) the length of time the child has been in a hospital emergency department or medical unit seeking inpatient treatment for psychiatric or behavioral health emergency;

(C) the length of time the child has been in a psychiatric or general acute care hospital for inpatient psychiatric treatment beyond medical necessity;

(D) the risk of being taken into the custody of the Department of Children and Family Services in the absence of abuse or neglect as defined by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for the sole purpose of obtaining behavioral health services or residential treatment;

(E) other circumstances that require enhanced interagency collaboration to find appropriate services for the child.

(3) Require each agency, or its designee, to present each identified child's clinical case, to the extent permitted by State and federal law, to the Interagency Children's Behavioral Health Services Team during regular team meetings to outline the child's needs and to determine if any of the participating agencies have residential or other supportive services that may be available for the child

to ensure that the child receives appropriate treatment, including residential treatment if necessary, as soon as possible.

(4) ~~Allow~~ Require the State Board of Education Community and Residential Services Authority to, with the consent of the child's parent or guardian, notify the Interagency Children's Behavioral Health Services Team of any child that has been referred for services who ~~meets~~ meet the criteria set forth in paragraph (2) and to present the clinical cases for the child to the interagency team to determine if any agency program can assist the child.

(5) Require the participating agencies to develop a quarterly analysis, to be submitted to the General Assembly and the Governor's Office, ~~and the Community and Residential Services Authority~~ including the following information, to the extent permitted by State and federal law:

- (A) the number of children presented to the team;
- (B) the children's clinical presentations that required enhanced agency collaboration;
- (C) the types of services including residential treatment that were needed to appropriately support the aggregate needs of children presented;
- (D) the timeframe it took to find placement or appropriate services; and
- (E) any other data or information the Interagency Children's Behavioral Health Services Team deems appropriate.

All information collected, shared, or stored pursuant to this Section shall be handled in accordance with all State and federal privacy laws and accompanying regulations and rules, including without limitation the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-191) and the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed or applied in a manner that would conflict with, diminish, or infringe upon, any State agency's obligation to comply fully with requirements imposed under a court order or State or federal consent decree applicable to that agency.

(Source: P.A. 103-546, eff. 8-11-23.)

ARTICLE 40.

Section 40-5. The State Officials and Employees Ethics Act is amended by changing Sections 1-5, 5-5, 25-5, and 25-10 as follows:

(5 ILCS 430/1-5)

Sec. 1-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Appointee" means a person appointed to a position in or with a State agency, regardless of whether the position is compensated.

"Board members of Regional Development Authorities" means any person appointed to serve on the governing board of a Regional Development Authority.

"Board members of Regional Transit Boards" means any person appointed to serve on the governing board of a Regional Transit Board.

"Campaign for elective office" means any activity in furtherance of an effort to influence the selection, nomination, election, or appointment of any individual to any federal, State, or local public office or office in a political organization, or the selection, nomination, or election of Presidential or Vice-Presidential electors, but does not include activities (i) relating to the support or opposition of any executive, legislative, or administrative action (as those terms are defined in Section 2 of the Lobbyist Registration Act), (ii) relating to collective bargaining, or (iii) that are otherwise in furtherance of the person's official State duties.

"Candidate" means a person who has filed nominating papers or petitions for nomination or election to an elected State office, or who has been appointed to fill a vacancy in nomination, and who remains eligible for placement on the ballot at either a general primary election or general election.

"Collective bargaining" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 3 of the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act.

"Commission" means an ethics commission created by this Act.

"Compensated time" means any time worked by or credited to a State employee that counts toward any minimum work time requirement imposed as a condition of employment with a State agency, but does not include any designated State holidays or any period when the employee is on a leave of absence.

"Compensatory time off" means authorized time off earned by or awarded to a State employee to compensate in whole or in part for time worked in excess of the minimum work time required of that employee as a condition of employment with a State agency.

"Contribution" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 9-1.4 of the Election Code.

"Employee" means (i) any person employed full-time, part-time, or pursuant to a contract and whose employment duties are subject to the direction and control of an employer with regard to the material details of how the work is to be performed or (ii) any appointed or elected commissioner, trustee, director, or board member of a board of a State agency, including any retirement system or investment board subject to the Illinois Pension Code or (iii) any other appointee.

"Employment benefits" include but are not limited to the following: modified compensation or benefit terms; compensated time off; or change of title, job duties, or location of office or employment. An employment benefit may also include favorable treatment in determining whether to bring any disciplinary or similar action or favorable treatment during the course of any disciplinary or similar action or other performance review.

"Executive branch constitutional officer" means the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Comptroller, and Treasurer.

"Gift" means any gratuity, discount, entertainment, hospitality, loan, forbearance, or other tangible or intangible item having monetary value including, but not limited to, cash, food and drink, and honoraria for speaking engagements related to or attributable to government employment or the official position of an employee, member, or officer. The value of a gift may be further defined by rules adopted by the appropriate ethics commission or by the Auditor General for the Auditor General and for employees of the office of the Auditor General.

"Governmental entity" means a unit of local government (including a community college district) or a school district but not a State agency, a Regional Transit Board, or a Regional Development Authority.

"Leave of absence" means any period during which a State employee does not receive (i) compensation for State employment, (ii) service credit towards State pension benefits, and (iii) health insurance benefits paid for by the State.

"Legislative branch constitutional officer" means a member of the General Assembly and the Auditor General.

"Legislative leader" means the President and Minority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

"Member" means a member of the General Assembly.

"Officer" means an executive branch constitutional officer or a legislative branch constitutional officer.

"Political" means any activity in support of or in connection with any campaign for elective office or any political organization, but does not include activities (i) relating to the support or opposition of any executive, legislative, or administrative action (as those terms are defined in Section 2 of the Lobbyist Registration Act), (ii) relating to collective bargaining, or (iii) that are otherwise in furtherance of the person's official State duties or governmental and public service functions.

"Political organization" means a party, committee, association, fund, or other organization (whether or not incorporated) that is required to file a statement of organization with the State Board of Elections or a county clerk under Section 9-3 of the Election Code, but only with regard to those activities that require filing with the State Board of Elections or a county clerk.

"Prohibited political activity" means:

(1) Preparing for, organizing, or participating in any political meeting, political rally, political demonstration, or other political event.

(2) Soliciting contributions, including, but not limited to, the purchase of, selling, distributing, or receiving payment for tickets for any political fundraiser, political meeting, or other political event.

(3) Soliciting, planning the solicitation of, or preparing any document or report regarding any thing of value intended as a campaign contribution.

(4) Planning, conducting, or participating in a public opinion poll in connection with a campaign for elective office or on behalf of a political organization for political purposes or for or against any referendum question.

(5) Surveying or gathering information from potential or actual voters in an election to determine probable vote outcome in connection with a campaign for elective office or on behalf of a political organization for political purposes or for or against any referendum question.

(6) Assisting at the polls on election day on behalf of any political organization or candidate for elective office or for or against any referendum question.

(7) Soliciting votes on behalf of a candidate for elective office or a political organization or for or against any referendum question or helping in an effort to get voters to the polls.

(8) Initiating for circulation, preparing, circulating, reviewing, or filing any petition on behalf of a candidate for elective office or for or against any referendum question.

(9) Making contributions on behalf of any candidate for elective office in that capacity or in connection with a campaign for elective office.

(10) Preparing or reviewing responses to candidate questionnaires in connection with a campaign for elective office or on behalf of a political organization for political purposes.

(11) Distributing, preparing for distribution, or mailing campaign literature, campaign signs, or other campaign material on behalf of any candidate for elective office or for or against any referendum question.

(12) Campaigning for any elective office or for or against any referendum question.

(13) Managing or working on a campaign for elective office or for or against any referendum question.

(14) Serving as a delegate, alternate, or proxy to a political party convention.

(15) Participating in any recount or challenge to the outcome of any election, except to the extent that under subsection (d) of Section 6 of Article IV of the Illinois Constitution each house of the General Assembly shall judge the elections, returns, and qualifications of its members.

"Prohibited source" means any person or entity who:

(1) is seeking official action (i) by the member or officer or (ii) in the case of an employee, by the employee or by the member, officer, State agency, or other employee directing the employee;

(2) does business or seeks to do business (i) with the member or officer or (ii) in the case of an employee, with the employee or with the member, officer, State agency, or other employee directing the employee;

(3) conducts activities regulated (i) by the member or officer or (ii) in the case of an employee, by the employee or by the member, officer, State agency, or other employee directing the employee;

(4) has interests that may be substantially affected by the performance or non-performance of the official duties of the member, officer, or employee;

(5) is registered or required to be registered with the Secretary of State under the Lobbyist Registration Act, except that an entity not otherwise a prohibited source does not become a prohibited source merely because a registered lobbyist is one of its members or serves on its board of directors; or

(6) is an agent of, a spouse of, or an immediate family member who is living with a "prohibited source".

"Regional Development Authority" means the following regional development authorities:

(1) the Central Illinois Economic Development Authority created by the Central Illinois Economic Development Authority Act;

(2) the Eastern Illinois Economic Development Authority created by the Eastern Illinois Economic Development Authority Act;

(3) the Joliet Arsenal Development Authority created by the Joliet Arsenal Development Authority Act;

(4) the Quad Cities Regional Economic Development Authority created by Quad Cities Regional Economic Development Authority Act, approved September 22, 1987;

(5) the Riverdale Development Authority created by the Riverdale Development Authority Act;

(6) the Southeastern Illinois Economic Development Authority created by the Southeastern Illinois Economic Development Authority Act;

(7) the Southern Illinois Economic Development Authority created by the Southern Illinois Economic Development Authority Act;

(8) the Southwestern Illinois Development Authority created by the Southwestern Illinois Development Authority Act;

(9) the Tri-County River Valley Development Authority created by the Tri-County River Valley Development Authority Act;

(10) the Upper Illinois River Valley Development Authority created by the Upper Illinois River Valley Development Authority Act;

(11) the Illinois Urban Development Authority created by the Illinois Urban Development Authority Act;

(12) the Western Illinois Economic Development Authority created by the Western Illinois Economic Development Authority Act; and

(13) the Will-Kankakee Regional Development Authority created by the Will-Kankakee Regional Development Authority Law.

"Regional Transit Boards" means (i) the Regional Transportation Authority created by the Regional Transportation Authority Act, (ii) the Suburban Bus Division created by the Regional Transportation Authority Act, (iii) the Commuter Rail Division created by the Regional Transportation Authority Act, and (iv) the Chicago Transit Authority created by the Metropolitan Transit Authority Act.

"State agency" includes all officers, boards, commissions and agencies created by the Constitution, whether in the executive or legislative branch; all officers, departments, boards, commissions, agencies, institutions, authorities, public institutions of higher learning as defined in Section 2 of the Higher Education Cooperation Act (except community colleges), and bodies politic and corporate of the State; and administrative units or corporate outgrowths of the State government which are created by or pursuant to statute, other than units of local government (including community college districts) and their officers, school districts, and boards of election commissioners; and all administrative units and corporate outgrowths of the above and as may be created by executive order of the Governor. "State agency" includes the General Assembly, the Senate, the House of Representatives, the President and Minority Leader of the Senate, the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, ~~the Senate Operations Commission~~, and the legislative support services agencies. "State agency" includes the Office of the Auditor General. "State agency" does not include the judicial branch.

"State employee" means any employee of a State agency.

"Ultimate jurisdictional authority" means the following:

(1) For members, legislative partisan staff, and legislative secretaries, the appropriate legislative leader: President of the Senate, Minority Leader of the Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, or Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

(2) For State employees who are professional staff or employees of the Senate and not covered under item (1), the President of the Senate ~~Senate Operations Commission~~.

(3) For State employees who are professional staff or employees of the House of Representatives and not covered under item (1), the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(4) For State employees who are employees of the legislative support services agencies, the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services.

(5) For State employees of the Auditor General, the Auditor General.

(6) For State employees of public institutions of higher learning as defined in Section 2 of the Higher Education Cooperation Act (except community colleges), the board of trustees of the appropriate public institution of higher learning.

(7) For State employees of an executive branch constitutional officer other than those described in paragraph (6), the appropriate executive branch constitutional officer.

(8) For State employees not under the jurisdiction of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (7), the Governor.

(9) For employees of Regional Transit Boards, the appropriate Regional Transit Board.

(10) For board members of Regional Transit Boards, the Governor.

(11) For employees of Regional Development Authorities, the appropriate Regional Development Authority.

(12) For board members of Regional Development Authorities, the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 103-517, eff. 8-11-23.)

(5 ILCS 430/5-5)

Sec. 5-5. Personnel policies.

(a) Each of the following shall adopt and implement personnel policies for all State employees under his, her, or its jurisdiction and control: (i) each executive branch constitutional officer, (ii) each legislative leader, (iii) the President of the Senate ~~Senate Operations Commission~~, with respect to legislative employees under Section 4 of the General Assembly Operations Act, (iv) the Speaker of the House of Representatives, with respect to legislative employees under Section 5 of the General Assembly Operations Act, (v) the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services, with respect to State employees of the legislative support services agencies, (vi) members of the General Assembly, with respect to legislative assistants, as provided

in Section 4 of the General Assembly Compensation Act, (vii) the Auditor General, (viii) the Board of Higher Education, with respect to State employees of public institutions of higher learning except community colleges, and (ix) the Illinois Community College Board, with respect to State employees of community colleges. The Governor shall adopt and implement those policies for all State employees of the executive branch not under the jurisdiction and control of any other executive branch constitutional officer.

(b) The policies required under subsection (a) shall be filed with the appropriate ethics commission established under this Act or, for the Auditor General, with the Office of the Auditor General.

(c) The policies required under subsection (a) shall include policies relating to work time requirements, documentation of time worked, documentation for reimbursement for travel on official State business, compensation, and the earning or accrual of State benefits for all State employees who may be eligible to receive those benefits. No later than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the policies shall include, at a minimum: (i) a prohibition on sexual harassment; (ii) details on how an individual can report an allegation of sexual harassment, including options for making a confidential report to a supervisor, ethics officer, Inspector General, or the Department of Human Rights; (iii) a prohibition on retaliation for reporting sexual harassment allegations, including availability of whistleblower protections under this Act, the Whistleblower Act, and the Illinois Human Rights Act; and (iv) the consequences of a violation of the prohibition on sexual harassment and the consequences for knowingly making a false report. The policies shall comply with and be consistent with all other applicable laws. The policies shall require State employees to periodically submit time sheets documenting the time spent each day on official State business to the nearest quarter hour; contractual State employees may satisfy the time sheets requirement by complying with the terms of their contract, which shall provide for a means of compliance with this requirement. The policies for State employees shall require those time sheets to be submitted on paper, electronically, or both and to be maintained in either paper or electronic format by the applicable fiscal office for a period of at least 2 years.

(d) The policies required under subsection (a) shall be adopted by the applicable entity before February 1, 2004 and shall apply to State employees beginning 30 days after adoption.

(Source: P.A. 100-554, eff. 11-16-17.)

(5 ILCS 430/25-5)

Sec. 25-5. Legislative Ethics Commission.

(a) The Legislative Ethics Commission is created.

(b) The Legislative Ethics Commission shall consist of 8 commissioners appointed 2 each by the President and Minority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

The terms of the initial commissioners shall commence upon qualification. Each appointing authority shall designate one appointee who shall serve for a 2-year term running through June 30, 2005. Each appointing authority shall designate one appointee who shall serve for a 4-year term running through June 30, 2007. The initial appointments shall be made within 60 days after the effective date of this Act.

After the initial terms, commissioners shall serve for 4-year terms commencing on July 1 of the year of appointment and running through June 30 of the fourth following year. Commissioners may be reappointed to one or more subsequent terms.

A vacancy shall occur upon a commissioner's death, resignation, removal, disqualification, termination of legislative service in the house or caucus of the appointing authority, or other inability to act. Vacancies occurring other than at the end of a term shall be filled by the appointing authority only for the balance of the term of the commissioner whose office is vacant.

Terms shall run regardless of whether the position is filled.

(c) The appointing authorities shall appoint commissioners who have experience holding governmental office or employment and may appoint commissioners who are members of the General Assembly as well as commissioners from the general public. A commissioner who is a member of the General Assembly must recuse himself or herself from participating in any matter relating to any investigation or proceeding in which he or she is the subject or is a complainant. A person is not eligible to serve as a commissioner if that person (i) has been convicted of a felony or a crime of dishonesty or moral turpitude, (ii) is, or was within the preceding 12 months, engaged in activities that require registration under the Lobbyist Registration Act, (iii) is a relative of the appointing authority, (iv) is a State officer or employee other than a member of the General Assembly, or (v) is a candidate for statewide, federal, or judicial office.

(c-5) If a commissioner is required to recuse himself or herself from participating in a matter as provided in subsection (c), the recusal shall create a temporary vacancy for the limited purpose of

consideration of the matter for which the commissioner recused himself or herself, and the appointing authority for the recusing commissioner shall make a temporary appointment to fill the vacancy for consideration of the matter for which the commissioner recused himself or herself.

(d) The Legislative Ethics Commission shall have jurisdiction over current and former members of the General Assembly regarding events occurring during a member's term of office and current and former State employees regarding events occurring during any period of employment where the State employee's ultimate jurisdictional authority is (i) a legislative leader or ~~(ii) the Senate Operations Commission, or (iii) the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services.~~ The Legislative Ethics Commission shall have jurisdiction over complainants and respondents in violation of subsection (d) of Section 25-90. The jurisdiction of the Commission is limited to matters arising under this Act.

An officer or executive branch State employee serving on a legislative branch board or commission remains subject to the jurisdiction of the Executive Ethics Commission and is not subject to the jurisdiction of the Legislative Ethics Commission.

(e) The Legislative Ethics Commission must meet, either in person or by other technological means, monthly or as often as necessary. At the first meeting of the Legislative Ethics Commission, the commissioners shall choose from their number a chairperson and other officers that they deem appropriate. The terms of officers shall be for 2 years commencing July 1 and running through June 30 of the second following year. Meetings shall be held at the call of the chairperson or any 3 commissioners. Official action by the Commission shall require the affirmative vote of 5 commissioners, and a quorum shall consist of 5 commissioners. Commissioners shall receive no compensation but may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties.

(f) No commissioner, other than a commissioner who is a member of the General Assembly, or employee of the Legislative Ethics Commission may during his or her term of appointment or employment:

- (1) become a candidate for any elective office;
- (2) hold any other elected or appointed public office except for appointments on governmental advisory boards or study commissions or as otherwise expressly authorized by law;
- (3) be actively involved in the affairs of any political party or political organization; or
- (4) advocate for the appointment of another person to an appointed or elected office or position or actively participate in any campaign for any elective office.

(f-5) No commissioner who is a member of the General Assembly may be a candidate for statewide, federal, or judicial office. If a commissioner who is a member of the General Assembly files petitions to be a candidate for a statewide, federal, or judicial office, he or she shall be deemed to have resigned from his or her position as a commissioner on the date his or her name is certified for the ballot by the State Board of Elections or local election authority and his or her position as a commissioner shall be deemed vacant. Such person may not be reappointed to the Commission during any time he or she is a candidate for statewide, federal, or judicial office.

(g) An appointing authority may remove a commissioner only for cause.

(h) The Legislative Ethics Commission shall appoint an Executive Director subject to the approval of at least 3 of the 4 legislative leaders. The compensation of the Executive Director shall be as determined by the Commission. The Executive Director of the Legislative Ethics Commission may employ, subject to the approval of at least 3 of the 4 legislative leaders, and determine the compensation of staff, as appropriations permit.

(i) In consultation with the Legislative Inspector General, the Legislative Ethics Commission may develop comprehensive training for members and employees under its jurisdiction that includes, but is not limited to, sexual harassment, employment discrimination, and workplace civility. The training may be recommended to the ultimate jurisdictional authorities and may be approved by the Commission to satisfy the sexual harassment training required under Section 5-10.5 or be provided in addition to the annual sexual harassment training required under Section 5-10.5. The Commission may seek input from governmental agencies or private entities for guidance in developing such training.

(Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-221, eff. 8-9-19; 101-617, eff. 12-20-19; 102-664, eff. 1-1-22.)

(5 ILCS 430/25-10)

Sec. 25-10. Office of Legislative Inspector General.

(a) The independent Office of the Legislative Inspector General is created. The Office shall be under the direction and supervision of the Legislative Inspector General and shall be a fully independent office with its own appropriation.

(b) The Legislative Inspector General shall be appointed without regard to political affiliation and solely on the basis of integrity and demonstrated ability. The Legislative Ethics Commission shall diligently search out qualified candidates for Legislative Inspector General and shall make recommendations to the General Assembly. The Legislative Inspector General may serve in a full-time, part-time, or contractual capacity.

The Legislative Inspector General shall be appointed by a joint resolution of the Senate and the House of Representatives, which may specify the date on which the appointment takes effect. A joint resolution, or other document as may be specified by the Joint Rules of the General Assembly, appointing the Legislative Inspector General must be certified by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate as having been adopted by the affirmative vote of three-fifths of the members elected to each house, respectively, and be filed with the Secretary of State. The appointment of the Legislative Inspector General takes effect on the day the appointment is completed by the General Assembly, unless the appointment specifies a later date on which it is to become effective.

The Legislative Inspector General shall have the following qualifications:

(1) has not been convicted of any felony under the laws of this State, another state, or the United States;

(2) has earned a baccalaureate degree from an institution of higher education; and

(3) has 5 or more years of cumulative service (A) with a federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, at least 2 years of which have been in a progressive investigatory capacity; (B) as a federal, State, or local prosecutor; (C) as a senior manager or executive of a federal, State, or local agency; (D) as a member, an officer, or a State or federal judge; or (E) representing any combination of items (A) through (D).

The Legislative Inspector General may not be a relative of a commissioner.

The term of the initial Legislative Inspector General shall commence upon qualification and shall run through June 30, 2008.

After the initial term, the Legislative Inspector General shall serve for 5-year terms commencing on July 1 of the year of appointment and running through June 30 of the fifth following year. The Legislative Inspector General may be reappointed to one or more subsequent terms. Terms shall run regardless of whether the position is filled.

(b-5) A vacancy occurring other than at the end of a term shall be filled in the same manner as an appointment only for the balance of the term of the Legislative Inspector General whose office is vacant. Within 7 days of the Office becoming vacant or receipt of a Legislative Inspector General's prospective resignation, the vacancy shall be publicly posted on the Commission's website, along with a description of the requirements for the position and where applicants may apply.

Within 45 days of the vacancy, the Commission shall designate an Acting Legislative Inspector General who shall serve until the vacancy is filled. The Commission shall file the designation in writing with the Secretary of State.

Within 60 days prior to the end of the term of the Legislative Inspector General or within 30 days of the occurrence of a vacancy in the Office of the Legislative Inspector General, the Legislative Ethics Commission shall establish a four-member search committee within the Commission for the purpose of conducting a search for qualified candidates to serve as Legislative Inspector General. The Speaker of the House of Representatives, Minority Leader of the House, Senate President, and Minority Leader of the Senate shall each appoint one member to the search committee. A member of the search committee shall be either a retired judge or former prosecutor and may not be a member or employee of the General Assembly or a registered lobbyist. If the Legislative Ethics Commission wishes to recommend that the Legislative Inspector General be reappointed ~~re-appointed~~, a search committee does not need to be appointed.

The search committee shall conduct a search for qualified candidates, accept applications, and conduct interviews. The search committee shall recommend up to 3 candidates for Legislative Inspector General to the Legislative Ethics Commission. The search committee shall be disbanded upon an appointment of the Legislative Inspector General. Members of the search committee are not entitled to compensation but shall be entitled to reimbursement of reasonable expenses incurred in connection with the performance of their duties.

Within 30 days after June 8, 2018 (the effective date of Public Act 100-588), the Legislative Ethics Commission shall create a search committee in the manner provided for in this subsection to recommend up to 3 candidates for Legislative Inspector General to the Legislative Ethics Commission by October 31, 2018.

If a vacancy exists and the Commission has not appointed an Acting Legislative Inspector General, either the staff of the Office of the Legislative Inspector General, or if there is no staff, the Executive Director, shall advise the Commission of all open investigations and any new allegations or complaints received in the Office of the Inspector General. These reports shall not include the name of any person identified in the allegation or complaint, including, but not limited to, the subject of and the person filing the allegation or complaint. Notification shall be made to the Commission on a weekly basis unless the Commission approves of a different reporting schedule.

If the Office of the Inspector General is vacant for 6 months or more beginning on or after January 1, 2019, and the Legislative Ethics Commission has not appointed an Acting Legislative Inspector General, all complaints made to the Legislative Inspector General or the Legislative Ethics Commission shall be directed to the Inspector General for the Auditor General, and he or she shall have the authority to act as provided in subsection (c) of this Section and Section 25-20 of this Act, and shall be subject to all laws and rules governing a Legislative Inspector General or Acting Legislative Inspector General. The authority for the Inspector General of the Auditor General under this paragraph shall terminate upon appointment of a Legislative Inspector General or an Acting Legislative Inspector General.

(c) The Legislative Inspector General shall have jurisdiction over the current and former members of the General Assembly regarding events occurring during a member's term of office and current and former State employees regarding events occurring during any period of employment where the State employee's ultimate jurisdictional authority is (i) a legislative leader or (ii) ~~the Senate Operations Commission, or (iii)~~ the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services.

The jurisdiction of each Legislative Inspector General is to investigate allegations of violations of this Act, violations of other related laws and rules regarding events related to the member's or employee's public duties or use of State office, employment, or resources, or fraud, waste, abuse, mismanagement, misconduct, nonfeasance, misfeasance, or malfeasance related to the member's or employee's public duties or use of State office, employment, or resources. The jurisdiction shall not include violations of the Rules of the House of Representatives or the Senate.

The Legislative Inspector General shall have jurisdiction over complainants in violation of subsection (e) of Section 25-63 of this Act.

(d) The compensation of the Legislative Inspector General shall be the greater of an amount (i) determined by the Commission or (ii) by joint resolution of the General Assembly passed by a majority of members elected in each chamber. Subject to Section 25-45 of this Act, the Legislative Inspector General has full authority to organize the Office of the Legislative Inspector General, including the employment and determination of the compensation of staff, such as deputies, assistants, and other employees, as appropriations permit. Employment of staff is subject to the approval of at least 3 of the 4 legislative leaders.

(e) No Legislative Inspector General or employee of the Office of the Legislative Inspector General may, during his or her term of appointment or employment:

- (1) become a candidate for any elective office;
- (2) hold any other elected or appointed public office except for appointments on governmental advisory boards or study commissions or as otherwise expressly authorized by law;
- (3) be actively involved in the affairs of any political party or political organization; or
- (4) actively participate in any campaign for any elective office.

A full-time Legislative Inspector General shall not engage in the practice of law or any other business, employment, or vocation.

In this subsection an appointed public office means a position authorized by law that is filled by an appointing authority as provided by law and does not include employment by hiring in the ordinary course of business.

(e-1) No Legislative Inspector General or employee of the Office of the Legislative Inspector General may, for one year after the termination of his or her appointment or employment:

- (1) become a candidate for any elective office;
- (2) hold any elected public office; or
- (3) hold any appointed State, county, or local judicial office.

(e-2) The requirements of item (3) of subsection (e-1) may be waived by the Legislative Ethics Commission.

(f) The Commission may remove the Legislative Inspector General only for cause. At the time of the removal, the Commission must report to the General Assembly the justification for the removal.

(Source: P.A. 101-221, eff. 8-9-19; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-664, eff. 1-1-22.)

Section 40-10. The General Assembly Operations Act is amended by changing Section 4 as follows:
(25 ILCS 10/4) (from Ch. 63, par. 23.4)

Sec. 4. President of the Senate; operations, employees, and expenditures. ~~Senate Operations Commission.~~

(a) The President of the Senate shall have responsibility for the operation of the Senate in relation to the Senate Chambers, Senate offices, committee rooms and all other rooms and physical facilities used by the Senate, and all equipment, furniture, and supplies used by the Senate. The President of the Senate shall have the authority to hire all professional staff and employees necessary for the proper operation of the Senate. Professional staff and employees may be employed as full-time employees, part-time employees, or contractual employees. The President of the Senate shall have the authority to receive and expend appropriations for the purposes set forth in this Act whether the General Assembly is in session or not.

(b) The President of the Senate shall adopt and implement personnel policies for professional staff and employees under his or her jurisdiction and control as required by the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.

~~(a) There is created a Senate Operations Commission to consist of the following: The President of the Senate, 3 Assistant Majority Leaders, the Minority Leader, one Assistant Minority Leader, and one member of the Senate appointed by the President of the Senate. The Senate Operations Commission shall have the following powers and duties: Commission shall have responsibility for the operation of the Senate in relation to the Senate Chambers, Senate offices, committee rooms and all other rooms and physical facilities used by the Senate, all equipment, furniture, and supplies used by the Senate. The Commission shall have the authority to hire all professional staff and employees necessary for the proper operation of the Senate and authority to receive and expend appropriations for the purposes set forth in this Act whether the General Assembly be in session or not. Professional staff and employees may be employed as full time employees, part time employees, or contractual employees. The Secretary of the Senate shall serve as Secretary and Administrative Officer of the Commission. Pursuant to the policies and direction of the Commission, he shall have direct supervision of all equipment, furniture, and supplies used by the Senate.~~

~~(b) The Senate Operations Commission shall adopt and implement personnel policies for professional staff and employees under its jurisdiction and control as required by the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.~~

(Source: P.A. 93-615, eff. 11-19-03.)

Section 40-15. The State Finance Act is amended by changing Section 14.1 as follows:

(30 ILCS 105/14.1) (from Ch. 127, par. 150.1)

Sec. 14.1. Appropriations for State contributions to the State Employees' Retirement System; payroll requirements.

(a) Appropriations for State contributions to the State Employees' Retirement System of Illinois shall be expended in the manner provided in this Section. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a-4) at the time of each payment of salary to an employee under the personal services line item, payment shall be made to the State Employees' Retirement System, from the amount appropriated for State contributions to the State Employees' Retirement System, of an amount calculated at the rate certified for the applicable fiscal year by the Board of Trustees of the State Employees' Retirement System under Section 14-135.08 of the Illinois Pension Code. If a line item appropriation to an employer for this purpose is exhausted or is unavailable due to any limitation on appropriations that may apply, (including, but not limited to, limitations on appropriations from the Road Fund under Section 8.3 of the State Finance Act), the amounts shall be paid under the continuing appropriation for this purpose contained in the State Pension Funds Continuing Appropriation Act.

(a-1) (Blank).

(a-2) (Blank).

(a-3) (Blank).

(a-4) In fiscal year 2012 and each fiscal year thereafter, at the time of each payment of salary to an employee under the personal services line item from a fund other than the General Revenue Fund, payment shall be made for deposit into the State Employees' Retirement System of Illinois from the amount appropriated for State contributions to the State Employees' Retirement System of Illinois of an amount calculated at the rate certified for the applicable fiscal year by the Board of Trustees of the State Employees'

Retirement System of Illinois under Section 14-135.08 of the Illinois Pension Code. In fiscal year 2012 and each fiscal year thereafter, no payment from appropriations for State contributions shall be made in conjunction with payment of salary to an employee under the personal services line item from the General Revenue Fund.

(b) Except during the period beginning on March 5, 2004 (the effective date of Public Act 93-665) and ending at the time of the payment of the final payroll from fiscal year 2004 appropriations, the State Comptroller shall not approve for payment any payroll voucher that (1) includes payments of salary to eligible employees in the State Employees' Retirement System of Illinois and (2) does not include the corresponding payment of State contributions to that retirement system at the full rate certified under Section 14-135.08 for that fiscal year for eligible employees, unless the balance in the fund on which the payroll voucher is drawn is insufficient to pay the total payroll voucher, or unavailable due to any limitation on appropriations that may apply, including, but not limited to, limitations on appropriations from the Road Fund under Section 8.3 of the State Finance Act. If the State Comptroller approves a payroll voucher under this Section for which the fund balance is insufficient to pay the full amount of the required State contribution to the State Employees' Retirement System, the Comptroller shall promptly so notify the Retirement System.

(b-1) (Blank).

(c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, beginning July 1, 2007, required State and employee contributions to the State Employees' Retirement System of Illinois relating to affected legislative staff employees shall be paid out of moneys appropriated for that purpose to the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability, rather than out of the lump-sum appropriations otherwise made for the payroll and other costs of those employees.

These payments must be made pursuant to payroll vouchers submitted by the employing entity as part of the regular payroll voucher process.

For the purpose of this subsection, "affected legislative staff employees" means legislative staff employees paid out of lump-sum appropriations made to the General Assembly or an Officer of the General Assembly, ~~or the Senate Operations Commission~~, but does not include district-office staff or employees of legislative support services agencies.

(Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19.)

ARTICLE 45.

Section 45-5. The Secretary of State Merit Employment Code is amended by changing Section 6 as follows:

(15 ILCS 310/6) (from Ch. 124, par. 106)

Sec. 6. Director - appointment - qualifications. The Department of Personnel shall have an officer at its head who shall be known as Director of Personnel. He shall be appointed by the Secretary of State, ~~by and with the advice and consent of the Senate~~. The Director of Personnel shall be a person who shall have had practical working experience in the field of personnel administration.

(Source: P.A. 85-378.)

Section 45-10. The Comptroller Merit Employment Code is amended by changing Section 6 as follows:

(15 ILCS 410/6) (from Ch. 15, par. 409)

Sec. 6. Director - appointment - qualifications. The Department of Human Resources shall have an officer at its head who shall be known as the Director. He or she shall be appointed by the Comptroller, ~~by and with the advice and consent of the Senate~~. The Director shall be a person who shall have had practical working experience in the field of personnel administration. The director shall be selected for appointment from among those persons who for the two years next preceding the appointment have not been members of any local, state or national committee of a political party; or officers or members of any standing committee of a political party; or officers or members of standing committees of any partisan political group or organization. Nor shall the appointee during his or her tenure as Director become a member of any local, state or national committee of a political party or an officer or member of standing committees or any partisan political group or organization.

(Source: P.A. 90-24, eff. 6-20-97.)

Article 99.

Section 99-97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.

Section 99-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law, except that Article 40 takes effect on July 1, 2026."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

Senator Sims offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO HOUSE BILL 1863

AMENDMENT NO. 3 . Amend House Bill 1863, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 2, on page 47, immediately below line 25, by inserting the following:

"(45 ILCS 77/25 rep.)

(45 ILCS 77/30 rep.)

Section 5-170. The Interstate Rail Passenger Network Compact Act is amended by repealing Sections 25 and 30."; and

on page 49, by deleting lines 2 through 4; and

on page 61, by deleting lines 8 through 10.

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Sims, **House Bill No. 1863** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 39; NAYS 18.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Fine	Joyce	Sims
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	Koehler	Stadelman
Castro	Guzmán	Lightford	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Halpin	Loughran Cappel	Ventura
Collins	Harris, N.	Morrison	Villa
Cunningham	Hastings	Murphy	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Holmes	Peters	Villivalam
Ellman	Hunter	Porfirio	Walker
Faraci	Johnson	Preston	Mr. President
Feigenholtz	Jones, E.	Simmons	

The following voted in the negative:

[October 29, 2025]

Anderson	Curran	McClure	Tracy
Arellano, L.	DeWitte	Plummer	Turner, S.
Balkema	Harriss, E.	Rezin	Wilcox
Bryant	Hills	Rose	
Chesney	Lewis	Syverson	

This bill, having received the vote of three-fifths of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendments adopted thereto.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator N. Harris, **House Bill No. 250** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Committee Amendment No. 1 was held in the Committee on Assignments.

Senator N. Harris offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 250

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend House Bill 250 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Eminent Domain Act is amended by adding Section 25-5-140 as follows:

(735 ILCS 30/25-5-140 new)

Sec. 25-5-140. Quick-take; Will County; 143rd Street.

(a) Quick-take proceedings under Article 20 may be used for a period of 2 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly by Will County for the acquisition of the following described property for the purpose of road construction:

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0043

Station: 215+39.04 to 242+04.14

Index No.: 16-05-03-400-001-0000

That part of the Southeast Quarter of Section 3, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said Southeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 52 minutes 52 seconds West along the west line of said Southeast Quarter a distance of 50.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 285.01 feet; thence North 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 30.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 62.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds East a distance of 30.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 1441.01 feet; thence North 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 30.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 84.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds East a distance of 30.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 688.01 feet; thence North 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 10.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 52.00 feet; thence North 43 degrees 03 minutes 14 seconds East a distance of 28.30 feet, to a line 33.00 feet west of and parallel with the east line of said Southeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 669.74 feet; thence North 88 degrees 05 minutes 11 seconds East a distance of 33.00 feet to said east line of the Southeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along said

east line a distance of 739.70 feet, to the south line of said Southeast Quarter; thence South 87 degrees 48 minutes 24 seconds West along said south line a distance of 2665.08 feet, to the point of beginning.

Said parcel containing 3.405 acres, more or less or 148,317 square feet, more or less, of which 2.753 acres, more or less or 119,926 square feet, more or less, was previously dedicated or used for highway purposes.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0043TE-A

Station: 215+39.08 to 216+67.08

Index No.: 16-05-03-400-001-0000

That part of the Southeast Quarter of Section 3, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the southwest corner of said Southeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 52 minutes 52 seconds West along the west line of said Southeast Quarter a distance of 50.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 128.00 feet; thence North 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 5.00 feet; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds West a distance of 74.00 feet; thence North 01 degree 58 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 20.00 feet; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds West a distance of 40.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds East a distance of 5.00 feet; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds West a distance of 13.97 feet, to said west line of the Southeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 52 minutes 52 seconds East along said west line a distance of 20.00 feet, to the point of beginning.
Said parcel containing 0.038 acres, more or less or 1,650 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0043TE-B

Station: 217+75.09 to 218+24.09

Index No.: 16-05-03-400-001-0000

That part of the Southeast Quarter of Section 3, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the southwest corner of said Southeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 52 minutes 52 seconds West along the west line of said Southeast Quarter a distance of 50.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 236.01 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 49.00 feet; thence North 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 5.00 feet; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds West a distance of 49.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds East a distance of 5.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.
Said parcel containing 0.006 acres, more or less or 245 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0043TE-C

Station: 218+86.09 to 221+50.09

Index No.: 16-05-03-400-001-0000

That part of the Southeast Quarter of Section 3, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate

System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the southwest corner of said Southeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 52 minutes 52 seconds West along the west line of said Southeast Quarter a distance of 50.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 285.01 feet; thence North 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 30.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 62.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds East a distance of 25.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing South 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds East a distance of 5.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 264.00 feet; thence North 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 5.00 feet; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds West a distance of 264.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.030 acres, more or less or 1,320 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0043TE-D

Station: 222+90.09 to 233+27.10

Index No.: 16-05-03-400-001-0000

That part of the Southeast Quarter of Section 3, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the southwest corner of said Southeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 52 minutes 52 seconds West along the west line of said Southeast Quarter a distance of 50.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 285.01 feet; thence North 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 30.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 62.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds East a distance of 30.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 404.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 1037.01 feet; thence North 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 10.00 feet; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds West 640.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds East a distance of 5.00 feet; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds West a distance of 397.01 feet; thence South 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds East a distance of 5.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.192 acres, more or less or 8,385 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0043TE-F

Station: 234+11.07 to 238+04.95

Index No.: 16-05-03-400-001-0000

That part of the Southeast Quarter of Section 3, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the southwest corner of said Southeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 52 minutes 52 seconds West along the west line of said Southeast Quarter a distance of 50.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 285.01 feet; thence North 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 30.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 62.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds East a distance of 30.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 1441.01 feet; thence North 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 30.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 84.00 feet; thence

South 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds East a distance of 20.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continue South 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds East a distance of 10.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds East a distance of 393.86 feet; thence North 01 degrees 58 minutes 42 seconds West a distance of 10.00 feet; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 18 seconds West a distance of 393.86 feet, to the Point of Beginning. Said parcel containing 0.090 acres, more or less or 3,939 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0044

Station: 242+54.19 to 242+96.16

Index No.: 16-05-02-301-011-0000

That part of Lot 11 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Hills, a subdivision of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded March 8, 1963, as Document No. 978860, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said Lot 11; thence North 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds West along the west line of said Lot 11 a distance of 35.11 feet; thence South 46 degrees 56 minutes 51 seconds East a distance of 35.33 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East a distance of 17.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East a distance of 10.11 feet, to the south line of said Lot 11; thence South 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds West along said south line a distance of 42.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.017 acres, more or less or 737 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0044TE

Station: 242+54.19 to 242+64.21

Index No.: 16-05-02-301-011-0000

That part of Lot 11 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Hills, a subdivision of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded March 8, 1963, as Document No. 978860, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the southwest corner of said Lot 11; thence North 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds West along the west line of said Lot 11 a distance of 35.11 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence South 46 degrees 56 minutes 51 seconds East a distance of 14.13 feet, to a line 10.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of Lot 11; thence North 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 30.00 feet; thence South 88 degrees 05 minutes 11 seconds West a distance of 10.00 feet, to said west line of Lot 11; thence South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along said west line a distance of 20.01 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.006 acres, more or less or 250 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0045TE

Station: 244+56.15 to 246+58.17

Index No.: 16-05-02-301-012-0000

That part of Lot 12 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Hills, a subdivision in the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded March 8, 1963, as Document No. 978860, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said Lot 12; thence North 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds West along the west line of said Lot 12 a distance of 5.08 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East a distance of 187.00 feet; thence North 43 degrees 03 minutes 09 seconds East a distance of 21.23 feet, to the east line of said Lot 12; thence South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along said east line a distance of 20.04 feet, to the south line of said Lot 12; thence South 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds West along said south line a distance of 202.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.026 acres, more or less or 1,134 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0056TE-A

Station: 602+54.29 to 602+60.29

Index No.: 16-05-02-301-010-0000

That part of Lot 10 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Hills, a subdivision of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded March 8, 1963 as Document Number 978860, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of said Lot 10; thence South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along the west line of said Lot 10 a distance of 6.00 feet, to a line 6.00 feet south of and parallel with the north line of said Lot 10; thence North 88 degrees 05 minutes 07 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 12.00 feet, to a line 12.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of Lot 10; thence North 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 6.00 feet, to said north line of Lot 10; thence South 88 degrees 05 minutes 07 seconds West along said north line a distance of 12.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.002 acres, more or less or 72 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0056TE-B

Station: 601+78.79 to 602+13.79

Index No.: 16-05-02-301-010-0000

That part of Lot 10 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Hills, a subdivision of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded March 8, 1963 as Document Number 978860, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the northwest corner of said Lot 10; thence South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along the west line of said Lot 10 a distance of 46.50 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along said west line a distance of 35.00 feet, to a line 81.50 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 10; thence North 88 degrees 05 minutes 07 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 12.00 feet, to a line 12.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of Lot 10; thence North 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 35.00 feet, to a line 46.50 feet south of and parallel with the north line of said Lot 10; thence South 88 degrees 05 minutes 07 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 12.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.010 acres, more or less or 420 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0057TE

Station: 602+60.29 to 602+89.29

Index No.: 16-05-02-301-009-0000

That part of Lot 9 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Hills, a subdivision in the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded March 8, 1963, as Document No. 978860, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said Lot 9; thence North 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds West along the west line of said Lot 9 a distance of 29.00 feet, to a line 29.00 feet north of and parallel with the south line of said Lot 9; thence North 88 degrees 05 minutes 07 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 12.00 feet, to a line 12.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of Lot 9; thence South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 29.00 feet, to said south line of Lot 9; thence South 88 degrees 05 minutes 07 seconds West along said south line a distance of 12.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.008 acres, more or less or 348 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0058TE

Station: 604+06.79 to 604+41.79

Index No.: 16-05-02-301-008-0000

That part of Lot 8 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Hills, a subdivision in the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded March 8, 1963, as Document No. 978860, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the northwest corner of said Lot 8; thence South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along the west line of said Lot 8 a distance of 18.50 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along said west line a distance of 35.00 feet, to a line 53.50 feet south of and parallel with the north line of said Lot 8; thence North 88 degrees 05 minutes 07 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 12.00 feet, to a line 12.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of Lot 8; thence North 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 35.00 feet, to a line 18.50 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 8; thence South 88 degrees 05 minutes 07 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 12.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.010 acres, more or less or 420 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0059TE

Station: 605+17.79 to 605+52.79

Index No.: 16-05-02-301-007-0000

That part of Lot 7 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Hills, a subdivision in the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded March 8, 1963, as Document No. 978860, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the northwest corner of said Lot 7; thence South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along the west line of said Lot 7 a distance of 7.50 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along said west line a distance of 35.00 feet, to a line 42.50 feet south of and parallel with the north line of said Lot 7; thence North 88 degrees 05 minutes 07 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 12.00 feet, to a line 12.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of Lot 7; thence North 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 35.00 feet, to a line 7.50 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 7; thence South 88 degrees 05 minutes 07 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 12.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.
Said parcel containing 0.010 acres, more or less or 420 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0046TE

Station: 247+24.15 to 249+34.93

Index No.: 16-05-02-302-009-0000

That part of Lot 32 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Hills, a subdivision of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded March 8, 1963, as Document No. 978860, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said Lot 32; thence North 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds West along the west line of said Lot 32 a distance of 37.67 feet; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 10.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of Lot 32; thence South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 27.67 feet; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 20.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of Lot 32; thence South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 5.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East a distance of 190.78 feet, to the east line of said Lot 32; thence South 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds East along said east line a distance of 5.00 feet, to the south line of said Lot 32; thence South 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds West along said south line a distance of 210.78 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.033 acres, more or less or 1,432 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0047

Station: 249+34.93 to 251+20.99

Index No.: 16-05-02-302-014-0000

That part of Lot 16 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Woods, a subdivision of the East 915.0 feet of the South 1150.0 feet of the West 100 Acres of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded September 5, 1962, as Document No. 964959, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said Lot 16; thence North 01 degrees 54 minutes 49 seconds West along the west line of said Lot 16 a distance of 5.00 feet, to a line 5.00 feet north of and parallel with the south line of said Lot 16; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 170.51 feet; thence North 40 degrees 16 minutes 21 seconds East a distance of 20.27 feet, to the easterly line of said Lot 16; thence South 07 degrees 27 minutes 49 seconds East along said easterly line a distance of 20.09 feet, to said south line of Lot 16; thence South 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds West along said south line a distance of 186.06 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.024 acres, more or less or 1,042 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0048

Station: 251+85.37 to 254+13.48

Index No.: 16-05-02-303-006-0000

That part of Lot 17 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Woods, a subdivision of the East 915 feet of the South 1150 feet of the West 100 Acres of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded September 5, 1962, as Document No. 964959, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said Lot 17; thence North 07 degrees 27 minutes 49 seconds West along the westerly line of said Lot 17 a distance of 20.09 feet; thence South 49 degrees 43 minutes 39 seconds East a distance of 22.30 feet, to a line 5.00 feet north of and parallel with the south line of said Lot 17; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 157.93 feet; thence North 01 degrees 59 minutes 29 seconds West a distance of 15.00 feet, to a line 20.00 feet north of and parallel with said south line of Lot 17; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 53.67 feet, to the easterly line of said Lot 17; thence South 18 degrees 25 minutes 19 seconds West along said easterly line a distance of 21.34 feet, to said south line of Lot 17; thence South 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds West along said south line a distance of 218.75 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.045 acres, more or less or 1,976 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0048TE-A

Station: 251+96.33 to 253+59.81

Index No.: 16-05-02-303-006-0000

That part of Lot 17 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Woods, a subdivision of the East 915 feet of the South 1150 feet of the West 100 Acres of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded September 5, 1962, as Document No. 964959, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the southwest corner of said Lot 17; thence North 07 degrees 27 minutes 49 seconds West along the westerly line of said Lot 17 a distance of 20.09 feet; thence South 49 degrees 43 minutes 39 seconds East a distance of 14.87 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing South 49 degrees 43 minutes 39 seconds East a distance of 7.43 feet, to a line 5.00 feet north of and parallel with the south line of said Lot 17; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 157.93 feet; thence North 01 degrees 59 minutes 29 seconds West a distance of 5.00 feet, to a line 10.00 feet north of and parallel with said south line of Lot 17; thence South 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 163.43 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.018 acres, more or less or 803 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0048TE-B

Station: 253+68.81 to 254+32.16

Index No.: 16-05-02-303-006-0000

That part of Lot 17 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Woods, a subdivision of the East 915 feet of the South 1150 feet of the West 100 Acres of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded September 5, 1962, as Document No.

[October 29, 2025]

964959, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:
Commencing at the southwest corner of said Lot 17; thence North 07 degrees 27 minutes 49 seconds West along the westerly line of said Lot 17 a distance of 20.09 feet; thence South 49 degrees 43 minutes 39 seconds East a distance of 22.30 feet, to a line 5.00 feet north of and parallel with the south line of said Lot 17; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 157.93 feet; thence North 01 degrees 59 minutes 29 seconds West a distance of 15.00 feet, to a line 20.00 feet north of and parallel with said south line of Lot 17; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 9.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 44.67 feet, to the easterly line of said Lot 17; thence North 18 degrees 25 minutes 19 seconds East along said easterly line a distance of 53.60 feet; thence North 71 degrees 34 minutes 41 seconds West a distance of 33.74 feet; thence South 25 degrees 07 minutes 21 seconds West a distance of 69.65 feet, to the Point of Beginning.
Said parcel containing 0.053 acres, more or less or 2,289 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0049

Station: 254+06.04 to 255+68.06

Index No.: 16-05-02-303-011-0000

That part of Lot 27 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Woods, a subdivision of the East 915 feet of the South 1150 feet of the West 100 Acres of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded September 5, 1962, as Document No. 964959, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:
Beginning at the southwest corner of said Lot 27; thence North 18 degrees 25 minutes 19 seconds East along the westerly line of said Lot 27 a distance of 21.34 feet, to a line 20.00 feet north of and parallel with the south line of said Lot 27; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 26.33 feet; thence South 01 degrees 59 minutes 29 seconds East a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 10.00 feet north of and parallel with said south line of Lot 27; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 116.80 feet; thence North 39 degrees 11 minutes 54 seconds East a distance of 13.29 feet, to the easterly line of said Lot 27; thence South 9 degrees 36 minutes 42 seconds East along said easterly line a distance of 20.18 feet, to said south line of Lot 27; thence South 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds West along said south line a distance of 162.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.
Said parcel containing 0.044 acres, more or less or 1,927 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0049TE

Station: 254+13.48 to 254+60.72

Index No.: 16-05-02-303-011-0000

That part of Lot 27 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Woods, a subdivision of the East 915 feet of the South 1150 feet of the West 100 Acres of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded September 5, 1962, as Document No. 964959, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:
Commencing at the southwest corner of said Lot 27; thence North 18 degrees 25 minutes 19 seconds East along the westerly line of said Lot 27 a distance of 21.34 feet, to a line 20.00 feet north of and parallel with the south line of said Lot 27 and the Point of Beginning; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 26.33 feet; thence North 25 degrees 51 minutes 00 seconds East a distance of 44.79 feet; thence North 71 degrees 34 minutes 41 seconds West a distance of 30.47 feet, to the

said westerly line of Lot 27; thence South 18 degrees 25 minutes 19 seconds West along said westerly line a distance of 53.60 feet, to the Point of Beginning.
Said parcel containing 0.031 acres, more or less or 1,338 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0050

Station: 256+33.29 to 258+49.93

Index No.: 16-05-02-304-034-0000

That part of Lot 1 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Woods, a subdivision of the East 915.0 feet of the South 1150.0 feet of the West 100 Acres of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded September 5, 1962, as Document No. 964959, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said Lot 1; thence North 09 degrees 36 minutes 42 seconds West along the westerly line of said Lot 1 a distance of 10.09 feet, to a line 10.00 feet north of and parallel with the south line of said Lot 1; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 36.64 feet; thence North 01 degrees 57 minutes 08 seconds West a distance of 5.00 feet, to a line 15.00 feet north of and parallel with said south line of Lot 1; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 80.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 57 minutes 08 seconds East a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 5.00 feet north of and parallel with said south line of Lot 1; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 100.00 feet, to the east line of said Lot 1; thence South 01 degrees 57 minutes 08 seconds East along said east line a distance of 5.00 feet, to said south line of Lot 1; thence South 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds West along said south line a distance of 215.30 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.047 acres, more or less or 2,060 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0050TE

Station: 257+49.93 to 258+49.93

Index No.: 16-05-02-304-034-0000

That part of Lot 1 in Brashler and Kall's Chickasaw Woods, a subdivision of the East 915.0 feet of the South 1150.0 feet of the West 100 Acres of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded September 5, 1962, as Document No. 964959, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the southwest corner of said Lot 1; thence North 09 degrees 36 minutes 42 seconds West along the westerly line of said Lot 1 a distance of 10.09 feet, to a line 10.00 feet north of and parallel with the south line of said Lot 1; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 36.64 feet; thence North 01 degrees 57 minutes 08 seconds West a distance of 5.00 feet, to a line 15.00 feet north of and parallel with said south line of Lot 1; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 80.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 57 minutes 08 seconds East a distance of 8.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing South 01 degrees 57 minutes 08 seconds East a distance of 2.00 feet, to a line 5.00 feet north of and parallel with said south line of Lot 1; thence North 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 100.00 feet, to the east line of said Lot 1; thence North 01 degrees 57 minutes 08 seconds West along said east line a distance of 2.00 feet, to a line 7.00 north of and parallel with said south line of Lot 1; thence South 88 degrees 00 minutes 31 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 100.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.005 acres, more or less or 200 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

[October 29, 2025]

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0051

Station: 258+49.91 to 268+47.79

Index No.: 16-05-02-300-007(pt)

That part of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the intersection of the south line of said Southwest Quarter with the east line of Brashler & Kall's Chickasaw Woods, a subdivision in said Southwest Quarter of Section 2, according to the plat thereof recorded September 5, 1962 as Document No. 964959; thence North 01 degrees 57 minutes 08 seconds West along said east line a distance of 42.74 feet, to a line 20.00 feet south of and parallel with the north line of 143rd Street as dedicated in the Final Plat of Villas of Old Oak, a Planned Unit Development, recorded December 7, 2022 as Document No. R2022-085644, in said Southwest Quarter of Section 2, also being the north line of dedication for public road purposes per Document No. 457941; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East along said parallel line also being the north line of said dedication for public road purposes per Document No. 457941 a distance of 931.97 feet; to the west line of Golden Oak Drive as dedicated per Document No. R77-042665; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East along the south line of said Golden Oak Drive a distance of 66.00 feet, to the east line of said Southwest Quarter of Section 2; thence South 01 degrees 35 minutes 29 seconds East along said east line a distance of 44.58 feet, to said south line of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2; thence South 88 degrees 07 minutes 28 seconds West along said south line a distance of 997.69 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 1.000 acres, more or less or 43,563 square feet, more or less, of which 1.000 acres, more or less or 43,563 square feet, more or less, was previously dedicated or used for highway purposes.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0051TE

Station: 267+54.94 to 267+82.17

Index No.: 16-05-02-310-042-0000

That part of Outlot D in the Final Plat of Villas of Old Oak, a Planned Unit Development, recorded December 7, 2022, as Document No. R2022-085644, being a subdivision of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, except the north 1765.01 feet thereof and except the east 66.00 feet thereof, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the southmost southeast corner of said Outlot D; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds West along the south line of said Outlot D a distance of 7.09 feet, to a line 5.00 feet northwesterly of and parallel with the southeasterly line of said Outlot D; thence North 43 degrees 11 minutes 09 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 24.26 feet, to a line 10.00 feet west of and parallel with the east line of said Outlot D; thence North 01 degrees 35 minutes 21 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 148.58 feet, to the north line of said Outlot D; thence North 88 degrees 08 minutes 36 seconds East along said north line a distance of 10.00 feet, to the east line of said Outlot D; thence South 01 degrees 35 minutes 21 seconds East along said east line a distance of 145.65 feet, to said southeasterly line of Outlot D; thence South 43 degrees 11 minutes 09 seconds West along said southeasterly line a distance of 28.39 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.037 acres, more or less or 1,603 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

[October 29, 2025]

Parcel: 0061TE

Station: 502+35.40 to 502+55.45

Index No.: 16-05-02-310-041-0000

That part of Lot 13 in the Final Plat of Villas of Old Oak, a Planned Unit Development, recorded December 7, 2022, as Document No. R2022-085644, being a subdivision of the Southwest Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, except the north 1765.01 feet thereof and except the east 66.00 feet thereof, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the southeast corner of said Lot 13; thence South 88 degrees 08 minutes 36 seconds West along the south line of said Lot 13 a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 10.00 feet west of and parallel with the east line of said Lot 13; thence North 01 degrees 35 minutes 21 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 20.00 feet, to a line 20.00 feet north of and parallel with said south line of Lot 13; thence North 88 degrees 08 minutes 36 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 10.00 feet, to said east line of Lot 13; thence South 01 degrees 35 minutes 21 seconds East along said east line a distance of 20.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.005 acres, more or less or 200 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0052

Station: 268+47.49 to 271+31.82

Index No.: 16-05-02-400-036-0000

16-05-02-400-037-0000

That part of Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 35 minutes 29 seconds West along the west line of said Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter a distance of 44.58 feet, to the north line of dedication for public road purposes per Document No. 457943; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East along said north line a distance of 28.00 feet, to the easterly line of dedication for public road purposes per Document No. R2008- 073540; thence North 29 degrees 04 minutes 52 seconds West along said easterly line a distance of 60.66 feet, to the north corner of said dedication for public road purposes per Document No. R2008-073540 said corner being on said west line of the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 35 minutes 29 seconds West along said west line a distance of 186.42 feet, to the north line of the south 285.00 feet of said Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence North 88 degrees 08 minutes 10 seconds East along said north line a distance of 15.00 feet, to a line 15.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 35 minutes 29 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 204.49 feet, to a line 5.00 feet easterly of and parallel with said easterly line of dedication for public road purposes per Document No. R2008-073540; thence South 29 degrees 04 minutes 52 seconds East along said easterly line a distance of 34.71 feet, to a line 5.00 feet north of and parallel with said north line of dedication for public road purposes per Document No. 457943; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 252.98 feet, to a line 284.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 35 minutes 29 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 5.00 feet, to said north line of dedication for public road purposes per Document No. 457943; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East along said north line a distance of 528.12 feet, to the east line of the west 812.11 feet of said Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 35 minutes 29 seconds East along said east line a distance of 46.24 feet, to the south line of said Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence South 88 degrees 08 minutes 10 seconds West along said south line a distance of 812.12 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.949 acres, more or less or 41,318 square feet, more or less, of which 0.847 acres, more or less or 36,880 square feet, more or less, was previously dedicated or used for highway purposes.

[October 29, 2025]

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0052TE

Station: 271+12.12 to 271+72.14

Index No.: 16-05-02-400-036-0000

16-05-02-400-037-0000

That part of Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section 2, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the southwest corner of said Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 35 minutes 29 seconds West along the west line of said Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter a distance of 44.58 feet, to the north line of dedication for public road purposes per Document No. 457943; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East along said north line a distance of 28.00 feet, to the easterly line of dedication for public road purposes per Document No. R2008- 073540; thence North 29 degrees 04 minutes 52 seconds West along said easterly line a distance of 60.66 feet, to the north corner of said dedication for public road purposes per Document No. R2008-073540 said corner being on said west line of the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 35 minutes 29 seconds West along said west line a distance of 186.42 feet, to the north line of the south 285.00 feet of said Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence North 88 degrees 08 minutes 10 seconds East along said north line a distance of 15.00 feet, to a line 15.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 35 minutes 29 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 204.49 feet, to a line 5.00 feet easterly of and parallel with said easterly line of dedication for public road purposes per Document No. R2008-073540; thence South 29 degrees 04 minutes 52 seconds East along said easterly line a distance of 34.71 feet, to a line 5.00 feet north of and parallel with said north line of dedication for public road purposes per Document No. 457943; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 233.28 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 19.70 feet, to a line 284.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 35 minutes 29 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 5.00 feet, to said north line of dedication for public road purposes per Document No. 457943; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East along said north line a distance of 40.30 feet, to a line 324.30 feet east of and parallel with said west line of the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 35 minutes 29 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 10.00 feet north of and parallel with said north line of dedication for public road purposes per Document No. 457943; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 60.00 feet, to a line 264.30 feet east of and parallel with said west line of the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 35 minutes 29 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 5.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.012 acres, more or less or 501 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0155PE

Station: 229+44.58 to 229+61.97

Index No.: 16-05-10-203-034-0000

That part of Lot 5 in Block 1 in Pebble Creek Unit 2 Phase 1, being a subdivision of part of the Northeast Quarter of Section 10, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded January 12, 1977, as Document Number R77-001234, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of said Lot 5; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 17 seconds East along the north line of said Lot 5 a distance of 17.38 feet; thence South 01 degrees 58 minutes 43 seconds East a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 10.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 5; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 17 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 11.57 feet, to the southwesterly line of said Lot 5; thence North 32 degrees 08 minutes 50 seconds West along said southwesterly line a distance of 11.57 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.003 acres, more or less or 145 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0156PE

Station: 230+90.03 to 231+10.04

Index No.: 16-05-10-203-035-0000

That part of Lot 4 in Block 1 in Pebble Creek Unit 2 Phase 1, being a subdivision of part of the Northeast Quarter of Section 10, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded January 12, 1977, as Document Number R77-001234, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the northwest corner of said Lot 4; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 17 seconds East along the north line of said Lot 4 a distance of 29.70 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing North 88 degrees 01 minutes 17 seconds East along said north line a distance of 20.00 feet, to a line 15.30 feet west of and parallel with the east line of said Lot 4; thence South 01 degrees 58 minutes 43 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 10.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 4; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 17 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 20.00 feet, to a line 35.30 feet west of and parallel with said east line of Lot 4; thence North 01 degrees 58 minutes 43 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 10.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.005 acres, more or less or 200 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0165

Station: 241+23.91 to 241+53.86

Index No.: 16-05-10-207-011-0000

That part of Lot 169 in Block 7 in Pebble Creek Unit 2 Phase 2, being a subdivision of part of the Northeast Quarter of Section 10, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded June 3, 1977, as Document Number R77-018514, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the northeast corner of said Lot 169; thence South 01 degrees 49 minutes 37 seconds East along the east line of said Lot 169 a distance of 30.00 feet; thence North 46 degrees 54 minutes 10 seconds West a distance of 42.37 feet, to the north line of said Lot 169; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 17 seconds East along said north line a distance of 30.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.010 acres, more or less or 450 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0190

Station: 596+50.29 to 597+20.30

Index No.: 16-05-10-200-012-0000

That part of the Northeast Quarter of Section 10, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the Northeast corner of said Northeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 49 minutes 07 seconds East along the east line of said Northeast Quarter a distance of 290.00 feet, to a line perpendicular to said east line and the Point of Beginning; thence South 88 degrees 10 minutes 53 seconds West along said perpendicular line a distance of 50.00 feet, to a line 50.00 feet west of and parallel with said east line of the Northeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 49 minutes 07 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 70.00 feet, to a line perpendicular to said east line of the Northeast Quarter; thence North 88 degrees 10 minutes 53 seconds East along said perpendicular line a distance of 50.00 feet, to said east line of the Northeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 49 minutes 07 seconds West along said east line a distance of 70.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.080 acres, more or less or 3,500 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0191

Station: 594+99.25 to 596+50.29

Index No.: 16-05-10-200-013-0000

That part of the Northeast Quarter of Section 10, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the Northeast corner of said Northeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 49 minutes 07 seconds East along the east line of said Northeast Quarter a distance of 290.00 feet, to a line perpendicular to said east line; thence South 88 degrees 10 minutes 53 seconds West along said perpendicular line a distance of 50.00 feet, to a line 50.00 feet west of and parallel with said east line of the Northeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 49 minutes 07 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 70.00 feet, to a line perpendicular to said east line of the Northeast Quarter and the Point of Beginning; thence North 88 degrees 10 minutes 53 seconds East along said perpendicular line a distance of 50.00 feet, to said east line of the Northeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 49 minutes 07 seconds East along said east line a distance of 150.00 feet, to a line perpendicular to said east line; thence South 88 degrees 10 minutes 53 seconds West along said perpendicular line a distance of 50.00 feet, to a line 50.00 feet west of and parallel with said east line of the Northeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 49 minutes 07 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 150.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.172 acres, more or less or 7,500 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0166TE-A

Station: 242+93.89 to 247+30.73

Index No.: 16-05-11-101-029-0000

That part of Outlot A in Dawnwood Unit No. 1, a subdivision in a Planned Unit Development of part of the West Half of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded August 20, 1991, as Document Number R91-047260, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the north most northwest corner of said Outlot A; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along the north line of said Outlot A for a distance of 426.79 feet, to a line 134.00 feet west of

and parallel with the east line of said Outlot A; thence South 01 degrees 46 minutes 03 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 40.00 feet, to a line 40.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Outlot A; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 34.00 feet; thence North 01 degrees 55 minutes 46 seconds West a distance of 2.00 feet, to a line 38.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Outlot A; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 12.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 55 minutes 46 seconds East a distance of 2.00 feet, to said line 40.00 feet south of and parallel with the north line of Outlot A; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 39.00 feet, to a line 219.00 feet west of and parallel with said east line of Outlot A; thence North 01 degrees 46 minutes 03 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 30.00 feet, to a line 10.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Outlot A; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 351.79 feet, to the northwesterly line of said Outlot A; thence North 43 degrees 09 minutes 04 seconds East along said northwesterly line a distance of 14.16 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.157 acres, more or less or 6,844 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0166TE-B

Station: 248+39.67 to 248+64.67

Index No.: 16-05-11-101-029-0000

That part of Outlot A in Dawnwood Unit No. 1, a subdivision in a Planned Unit Development of part of the West Half of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded August 20, 1991, as Document Number R91-047260, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the northeast corner of said Outlot A; thence South 01 degrees

46 minutes 03 seconds East along the east line of said Outlot A for a distance of 15.00 feet, to a line 15.00 feet south of and parallel with the north line of said Outlot A; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 25.00 feet, to a line 25.00 feet west of and parallel with said east line of Outlot A; thence North 01 degrees 46 minutes 03 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 15.00 feet, to said north line of Outlot A; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along said north line a distance of 25.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.009 acres, more or less or 375 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0167

Station: 248+64.69 to 250+36.73

Index No.: 16-05-11-101-001-0000

That part of Lot 1 in Old Oak, a subdivision of part of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded August 22, 1968, as Document Number R68-014102, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of said Lot 1; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along the north line of said Lot 1 a distance of 172.00 feet, to the east line of said Lot 1; thence South 01 degrees 55 minutes 46 seconds East along said east line a distance of 30.00 feet; thence North 46 degrees 55 minutes 46 seconds West a distance of 28.28 feet, to a line 10.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 1; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 152.03 feet, to

the west line of said Lot 1; thence North 01 degrees 46 minutes 03 seconds West along said west line a distance of 10.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.
Said parcel containing 0.044 acres, more or less or 1,921 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0168

Station: 251+02.71 to 252+57.96

Index No.: 16-05-11-102-001-0000

That part of Lot 2 in Old Oak, a subdivision of part of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded August 22, 1968, as Document Number R68-014102, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of said Lot 2; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along the north line of said Lot 2 a distance of 155.23 feet, to the east line of said Lot 2; thence South 01 degrees 48 minutes 46 seconds East along said east line a distance of 5.00 feet, to a line 5.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 2; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 140.22 feet; thence South 43 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West a distance of 21.21 feet, to the west line of said Lot 2; thence North 01 degrees 55 minutes 46 seconds West along said west line a distance of 20.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.020 acres, more or less or 889 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0169

Station: 252+57.88 to 255+37.96

Index No.: 16-05-11-102-013-0000

That part of Lot 24 in Old Oak Unit No. 2, being a subdivision of part of the Northwest Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded October 14, 1969, as Document Number R69-019112, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of said Lot 24; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along the north line of said Lot 24 a distance of 280.00 feet, to the east line of the west 280.00 feet of said Lot 24; thence South 01 degrees 44 minutes 01 seconds East along said east line a distance of 15.00 feet, to a line 15.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 24; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 125.50 feet, to a line 154.50 feet east of and parallel with the west line of said Lot 24; thence South 01 degrees 44 minutes 01 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 25.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 24; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 154.50 feet, to said west line of Lot 24; thence North 01 degrees 44 minutes 01 seconds West along said west line a distance of 25.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.132 acres, more or less or 5,745 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0169TE

Station: 253+31.81 to 254+38.91

Index No.: 16-05-11-102-013-0000

That part of Lot 24 in Old Oak Unit No. 2, being a subdivision of part of the Northwest Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded October 14, 1969, as Document Number R69-019112, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the northwest corner of said Lot 24; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along the north line of said Lot 24 a distance of 280.00 feet, to the east line of the west 280.00 feet of said Lot 24; thence South 01 degrees 44 minutes 01 seconds East along said east line a distance of 15.00 feet, to a line 15.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 24; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 99.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 26.50 feet, to a line 154.50 feet east of and parallel with the west line of said Lot 24; thence South 01 degrees 44 minutes 01 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 25.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 24; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 80.50 feet, to a line 74.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of Lot 24; thence South 01 degrees 44 minutes 01 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 25.00 feet, to a line 50.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 24; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 107.00 feet, to a line 181.00 feet east of and parallel with said west line of Lot 24; thence North 01 degrees 44 minutes 01 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 35.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.067 acres, more or less or 2,940 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0170

Station: 255+37.89 to 257+86.58

Index No.: 16-05-11-102-014-0000

That part of Lot 24 in Old Oak Unit No. 2, being a subdivision of part of the Northwest Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded October 14, 1969 as Document Number R69-019112, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the intersection of the north line of said Lot 24 with the east line of the west 280.00 feet of said Lot 24; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along said north line of Lot 24 a distance of 248.62 feet, to the east line of said Lot 24; thence South 01 degrees 44 minutes 01 seconds East along said east line a distance of 45.00 feet; thence North 46 degrees 49 minutes 54 seconds West a distance of 42.35 feet, to a line 15.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 24; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 218.62 feet, to said east line of the west 280.00 feet of said Lot 24; thence North 01 degrees 44 minutes 01 seconds West along said east line a distance of 15.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.096 acres, more or less or 4,180 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0171

Station: 258+53.70 to 262+01.03

Index No.: 16-05-11-103-001-0000

That part of Lot 9 in Old Oak Subdivision Unit 4A of part of the East Half of the Northwest Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded May 2, 1979, as Document Number R79-017119, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

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Beginning at the northwest corner of said Lot 9; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along the north line of said Lot 9 a distance of 347.21 feet, to the east line of said Lot 9; thence South 01 degrees 48 minutes 38 seconds East along said east line a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 10.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 9; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 313.46 feet; thence South 43 degrees 10 minutes 06 seconds West a distance of 47.73 feet, to the west line of said Lot 9; thence North 01 degrees 49 minutes 35 seconds West along said west line a distance of 43.69 feet, to the Point of Beginning.
Said parcel containing 0.093 acres, more or less or 4,041 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0171TE

Station: 258+82.52 to 259+99.94

Index No.: 16-05-11-103-001-0000

That part of Lot 9 in Old Oak Subdivision Unit 4A of part of the East Half of the Northwest Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded May 2, 1979, as Document Number R79-017119, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the northwest corner of said Lot 9; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along the north line of said Lot 9 a distance of 347.21 feet, to the east line of said Lot 9; thence South 01 degrees 48 minutes 38 seconds East along said east line a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 10.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 9; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 201.05 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 112.41 feet; thence South 43 degrees 10 minutes 06 seconds West a distance of 7.08 feet, to a line 15.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 9; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 117.42 feet; thence North 01 degrees 55 minutes 46 seconds West a distance of 5.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.
Said parcel containing 0.013 acres, more or less or 574 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0172

Station: 262+01.00 to 262+91.03

Index No.: 16-05-11-103-002-0000

That part of Lot 8 in Old Oak Subdivision Unit 4A of part of the East Half of the Northwest Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded May 2, 1979, as Document Number R79-017119, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of said Lot 8; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along said north line a distance of 90.00 feet, to the east line of said Lot 8; thence South 01 degrees 48 minutes 38 seconds East along said east line a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 10.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 90.00 feet, to the west line of said Lot 8; thence North 01 degrees 48 minutes 38 seconds West along said west line a distance of 10.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.
Said parcel containing 0.021 acres, more or less or 900 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0173TE

Station: 262+91.00 to 263+81.03

Index No.: 16-05-11-103-003-0000

That part of Lot 7 in Old Oak Subdivision Unit 4A of part of the East Half of the Northwest Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded May 2, 1979, as Document Number R79-017119, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of said Lot 7; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along said north line a distance of 90.00 feet, to the east line of said Lot 7; thence South 01 degrees 48 minutes 38 seconds East along said east line a distance of 10.00 feet, to a line 10.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 90.00 feet, to the west line of said Lot 7; thence North 01 degrees 48 minutes 38 seconds West along said west line a distance of 10.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.021 acres, more or less or 900 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0175TE

Station: 264+71.00 to 267+00.03

Index No.: 16-05-11-103-058-0000

16-05-11-103-059-0000

That part of Lot 3 in Old Oak Subdivision Unit 4A of part of the East Half of the Northwest Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian, according to the plat thereof recorded May 2, 1979, as Document Number R79-017119, in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of said Lot 3; thence North 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds East along said north line a distance of 229.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 55 minutes 46 seconds East a distance of 3.00 feet, to a line 3.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 169.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 55 minutes 46 seconds East a distance of 7.00 feet, to a line 10.00 feet south of and parallel with said north line of Lot 3; thence South 88 degrees 04 minutes 14 seconds West along said parallel line a distance of 60.02 feet, to the west line of said Lot 3; thence North 01 degrees 48 minutes 38 seconds West along said west line a distance of 10.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.025 acres, more or less or 1,107 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0177

Station: 268+47.51 to 269+97.53

Index No.: 16-05-11-200-027-0000

That part of the North 324.18 feet of the West 150 feet of the Northeast Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of said Northeast Quarter; thence North 88 degrees 08 minutes 10 seconds East along the north line of said Northeast Quarter a distance of 150.00 feet, to the east line of said West 150 feet of the Northeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds East along said east line a distance of 55.11 feet, to the south line of 143rd Street per Dedication Of Right Of Way For Public Road Purposes per Document Number 457942; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds West along said south line a distance of 125.00 feet, to the northeast corner of Dedication Of Right Of Way For Public

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Road Purposes per Document Number R2007-115636; thence South 43 degrees 06 minutes 26 seconds West along the southeasterly line of said dedication a distance of 35.41 feet, to the west line of said Northeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds West along said west line a distance of 80.42 feet, to the Point of Beginning.
Said parcel containing 0.197 acres, more or less or 8,602 square feet, more or less, of which 0.197 acres, more or less or 8,602 square feet, more or less, was previously dedicated or used for highway purposes.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0177TE-A

Station: 269+76.52 to 269+97.53

Index No.: 16-05-11-200-027-0000

That part of the North 324.18 feet of the West 150 feet of the Northeast Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the northwest corner of said Northeast Quarter; thence North 88 degrees 08 minutes 10 seconds East along the north line of said Northeast Quarter a distance of 150.00 feet, to the east line of said West 150 feet of the Northeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds East along said east line a distance of 55.11 feet, to the south line of 143rd Street per Dedication Of Right Of Way For Public Road Purposes per Document Number 457942 and the Point of Beginning; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds West along said south line a distance of 21.00 feet; thence South 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds East a distance of 10.00 feet; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East a distance of 21.00 feet, to said east line of the West 150 feet of the Northeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds West along said east line a distance of 10.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.005 acres, more or less or 210 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0177TE-B

Station: 268+47.51 to 268+92.53

Index No.: 16-05-11-200-027-0000

That part of the North 324.18 feet of the West 150 feet of the Northeast Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the northwest corner of said Northeast Quarter; thence North 88 degrees 08 minutes 10 seconds East along the north line of said Northeast Quarter a distance of 150.00 feet, to the east line of said West 150 feet of the Northeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds East along said east line a distance of 55.11 feet, to the south line of 143rd Street per Dedication Of Right Of Way For Public Road Purposes per Document Number 457942; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds West along said south line a distance of 105.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning; thence continuing South 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds West along said south line a distance of 20.00 feet, to the northeast corner of Dedication Of Right Of Way For Public Road Purposes per Document Number R2007-115636; thence South 43 degrees 06 minutes 26 seconds West along the southeasterly line of said dedication a distance of 35.41 feet, to the west line of said Northeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds East along said west line a distance of 153.85 feet; thence North 88 degrees 11 minutes 22 seconds East a distance of 20.00 feet; thence North 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds West a distance of 44.00 feet; thence South 88 degrees 11 minutes 22 seconds West a distance of 15.00 feet; thence North 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds West a distance of 78.61 feet; thence North 88 degrees 11 minutes 22 seconds East a distance of 15.00 feet; thence North 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds West a distance of 20.14 feet, to a line 22.00 feet southeasterly of and parallel with said southeasterly line of Dedication Of Right Of Way For Public Road Purposes per

Document Number R2007-115636; thence North 43 degrees 06 minutes 26 seconds East along said parallel line a distance of 35.41 feet; thence North 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds West a distance of 11.16 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.061 acres, more or less or 2,677 square feet, more or less.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0178

Station: 269+97.53 to 275+08.48

Index No.: 16-05-11-200-028-0000

16-05-11-200-029-0000

16-05-11-200-030-0000

16-05-11-200-032-0000

That part of the Northeast Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Beginning at the intersection of the north line of said Northeast Quarter with the east line of the West 150.00 feet of said Northeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds East along said east line a distance of 55.11 feet, to the south line of 143rd Street per Dedication Of Right Of Way For Public Road Purposes per Document Number 457942; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East along said south line and along the south line of 143rd Street per Dedication Of Right Of Way For Public Road Purposes per Document Number 457943 a distance of 510.99 feet, to the east line of the West Half of the West Half of said Northeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 47 minutes 45 seconds West along said east line a distance of 54.07 feet, to said north line of the Northeast Quarter; thence South 88 degrees 08 minutes 10 seconds West along said north line a distance of 510.99 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.640 acres, more or less or 27,897 square feet, more or less, of which 0.640 acres, more or less or 27,897 square feet, more or less, was previously dedicated or used for highway purposes.

Route: County Highway #37 (143rd Street)

Section: 08-00169-18-LA

County: Will

Job No.:

Parcel: 0178TE

Station: 269+97.53 to 271+92.53

Index No.: 16-05-11-200-029-0000

16-05-11-200-030-0000

That part of the Northeast Quarter of Section 11, Township 36 North, Range 11 East of the Third Principal Meridian in Will County, Illinois, bearings and distances based on the Illinois State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, NAD83 (2011 adjustment), with a combined factor of 0.999956901, described as follows:

Commencing at the intersection of the north line of said Northeast Quarter with the east line of the West 150.00 feet of said Northeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds East along said east line a distance of 55.11 feet, to the south line of 143rd Street per Dedication Of Right Of Way For Public Road Purposes per Document Number 457942 and the Point of Beginning; thence North 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds East along said south line and along the south line of 143rd Street per Dedication Of Right Of Way For Public Road Purposes per Document Number 457943 a distance of 195.00 feet, to the east line of the West 345.00 feet of said Northeast Quarter; thence South 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds East along said east line a distance of 38.00 feet; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds West a distance of 164.00 feet; thence North 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds West a distance of 28.00 feet; thence South 88 degrees 01 minutes 07 seconds West a distance of 31.00 feet, to said east line of the West 150.00 feet of the Northeast Quarter; thence North 01 degrees 48 minutes 15 seconds West along said east line a distance of 10.00 feet, to the Point of Beginning.

Said parcel containing 0.150 acres, more or less or 6,542 square feet, more or less.

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(b) This Section is repealed 3 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator N. Harris, **House Bill No. 250** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 45; NAYS 12.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Guzmán	Lightford	Syverson
Belt	Halpin	Loughran Cappel	Tracy
Castro	Harris, N.	Martwick	Turner, D.
Cervantes	Hastings	Morrison	Ventura
Collins	Hills	Murphy	Villa
Cunningham	Holmes	Peters	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Porfirio	Villivalam
Ellman	Johnson	Preston	Walker
Faraci	Jones, E.	Rezin	Mr. President
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Simmons	
Fine	Koehler	Sims	
Glowiak Hilton	Lewis	Stadelman	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Chesney	Plummer
Arellano, L.	Curran	Rose
Balkema	DeWitte	Turner, S.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Wilcox

This bill, having received the vote of three-fifths of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR

Pursuant to the Motion in Writing filed on Tuesday, October 28, 2025 and journalized Tuesday, October 28, 2025, Senator Harmon moved to accept the Governor's specific recommendations for change to **House Bill No. 2568**.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

YEAS 38; NAYS 16.

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The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Glowiak Hilton	Koehler	Sims
Castro	Guzmán	Lightford	Stadelman
Cervantes	Halpin	Loughran Cappel	Ventura
Collins	Harris, N.	Martwick	Villa
Cunningham	Hastings	Morrison	Villanueva
Edly-Allen	Holmes	Murphy	Villivalam
Ellman	Hunter	Peters	Walker
Faraci	Johnson	Porfirio	Mr. President
Feigenholtz	Jones, E.	Preston	
Fine	Joyce	Simmons	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	DeWitte	Rezin	Wilcox
Balkema	Harriss, E.	Rose	
Bryant	Lewis	Syverson	
Chesney	McClure	Tracy	
Curran	Plummer	Turner, S.	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of the Governor's specific recommendations for change to **House Bill No. 2568**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

POSTING NOTICES WAIVED

Senator Castro moved to waive the six-day posting requirement on **House Bills numbered 576 and 767** so that the measures may be heard in the Committee on Executive that is scheduled to meet October 29, 2025.

The motion prevailed.

Senator Joyce moved to waive the six-day posting requirement on **House Bill No. 762** so that the measure may be heard in the Committee on State Government that is scheduled to meet October 29, 2025.

The motion prevailed.

At the hour of 12:01 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stands at ease.

AT EASE

At the hour of 12:05 o'clock p.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business.

Senator Koehler, presiding.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON ASSIGNMENTS

Senator Lightford, Chair of the Committee on Assignments, during its October 29, 2025 meeting, reported the following Legislative Measure has been assigned to the indicated Standing Committee of the Senate:

Insurance: **Floor Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 3799**.

[October 29, 2025]

LEGISLATIVE MEASURE FILED

The following Floor amendment to the House Bill listed below has been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 3799

COMMITTEE MEETING ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Chair announced the following committee to meet at 12:00 o'clock p.m.:

Energy and Public Utilities in Room 212

The Chair announced the following committees to meet at 1:30 o'clock p.m.:

Labor in Room 212

Insurance in Room 400

The Chair announced the following committees to meet at 3:00 o'clock p.m.:

Executive in Room 212

State Government in Room 409

At the hour of 12:07 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stands at recess subject to the call of the Chair.

AFTER RECESS

At the hour of 6:26 o'clock p.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business.
Senator Koehler, presiding.

REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES

Senator Peters, Chair of the Committee on Labor, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 3005

Senate Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 3005

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Joyce, Chair of the Committee on State Government, to which was referred **House Bill No. 762**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass.

Under the rules, the bill was ordered to a second reading.

Senator Castro, Chair of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred **House Bills Numbered 576 and 767**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

PRESENTATION OF CELEBRATION OF LIFE RESOLUTION

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 501

Offered by Senator Koehler and all Senators:

Mourns the passing of Bishop Joseph Hosea Johnson of Peoria.

By unanimous consent, the foregoing resolution was referred to the Resolutions Consent Calendar.

INTRODUCTION OF BILL

SENATE BILL NO. 2737. Introduced by Senator Preston, a bill for AN ACT concerning business.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

Senator Aquino asked and obtained unanimous consent to recess for the purpose of a Democrat caucus.

Senator McClure asked and obtained unanimous consent to recess for the purpose of a Republican caucus.

At the hour of 6:43 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stands at recess subject to the call of the Chair.

AFTER RECESS

At the hour of 7:39 o'clock p.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business.

Senator Koehler, presiding.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE ON ASSIGNMENTS

Senator Lightford, Chair of the Committee on Assignments, during its October 29, 2025 meeting, reported that the following Legislative Measures have been approved for consideration:

Floor Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 1437

Floor Amendment No. 4 to House Bill 3005

Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 3799

The foregoing floor amendments were placed on the Secretary's Desk.

Senator Lightford, Chair of the Committee on Assignments, during its October 29, 2025 meeting, reported that the Committee recommends that **House Bill No. 507** be re-referred from the Committee on Labor to the Committee on Assignments.

Senator Lightford, Chair of the Committee on Assignments, during its October 29, 2025 meeting, to which was referred **House Bill No. 507** on October 29, 2025, reported that the Committee recommends that the bill be approved for consideration and returned to the calendar in its former position.

The report of the Committee was concurred in.

And **House Bill No. 507** was returned to the order of second reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A SECOND TIME

On motion of Senator Johnson, **House Bill No. 576** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Fine, **House Bill No. 762** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Halpin, **House Bill No. 507** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

At the hour of 7:51 o'clock p.m., Senator Cunningham, presiding.

On motion of Senator Koehler, **House Bill No. 767** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

At the hour of 7:51 o'clock p.m., Senator Koehler, presiding.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Sims, **House Bill No. 1836** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Sims offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 1836

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 1836 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. This Act may be referred to as the Clean Slate Act.

Section 5. The Criminal Identification Act is amended by changing Sections 2.1, 5.2, 13, and 14 and by adding Section 5.3 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2630/2.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 206-2.1)

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 104-5)

Sec. 2.1. For the purpose of maintaining complete and accurate criminal records of the Illinois State Police, it is necessary for all policing bodies of this State, the clerk of the circuit court, the Illinois Department of Corrections, the sheriff of each county, and State's Attorney of each county to submit certain criminal arrest, charge, and disposition information to the Illinois State Police for filing at the earliest time possible. Unless otherwise noted herein, it shall be the duty of all policing bodies of this State, the clerk of the circuit court, the Illinois Department of Corrections, the sheriff of each county, and the State's Attorney of each county to report such information as provided in this Section, both in the form and manner required by the Illinois State Police and within 30 days of the criminal history event. Specifically:

(a) Arrest Information. All agencies making arrests for offenses which are required by statute to be collected, maintained or disseminated by the Illinois State Police shall be responsible for furnishing daily to the Illinois State Police fingerprints, charges and descriptions of all persons who are arrested for such offenses. All such agencies shall also notify the Illinois State Police of all decisions by the arresting agency not to refer such arrests for prosecution. With approval of the Illinois State Police, an agency making such arrests may enter into arrangements with other agencies for the purpose of furnishing daily such fingerprints, charges and descriptions to the Illinois State Police upon its behalf.

(b) Charge Information. The State's Attorney of each county shall notify the Illinois State Police of all charges filed and all petitions filed alleging that a minor is delinquent, including all those added subsequent to the filing of a case, and whether charges were not filed in cases for which the Illinois State Police has received information required to be reported pursuant to paragraph (a) of this Section. With approval of the Illinois State Police, the State's Attorney may enter into arrangements with other

agencies for the purpose of furnishing the information required by this subsection (b) to the Illinois State Police upon the State's Attorney's behalf.

(c) Disposition Information. The clerk of the circuit court of each county shall furnish the Illinois State Police, in the form and manner required by the Supreme Court, with all final dispositions of cases for which the Illinois State Police has received information required to be reported pursuant to paragraph (a) or (d) of this Section. Such information shall include, for each charge, all (1) judgments of not guilty, judgments of guilty including the sentence pronounced by the court with statutory citations to the relevant sentencing provision, findings that a minor is delinquent and any sentence made based on those findings, discharges and dismissals in the court; (2) reviewing court orders filed with the clerk of the circuit court which reverse or remand a reported conviction or findings that a minor is delinquent or that vacate or modify a sentence or sentence made following a trial that a minor is delinquent; (3) continuances to a date certain in furtherance of an order of supervision granted under Section 5-6-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections or an order of probation granted under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b)(1) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act, Section 10 of the Steroid Control Act, or Section 5-615 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987; and (4) judgments or court orders terminating or revoking a sentence to or juvenile disposition of probation, supervision or conditional discharge and any resentencing or new court orders entered by a juvenile court relating to the disposition of a minor's case involving delinquency after such revocation.

(d) Fingerprints After Sentencing.

(1) After the court pronounces sentence, sentences a minor following a trial in which a minor was found to be delinquent or issues an order of supervision or an order of probation granted under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b)(1) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act, Section 10 of the Steroid Control Act, or Section 5-615 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for any offense which is required by statute to be collected, maintained, or disseminated by the Illinois State Police, the State's Attorney of each county shall ask the court to order a law enforcement agency to fingerprint immediately all persons appearing before the court who have not previously been fingerprinted for the same case. The court shall so order the requested fingerprinting, if it determines that any such person has not previously been fingerprinted for the same case. The law enforcement agency shall submit such fingerprints to the Illinois State Police daily.

(2) After the court pronounces sentence or makes a disposition of a case following a finding of delinquency for any offense which is not required by statute to be collected, maintained, or disseminated by the Illinois State Police, the prosecuting attorney may ask the court to order a law enforcement agency to fingerprint immediately all persons appearing before the court who have not previously been fingerprinted for the same case. The court may so order the requested fingerprinting, if it determines that any so sentenced person has not previously been fingerprinted for the same case. The law enforcement agency may retain such fingerprints in its files.

(e) Corrections Information. The Illinois Department of Corrections and the sheriff of each county shall furnish the Illinois State Police with all information concerning the receipt, escape, execution, death, release, pardon, parole, commutation of sentence, granting of executive clemency or discharge of an individual who has been sentenced or committed to the agency's custody for any offenses which are mandated by statute to be collected, maintained or disseminated by the Illinois State Police. For an individual who has been charged with any such offense and who escapes from custody or dies while in custody, all information concerning the receipt and escape or death, whichever is appropriate, shall also be so furnished to the Illinois State Police.

(Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 104-5)

[October 29, 2025]

Sec. 2.1. For the purpose of maintaining complete and accurate criminal records of the Illinois State Police, it is necessary for all policing bodies of this State, the clerk of the circuit court, the Illinois Department of Corrections, the sheriff of each county, and State's Attorney of each county to submit certain criminal arrest, charge, and disposition information to the Illinois State Police for filing at the earliest time possible. Unless otherwise noted herein, it shall be the duty of all policing bodies of this State, the clerk of the circuit court, the Illinois Department of Corrections, the sheriff of each county, and the State's Attorney of each county to report such information as provided in this Section, both in the form and manner required by the Illinois State Police and within 30 days of the criminal history event. Specifically:

(a) Arrest Information. All agencies making arrests for offenses which are required by statute to be collected, maintained or disseminated by the Illinois State Police shall be responsible for furnishing daily to the Illinois State Police fingerprints, charges and descriptions of all persons who are arrested for such offenses. All such agencies shall also notify the Illinois State Police of all decisions by the arresting agency not to refer such arrests for prosecution. With approval of the Illinois State Police, an agency making such arrests may enter into arrangements with other agencies for the purpose of furnishing daily such fingerprints, charges and descriptions to the Illinois State Police upon its behalf.

(b) Charge Information. The State's Attorney of each county shall notify the Illinois State Police of all charges filed and all petitions filed alleging that a minor is delinquent, including all those added subsequent to the filing of a case, and whether charges were not filed in cases for which the Illinois State Police has received information required to be reported pursuant to paragraph (a) of this Section. With approval of the Illinois State Police, the State's Attorney may enter into arrangements with other agencies for the purpose of furnishing the information required by this subsection (b) to the Illinois State Police upon the State's Attorney's behalf.

(c) Disposition Information. The clerk of the circuit court of each county shall furnish the Illinois State Police, in the form and manner required by the Supreme Court, with all final dispositions of cases for which the Illinois State Police has received information required to be reported pursuant to paragraph (a) or (d) of this Section. Such information shall include, for each charge, all (1) judgments of not guilty, judgments of guilty including the sentence pronounced by the court with statutory citations to the relevant sentencing provision, findings that a minor is delinquent and any sentence made based on those findings, discharges and dismissals in the court; (2) reviewing court orders filed with the clerk of the circuit court which reverse or remand a reported conviction or findings that a minor is delinquent or that vacate or modify a sentence or sentence made following a trial that a minor is delinquent; (3) continuances to a date certain in furtherance of an order of supervision granted under Section 5-6-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections or an order of probation granted under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b)(1) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act, Section 10 of the Steroid Control Act, or Section 5-615 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987; (4) judgments or court orders terminating or revoking a sentence to or juvenile disposition of probation, supervision or conditional discharge, judgment or court orders of discharge from probation or conditional discharge, and any resentencing or new court orders entered by a juvenile court relating to the disposition of a minor's case involving delinquency after such revocation; and (5) in any case in which a firearm is alleged to have been used in the commission of an offense, the serial number of any firearm involved in the case, or if the serial number was obliterated, as provided by the State's Attorney to the clerk of the circuit court at the time of disposition. The Illinois State Police may provide reports of cases with missing disposition information to the clerk of the circuit court. Each clerk of the circuit court receiving a report of cases with missing disposition information shall respond within 30 days after receiving the report unless the volume of records in the report renders that timeline impracticable.

(d) Fingerprints After Sentencing.

(1) After the court pronounces sentence, sentences a minor following a trial in which a minor was found to be delinquent or issues an order of supervision or an order of probation granted under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b)(1) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency

Act, Section 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act, Section 10 of the Steroid Control Act, or Section 5-615 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for any offense which is required by statute to be collected, maintained, or disseminated by the Illinois State Police, the State's Attorney of each county shall ask the court to order a law enforcement agency to fingerprint immediately all persons appearing before the court who have not previously been fingerprinted for the same case. The court shall so order the requested fingerprinting, if it determines that any such person has not previously been fingerprinted for the same case. The law enforcement agency shall submit such fingerprints to the Illinois State Police daily.

(2) After the court pronounces sentence or makes a disposition of a case following a finding of delinquency for any offense which is not required by statute to be collected, maintained, or disseminated by the Illinois State Police, the prosecuting attorney may ask the court to order a law enforcement agency to fingerprint immediately all persons appearing before the court who have not previously been fingerprinted for the same case. The court may so order the requested fingerprinting, if it determines that any so sentenced person has not previously been fingerprinted for the same case. The law enforcement agency may retain such fingerprints in its files.

(e) Corrections Information. The Illinois Department of Corrections and the sheriff of each county shall furnish the Illinois State Police with all information concerning the receipt, escape, execution, death, release, pardon, parole, commutation of sentence, granting of executive clemency or discharge of an individual who has been sentenced or committed to the agency's custody for any offenses which are mandated by statute to be collected, maintained or disseminated by the Illinois State Police. For an individual who has been charged with any such offense and who escapes from custody or dies while in custody, all information concerning the receipt and escape or death, whichever is appropriate, shall also be so furnished to the Illinois State Police.

(f) Any entity required to report information concerning criminal arrests, charges, and dispositions pursuant to Section 2.1 or 5 of this Act shall respond to any notice advising the entity of missing or incomplete information or an error in the reporting of the information as follows:

(1) Responses shall be made within 30 days after the notice from the Illinois State Police unless the volume of records in the report renders that timeline impracticable.

(2) Responses shall include the missing or incomplete information, correction of the error or an explanation detailing the reason the information cannot be provided or corrected, and an estimated timeframe for compliance.

(Source: P.A. 104-5, eff. 1-1-26.)

(20 ILCS 2630/5.2)

Sec. 5.2. Expungement, sealing, and immediate sealing.

(a) General Provisions.

(1) Definitions. In this Act, words and phrases have the meanings set forth in this subsection, except when a particular context clearly requires a different meaning.

(A) The following terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the following Sections of the Unified Code of Corrections:

Business Offense, Section 5-1-2.

Charge, Section 5-1-3.

Court, Section 5-1-6.

Defendant, Section 5-1-7.

Felony, Section 5-1-9.

Imprisonment, Section 5-1-10.

Judgment, Section 5-1-12.

Misdemeanor, Section 5-1-14.

Offense, Section 5-1-15.

Parole, Section 5-1-16.

Petty Offense, Section 5-1-17.

Probation, Section 5-1-18.

Sentence, Section 5-1-19.

Supervision, Section 5-1-21.

Victim, Section 5-1-22.

(B) As used in this Section, "charge not initiated by arrest" means a charge (as defined by Section 5-1-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections) brought against a defendant where the defendant is not arrested prior to or as a direct result of the charge.

(C) "Conviction" means a judgment of conviction or sentence entered upon a plea of guilty or upon a verdict or finding of guilty of an offense, rendered by a legally constituted jury or by a court of competent jurisdiction authorized to try the case without a jury. An order of supervision successfully completed by the petitioner is not a conviction. An order of qualified probation (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(J)) successfully completed by the petitioner is not a conviction. An order of supervision or an order of qualified probation that is terminated unsatisfactorily is a conviction, unless the unsatisfactory termination is reversed, vacated, or modified and the judgment of conviction, if any, is reversed or vacated.

(D) "Criminal offense" means a petty offense, business offense, misdemeanor, felony, or municipal ordinance violation (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(H)). As used in this Section, a minor traffic offense (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(G)) shall not be considered a criminal offense.

(E) "Expunge" means to physically destroy the records or return them to the petitioner and to obliterate the petitioner's name from any official index or public record, or both. Nothing in this Act shall require the physical destruction of the circuit court file, but such records relating to arrests or charges, or both, ordered expunged shall be impounded as required by subsections (d)(9)(A)(ii) and (d)(9)(B)(ii).

(F) As used in this Section, "last sentence" means the sentence, order of supervision, or order of qualified probation (as defined by subsection (a)(1)(J)), for a criminal offense (as defined by subsection (a)(1)(D)) that terminates last in time in any jurisdiction, regardless of whether the petitioner has included the criminal offense for which the sentence or order of supervision or qualified probation was imposed in his or her petition. If multiple sentences, orders of supervision, or orders of qualified probation terminate on the same day and are last in time, they shall be collectively considered the "last sentence" regardless of whether they were ordered to run concurrently.

(G) "Minor traffic offense" means a petty offense, business offense, or Class C misdemeanor under the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a municipal or local ordinance.

(G-5) "Minor Cannabis Offense" means a violation of Section 4 or 5 of the Cannabis Control Act concerning not more than 30 grams of any substance containing cannabis, provided the violation did not include a penalty enhancement under Section 7 of the Cannabis Control Act and is not associated with an arrest, conviction or other disposition for a violent crime as defined in subsection (c) of Section 3 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act.

(H) "Municipal ordinance violation" means an offense defined by a municipal or local ordinance that is criminal in nature and with which the petitioner was charged or for which the petitioner was arrested and released without charging.

(I) "Petitioner" means an adult or a minor prosecuted as an adult who has applied for relief under this Section.

(J) "Qualified probation" means an order of probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, Section 5-6-3.3 or 5-6-3.4 of the Unified Code of Corrections, Section 12-4.3(b)(1) and (2) of the Criminal Code of 1961 (as those provisions existed before their deletion by Public Act 89-313), Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act, or Section 10 of the Steroid Control Act. For the purpose of this Section, "successful completion" of an order of qualified probation under Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act and Section 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act means that the probation was terminated satisfactorily and the judgment of conviction was vacated.

(K) (i) Except as provided in subdivision (ii), "seal" "~~Seal~~" means to physically and electronically maintain the records, unless the records would otherwise be destroyed due to age, but to make the records unavailable without a court order, subject to the exceptions in Sections 12 and 13 of this Act. The petitioner's name shall also be obliterated from the official index

required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order to seal shall not be affected.

(ii) For records subject to relief under subsection (k) of this Section, "seal" means to physically and electronically maintain the records, unless the records would otherwise be destroyed due to age, but to have the records impounded, as defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 5 of the Court Record and Document Accessibility Act. The defendant's name shall also be obliterated from the official index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act. Upon request, and without court order, the circuit court clerk shall provide to the Illinois State Police the disposition information for any record that was ordered to be sealed or impounded pursuant to this Section.

(L) "Sexual offense committed against a minor" includes, but is not limited to, the offenses of indecent solicitation of a child or criminal sexual abuse when the victim of such offense is under 18 years of age.

(M) "Terminate" as it relates to a sentence or order of supervision or qualified probation includes either satisfactory or unsatisfactory termination of the sentence, unless otherwise specified in this Section. A sentence is terminated notwithstanding any outstanding financial legal obligation.

(2) Minor Traffic Offenses. Orders of supervision or convictions for minor traffic offenses shall not affect a petitioner's eligibility to expunge or seal records pursuant to this Section.

(2.5) Commencing 180 days after July 29, 2016 (the effective date of Public Act 99-697), the law enforcement agency issuing the citation shall automatically expunge, on or before January 1 and July 1 of each year, the law enforcement records of a person found to have committed a civil law violation of subsection (a) of Section 4 of the Cannabis Control Act or subsection (c) of Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act in the law enforcement agency's possession or control and which contains the final satisfactory disposition which pertain to the person issued a citation for that offense. The law enforcement agency shall provide by rule the process for access, review, and to confirm the automatic expungement by the law enforcement agency issuing the citation. Commencing 180 days after July 29, 2016 (the effective date of Public Act 99-697), the clerk of the circuit court shall expunge, upon order of the court, or in the absence of a court order on or before January 1 and July 1 of each year, the court records of a person found in the circuit court to have committed a civil law violation of subsection (a) of Section 4 of the Cannabis Control Act or subsection (c) of Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act in the clerk's possession or control and which contains the final satisfactory disposition which pertain to the person issued a citation for any of those offenses.

(3) Exclusions. Except as otherwise provided in subsections (b)(5), (b)(6), (b)(8), (e), (e-5), and (e-6) of this Section, the court shall not order:

(A) the sealing or expungement of the records of arrests or charges not initiated by arrest that result in an order of supervision for or conviction of: (i) any sexual offense committed against a minor; (ii) Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or (iii) Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, unless the arrest or charge is for a misdemeanor violation of subsection (a) of Section 11-503 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, that occurred prior to the offender reaching the age of 25 years and the offender has no other conviction for violating Section 11-501 or 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

(B) the sealing or expungement of records of minor traffic offenses (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(G)), unless the petitioner was arrested and released without charging.

(C) the sealing of the records of arrests or charges not initiated by arrest which result in an order of supervision or a conviction for the following offenses:

(i) offenses included in Article 11 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, except Section 11-14 and a misdemeanor violation of Section 11-30 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a similar provision of a local ordinance;

(ii) Section 11-1.50, 12-3.4, 12-15, 12-30, 26-5, or 48-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a similar provision of a local ordinance;

(iii) Section 12-3.1 or 12-3.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or Section 125 of the Stalking No Contact Order Act, or Section 219 of the Civil No Contact Order Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance;

(iv) Class A misdemeanors or felony offenses under the Humane Care for Animals Act; or

(v) any offense or attempted offense that would subject a person to registration under the Sex Offender Registration Act.

(D) (blank).

(b) Expungement.

(1) A petitioner may petition the circuit court to expunge the records of his or her arrests and charges not initiated by arrest when each arrest or charge not initiated by arrest sought to be expunged resulted in: (i) acquittal, dismissal, or the petitioner's release without charging, unless excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B); (ii) a conviction which was vacated or reversed, unless excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B); (iii) an order of supervision and such supervision was successfully completed by the petitioner, unless excluded by subsection (a)(3)(A) or (a)(3)(B); or (iv) an order of qualified probation (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(J)) and such probation was successfully completed by the petitioner.

(1.5) When a petitioner seeks to have a record of arrest expunged under this Section, and the petitioner offender has been convicted of a criminal offense, the State's Attorney may object to the expungement on the grounds that the records contain specific relevant information aside from the mere fact of the arrest.

(2) Time frame for filing a petition to expunge.

(A) When the arrest or charge not initiated by arrest sought to be expunged resulted in an acquittal, dismissal, the petitioner's release without charging, or the reversal or vacation of a conviction, there is no waiting period to petition for the expungement of such records.

(A-5) In anticipation of the successful completion of a problem-solving court, pre-plea diversion, or post-plea diversion program, a petition for expungement may be filed 61 days before the anticipated dismissal of the case or any time thereafter. Upon successful completion of the program and dismissal of the case, the court shall review the petition of the person graduating from the program and shall grant expungement if the petitioner meets all requirements as specified in any applicable statute.

(B) When the arrest or charge not initiated by arrest sought to be expunged resulted in an order of supervision, successfully completed by the petitioner, the following time frames will apply:

(i) Those arrests or charges that resulted in orders of supervision under Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or under Section 11-1.50, 12-3.2, or 12-15 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall not be eligible for expungement until 5 years have passed following the satisfactory termination of the supervision.

(i-5) Those arrests or charges that resulted in orders of supervision for a misdemeanor violation of subsection (a) of Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, that occurred prior to the petitioner offender reaching the age of 25 years and the petitioner offender has no other conviction for violating Section 11-501 or 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall not be eligible for expungement until the petitioner has reached the age of 25 years.

(ii) Those arrests or charges that resulted in orders of supervision for any other offenses shall not be eligible for expungement until 2 years have passed following the satisfactory termination of the supervision.

(C) When the arrest or charge not initiated by arrest sought to be expunged resulted in an order of qualified probation, successfully completed by the petitioner, such records shall not be eligible for expungement until 5 years have passed following the satisfactory termination of the probation.

(3) Those records maintained by the Illinois State Police for persons arrested prior to their 17th birthday shall be expunged as provided in Section 5-915 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

(4) Whenever a person has been arrested for or convicted of any offense, in the name of a person whose identity he or she has stolen or otherwise come into possession of, the aggrieved person from whom the identity was stolen or otherwise obtained without authorization, upon learning of the person having been arrested using his or her identity, may, upon verified petition to the chief judge of the circuit wherein the arrest was made, have a court order entered nunc pro tunc by the Chief Judge to correct the arrest record, conviction record, if any, and all official records of the arresting authority, the Illinois State Police, other criminal justice agencies, the prosecutor, and the trial court concerning such arrest, if any, by removing his or her name from all such records in connection with the arrest and conviction, if any, and by inserting in the records the name of the petitioner offender, if known or ascertainable, in lieu of the aggrieved's name. The records of the circuit court clerk shall be sealed until further order of the court upon good cause shown and the name of the aggrieved person obliterated on the official index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order. Nothing in this Section shall limit the Illinois State Police or other criminal justice agencies or prosecutors from listing under a petitioner's an offender's name the false names he or she has used.

(5) Whenever a person has been convicted of criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, criminal sexual abuse, or aggravated criminal sexual abuse, the victim of that offense may request that the State's Attorney of the county in which the conviction occurred file a verified petition with the presiding trial judge at the petitioner's trial to have a court order entered to seal the records of the circuit court clerk in connection with the proceedings of the trial court concerning that offense. However, the records of the arresting authority and the Illinois State Police concerning the offense shall not be sealed. The court, upon good cause shown, shall make the records of the circuit court clerk in connection with the proceedings of the trial court concerning the offense available for public inspection.

(6) If a conviction has been set aside on direct review or on collateral attack and the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the petitioner was factually innocent of the charge, the court that finds the petitioner factually innocent of the charge shall enter an expungement order for the conviction for which the petitioner has been determined to be innocent as provided in subsection (b) of Section 5-5-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

(7) Nothing in this Section shall prevent the Illinois State Police from maintaining all records of any person who is admitted to probation upon terms and conditions and who fulfills those terms and conditions pursuant to Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, Section 5-6-3.3 or 5-6-3.4 of the Unified Code of Corrections, Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b)(1) of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act, or Section 10 of the Steroid Control Act.

(8) If the petitioner has been granted a certificate of innocence under Section 2-702 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the court that grants the certificate of innocence shall also enter an order expunging the conviction for which the petitioner has been determined to be innocent as provided in subsection (h) of Section 2-702 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(c) Sealing.

(1) Applicability. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, and cumulative with any rights to expungement of criminal records, this subsection authorizes the sealing of criminal records of adults and of minors prosecuted as adults. Subsection (g) of this Section provides for immediate sealing of certain records.

(2) Eligible Records. The following records may be sealed:

(A) All arrests resulting in release without charging;

(B) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in acquittal, dismissal, or conviction when the conviction was reversed or vacated, except as excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B);

(C) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in orders of supervision, including orders of supervision for municipal ordinance violations, successfully completed by the petitioner, unless excluded by subsection (a)(3);

(C-5) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in orders of qualified probation;

(D) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in convictions with sentences of conditional discharge or probation, completed without revocation by the petitioner, ~~including convictions on municipal ordinance violations, unless otherwise excluded by subsection (a)(3);~~

(E) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in misdemeanor convictions not included in subsection (c)(2)(D), including convictions on municipal ordinance violations, unless excluded by subsection (a)(3) ~~orders of first offender probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or Section 5-6-3.3 of the Unified Code of Corrections; and~~

(F) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in felony convictions ~~not included in subsection (c)(2)(D) unless otherwise excluded by subsection (a)(3) (a) paragraph (3) of this Section.~~

(3) When Records Are Eligible to Be Sealed. Records identified as eligible under subsection (c)(2) may be sealed as follows:

(A) Records identified as eligible under subsections (c)(2)(A) and (c)(2)(B) may be sealed at any time.

(B) ~~Records~~ Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (3), records identified as eligible under subsection (c)(2)(C), (c)(2)(C-5), (c)(2)(D), or (c)(2)(E) may be sealed 2 years after the termination of petitioner's last sentence (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(F)).

(C) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraphs (B) and ~~subparagraph (E)~~ of this paragraph (3), records identified as eligible under ~~subsection~~ subsections (c)(2)(D), (c)(2)(E), and (c)(2)(F) may be sealed 3 years after the termination of the petitioner's last sentence (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(F)). Convictions requiring public registration under the Arsonist Registry Act, the Sex Offender Registration Act, or the Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Act may not be sealed until the petitioner is no longer required to register under that relevant Act.

(D) Records identified in subsection (a)(3)(A)(iii) may be sealed after the petitioner has reached the age of 25 years.

(E) Records identified as eligible under subsection ~~(c)(2)(C), (c)(2)(D), (c)(2)(E), or (c)(2)(F)~~ may be sealed upon termination of the petitioner's last sentence if the petitioner earned a high school diploma, associate's degree, career certificate, vocational technical certification, or bachelor's degree, or passed the high school level Test of General Educational Development, during the period of his or her sentence or mandatory supervised release. This subparagraph shall apply only to a petitioner who has not completed the same educational goal prior to the period of his or her sentence or mandatory supervised release. If a petition for sealing eligible records filed under this subparagraph is denied by the court, the time periods under subparagraph ~~(B) or (C)~~ shall apply to any subsequent petition for sealing filed by the petitioner.

(4) ~~(Blank). Subsequent felony convictions. A person may not have subsequent felony conviction records sealed as provided in this subsection (c) if he or she is convicted of any felony offense after the date of the sealing of prior felony convictions as provided in this subsection (c). The court may, upon conviction for a subsequent felony offense, order the unsealing of prior felony conviction records previously ordered sealed by the court.~~

(5) Notice of eligibility for sealing. Upon entry of a disposition for an eligible record under this subsection (c), the petitioner shall be informed by the court of the right to have the records sealed and the procedures for the sealing of the records.

(d) Procedure. The following procedures apply to expungement under subsections (b), (e), and (e-6) and sealing under subsections (c) and (e-5):

(1) Filing the petition. Upon becoming eligible to petition for the expungement or sealing of records under this Section, the petitioner shall file a petition requesting the expungement or sealing of records with the clerk of the court where the arrests occurred or the charges were brought, or both. If arrests occurred or charges were brought in multiple jurisdictions, a petition must be filed in each such jurisdiction. The petitioner shall pay the applicable fee, except no fee shall be required if the petitioner has obtained a court order waiving fees under Supreme Court Rule 298 or it is otherwise waived.

(1.5) County fee waiver pilot program. From August 9, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-306) through December 31, 2020, in a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, no fee shall be

required to be paid by a petitioner if the records sought to be expunged or sealed were arrests resulting in release without charging or arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in acquittal, dismissal, or conviction when the conviction was reversed or vacated, unless excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B). The provisions of this paragraph (1.5), other than this sentence, are inoperative on and after January 1, 2022.

(2) Contents of petition. The petition shall be verified and shall contain the petitioner's name, date of birth, current address and, for each arrest or charge not initiated by arrest sought to be sealed or expunged, the case number, the date of arrest (if any), the identity of the arresting authority, and such other information as the court may require. During the pendency of the proceeding, the petitioner shall promptly notify the circuit court clerk of any change of his or her address. If the petitioner has received a certificate of eligibility for sealing from the Prisoner Review Board under paragraph (10) of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-2 of the Unified Code of Corrections, the certificate shall be attached to the petition.

(3) (Blank). ~~Drug test. The petitioner must attach to the petition proof that the petitioner has taken within 30 days before the filing of the petition a test showing the absence within his or her body of all illegal substances as defined by the Illinois Controlled Substances Act and the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act if he or she is petitioning to:~~

~~(A) seal felony records under clause (e)(2)(E);~~

~~(B) seal felony records for a violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or the Cannabis Control Act under clause (e)(2)(F);~~

~~(C) seal felony records under subsection (e-5); or~~

~~(D) expunge felony records of a qualified probation under clause (b)(1)(iv).~~

(4) Service of petition. The circuit court clerk shall promptly serve a copy of the petition and documentation to support the petition under subsection (e-5) or (e-6) on the State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting the offense, the Illinois State Police, the arresting agency, and, for municipal ordinance violations, the chief legal officer of the unit of local government effecting the arrest.

(5) Objections.

(A) Any party entitled to notice of the petition may file an objection to the petition. All objections shall be in writing, shall be filed with the circuit court clerk, and shall state with specificity the basis of the objection. Whenever a person who has been convicted of an offense is granted a pardon by the Governor which specifically authorizes expungement, an objection to the petition may not be filed.

(B) Objections to a petition to expunge or seal must be filed within 60 days of the date of service of the petition.

(6) Entry of order.

(A) The Chief Judge of the circuit wherein the charge was brought, any judge of that circuit designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge at the petitioner's trial, if any, shall rule on the petition to expunge or seal as set forth in this subsection (d)(6).

(B) Unless the State's Attorney or prosecutor, the Illinois State Police, the arresting agency, or the chief legal officer files an objection to the petition to expunge or seal within 60 days from the date of service of the petition, the court shall enter an order granting or denying the petition.

(C) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the court shall not deny a petition for sealing under this Section because the petitioner has not satisfied an outstanding legal financial obligation established, imposed, or originated by a court, law enforcement agency, or a municipal, State, county, or other unit of local government, including, but not limited to, any cost, assessment, fine, or fee. An outstanding legal financial obligation does not include any court ordered restitution to a victim under Section 5-5-6 of the Unified Code of Corrections, unless the restitution has been converted to a civil judgment. Nothing in this subparagraph (C) waives, rescinds, or abrogates a legal financial obligation or otherwise eliminates or affects the right of the holder of any financial obligation to pursue collection under applicable federal, State, or local law.

~~(D) (Blank). Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the court shall not deny a petition to expunge or seal under this Section because the petitioner has submitted a drug test taken within 30 days before the filing of the petition to expunge or seal that indicates a positive test for the presence of cannabis within the petitioner's body. In this subparagraph (D), "cannabis" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 3 of the Cannabis Control Act.~~

(7) Hearings. If an objection is filed, the court shall set a date for a hearing and notify the petitioner and all parties entitled to notice of the petition of the hearing date at least 30 days prior to the hearing. Prior to the hearing, the State's Attorney shall consult with the Illinois State Police as to the appropriateness of the relief sought in the petition to expunge or seal. At the hearing, the court shall hear evidence on whether the petition should or should not be granted, and shall grant or deny the petition to expunge or seal the records based on the evidence presented at the hearing. The court may consider the following:

- (A) the strength of the evidence supporting the defendant's conviction;
- (B) the reasons for retention of the conviction records by the State;
- (C) the petitioner's age, criminal record history, and employment history;
- (D) the period of time between the petitioner's arrest on the charge resulting in the conviction and the filing of the petition under this Section; and
- (E) the specific adverse consequences the petitioner may be subject to if the petition is denied.

(8) Service of order. After entering an order to expunge or seal records, the court must provide copies of the order to the Illinois State Police, in a form and manner prescribed by the Illinois State Police, to the petitioner, to the State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting the offense, to the arresting agency, to the chief legal officer of the unit of local government effecting the arrest for municipal ordinance violations, and to such other criminal justice agencies as may be ordered by the court. The disposition information for each case or record ordered expunged, sealed, or impounded shall be attached to the order provided to the Illinois State Police.

(9) Implementation of order.

(A) Upon entry of an order to expunge records pursuant to subsection (b)(2)(A) or (b)(2)(B)(ii), or both:

(i) the records shall be expunged (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(E)) by the arresting agency, the Illinois State Police, and any other agency as ordered by the court, within 60 days of the date of service of the order, unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed pursuant to paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of this Section;

(ii) the records of the circuit court clerk shall be impounded until further order of the court upon good cause shown and the name of the petitioner obliterated on the official index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order; and

(iii) in response to an inquiry for expunged records, the court, the Illinois State Police, or the agency receiving such inquiry, shall reply as it does in response to inquiries when no records ever existed.

(B) Upon entry of an order to expunge records pursuant to subsection (b)(2)(B)(i) or (b)(2)(C), or both:

(i) the records shall be expunged (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(E)) by the arresting agency and any other agency as ordered by the court, within 60 days of the date of service of the order, unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed pursuant to paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of this Section;

(ii) the records of the circuit court clerk shall be impounded until further order of the court upon good cause shown and the name of the petitioner obliterated on the official index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order;

(iii) the records shall be impounded by the Illinois State Police within 60 days of the date of service of the order as ordered by the court, unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed pursuant to paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of this Section;

(iv) records impounded by the Illinois State Police may be disseminated by the Illinois State Police only as required by law or to the arresting authority, the State's Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the same or a similar offense or for the purpose of sentencing for any subsequent felony, and to the Department of Corrections upon conviction for any offense; and

(v) in response to an inquiry for such records from anyone not authorized by law to access such records, the court, the Illinois State Police, or the agency receiving such inquiry shall reply as it does in response to inquiries when no records ever existed.

(B-5) Upon entry of an order to expunge records under subsection (e-6):

(i) the records shall be expunged (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(E)) by the arresting agency and any other agency as ordered by the court, within 60 days of the date of service of the order, unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed under paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of this Section;

(ii) the records of the circuit court clerk shall be impounded until further order of the court upon good cause shown and the name of the petitioner obliterated on the official index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order;

(iii) the records shall be impounded by the Illinois State Police within 60 days of the date of service of the order as ordered by the court, unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed under paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of this Section;

(iv) records impounded by the Illinois State Police may be disseminated by the Illinois State Police only as required by law or to the arresting authority, the State's Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the same or a similar offense or for the purpose of sentencing for any subsequent felony, and to the Department of Corrections upon conviction for any offense; and

(v) in response to an inquiry for these records from anyone not authorized by law to access the records, the court, the Illinois State Police, or the agency receiving the inquiry shall reply as it does in response to inquiries when no records ever existed.

(C) Upon entry of an order to seal records under subsection (c), the arresting agency, any other agency as ordered by the court, the Illinois State Police, and the court shall seal the records (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(K)). In response to an inquiry for such records, from anyone not authorized by law to access such records, the court, the Illinois State Police, or the agency receiving such inquiry shall reply as it does in response to inquiries when no records ever existed.

(D) The Illinois State Police shall send written notice to the petitioner of its compliance with each order to expunge or seal records within 60 days of the date of service of that order or, if a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider is filed, within 60 days of service of the order resolving the motion, if that order requires the Illinois State Police to expunge or seal records. In the event of an appeal from the circuit court order, the Illinois State Police shall send written notice to the petitioner of its compliance with an Appellate Court or Supreme Court judgment to expunge or seal records within 60 days of the issuance of the court's mandate. The notice is not required while any motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider, or any appeal or petition for discretionary appellate review, is pending.

(E) Upon motion, the court may order that a sealed judgment or other court record necessary to demonstrate the amount of any legal financial obligation due and owing be made available for the limited purpose of collecting any legal financial obligations owed by the petitioner that were established, imposed, or originated in the criminal proceeding for which those records have been sealed. The records made available under this subparagraph (E) shall not be entered into the official index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act and shall be immediately re-impounded upon the collection of the outstanding financial obligations.

(F) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, a circuit court clerk may access a sealed record for the limited purpose of collecting payment for any legal financial obligations that were established, imposed, or originated in the criminal proceedings for which those records have been sealed.

(10) Fees. The Illinois State Police may charge the petitioner a fee equivalent to the cost of processing any order to expunge or seal records. Notwithstanding any provision of the Clerks of Courts Act to the contrary, the circuit court clerk may charge a fee equivalent to the cost associated with the sealing or expungement of records by the circuit court clerk. From the total filing fee collected for the petition to seal or expunge, the circuit court clerk shall deposit \$10 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund, to be used to offset the costs incurred by the circuit court clerk in performing the additional duties required to serve the petition to seal or expunge on all parties. The circuit court clerk shall collect and remit the Illinois State Police portion of the fee to the State Treasurer and it shall be deposited in the State Police Services Fund. If the record brought under an expungement petition was previously sealed under this Section, the fee for the expungement petition for that same record shall be waived.

(11) Final Order. No court order issued under the expungement or sealing provisions of this Section shall become final for purposes of appeal until 30 days after service of the order on the petitioner and all parties entitled to notice of the petition.

(12) Motion to Vacate, Modify, or Reconsider. Under Section 2-1203 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the petitioner or any party entitled to notice may file a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order granting or denying the petition to expunge or seal within 60 days of service of the order. If filed more than 60 days after service of the order, a petition to vacate, modify, or reconsider shall comply with subsection (c) of Section 2-1401 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Upon filing of a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider, notice of the motion shall be served upon the petitioner and all parties entitled to notice of the petition.

(13) Effect of Order. An order granting a petition under the expungement or sealing provisions of this Section shall not be considered void because it fails to comply with the provisions of this Section or because of any error asserted in a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider. The circuit court retains jurisdiction to determine whether the order is voidable and to vacate, modify, or reconsider its terms based on a motion filed under paragraph (12) of this subsection (d).

(14) Compliance with Order Granting Petition to Seal Records. Unless a court has entered a stay of an order granting a petition to seal, all parties entitled to notice of the petition must fully comply with the terms of the order within 60 days of service of the order even if a party is seeking relief from the order through a motion filed under paragraph (12) of this subsection (d) or is appealing the order.

(15) Compliance with Order Granting Petition to Expunge Records. While a party is seeking relief from the order granting the petition to expunge through a motion filed under paragraph (12) of this subsection (d) or is appealing the order, and unless a court has entered a stay of that order, the parties entitled to notice of the petition must seal, but need not expunge, the records until there is a final order on the motion for relief or, in the case of an appeal, the issuance of that court's mandate.

(16) The changes to this subsection (d) made by Public Act 98-163 apply to all petitions pending on August 5, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-163) and to all orders ruling on a petition to expunge or seal on or after August 5, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-163).

(17) Upon request, and without court order, the circuit court clerk shall provide the disposition information for any record that was ordered to be sealed or impounded pursuant to this Section to the Illinois State Police.

(e) Whenever a person who has been convicted of an offense is granted a pardon by the Governor which specifically authorizes expungement, he or she may, upon verified petition to the Chief Judge of the circuit where the person had been convicted, any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge at the defendant's trial, have a court order entered expunging the record of arrest from the official records of the arresting authority and order that the records of the circuit court clerk and the Illinois State Police be sealed until further order of the court upon good cause shown or as otherwise provided herein, and the name of the defendant obliterated from the official index requested to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act in connection with the arrest and conviction for the offense for which he or she had been pardoned but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order. All records sealed by the Illinois State Police may be disseminated by the Illinois State Police only to the arresting authority, the State's Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the same or similar offense or for the purpose of sentencing for any subsequent felony. Upon conviction for any subsequent offense, the Department of Corrections shall have access to all sealed records of the Illinois State Police pertaining to

that individual. Upon entry of the order of expungement, the circuit court clerk shall promptly mail a copy of the order to the person who was pardoned.

(e-5) Whenever a person who has been convicted of an offense is granted a certificate of eligibility for sealing by the Prisoner Review Board which specifically authorizes sealing, he or she may, upon verified petition to the Chief Judge of the circuit where the person had been convicted, any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge at the petitioner's trial, have a court order entered sealing the record of arrest from the official records of the arresting authority and order that the records of the circuit court clerk and the Illinois State Police be sealed until further order of the court upon good cause shown or as otherwise provided herein, and the name of the petitioner obliterated from the official index requested to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act in connection with the arrest and conviction for the offense for which he or she had been granted the certificate but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order. All records sealed by the Illinois State Police may be disseminated by the Illinois State Police only as required by this Act or to the arresting authority, a law enforcement agency, the State's Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the same or similar offense or for the purpose of sentencing for any subsequent felony. Upon conviction for any subsequent offense, the Department of Corrections shall have access to all sealed records of the Illinois State Police pertaining to that individual. Upon entry of the order of sealing, the circuit court clerk shall promptly mail a copy of the order to the person who was granted the certificate of eligibility for sealing.

(e-6) Whenever a person who has been convicted of an offense is granted a certificate of eligibility for expungement by the Prisoner Review Board which specifically authorizes expungement, he or she may, upon verified petition to the Chief Judge of the circuit where the person had been convicted, any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge at the petitioner's trial, have a court order entered expunging the record of arrest from the official records of the arresting authority and order that the records of the circuit court clerk and the Illinois State Police be sealed until further order of the court upon good cause shown or as otherwise provided herein, and the name of the petitioner obliterated from the official index requested to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act in connection with the arrest and conviction for the offense for which he or she had been granted the certificate but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order. All records sealed by the Illinois State Police may be disseminated by the Illinois State Police only as required by this Act or to the arresting authority, a law enforcement agency, the State's Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the same or similar offense or for the purpose of sentencing for any subsequent felony. Upon conviction for any subsequent offense, the Department of Corrections shall have access to all expunged records of the Illinois State Police pertaining to that individual. Upon entry of the order of expungement, the circuit court clerk shall promptly mail a copy of the order to the person who was granted the certificate of eligibility for expungement.

(f) Subject to available funding, the Illinois Department of Corrections shall conduct a study of the impact of sealing, especially on employment and recidivism rates, utilizing a random sample of those who apply for the sealing of their criminal records under Public Act 93-211. At the request of the Illinois Department of Corrections, records of the Illinois Department of Employment Security shall be utilized as appropriate to assist in the study. The study shall not disclose any data in a manner that would allow the identification of any particular individual or employing unit. The study shall be made available to the General Assembly no later than September 1, 2010.

(g) Immediate Sealing.

(1) Applicability. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, and cumulative with any rights to expungement or sealing of criminal records, this subsection authorizes the immediate sealing of criminal records of adults and of minors prosecuted as adults.

(2) Eligible Records. Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in acquittal or dismissal with prejudice, except as excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B), that occur on or after January 1, 2018 (the effective date of Public Act 100-282), may be sealed immediately if the petition is filed with the circuit court clerk on the same day and during the same hearing in which the case is disposed.

(3) When Records are Eligible to be Immediately Sealed. Eligible records under paragraph (2) of this subsection (g) may be sealed immediately after entry of the final disposition of a case, notwithstanding the disposition of other charges in the same case.

(4) Notice of Eligibility for Immediate Sealing. Upon entry of a disposition for an eligible record under this subsection (g), the defendant shall be informed by the court of his or her right to have eligible records immediately sealed and the procedure for the immediate sealing of these records.

(5) Procedure. The following procedures apply to immediate sealing under this subsection (g).

(A) Filing the Petition. Upon entry of the final disposition of the case, the defendant's attorney may immediately petition the court, on behalf of the defendant, for immediate sealing of eligible records under paragraph (2) of this subsection (g) that are entered on or after January 1, 2018 (the effective date of Public Act 100-282). The immediate sealing petition may be filed with the circuit court clerk during the hearing in which the final disposition of the case is entered. If the defendant's attorney does not file the petition for immediate sealing during the hearing, the defendant may file a petition for sealing at any time as authorized under subsection (c)(3)(A).

(B) Contents of Petition. The immediate sealing petition shall be verified and shall contain the petitioner's name, date of birth, current address, and for each eligible record, the case number, the date of arrest if applicable, the identity of the arresting authority if applicable, and other information as the court may require.

(C) Drug Test. The petitioner shall not be required to attach proof that he or she has passed a drug test.

(D) Service of Petition. A copy of the petition shall be served on the State's Attorney in open court. The petitioner shall not be required to serve a copy of the petition on any other agency.

(E) Entry of Order. The presiding trial judge shall enter an order granting or denying the petition for immediate sealing during the hearing in which it is filed. Petitions for immediate sealing shall be ruled on in the same hearing in which the final disposition of the case is entered.

(F) Hearings. The court shall hear the petition for immediate sealing on the same day and during the same hearing in which the disposition is rendered.

(G) Service of Order. An order to immediately seal eligible records shall be served in conformance with subsection (d)(8).

(H) Implementation of Order. An order to immediately seal records shall be implemented in conformance with subsections (d)(9)(C) and (d)(9)(D).

(I) Fees. The fee imposed by the circuit court clerk and the Illinois State Police shall comply with paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of this Section.

(J) Final Order. No court order issued under this subsection (g) shall become final for purposes of appeal until 30 days after service of the order on the petitioner and all parties entitled to service of the order in conformance with subsection (d)(8).

(K) Motion to Vacate, Modify, or Reconsider. Under Section 2-1203 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the petitioner, State's Attorney, or the Illinois State Police may file a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order denying the petition to immediately seal within 60 days of service of the order. If filed more than 60 days after service of the order, a petition to vacate, modify, or reconsider shall comply with subsection (c) of Section 2-1401 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(L) Effect of Order. An order granting an immediate sealing petition shall not be considered void because it fails to comply with the provisions of this Section or because of an error asserted in a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider. The circuit court retains jurisdiction to determine whether the order is voidable, and to vacate, modify, or reconsider its terms based on a motion filed under subparagraph (L) of this subsection (g).

(M) Compliance with Order Granting Petition to Seal Records. Unless a court has entered a stay of an order granting a petition to immediately seal, all parties entitled to service of the order must fully comply with the terms of the order within 60 days of service of the order.

(h) Sealing or vacation and expungement of trafficking victims' crimes.

(1) A trafficking victim, as defined by paragraph (10) of subsection (a) of Section 10-9 of the Criminal Code of 2012, may petition for vacation and expungement or immediate sealing of his or her criminal record upon the completion of his or her last sentence if his or her participation in the underlying offense was a result of human trafficking under Section 10-9 of the Criminal Code of 2012 or a severe form of trafficking under the federal Trafficking Victims Protection Act.

(1.5) A petition under paragraph (1) shall be prepared, signed, and filed in accordance with Supreme Court Rule 9. The court may allow the petitioner to attend any required hearing remotely in accordance with local rules. The court may allow a petition to be filed under seal if the public filing of the petition would constitute a risk of harm to the petitioner.

(2) A petitioner under this subsection (h), in addition to the requirements provided under paragraph (4) of subsection (d) of this Section, shall include in his or her petition a clear and concise statement that: (A) he or she was a victim of human trafficking at the time of the offense; and (B) that his or her participation in the offense was a result of human trafficking under Section 10-9 of the Criminal Code of 2012 or a severe form of trafficking under the federal Trafficking Victims Protection Act.

(3) If an objection is filed alleging that the petitioner is not entitled to vacation and expungement or immediate sealing under this subsection (h), the court shall conduct a hearing under paragraph (7) of subsection (d) of this Section and the court shall determine whether the petitioner is entitled to vacation and expungement or immediate sealing under this subsection (h). A petitioner is eligible for vacation and expungement or immediate relief under this subsection (h) if he or she shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that: (A) he or she was a victim of human trafficking at the time of the offense; and (B) that his or her participation in the offense was a result of human trafficking under Section 10-9 of the Criminal Code of 2012 or a severe form of trafficking under the federal Trafficking Victims Protection Act.

(i) Minor Cannabis Offenses under the Cannabis Control Act.

(1) Expungement of Arrest Records of Minor Cannabis Offenses.

(A) The Illinois State Police and all law enforcement agencies within the State shall automatically expunge all criminal history records of an arrest, charge not initiated by arrest, order of supervision, or order of qualified probation for a Minor Cannabis Offense committed prior to June 25, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-27) if:

(i) One year or more has elapsed since the date of the arrest or law enforcement interaction documented in the records; and

(ii) No criminal charges were filed relating to the arrest or law enforcement interaction or criminal charges were filed and subsequently dismissed or vacated or the arrestee was acquitted.

(B) If the law enforcement agency is unable to verify satisfaction of condition (ii) in paragraph (A), records that satisfy condition (i) in paragraph (A) shall be automatically expunged.

(C) Records shall be expunged by the law enforcement agency under the following timelines:

(i) Records created prior to June 25, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-27), but on or after January 1, 2013, shall be automatically expunged prior to January 1, 2021;

(ii) Records created prior to January 1, 2013, but on or after January 1, 2000, shall be automatically expunged prior to January 1, 2023;

(iii) Records created prior to January 1, 2000 shall be automatically expunged prior to January 1, 2025.

In response to an inquiry for expunged records, the law enforcement agency receiving such inquiry shall reply as it does in response to inquiries when no records ever existed; however, it shall provide a certificate of disposition or confirmation that the record was expunged to the individual whose record was expunged if such a record exists.

(D) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to restrict or modify an individual's right to have that individual's records expunged except as otherwise may be provided in this Act, or diminish or abrogate any rights or remedies otherwise available to the individual.

(2) Pardons Authorizing Expungement of Minor Cannabis Offenses.

(A) Upon June 25, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-27), the Department of State Police shall review all criminal history record information and identify all records that meet all of the following criteria:

(i) one or more convictions for a Minor Cannabis Offense;

(ii) the conviction identified in paragraph (2)(A)(i) did not include a penalty enhancement under Section 7 of the Cannabis Control Act; and

(iii) the conviction identified in paragraph (2)(A)(i) is not associated with a conviction for a violent crime as defined in subsection (c) of Section 3 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act.

(B) Within 180 days after June 25, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-27), the Department of State Police shall notify the Prisoner Review Board of all such records that meet the criteria established in paragraph (2)(A).

(i) The Prisoner Review Board shall notify the State's Attorney of the county of conviction of each record identified by State Police in paragraph (2)(A) that is classified as a Class 4 felony. The State's Attorney may provide a written objection to the Prisoner Review Board on the sole basis that the record identified does not meet the criteria established in paragraph (2)(A). Such an objection must be filed within 60 days or by such later date set by the Prisoner Review Board in the notice after the State's Attorney received notice from the Prisoner Review Board.

(ii) In response to a written objection from a State's Attorney, the Prisoner Review Board is authorized to conduct a non-public hearing to evaluate the information provided in the objection.

(iii) The Prisoner Review Board shall make a confidential and privileged recommendation to the Governor as to whether to grant a pardon authorizing expungement for each of the records identified by the Department of State Police as described in paragraph (2)(A).

(C) If an individual has been granted a pardon authorizing expungement as described in this Section, the Prisoner Review Board, through the Attorney General, shall file a petition for expungement with the Chief Judge of the circuit or any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge where the individual had been convicted. Such petition may include more than one individual. Whenever an individual who has been convicted of an offense is granted a pardon by the Governor that specifically authorizes expungement, an objection to the petition may not be filed. Petitions to expunge under this subsection (i) may include more than one individual. Within 90 days of the filing of such a petition, the court shall enter an order expunging the records of arrest from the official records of the arresting authority and order that the records of the circuit court clerk and the Illinois State Police be expunged and the name of the defendant obliterated from the official index requested to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act in connection with the arrest and conviction for the offense for which the individual had received a pardon but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order. Upon entry of the order of expungement, the circuit court clerk shall promptly provide a copy of the order and a certificate of disposition to the individual who was pardoned to the individual's last known address or by electronic means (if available) or otherwise make it available to the individual upon request.

(D) Nothing in this Section is intended to diminish or abrogate any rights or remedies otherwise available to the individual.

(3) Any individual may file a motion to vacate and expunge a conviction for a misdemeanor or Class 4 felony violation of Section 4 or Section 5 of the Cannabis Control Act. Motions to vacate and expunge under this subsection (i) may be filed with the circuit court, Chief Judge of a judicial circuit or any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge. The circuit court clerk shall promptly serve a copy of the motion to vacate and expunge, and any supporting documentation, on the State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting the offense. When considering such a motion to vacate and expunge, a court shall consider the following: the reasons to retain the records provided by law enforcement, the petitioner's age, the petitioner's age at the time of offense, the time since the conviction, and the specific adverse consequences if denied. An individual may file such a petition after the completion of any non-financial sentence or non-financial condition imposed by the conviction. Within 60 days of the filing of such motion, a State's Attorney may file an objection to such a petition along with supporting evidence. If a motion to vacate and expunge is granted, the records shall be expunged in accordance with subparagraphs (d)(8) and (d)(9)(A) of this Section. An agency providing civil legal aid, as defined by Section 15 of the Public Interest Attorney Assistance Act, assisting individuals seeking to file a motion to vacate and expunge under this subsection may file motions to vacate and expunge with the Chief Judge of a judicial circuit or any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge, and the motion may include more than one individual. Motions filed

by an agency providing civil legal aid concerning more than one individual may be prepared, presented, and signed electronically.

(4) Any State's Attorney may file a motion to vacate and expunge a conviction for a misdemeanor or Class 4 felony violation of Section 4 or Section 5 of the Cannabis Control Act. Motions to vacate and expunge under this subsection (i) may be filed with the circuit court, Chief Judge of a judicial circuit or any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge, and may include more than one individual. Motions filed by a State's Attorney concerning more than one individual may be prepared, presented, and signed electronically. When considering such a motion to vacate and expunge, a court shall consider the following: the reasons to retain the records provided by law enforcement, the individual's age, the individual's age at the time of offense, the time since the conviction, and the specific adverse consequences if denied. Upon entry of an order granting a motion to vacate and expunge records pursuant to this Section, the State's Attorney shall notify the Prisoner Review Board within 30 days. Upon entry of the order of expungement, the circuit court clerk shall promptly provide a copy of the order and a certificate of disposition to the individual whose records will be expunged to the individual's last known address or by electronic means (if available) or otherwise make available to the individual upon request. If a motion to vacate and expunge is granted, the records shall be expunged in accordance with subparagraphs (d)(8) and (d)(9)(A) of this Section.

(5) In the public interest, the State's Attorney of a county has standing to file motions to vacate and expunge pursuant to this Section in the circuit court with jurisdiction over the underlying conviction.

(6) If a person is arrested for a Minor Cannabis Offense as defined in this Section before June 25, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-27) and the person's case is still pending but a sentence has not been imposed, the person may petition the court in which the charges are pending for an order to summarily dismiss those charges against him or her, and expunge all official records of his or her arrest, plea, trial, conviction, incarceration, supervision, or expungement. If the court determines, upon review, that: (A) the person was arrested before June 25, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-27) for an offense that has been made eligible for expungement; (B) the case is pending at the time; and (C) the person has not been sentenced of the minor cannabis violation eligible for expungement under this subsection, the court shall consider the following: the reasons to retain the records provided by law enforcement, the petitioner's age, the petitioner's age at the time of offense, the time since the conviction, and the specific adverse consequences if denied. If a motion to dismiss and expunge is granted, the records shall be expunged in accordance with subparagraph (d)(9)(A) of this Section.

(7) A person imprisoned solely as a result of one or more convictions for Minor Cannabis Offenses under this subsection (i) shall be released from incarceration upon the issuance of an order under this subsection.

(8) The Illinois State Police shall allow a person to use the access and review process, established in the Illinois State Police, for verifying that his or her records relating to Minor Cannabis Offenses of the Cannabis Control Act eligible under this Section have been expunged.

(9) No conviction vacated pursuant to this Section shall serve as the basis for damages for time unjustly served as provided in the Court of Claims Act.

(10) Effect of Expungement. A person's right to expunge an expungeable offense shall not be limited under this Section. The effect of an order of expungement shall be to restore the person to the status he or she occupied before the arrest, charge, or conviction.

(11) Information. The Illinois State Police shall post general information on its website about the expungement process described in this subsection (i).

(j) Felony Prostitution Convictions.

(1) Automatic Sealing of Felony Prostitution Arrests.

(A) The Illinois State Police and local law enforcement agencies within the State shall automatically seal the law enforcement records relating to a person's Class 4 felony arrests and charges not initiated by arrest for prostitution if that arrest or charge not initiated by arrest is eligible for sealing under paragraph (2) of subsection (c).

(B) In the absence of a court order or upon the order of a court, the clerk of the circuit court shall automatically seal the court records and case files relating to a person's Class 4 felony arrests and charges not initiated by arrest for prostitution if that arrest or charge not initiated by arrest is eligible for sealing under paragraph (2) of subsection (c).

(C) The automatic sealing described in this paragraph (1) shall be completed no later than January 1, 2028.

(2) Automatic Sealing of Felony Prostitution Convictions.

(A) The Illinois State Police and local law enforcement agencies within the State shall automatically seal the law enforcement records relating to a person's Class 4 felony conviction for prostitution if those records are eligible for sealing under paragraph (2) of subsection (c).

(B) In the absence of a court order or upon the order of a court, the clerk of the circuit court shall automatically seal the court records relating to a person's Class 4 felony conviction for prostitution if those records are eligible for sealing under paragraph (2) of subsection (c).

(C) The automatic sealing of records described in this paragraph (2) shall be completed no later than January 1, 2028.

(3) Motions to Vacate and Expunge Felony Prostitution Convictions. Any individual may file a motion to vacate and expunge a conviction for a prior Class 4 felony violation of prostitution. Motions to vacate and expunge under this subsection (j) may be filed with the circuit court, Chief Judge of a judicial circuit, or any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge. When considering the motion to vacate and expunge, a court shall consider the following:

(A) the reasons to retain the records provided by law enforcement;

(B) the petitioner's age;

(C) the petitioner's age at the time of offense; and

(D) the time since the conviction, and the specific adverse consequences if denied. An individual may file the petition after the completion of any sentence or condition imposed by the conviction. Within 60 days of the filing of the motion, a State's Attorney may file an objection to the petition along with supporting evidence. If a motion to vacate and expunge is granted, the records shall be expunged in accordance with subparagraph (d)(9)(A) of this Section. An agency providing civil legal aid, as defined in Section 15 of the Public Interest Attorney Assistance Act, assisting individuals seeking to file a motion to vacate and expunge under this subsection may file motions to vacate and expunge with the Chief Judge of a judicial circuit or any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge, and the motion may include more than one individual.

(4) Any State's Attorney may file a motion to vacate and expunge a conviction for a Class 4 felony violation of prostitution. Motions to vacate and expunge under this subsection (j) may be filed with the circuit court, Chief Judge of a judicial circuit, or any judge of the circuit court designated by the Chief Judge, and may include more than one individual. When considering the motion to vacate and expunge, a court shall consider the following reasons:

(A) the reasons to retain the records provided by law enforcement;

(B) the petitioner's age;

(C) the petitioner's age at the time of offense;

(D) the time since the conviction; and

(E) the specific adverse consequences if denied.

If the State's Attorney files a motion to vacate and expunge records for felony prostitution convictions pursuant to this Section, the State's Attorney shall notify the Prisoner Review Board within 30 days of the filing. If a motion to vacate and expunge is granted, the records shall be expunged in accordance with subparagraph (d)(9)(A) of this Section.

(5) In the public interest, the State's Attorney of a county has standing to file motions to vacate and expunge pursuant to this Section in the circuit court with jurisdiction over the underlying conviction.

(6) The Illinois State Police shall allow a person to use the access and review process, established in the Illinois State Police, for verifying that his or her records relating to felony prostitution eligible under this Section have been expunged.

(7) No conviction vacated pursuant to this Section shall serve as the basis for damages for time unjustly served as provided in the Court of Claims Act.

(8) Effect of Expungement. A person's right to expunge an expungeable offense shall not be limited under this Section. The effect of an order of expungement shall be to restore the person to the status he or she occupied before the arrest, charge, or conviction.

(9) Information. The Illinois State Police shall post general information on its website about the expungement or sealing process described in this subsection (j).

(k) Automatic Sealing.

(1) Applicability. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, and cumulative with any rights to expungement or sealing of criminal records, this subsection authorizes the automatic sealing of criminal records of adults and of minors prosecuted as adults. Any duties imposed upon the Illinois State Police by this Act are subject to appropriations being made for that purpose to the State Police Services Fund. Any duties imposed upon circuit clerks by this Act are subject to appropriations being made for that purpose to the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund.

(2) Beginning January 1, 2029, records created on or after January 1, 1970 that meet the eligibility criteria in paragraph (k)(3) and timing criteria in paragraph (k)(4) or (k)(5) shall be automatically sealed without the filing of a petition. The Illinois State Police shall identify eligible records, automatically seal eligible records, and provide an electronic notice to circuit clerks, by means of the applicable e-filing system.

Commencing January 1, 2029, the Illinois State Police shall, at least quarterly, seal all records identified as subject to automatic sealing in paragraph (k)(3) and meeting time requirements under paragraph (k)(5). At least quarterly, the Illinois State Police shall electronically notify each circuit court of all previously unidentified records originating in that county for which a record is subject to automatic sealing pursuant to this subsection.

Upon receipt of notice from the Illinois State Police, circuit clerks shall seal records as that term is defined in subsection (a)(1)(K)(ii). For records held electronically, circuit clerks shall seal records within 90 days of notice from the Illinois State Police. For records not held electronically, circuit clerks shall ensure that the individual's name is obliterated from the official index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act and shall also ensure that the permanent record, as defined by the Supreme Court, is sealed as defined in subsection (a)(1)(K)(ii) before anyone not authorized by law is able to access the physical records.

For all records created before January 1, 2029, the following timelines shall apply:

(A) Records created prior to January 1, 2029 but on or after July 1, 2005 shall be identified and sealed by the Illinois State Police, with notice provided to circuit clerks by means of the applicable e-filing system, by January 1, 2030. Circuit clerks shall seal records in accordance with the procedures established in this Section by January 1, 2031.

(B) Records created prior to July 1, 2005 but on or after July 1, 1990 shall be identified and sealed by the Illinois State Police, with notice provided to circuit clerks by means of the applicable e-filing system, by January 1, 2031. Circuit clerks shall seal records in accordance with the procedures established in this Section by January 1, 2032.

(C) Records created prior to July 1, 1990 but on or after July 1, 1970 shall be identified and sealed by the Illinois State Police, with notice provided to circuit clerks by means of the applicable e-filing system, by January 1, 2032. Circuit clerks shall seal records in accordance with the procedures established in this Section by January 1, 2034.

(3) Records listed in subsection (c)(2) are eligible for automatic record sealing unless excluded by subsection (a)(3) or in this paragraph (3):

(A) Records are not eligible for automatic sealing while the subject of the record is serving a sentence, order of supervision, or order of qualified probation for a criminal offense in this State. Records are not eligible for automatic sealing if the subject of the record has pending filed charges. For the purposes of determining if a charge is pending, if the Illinois State Police is otherwise unable to determine disposition status, misdemeanor charges shall not be considered pending if one year has elapsed since the filing of charges and felony charges shall not be considered pending if 7 years have elapsed since the filing of charges.

(B) Records of conviction for offenses included in Article 9 or 11 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, for felonies designated as Class X, and for felonies that require public registration under the Sex Offender Registration Act are not eligible for automatic sealing. Notwithstanding this subparagraph, offenses included in Section 11-14 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 are eligible for automatic sealing. A conviction of a crime of violence, as that term is defined in Section 20 of the Drug Court Treatment Act, is not eligible for automatic sealing. A conviction of trafficking in persons, involuntary servitude, or involuntary sexual servitude of a minor, a conviction of organized retail crime, a conviction of robbery, a conviction of vehicular hijacking, a conviction of burglary that is a Class 1 or 2 felony, or a conviction of residential burglary, as those terms are

used in Sections 10-9, 16-25.1, 18-1, 18-3, 19-1, and 19-3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is not eligible for automatic sealing. Convictions requiring public registration under the Arsonist Registration Act or the Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Act are not eligible for automatic sealing until the petitioner is no longer required to register under the relevant Act.

(C) Records with the same case number as a conviction listed in subparagraph (B) are not eligible for automatic sealing.

(D) Felony conviction records are not eligible for automatic sealing until all felony conviction records eligible for automatic sealing for the subject of the record have met the time requirements in paragraph (5).

(4) Automatic Sealing of Nonconviction Records. Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in acquittal or dismissal, except as excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B), that occur on or after January 1, 2029 shall be sealed immediately after entry of the final disposition of a case, except as provided in subsection (k)(3)(C). Upon entry of a disposition for an eligible record under this paragraph, the defendant shall be informed by the court that the defendant's eligible records will be immediately sealed and the procedure for the immediate sealing of these records. The court shall enter an order sealing the record after entry of the final disposition of a case. After sealing records pursuant to this paragraph, the circuit court clerk must provide notice of sealing to the Illinois State Police and to the arresting agency in a form and manner prescribed by the Supreme Court. The circuit clerk shall provide this notice within 30 days of sealing the record and may do so electronically. An order to immediately seal records shall be implemented in conformance with paragraph (8).

(5) When Records are Subject to Automatic Sealing.

(A) Records of arrest resulting in release without charging and records of arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in acquittal, dismissal, or conviction when the conviction was reversed or vacated are subject to automatic sealing immediately.

(B) Records of arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in orders of supervision, including orders of supervision for municipal ordinance violations, resulting in orders of qualified probation, are subject to automatic sealing if 2 years have elapsed since the termination of the order of supervision or qualified probation.

(C) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in misdemeanor convictions are subject to automatic sealing if two years have elapsed since the termination of the sentence associated with the record.

(D) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in convictions for felony offenses are subject to automatic sealing if 3 years have elapsed since the termination of the sentence associated with the record.

(E) For the purposes of determining if the timelines in this paragraph (5) have been met, the Illinois State Police shall consider records in its possession and, in the absence of disposition or sentence termination records, shall deem sentences terminated based on the sentence or supervision term length information in its possession. In the absence of a known term length of probation or conditional discharge, the Illinois State Police shall deem a term completed if the maximum probation or conditional discharge term length for the statutory class of the offense has elapsed since the disposition date.

(6) Notice. At least monthly, the circuit court clerk shall provide notice to each arresting agency of all records sealed under this subsection. The circuit court clerk may provide this notice electronically.

(7) Implementation.

(A) Upon notice of sealing provided by the circuit court clerk, the arresting agency and any other agency receiving notice of sealing shall seal the records under the procedures in subsections (a)(1)(K) and (d)(9)(C).

(B) In response to an inquiry for the sealed records from anyone not authorized by law to access the records, the court, the Illinois State Police, the arresting agency, or the prosecuting agency receiving the inquiry shall reply as it does in response to inquiries when no records ever existed.

(C) Each circuit court that has sealed a record shall make those records available to the subject of the record, or an attorney representing the subject of the record, without court order within 7 days.

(8) Upon request, the circuit court clerk shall provide disposition information for any record sealed pursuant to this subsection to the Illinois State Police, the arresting agency, the State's Attorney, or prosecutor that prosecuted the offense. If the Illinois State Police, arresting agency, State's Attorney, or prosecutor that prosecuted the offense determine a record has been improperly sealed pursuant to this subsection, the Illinois State Police, arresting agency, State's Attorney, or prosecutor that prosecuted the offense may file a petition to unseal the record with the court that entered the original record. If the court determines the record was improperly sealed, the court shall enter an order unsealing the record.

(9) Records sealed under this subsection shall be used and disseminated by the Illinois State Police only as required or authorized by a federal or State law, rule, or regulation that requires inquiry into and release of criminal records. The Department of Corrections shall have access to all sealed records of the Illinois State Police pertaining to individuals committed or confined within or sentenced to a term of imprisonment within a correctional institution or facility.

(10) The Illinois State Police shall allow a person to use the access and review process, established by the Illinois State Police, for verifying that the person's records eligible under this subsection have been sealed. As part of the access and review process, upon request, the Illinois State Police shall provide the subject of the record written confirmation that the record was sealed under this subsection.

(11) An individual may challenge the individual's record and request corrections, including the sealing of records eligible under this subsection, by completing and submitting a record challenge form to the Illinois State Police. The Illinois State Police shall automatically seal all records identified as eligible under this subsection based on the access and review process. The Illinois State Police shall include any records identified as eligible under this process in the next electronic notification of the circuit court in which the case originated. The Illinois State Police shall render a final administrative decision with respect to the record challenge, which shall be subject to administrative appeal procedures established by the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority.

(12) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to restrict or modify an individual's right to have that individual's records expunged or sealed except as otherwise may be provided in this Act or diminish or abrogate any rights or remedies otherwise available to the individual.

(13) The State or the county, or an official or employee of the State or the county acting in the course of the official's or employee's duties, is not liable for an injury or loss a person might receive due to an act or omission of a person in the commission of the person's duties under this Act, except for willful, wanton misconduct or gross negligence on the part of the governmental unit or on the part of the official or employee.

(l) Municipal ordinance violations and Class C misdemeanors. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary and cumulative with any rights to expungement of criminal records, this subsection requires the sealing of criminal records of municipal ordinance violations and Class C misdemeanors without petition. Beginning January 1, 2028, and on January 1 and July 1 of each year thereafter, circuit court clerks shall seal any criminal records of arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in charges or convictions for municipal ordinance violations or Class C misdemeanors if one year has elapsed since the case was closed as designated by the Supreme Court.

(Source: P.A. 103-35, eff. 1-1-24; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23; 103-609, eff. 7-1-24; 103-755, eff. 8-2-24; 103-1071, eff. 7-1-25; 104-417, eff. 8-15-25; revised 9-17-25.)

(20 ILCS 2630/5.3 new)

Sec. 5.3. Illinois Clean Slate Task Force.

(a) There is created the Illinois Clean Slate Task Force to monitor the development of processes for sealing criminal records without petition, to create a plan for the implementation of this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly, and to monitor implementation.

(b) The Task Force shall be composed of the following members:

(1) The Director of the Illinois State Police or the Director's designee.

(2) The Director of the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts or the Director's designee.

(3) A representative appointed by the Supreme Court of Illinois.

(4) A representative of an association representing sheriffs, appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

(5) A representative of an association representing State's Attorneys, appointed by Minority Leader of the Senate.

(6) The Executive Director of the Illinois Sentencing Policy Advisory Council or the Executive Director's designee.

(7) Three circuit court clerks appointed by the Governor, or the clerks' designees, one of whom represents a county with a population equal to or greater than 3,000,000, one of whom represents a population equal to or greater than 250,000 and less than 3,000,000, and one of whom represents a population under 250,000.

(8) Two representatives from organizations that advocate for currently or formerly incarcerated people, one appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and one appointed by the Senate President.

(9) Two practitioners who represent people petitioning for record sealing, one appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and one appointed by the Senate President.

(10) One member appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(11) One member appointed by the House Minority Leader.

(12) One member appointed by the Senate President.

(13) One member appointed by the Senate Minority Leader.

(14) Two members of the public with a criminal record appointed by the Lieutenant Governor.

(c) Co-chairpersons of the Task Force shall be elected from among the members of the Task Force by a majority vote of the Task Force. All appointments must be made under this Section within 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly, and the first meeting must be held within 90 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly. If a vacancy occurs in the Task Force membership, the vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the remainder of the Task Force.

(d) Task Force members shall serve without compensation.

(e) The Task Force shall meet, either virtually or in person, at least 4 times each year. Each meeting, including the meeting required under subsection (c), shall be set by the Task Force co-chairpersons.

(f) The Task Force shall review best practices, research, and case studies in other states that have passed automatic record change laws. The Task Force shall examine processes for communication between circuit court clerks, the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts, and the Illinois State Police for the purposes of record correction, notification of records eligible for automatic sealing, and record matching. The Task Force shall research opportunities for the improvement of the transmission of supervision termination and sentence termination information from circuit court clerks and the Illinois Department of Corrections to the Illinois State Police for the purposes of identifying records eligible for automatic sealing.

(g) The Task Force shall produce and submit an annual report before June 30th of each year detailing progress toward implementation of its duties under this Section, recommendations to address challenges to implementation, and needed resources to the General Assembly.

(h) The Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority shall provide administrative and other support to the Task Force. The General Assembly may appropriate funds to the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority for the purpose of funding the work of the Task Force or services provided under this Section.

(i) The Task Force is dissolved 5 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly.

(j) This Section is repealed 6 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly.

(20 ILCS 2630/13)

Sec. 13. Retention and release of sealed records.

(a) The Illinois State Police shall retain records sealed under subsection (c) or (e 5) of Section 5.2 or impounded under subparagraph (B) or (B-5) of paragraph (9) of subsection (d) of Section 5.2 and shall release them only as authorized by this Act. Felony records sealed under subsection (c) or (e 5) of Section 5.2 or impounded under subparagraph (B) or (B-5) of paragraph (9) of subsection (d) of Section 5.2 shall be used and disseminated by the Illinois State Police only as otherwise specifically required or authorized by a federal or State law, rule, or regulation that requires inquiry into and release of criminal records, including, but not limited to, subsection (A) of Section 3 of this Act. However, all requests for records that have been expunged, sealed, and impounded and the use of those records are subject to the provisions of Section 2-103 of the Illinois Human Rights Act. Upon conviction for any offense, the Department of Corrections shall have access to all sealed records of the Illinois State Police pertaining to that individual.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, all sealed or impounded records are subject to inspection and use by the court and inspection and use by law enforcement agencies and State's Attorneys or other prosecutors in carrying out the duties of their offices.

(c) The sealed or impounded records maintained under subsection (a) are exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act.

(d) The Illinois State Police shall commence the sealing of records of felony arrests and felony convictions pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of Section 5.2 of this Act no later than one year from the date that funds have been made available for purposes of establishing the technologies necessary to implement the changes made by this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly.

(Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

(20 ILCS 2630/14)

Sec. 14. Expungement Backlog Accountability Law.

(a) On or before August 1 of each year, the Illinois State Police shall report to the Governor, the Attorney General, the Office of the State Appellate Defender, and both houses of the General Assembly the following information for the previous fiscal year:

(1) the number of petitions to expunge received by the Illinois State Police;

(2) the number of petitions to expunge to which the Illinois State Police objected pursuant to subdivision (d)(5)(B) of Section 5.2 of this Act;

(3) the number of petitions to seal records received by the Illinois State Police;

(4) the number of petitions to seal records to which the Illinois State Police objected pursuant to subdivision (d)(5)(B) of Section 5.2 of this Act;

(5) the number of orders to expunge received by the Illinois State Police;

(6) the number of orders to expunge to which the Illinois State Police successfully filed a motion to vacate, modify or reconsider under paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of Section 5.2 of this Act;

(7) the number of orders to expunge records entered by the Illinois State Police;

(8) the number of orders to seal records received by the Illinois State Police;

(9) the number of orders to seal records to which the Illinois State Police successfully filed a motion to vacate, modify or reconsider under paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of Section 5.2 of this Act;

(10) the number of orders to seal records entered by the Illinois State Police;

(11) the amount of fees received by the Illinois State Police pursuant to subdivision (d)(10) of Section 5.2 of this Act and deposited into the State Police Services Fund;

(12) the number of orders to expunge or to seal records received by the Illinois State Police that have not been entered as of June 30 of the previous fiscal year;—

(13) the total number of records sealed pursuant to automated sealing under subsection (k) of Section 5.2;

(14) the number of conviction records sealed pursuant to automated sealing under subsection (k) of Section 5.2;

(15) the number of conviction records sealed pursuant to automated sealing under subsection (k) of Section 5.2 by misdemeanor or felony class; and

(16) the number of records sealed pursuant to automated sealing under subsection (k) of Section 5.2 by county.

(b) The information reported under this Section shall be made available to the public, at the time it is reported, on the official web site of the Illinois State Police.

(c) Upon request of a State's Attorney or the Attorney General, the Illinois State Police shall provide within 90 days a list of all orders to expunge or seal with which the Illinois State Police has not yet complied. This list shall include the date of the order, the name of the petitioner, the case number, and a detailed statement of the basis for non-compliance.

(Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

Section 10. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Sections 1-8 and 5-901 as follows:

(705 ILCS 405/1-8)

Sec. 1-8. Confidentiality and accessibility of juvenile court records.

(A) A juvenile adjudication shall never be considered a conviction nor shall an adjudicated individual be considered a criminal. Unless expressly allowed by law, a juvenile adjudication shall not operate to impose upon the individual any of the civil disabilities ordinarily imposed by or resulting from conviction. Unless expressly allowed by law, adjudications shall not prejudice or disqualify the individual in any civil service application or appointment, from holding public office, or from receiving any license granted by public authority. All juvenile court records which have not been expunged are sealed and may never be disclosed to the general public or otherwise made widely available. Sealed juvenile court records may be obtained only under this Section and Section 1-7 and Part 9 of Article V of this Act, when their use is needed for good cause and with an order from the juvenile court. Inspection and copying of juvenile court records relating to a minor who is the subject of a proceeding under this Act shall be restricted to the following:

(1) The minor who is the subject of record, the minor's parents, guardian, and counsel.

(2) Law enforcement officers and law enforcement agencies when such information is essential to executing an arrest or search warrant or other compulsory process, or to conducting an ongoing investigation or relating to a minor who has been adjudicated delinquent and there has been a previous finding that the act which constitutes the previous offense was committed in furtherance of criminal activities by a criminal street gang.

Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this Section, "criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, association, or group of 3 or more persons, whether formal or informal, having as one of its primary activities the commission of one or more criminal acts and that has a common name or common identifying sign, symbol, or specific color apparel displayed, and whose members individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal activity.

Beginning July 1, 1994, for purposes of this Section, "criminal street gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

(3) Judges, hearing officers, prosecutors, public defenders, probation officers, social workers, or other individuals assigned by the court to conduct a pre-adjudication or pre-disposition investigation, and individuals responsible for supervising or providing temporary or permanent care and custody for minors under the order of the juvenile court when essential to performing their responsibilities.

(4) Judges, federal, State, and local prosecutors, public defenders, probation officers, and designated staff:

(a) in the course of a trial when institution of criminal proceedings has been permitted or required under Section 5-805;

(b) when criminal proceedings have been permitted or required under Section 5-805 and a minor is the subject of a proceeding to determine the conditions of pretrial release;

(c) when criminal proceedings have been permitted or required under Section 5-805 and a minor is the subject of a pre-trial investigation, pre-sentence investigation or fitness hearing, or proceedings on an application for probation; or

(d) when a minor becomes 18 years of age or older, and is the subject of criminal proceedings, including a hearing to determine the conditions of pretrial release, a pre-trial investigation, a pre-sentence investigation, a fitness hearing, or proceedings on an application for probation.

(5) Adult and Juvenile Prisoner Review Boards.

(6) Authorized military personnel.

(6.5) Employees of the federal government authorized by law.

(7) Victims, their subrogees and legal representatives; however, such persons shall have access only to the name and address of the minor and information pertaining to the disposition or alternative adjustment plan of the juvenile court.

(8) Persons engaged in bona fide research, with the permission of the presiding judge of the juvenile court and the chief executive of the agency that prepared the particular records; provided that publication of such research results in no disclosure of a minor's identity and protects the confidentiality of the record.

(9) The Secretary of State to whom the Clerk of the Court shall report the disposition of all cases, as required in Section 6-204 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. However, information reported relative to these offenses shall be privileged and available only to the Secretary of State, courts, and police officers.

(10) The administrator of a bonafide substance abuse student assistance program with the permission of the presiding judge of the juvenile court.

(11) Mental health professionals on behalf of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Human Services or prosecutors who are evaluating, prosecuting, or investigating a potential or actual petition brought under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act relating to a person who is the subject of juvenile court records or the respondent to a petition brought under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act, who is the subject of juvenile court records sought. Any records and any information obtained from those records under this paragraph (11) may be used only in sexually violent persons commitment proceedings.

(12) (Blank).

(A-1) Findings and exclusions of paternity entered in proceedings occurring under Article II of this Act shall be disclosed, in a manner and form approved by the Presiding Judge of the Juvenile Court, to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services when necessary to discharge the duties of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services under Article X of the Illinois Public Aid Code.

(B) A minor who is the victim in a juvenile proceeding shall be provided the same confidentiality regarding disclosure of identity as the minor who is the subject of record.

(C)(0.1) In cases where the records concern a pending juvenile court case, the requesting party seeking to inspect the juvenile court records shall provide actual notice to the attorney or guardian ad litem of the minor whose records are sought.

(0.2) In cases where the juvenile court records concern a juvenile court case that is no longer pending, the requesting party seeking to inspect the juvenile court records shall provide actual notice to the minor or the minor's parent or legal guardian, and the matter shall be referred to the chief judge presiding over matters pursuant to this Act.

(0.3) In determining whether juvenile court records should be made available for inspection and whether inspection should be limited to certain parts of the file, the court shall consider the minor's interest in confidentiality and rehabilitation over the requesting party's interest in obtaining the information. The State's Attorney, the minor, and the minor's parents, guardian, and counsel shall at all times have the right to examine court files and records.

(0.4) Any records obtained in violation of this Section shall not be admissible in any criminal or civil proceeding, or operate to disqualify a minor from subsequently holding public office, or operate as a forfeiture of any public benefit, right, privilege, or right to receive any license granted by public authority.

(D) Pending or following any adjudication of delinquency for any offense defined in Sections 11-1.20 through 11-1.60 or 12-13 through 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the victim of any such offense shall receive the rights set out in Sections 4 and 6 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act; and the juvenile who is the subject of the adjudication, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, shall be treated as an adult for the purpose of affording such rights to the victim.

(E) Nothing in this Section shall affect the right of a Civil Service Commission or appointing authority of the federal government, or any state, county, or municipality examining the character and fitness of an applicant for employment with a law enforcement agency, correctional institution, or fire department to ascertain whether that applicant was ever adjudicated to be a delinquent minor and, if so, to examine the records of disposition or evidence which were made in proceedings under this Act.

(F) Following any adjudication of delinquency for a crime which would be a felony if committed by an adult, or following any adjudication of delinquency for a violation of Section 24-1, 24-3, 24-3.1, or 24-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the State's Attorney shall ascertain whether the minor respondent is enrolled in school and, if so, shall provide a copy of the dispositional order to the principal or chief administrative officer of the school. Access to the dispositional order shall be limited to the principal or chief administrative officer of the school and any school counselor designated by the principal or chief administrative officer.

(G) Nothing contained in this Act prevents the sharing or disclosure of information or records relating or pertaining to juveniles subject to the provisions of the Serious Habitual Offender Comprehensive Action Program when that information is used to assist in the early identification and treatment of habitual juvenile offenders.

(H) When a court hearing a proceeding under Article II of this Act becomes aware that an earlier proceeding under Article II had been heard in a different county, that court shall request, and the court in which the earlier proceedings were initiated shall transmit, an authenticated copy of the juvenile court record, including all documents, petitions, and orders filed and the minute orders, transcript of proceedings, and docket entries of the court.

(I) The Clerk of the Circuit Court shall report to the Illinois State Police, in the form and manner required by the Illinois State Police, the final disposition of each minor who has been arrested or taken into custody before the minor's 18th birthday for those offenses required to be reported under Section 5 of the Criminal Identification Act. Information reported to the Illinois State Police under this Section may be maintained with records that the Illinois State Police files under Section 2.1 of the Criminal Identification Act. Upon request, the circuit court clerk shall provide the disposition information for any case or record required to be reported to the Illinois State Police under Section 2.1 or 5 of the Criminal Identification Act.

(J) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 98-61 apply to juvenile law enforcement records of a minor who has been arrested or taken into custody on or after January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-61).

(K) Willful violation of this Section is a Class C misdemeanor and each violation is subject to a fine of \$1,000. This subsection (K) shall not apply to the person who is the subject of the record.

(L) A person convicted of violating this Section is liable for damages in the amount of \$1,000 or actual damages, whichever is greater.

(Source: P.A. 102-197, eff. 7-30-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 103-22, eff. 8-8-23; 103-379, eff. 7-28-23; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24.)

(705 ILCS 405/5-901)

Sec. 5-901. Court file.

(1) The court file with respect to proceedings under this Article shall consist of the petitions, pleadings, victim impact statements, process, service of process, orders, writs and docket entries reflecting hearings held and judgments and decrees entered by the court. The court file shall be kept separate from other records of the court.

(a) The file, including information identifying the victim or alleged victim of any sex offense, shall be disclosed only to the following parties when necessary for discharge of their official duties:

- (i) A judge of the circuit court and members of the staff of the court designated by the judge;
- (ii) Parties to the proceedings and their attorneys;
- (iii) Victims and their attorneys, except in cases of multiple victims of sex offenses in which case the information identifying the nonrequesting victims shall be redacted;
- (iv) Probation officers, law enforcement officers or prosecutors or their staff;
- (v) Adult and juvenile Prisoner Review Boards.

(b) The Court file redacted to remove any information identifying the victim or alleged victim of any sex offense shall be disclosed only to the following parties when necessary for discharge of their official duties:

- (i) Authorized military personnel;
- (ii) Persons engaged in bona fide research, with the permission of the judge of the juvenile court and the chief executive of the agency that prepared the particular recording; provided that publication of such research results in no disclosure of a minor's identity and protects the confidentiality of the record;
- (iii) The Secretary of State to whom the Clerk of the Court shall report the disposition of all cases, as required in Section 6-204 or Section 6-205.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. However, information reported relative to these offenses shall be privileged and available only to the Secretary of State, courts, and police officers;

(iv) The administrator of a bonafide substance abuse student assistance program with the permission of the presiding judge of the juvenile court;

(v) Any individual, or any public or private agency or institution, having custody of the juvenile under court order or providing educational, medical or mental health services to the juvenile or a court-approved advocate for the juvenile or any placement provider or potential placement provider as determined by the court.

(2) (Reserved).

(3) A minor who is the victim or alleged victim in a juvenile proceeding shall be provided the same confidentiality regarding disclosure of identity as the minor who is the subject of record. Information identifying victims and alleged victims of sex offenses, shall not be disclosed or open to public inspection under any circumstances. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the victim or alleged victim of any sex offense from voluntarily disclosing this identity.

(4) Relevant information, reports and records shall be made available to the Department of Juvenile Justice when a juvenile offender has been placed in the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.

(4.5) Relevant information, reports and records, held by the Department of Juvenile Justice, including social investigation, psychological and medical records, of any juvenile offender, shall be made available to any county juvenile detention facility upon written request by the Superintendent or Director of that juvenile detention facility, to the Chief Records Officer of the Department of Juvenile Justice where the subject youth is or was in the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice and is subsequently ordered to be held in a county juvenile detention facility.

(5) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (5), juvenile court records shall not be made available to the general public but may be inspected by representatives of agencies, associations and news media or other properly interested persons by general or special order of the court. The State's Attorney, the minor, the minor's parents, guardian and counsel shall at all times have the right to examine court files and records.

(a) The court shall allow the general public to have access to the name, address, and offense of a minor who is adjudicated a delinquent minor under this Act under either of the following circumstances:

(i) The adjudication of delinquency was based upon the minor's commission of first degree murder, attempt to commit first degree murder, aggravated criminal sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault; or

(ii) The court has made a finding that the minor was at least 13 years of age at the time the act was committed and the adjudication of delinquency was based upon the minor's commission of: (A) an act in furtherance of the commission of a felony as a member of or on behalf of a criminal street gang, (B) an act involving the use of a firearm in the commission of a felony, (C) an act that would be a Class X felony offense under or the minor's second or subsequent Class 2 or greater felony offense under the Cannabis Control Act if committed by an adult, (D) an act that would be a second or subsequent offense under Section 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act if committed by an adult, (E) an act that would be an offense under Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act if committed by an adult, or (F) an act that would be an offense under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act if committed by an adult.

(b) The court shall allow the general public to have access to the name, address, and offense of a minor who is at least 13 years of age at the time the offense is committed and who is convicted, in criminal proceedings permitted or required under Section 5-805, under either of the following circumstances:

(i) The minor has been convicted of first degree murder, attempt to commit first degree murder, aggravated criminal sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault,

(ii) The court has made a finding that the minor was at least 13 years of age at the time the offense was committed and the conviction was based upon the minor's commission of: (A) an offense in furtherance of the commission of a felony as a member of or on behalf of a criminal street gang, (B) an offense involving the use of a firearm in the commission of a felony, (C) a Class X felony offense under the Cannabis Control Act or a second or subsequent Class 2 or greater felony offense under the Cannabis Control Act, (D) a second or subsequent offense under Section 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, (E) an offense under Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or (F) an offense under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

(6) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to limit the use of an adjudication of delinquency as evidence in any juvenile or criminal proceeding, where it would otherwise be admissible under the rules of evidence, including, but not limited to, use as impeachment evidence against any witness, including the minor if the minor testifies.

(7) Nothing in this Section shall affect the right of a Civil Service Commission or appointing authority examining the character and fitness of an applicant for a position as a law enforcement officer to ascertain whether that applicant was ever adjudicated to be a delinquent minor and, if so, to examine the records or evidence which were made in proceedings under this Act.

(8) Following any adjudication of delinquency for a crime which would be a felony if committed by an adult, or following any adjudication of delinquency for a violation of Section 24-1, 24-3, 24-3.1, or 24-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, the State's Attorney shall ascertain whether the

minor respondent is enrolled in school and, if so, shall provide a copy of the sentencing order to the principal or chief administrative officer of the school. Access to such juvenile records shall be limited to the principal or chief administrative officer of the school and any school counselor designated by the principal or chief administrative officer.

(9) Nothing contained in this Act prevents the sharing or disclosure of information or records relating or pertaining to juveniles subject to the provisions of the Serious Habitual Offender Comprehensive Action Program when that information is used to assist in the early identification and treatment of habitual juvenile offenders.

(10) (Reserved).

(11) The Clerk of the Circuit Court shall report to the Illinois State Police, in the form and manner required by the Illinois State Police, the final disposition of each minor who has been arrested or taken into custody before the minor's 18th birthday for those offenses required to be reported under Section 5 of the Criminal Identification Act. Information reported to the Illinois State Police under this Section may be maintained with records that the Illinois State Police files under Section 2.1 of the Criminal Identification Act. Upon request, the circuit court clerk shall provide the disposition information for any case or record required to be reported to the Illinois State Police under Section 2.1 or 5 of the Criminal Identification Act.

(12) Information or records may be disclosed to the general public when the court is conducting hearings under Section 5-805 or 5-810.

(13) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 98-61 apply to juvenile court records of a minor who has been arrested or taken into custody on or after January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-61). (Source: P.A. 102-197, eff. 7-30-21; 102-320, eff. 8-6-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 103-22, eff. 8-8-23.)

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Sims, **House Bill No. 1836** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 39; NAYS 17.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Feigenholtz	Joyce	Simmons
Belt	Fine	Koehler	Sims
Castro	Guzmán	Lewis	Stadelman
Cervantes	Halpin	Lightford	Ventura
Collins	Harris, N.	Martwick	Villa
Cunningham	Hastings	Morrison	Villanueva
DeWitte	Holmes	Murphy	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Peters	Walker
Ellman	Johnson	Porfirio	Mr. President
Faraci	Jones, E.	Preston	

[October 29, 2025]

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Fowler	Plummer	Turner, S.
Balkema	Harriss, E.	Rezin	Wilcox
Bryant	Hills	Rose	
Chesney	Loughran Cappel	Syverson	
Curran	McClure	Tracy	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Peters, **House Bill No. 3005** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Peters offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3005

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3005 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by changing Section 7.5 as follows:
(5 ILCS 140/7.5)

Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be exempt from inspection and copying:

(a) All information determined to be confidential under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and Development Act.

(b) Library circulation and order records identifying library users with specific materials under the Library Records Confidentiality Act.

(c) Applications, related documents, and medical records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it has received.

(d) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives relating to known or suspected cases of sexually transmitted infection or any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmitted Infection Control Act.

(e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.

(f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications Based Selection Act.

(g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.

(h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.

(i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

(j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by carriers under the Emergency Telephone System Act.

(k) Law enforcement officer identification information or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(l) Records and information provided to a residential health care facility resident sexual assault and death review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review Team Act.

(m) Information provided to the predatory lending database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that Article.

(n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act (repealed). This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.

(o) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances Registry Act.

(p) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Department of Transportation under Sections 2705-300 and 2705-616 of the Department of Transportation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act, or the St. Clair County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act (repealed).

(q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Personnel Record Review Act.

(r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Illinois School Student Records Act.

(s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.

(t) (Blank).

(u) Records and information provided to an independent team of experts under the Developmental Disability and Mental Health Safety Act (also known as Brian's Law).

(v) Names and information of people who have applied for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

(v-5) Records of the Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board that are exempted from disclosure under Section 10 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

(w) Personally identifiable information which is exempted from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section 19.1 of the Toll Highway Act.

(x) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

(y) Confidential information under the Adult Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including information about the identity and administrative finding against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of an eligible adult maintained in the Registry established under Section 7.5 of the Adult Protective Services Act.

(z) Records and information provided to a fatality review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory Council under Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services Act.

(aa) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2.37 of the Wildlife Code.

(bb) Information which is or was prohibited from disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

(cc) Recordings made under the Law Enforcement Officer-Worn Body Camera Act, except to the extent authorized under that Act.

(dd) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 45 of the Condominium and Common Interest Community Ombudsperson Act.

(ee) Information that is exempted from disclosure under Section 30.1 of the Pharmacy Practice Act.

- (ff) Information that is exempted from disclosure under the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.
- (gg) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 7-603.5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (hh) Records that are exempt from disclosure under Section 1A-16.7 of the Election Code.
- (ii) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2505-800 of the Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- (jj) Information and reports that are required to be submitted to the Department of Labor by registering day and temporary labor service agencies but are exempt from disclosure under subsection (a-1) of Section 45 of the Day and Temporary Labor Services Act.
- (kk) Information prohibited from disclosure under the Seizure and Forfeiture Reporting Act.
- (ll) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 5-30.8 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (mm) Records that are exempt from disclosure under Section 4.2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act.
- (nn) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 70 of the Higher Education Student Assistance Act.
- (oo) Communications, notes, records, and reports arising out of a peer support counseling session prohibited from disclosure under the First Responders Suicide Prevention Act.
- (pp) Names and all identifying information relating to an employee of an emergency services provider or law enforcement agency under the First Responders Suicide Prevention Act.
- (qq) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives collected under the Reproductive Health Act.
- (rr) Information that is exempt from disclosure under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act.
- (ss) Data reported by an employer to the Department of Human Rights pursuant to Section 2-108 of the Illinois Human Rights Act.
- (tt) Recordings made under the Children's Advocacy Center Act, except to the extent authorized under that Act.
- (uu) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 50 of the Sexual Assault Evidence Submission Act.
- (vv) Information that is exempt from disclosure under subsections (f) and (j) of Section 5-36 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (ww) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 16.8 of the State Treasurer Act.
- (xx) Information that is exempt from disclosure or information that shall not be made public under the Illinois Insurance Code.
- (yy) Information prohibited from being disclosed under the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act.
- (zz) Information prohibited from being disclosed under the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act.
- (aaa) Information prohibited from being disclosed under Section 1-167 of the Illinois Pension Code.
- (bbb) Information that is prohibited from disclosure by the Illinois Police Training Act and the Illinois State Police Act.
- (ccc) Records exempt from disclosure under Section 2605-304 of the Illinois State Police Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- (ddd) Information prohibited from being disclosed under Section 35 of the Address Confidentiality for Victims of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, or Stalking Act.
- (eee) Information prohibited from being disclosed under subsection (b) of Section 75 of the Domestic Violence Fatality Review Act.
- (fff) Images from cameras under the Expressway Camera Act. This subsection (fff) is inoperative on and after July 1, 2025.
- (ggg) Information prohibited from disclosure under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 14 of the Nurse Agency Licensing Act.
- (hhh) Information submitted to the Illinois State Police in an affidavit or application for an assault weapon endorsement, assault weapon attachment endorsement, .50 caliber rifle endorsement, or .50 caliber cartridge endorsement under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

- (iii) Data exempt from disclosure under Section 50 of the School Safety Drill Act.
- (jjj) Information exempt from disclosure under Section 30 of the Insurance Data Security Law.
- (kkk) Confidential business information prohibited from disclosure under Section 45 of the Paint Stewardship Act.
- (lll) Data exempt from disclosure under Section 2-3.196 of the School Code.
- (mmm) Information prohibited from being disclosed under subsection (e) of Section 1-129 of the Illinois Power Agency Act.
- (nnn) Materials received by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity that are confidential under the Music and Musicians Tax Credit and Jobs Act.
- (ooo) Data or information provided pursuant to Section 20 of the Statewide Recycling Needs and Assessment Act.
- (ppp) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 28-11 of the Lawful Health Care Activity Act.
- (qqq) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 7-101 of the Illinois Human Rights Act.
- (rrr) Information prohibited from being disclosed under Section 4-2 of the Uniform Money Transmission Modernization Act.
- (sss) Information exempt from disclosure under Section 40 of the Student-Athlete Endorsement Rights Act.
- (ttt) Audio recordings made under Section 30 of the Illinois State Police Act, except to the extent authorized under that Section.
- (uuu) Information prohibited from being disclosed under Section 1505-230 of the Department of Labor Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

(Source: P.A. 102-36, eff. 6-25-21; 102-237, eff. 1-1-22; 102-292, eff. 1-1-22; 102-520, eff. 8-20-21; 102-559, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-946, eff. 7-1-22; 102-1042, eff. 6-3-22; 102-1116, eff. 1-10-23; 103-8, eff. 6-7-23; 103-34, eff. 6-9-23; 103-142, eff. 1-1-24; 103-372, eff. 1-1-24; 103-472, eff. 8-1-24; 103-508, eff. 8-4-23; 103-580, eff. 12-8-23; 103-592, eff. 6-7-24; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 103-636, eff. 7-1-24; 103-724, eff. 1-1-25; 103-786, eff. 8-7-24; 103-859, eff. 8-9-24; 103-991, eff. 8-9-24; 103-1049, eff. 8-9-24; 103-1081, eff. 3-21-25.)

Section 10. The Illinois Public Labor Relations Act is amended by changing Sections 14 and 17 as follows:

(5 ILCS 315/14) (from Ch. 48, par. 1614)

Sec. 14. Security employee, peace officer and fire fighter disputes.

(a) In the case of collective bargaining agreements involving units of security employees of a public employer, Peace Officer Units, or units of fire fighters or paramedics, and in the case of disputes under Section 18, unless the parties mutually agree to some other time limit, mediation shall commence 30 days prior to the expiration date of such agreement or at such later time as the mediation services chosen under subsection (b) of Section 12 can be provided to the parties. In the case of negotiations for an initial collective bargaining agreement, mediation shall commence upon 15 days notice from either party or at such later time as the mediation services chosen pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 12 can be provided to the parties. In mediation under this Section, if either party requests the use of mediation services from the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service or, if the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service is unable to provide mediation services, from the Illinois Department of Labor, the other party shall either join in such request or bear the additional cost of mediation services from another source. The mediator shall have a duty to keep the Board informed on the progress of the mediation. If any dispute has not been resolved within 15 days after the first meeting of the parties and the mediator, or within such other time limit as may be mutually agreed upon by the parties, either the exclusive representative or employer may request of the other, in writing, arbitration, and shall submit a copy of the request to the Board.

(b) Within 10 days after such a request for arbitration has been made, the employer shall choose a delegate and the employees' exclusive representative shall choose a delegate to a panel of arbitration as provided in this Section. The employer and employees shall forthwith advise the other and the Board of their selections.

(c) Within 7 days after the request of either party, the parties shall request a panel of impartial arbitrators from which they shall select the neutral chairman according to the procedures provided in this Section. If the parties have agreed to a contract that contains a grievance resolution procedure as provided in

Section 8, the chairman shall be selected using their agreed contract procedure unless they mutually agree to another procedure. If the parties fail to notify the Board of their selection of neutral chairman within 7 days after receipt of the list of impartial arbitrators, the Board shall appoint, at random, a neutral chairman from the list. In the absence of an agreed contract procedure for selecting an impartial arbitrator, either party may request a panel from the Board. Within 7 days of the request of either party, the Board shall select from the Public Employees Labor Mediation Roster 7 persons who are on the labor arbitration panels of either the American Arbitration Association or the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, or who are members of the National Academy of Arbitrators, as nominees for impartial arbitrator of the arbitration panel. The parties may select an individual on the list provided by the Board or any other individual mutually agreed upon by the parties. Within 7 days following the receipt of the list, the parties shall notify the Board of the person they have selected. Unless the parties agree on an alternate selection procedure, they shall alternatively strike one name from the list provided by the Board until only one name remains. A coin toss shall determine which party shall strike the first name. If the parties fail to notify the Board in a timely manner of their selection for neutral chairman, the Board shall appoint a neutral chairman from the Illinois Public Employees Mediation/Arbitration Roster.

(d) The chairman shall call a hearing to begin within 15 days and give reasonable notice of the time and place of the hearing. The hearing shall be held at the offices of the Board or at such other location as the Board deems appropriate. The chairman shall preside over the hearing and shall take testimony. Any oral or documentary evidence and other data deemed relevant by the arbitration panel may be received in evidence. The proceedings shall be informal. Technical rules of evidence shall not apply and the competency of the evidence shall not thereby be deemed impaired. A verbatim record of the proceedings shall be made and the arbitrator shall arrange for the necessary recording service. Transcripts may be ordered at the expense of the party ordering them, but the transcripts shall not be necessary for a decision by the arbitration panel. The expense of the proceedings, including a fee for the chairman, shall be borne equally by each of the parties to the dispute. The delegates, if public officers or employees, shall continue on the payroll of the public employer without loss of pay. The hearing conducted by the arbitration panel may be adjourned from time to time, but unless otherwise agreed by the parties, shall be concluded within 30 days of the time of its commencement. Majority actions and rulings shall constitute the actions and rulings of the arbitration panel. Arbitration proceedings under this Section shall not be interrupted or terminated by reason of any unfair labor practice charge filed by either party at any time.

(e) The arbitration panel may administer oaths, require the attendance of witnesses, and the production of such books, papers, contracts, agreements and documents as may be deemed by it material to a just determination of the issues in dispute, and for such purpose may issue subpoenas. If any person refuses to obey a subpoena, or refuses to be sworn or to testify, or if any witness, party or attorney is guilty of any contempt while in attendance at any hearing, the arbitration panel may, or the attorney general if requested shall, invoke the aid of any circuit court within the jurisdiction in which the hearing is being held, which court shall issue an appropriate order. Any failure to obey the order may be punished by the court as contempt.

(f) At any time before the rendering of an award, the chairman of the arbitration panel, if he is of the opinion that it would be useful or beneficial to do so, may remand the dispute to the parties for further collective bargaining for a period not to exceed 2 weeks. If the dispute is remanded for further collective bargaining the time provisions of this Act shall be extended for a time period equal to that of the remand. The chairman of the panel of arbitration shall notify the Board of the remand.

(g) At or before the conclusion of the hearing held pursuant to subsection (d), the arbitration panel shall identify the economic issues in dispute, and direct each of the parties to submit, within such time limit as the panel shall prescribe, to the arbitration panel and to each other its last offer of settlement on each economic issue. The determination of the arbitration panel as to the issues in dispute and as to which of these issues are economic shall be conclusive. The arbitration panel, within 30 days after the conclusion of the hearing, or such further additional periods to which the parties may agree, shall make written findings of fact and promulgate a written opinion and shall mail or otherwise deliver a true copy thereof to the parties and their representatives and to the Board. As to each economic issue, the arbitration panel shall adopt the last offer of settlement which, in the opinion of the arbitration panel, more nearly complies with the applicable factors prescribed in subsection (h). The findings, opinions and order as to all other issues shall be based upon the applicable factors prescribed in subsection (h).

(h) Where there is no agreement between the parties, or where there is an agreement but the parties have begun negotiations or discussions looking to a new agreement or amendment of the existing

agreement, and wage rates or other conditions of employment under the proposed new or amended agreement are in dispute, the arbitration panel shall base its findings, opinions and order upon the following factors, as applicable:

(1) The lawful authority of the employer.

(2) Stipulations of the parties.

(3) The interests and welfare of the public and the financial ability of the unit of government to meet those costs.

(4) Comparison of the wages, hours and conditions of employment of the employees involved in the arbitration proceeding with the wages, hours and conditions of employment of other employees performing similar services and with other employees generally:

(A) In public employment in comparable communities.

(B) In private employment in comparable communities.

(5) The average consumer prices for goods and services, commonly known as the cost of living.

(6) The overall compensation presently received by the employees, including direct wage compensation, vacations, holidays and other excused time, insurance and pensions, medical and hospitalization benefits, the continuity and stability of employment and all other benefits received.

(7) Changes in any of the foregoing circumstances during the pendency of the arbitration proceedings.

(8) Such other factors, not confined to the foregoing, which are normally or traditionally taken into consideration in the determination of wages, hours and conditions of employment through voluntary collective bargaining, mediation, fact-finding, arbitration or otherwise between the parties, in the public service or in private employment.

(i) In the case of peace officers, the arbitration decision shall be limited to wages, hours, and conditions of employment (which may include residency requirements in municipalities with a population under 100,000, but those residency requirements shall not allow residency outside of Illinois) and shall not include the following: i) residency requirements in municipalities with a population of at least 100,000; ii) the type of equipment, other than uniforms, issued or used; iii) manning; iv) the total number of employees employed by the department; v) mutual aid and assistance agreements to other units of government; and vi) the criterion pursuant to which force, including deadly force, can be used; provided, nothing herein shall preclude an arbitration decision regarding equipment or manning levels if such decision is based on a finding that the equipment or manning considerations in a specific work assignment involve a serious risk to the safety of a peace officer beyond that which is inherent in the normal performance of police duties. Limitation of the terms of the arbitration decision pursuant to this subsection shall not be construed to limit the factors upon which the decision may be based, as set forth in subsection (h).

In the case of fire fighter, and fire department or fire district paramedic matters, the arbitration decision shall be limited to wages, hours, and conditions of employment (including manning and also including residency requirements in municipalities with a population under 1,000,000, but those residency requirements shall not allow residency outside of Illinois) and shall not include the following matters: i) residency requirements in municipalities with a population of at least 1,000,000; ii) the type of equipment (other than uniforms and fire fighter turnout gear) issued or used; iii) the total number of employees employed by the department; iv) mutual aid and assistance agreements to other units of government; and v) the criterion pursuant to which force, including deadly force, can be used; provided, however, nothing herein shall preclude an arbitration decision regarding equipment levels if such decision is based on a finding that the equipment considerations in a specific work assignment involve a serious risk to the safety of a fire fighter beyond that which is inherent in the normal performance of fire fighter duties. Limitation of the terms of the arbitration decision pursuant to this subsection shall not be construed to limit the facts upon which the decision may be based, as set forth in subsection (h).

The changes to this subsection (i) made by Public Act 90-385 (relating to residency requirements) do not apply to persons who are employed by a combined department that performs both police and firefighting services; these persons shall be governed by the provisions of this subsection (i) relating to peace officers, as they existed before the amendment by Public Act 90-385.

To preserve historical bargaining rights, this subsection shall not apply to any provision of a fire fighter collective bargaining agreement in effect and applicable on the effective date of this Act; provided, however, nothing herein shall preclude arbitration with respect to any such provision.

(j) Arbitration procedures shall be deemed to be initiated by the filing of a letter requesting mediation as required under subsection (a) of this Section. The commencement of a new municipal fiscal year after the

initiation of arbitration procedures under this Act, but before the arbitration decision, or its enforcement, shall not be deemed to render a dispute moot, or to otherwise impair the jurisdiction or authority of the arbitration panel or its decision. Increases in rates of compensation awarded by the arbitration panel may be effective only at the start of the fiscal year next commencing after the date of the arbitration award. If a new fiscal year has commenced either since the initiation of arbitration procedures under this Act or since any mutually agreed extension of the statutorily required period of mediation under this Act by the parties to the labor dispute causing a delay in the initiation of arbitration, the foregoing limitations shall be inapplicable, and such awarded increases may be retroactive to the commencement of the fiscal year, any other statute or charter provisions to the contrary, notwithstanding. At any time the parties, by stipulation, may amend or modify an award of arbitration.

(k) Orders of the arbitration panel shall be reviewable, upon appropriate petition by either the public employer or the exclusive bargaining representative, by the circuit court for the county in which the dispute arose or in which a majority of the affected employees reside, but only for reasons that the arbitration panel was without or exceeded its statutory authority; the order is arbitrary, or capricious; or the order was procured by fraud, collusion or other similar and unlawful means. Such petitions for review must be filed with the appropriate circuit court within 90 days following the issuance of the arbitration order. The pendency of such proceeding for review shall not automatically stay the order of the arbitration panel. The party against whom the final decision of any such court shall be adverse, if such court finds such appeal or petition to be frivolous, shall pay reasonable attorneys' fees and costs to the successful party as determined by said court in its discretion. If said court's decision affirms the award of money, such award, if retroactive, shall bear interest at the rate of 12 percent per annum from the effective retroactive date.

(l) During the pendency of proceedings before the arbitration panel, existing wages, hours, and other conditions of employment shall not be changed by action of either party without the consent of the other but a party may so consent without prejudice to his rights or position under this Act. The proceedings are deemed to be pending before the arbitration panel upon the initiation of arbitration procedures under this Act.

(m) Security officers of public employers, and Peace Officers, Fire Fighters and fire department and fire protection district paramedics, covered by this Section may not withhold services, nor may public employers lock out or prevent such employees from performing services at any time.

(n) All of the terms decided upon by the arbitration panel shall be included in an agreement to be submitted to the public employer's governing body for ratification and adoption by law, ordinance or the equivalent appropriate means.

The governing body shall review each term decided by the arbitration panel. If the governing body fails to reject one or more terms of the arbitration panel's decision by a 3/5 vote of those duly elected and qualified members of the governing body, within 20 days of issuance, or in the case of firefighters employed by a state university, at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the governing body after issuance, such term or terms shall become a part of the collective bargaining agreement of the parties. If the governing body affirmatively rejects one or more terms of the arbitration panel's decision, it must provide reasons for such rejection with respect to each term so rejected, within 20 days of such rejection and the parties shall return to the arbitration panel for further proceedings and issuance of a supplemental decision with respect to the rejected terms. Any supplemental decision by an arbitration panel or other decision maker agreed to by the parties shall be submitted to the governing body for ratification and adoption in accordance with the procedures and voting requirements set forth in this Section. The voting requirements of this subsection shall apply to all disputes submitted to arbitration pursuant to this Section notwithstanding any contrary voting requirements contained in any existing collective bargaining agreement between the parties.

(o) If the governing body of the employer votes to reject the panel's decision, the parties shall return to the panel within 30 days from the issuance of the reasons for rejection for further proceedings and issuance of a supplemental decision. All reasonable costs of such supplemental proceeding including the exclusive representative's reasonable attorney's fees, as established by the Board, shall be paid by the employer.

(p) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section the employer and exclusive representative may agree to submit unresolved disputes concerning wages, hours, terms and conditions of employment to an alternative form of impasse resolution.

The amendatory changes to this Section made by Public Act 101-652 take effect July 1, 2022.

(Source: P.A. 101-652, eff. 7-1-21; 102-28, eff. 6-25-21.)

(5 ILCS 315/17) (from Ch. 48, par. 1617)

Sec. 17. Right to strike.

(a) Nothing in this Act shall make it unlawful or make it an unfair labor practice for public employees, other than security employees, as defined in Section 3(p), peace officers, fire fighters, and paramedics employed by fire departments and fire protection districts, to strike except as otherwise provided in this Act. Public employees who are permitted to strike may strike only if:

- (1) the employees are represented by an exclusive bargaining representative;
- (2) the collective bargaining agreement between the public employer and the public employees, if any, has expired, or such collective bargaining agreement does not prohibit the strike;
- (3) the public employer and the labor organization have not mutually agreed to submit the disputed issues to final and binding arbitration;
- (4) the exclusive representative has requested a mediator pursuant to Section 12 for the purpose of mediation or conciliation of a dispute between the public employer and the exclusive representative and mediation has been used; and
- (5) at least 5 days have elapsed after a notice of intent to strike has been given by the exclusive bargaining representative to the public employer.

In mediation under this Section, if either party requests the use of mediation services from the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service or, if the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service is unable to provide mediation services, from the Illinois Department of Labor, the other party shall either join in such request or bear the additional cost of mediation services from another source.

(b) An employee who participates in a strike, work stoppage or slowdown, in violation of this Act shall be subject to discipline by the employer. No employer may pay or cause such employee to be paid any wages or other compensation for such periods of participation, except for wages or compensation earned before participation in such strike.

(Source: P.A. 86-412.)

Section 15. The Department of Labor Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding Section 1505-230 as follows:

(20 ILCS 1505/1505-230 new)

Sec. 1505-230. Labor mediation services program.

(a) Subject to appropriation, no later than 120 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly, the Department shall establish a labor mediation services program to facilitate the settlement of disputes between employers and labor organizations. The program shall be operated independently of all divisions of the Department. A party to a controversy between an employer and a labor organization may invoke the services of the Department under the program, or the Department may proffer its services under the program, in circumstances involving grievances arising under a collective bargaining agreement or the negotiation of an initial or successor collective bargaining agreement between an employer and a labor organization concerning wages, hours, or conditions of employment.

(b) If the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service is unable to provide mediation services and the services of the Department have been invoked by a party or have been proffered by the Department, then the Department shall assign a mediator appointed under subsection (d) to facilitate a settlement to the dispute. All information disclosed by a party to a mediator in the performance of mediation functions under the program shall not be divulged unless required by law.

(c) The Department may establish policies granting priority services under the program to: (i) bargaining units for which mediation is a statutory requirement, (ii) disputes involving initial or successor collective bargaining agreements, (iii) disputes involving the health and safety of the public, (iv) disputes that both parties certify may result in a lockout or strike, or (v) any other matters deemed to be of significance by the Department.

(d) The Department may appoint mediators who have demonstrated experience in labor and employment matters. Mediators may be appointed to a term of 2 years beginning on the effective date of the appointment or renewal. Mediators may be removed by the Director during the term only for good cause, including, but not limited to, incompetency, dereliction of duty, malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance. The Director may elect to renew the term of a mediator upon the expiration of the term. The Department may provide for compensation for mediators appointed under this Section. The mediators appointed under this Section shall not be subject to the Personnel Code.

(e) All mediation communications, including, but not limited to, files, records, reports, documents, or other papers received or prepared by a mediator as part of the program, shall be classified as confidential and shall be exempt from disclosure under Section 7.5 of the Freedom of Information Act. The mediator

shall not produce any confidential records of, or testify in regard to, any mediation conducted by the mediator in any civil or administrative proceeding.

(f) No later than December 31, 2026, the Department shall submit a report to the General Assembly summarizing initial aggregate data for the program, including the number of mediations performed and the outcome of those mediations. As part of the report, the Department shall consult with representatives of labor and employers to outline possible improvements to the program and provide recommendations for improvements as the Director deems appropriate.

Section 20. The Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act is amended by changing Section 12 as follows:

(115 ILCS 5/12) (from Ch. 48, par. 1712)

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-1067)

Sec. 12. Impasse procedures.

(a) This subsection (a) applies only to collective bargaining between an educational employer that is not a public school district organized under Article 34 of the School Code and an exclusive representative of its employees. If the parties engaged in collective bargaining have not reached an agreement by 90 days before the scheduled start of the forthcoming school year, the parties shall notify the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Board concerning the status of negotiations. This notice shall include a statement on whether mediation has been used.

Upon demand of either party, collective bargaining between the employer and an exclusive bargaining representative must begin within 60 days of the date of certification of the representative by the Board, or in the case of an existing exclusive bargaining representative, within 60 days of the receipt by a party of a demand to bargain issued by the other party. Once commenced, collective bargaining must continue for at least a 60 day period, unless a contract is entered into.

Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this Section, if after a reasonable period of negotiation and within 90 days of the scheduled start of the forth-coming school year, the parties engaged in collective bargaining have reached an impasse, either party may petition the Board to initiate mediation. Alternatively, the Board on its own motion may initiate mediation during this period. However, mediation shall be initiated by the Board at any time when jointly requested by the parties and the services of the mediators shall continuously be made available to the employer and to the exclusive bargaining representative for purposes of arbitration of grievances and mediation or arbitration of contract disputes. If requested by the parties, the mediator may perform fact-finding and in so doing conduct hearings and make written findings and recommendations for resolution of the dispute. Such mediation shall be provided by the Board and shall be held before qualified impartial individuals. Nothing prohibits the use of other individuals or organizations such as the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, the Illinois Department of Labor, or the American Arbitration Association selected by both the exclusive bargaining representative and the employer.

If the parties engaged in collective bargaining fail to reach an agreement within 45 days of the scheduled start of the forthcoming school year and have not requested mediation, the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Board shall invoke mediation.

Whenever mediation is initiated or invoked under this subsection (a), the parties may stipulate to defer selection of a mediator in accordance with rules adopted by the Board.

(a-5) This subsection (a-5) applies only to collective bargaining between a public school district or a combination of public school districts, including, but not limited to, joint cooperatives, that is not organized under Article 34 of the School Code and an exclusive representative of its employees.

(1) Any time 15 days after mediation has commenced, either party may initiate the public posting process. The mediator may initiate the public posting process at any time 15 days after mediation has commenced during the mediation process. Initiation of the public posting process must be filed in writing with the Board, and copies must be submitted to the parties on the same day the initiation is filed with the Board.

(2) Within 7 days after the initiation of the public posting process, each party shall submit to the mediator, the Board, and the other party in writing the most recent offer of the party, including a cost summary of the offer. Seven days after receipt of the parties' offers, the Board shall make public the offers and each party's cost summary dealing with those issues on which the parties have failed to reach agreement by immediately posting the offers on its Internet website, unless otherwise notified by the mediator or jointly by the parties that agreement has been reached. On the same day of

publication by the Board, at a minimum, the school district shall distribute notice of the availability of the offers on the Board's Internet website to all news media that have filed an annual request for notices from the school district pursuant to Section 2.02 of the Open Meetings Act. The parties' offers shall remain on the Board's Internet website until the parties have reached and ratified an agreement.

(a-10) This subsection (a-10) applies only to collective bargaining between a public school district organized under Article 34 of the School Code and an exclusive representative of its employees.

(1) For collective bargaining agreements between an educational employer to which this subsection (a-10) applies and an exclusive representative of its employees, if the parties fail to reach an agreement after a reasonable period of mediation, the dispute shall be submitted to fact-finding in accordance with this subsection (a-10). Either the educational employer or the exclusive representative may initiate fact-finding by submitting a written demand to the other party with a copy of the demand submitted simultaneously to the Board.

(2) Within 3 days following a party's demand for fact-finding, each party shall appoint one member of the fact-finding panel, unless the parties agree to proceed without a tri-partite panel. Following these appointments, if any, the parties shall select a qualified impartial individual to serve as the fact-finder and chairperson of the fact-finding panel, if applicable. An individual shall be considered qualified to serve as the fact-finder and chairperson of the fact-finding panel, if applicable, if he or she was not the same individual who was appointed as the mediator and if he or she satisfies the following requirements: membership in good standing with the National Academy of Arbitrators, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, or American Arbitration Association for a minimum of 10 years; membership on the mediation roster for the Illinois Labor Relations Board or Illinois Educational Labor Relations Board; issuance of at least 5 interest arbitration awards arising under the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act; and participation in impasse resolution processes arising under private or public sector collective bargaining statutes in other states. If the parties are unable to agree on a fact-finder, the parties shall request a panel of fact-finders who satisfy the requirements set forth in this paragraph (2) from either the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service or the American Arbitration Association and shall select a fact-finder from such panel in accordance with the procedures established by the organization providing the panel.

(3) The fact-finder shall have the following duties and powers:

- (A) to require the parties to submit a statement of disputed issues and their positions regarding each issue either jointly or separately;
- (B) to identify disputed issues that are economic in nature;
- (C) to meet with the parties either separately or in executive sessions;
- (D) to conduct hearings and regulate the time, place, course, and manner of the hearings;
- (E) to request the Board to issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence;
- (F) to administer oaths and affirmations;
- (G) to examine witnesses and documents;
- (H) to create a full and complete written record of the hearings;
- (I) to attempt mediation or remand a disputed issue to the parties for further collective bargaining;
- (J) to require the parties to submit final offers for each disputed issue either individually or as a package or as a combination of both; and
- (K) to employ any other measures deemed appropriate to resolve the impasse.

(4) If the dispute is not settled within 75 days after the appointment of the fact-finding panel, the fact-finding panel shall issue a private report to the parties that contains advisory findings of fact and recommended terms of settlement for all disputed issues and that sets forth a rationale for each recommendation. The fact-finding panel, acting by a majority of its members, shall base its findings and recommendations upon the following criteria as applicable:

- (A) the lawful authority of the employer;
- (B) the federal and State statutes or local ordinances and resolutions applicable to the employer;
- (C) prior collective bargaining agreements and the bargaining history between the parties;
- (D) stipulations of the parties;
- (E) the interests and welfare of the public and the students and families served by the employer;

(F) the employer's financial ability to fund the proposals based on existing available resources, provided that such ability is not predicated on an assumption that lines of credit or reserve funds are available or that the employer may or will receive or develop new sources of revenue or increase existing sources of revenue;

(G) the impact of any economic adjustments on the employer's ability to pursue its educational mission;

(H) the present and future general economic conditions in the locality and State;

(I) a comparison of the wages, hours, and conditions of employment of the employees involved in the dispute with the wages, hours, and conditions of employment of employees performing similar services in public education in the 10 largest U.S. cities;

(J) the average consumer prices in urban areas for goods and services, which is commonly known as the cost of living;

(K) the overall compensation presently received by the employees involved in the dispute, including direct wage compensation; vacations, holidays, and other excused time; insurance and pensions; medical and hospitalization benefits; the continuity and stability of employment and all other benefits received; and how each party's proposed compensation structure supports the educational goals of the district;

(L) changes in any of the circumstances listed in items (A) through (K) of this paragraph (4) during the fact-finding proceedings;

(M) the effect that any term the parties are at impasse on has or may have on the overall educational environment, learning conditions, and working conditions with the school district; and

(N) the effect that any term the parties are at impasse on has or may have in promoting the public policy of this State.

(5) The fact-finding panel's recommended terms of settlement shall be deemed agreed upon by the parties as the final resolution of the disputed issues and incorporated into the collective bargaining agreement executed by the parties, unless either party tenders to the other party and the chairperson of the fact-finding panel a notice of rejection of the recommended terms of settlement with a rationale for the rejection, within 15 days after the date of issuance of the fact-finding panel's report. If either party submits a notice of rejection, the chairperson of the fact-finding panel shall publish the fact-finding panel's report and the notice of rejection for public information by delivering a copy to all newspapers of general circulation in the community with simultaneous written notice to the parties.

(b) (Blank).

(c) The costs of fact finding and mediation shall be shared equally between the employer and the exclusive bargaining agent, provided that, for purposes of mediation under this Act, if either party requests the use of mediation services from the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service or, if the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service is unable to provide mediation services, from the Illinois Department of Labor, the other party shall either join in such request or bear the additional cost of mediation services from another source. All other costs and expenses of complying with this Section must be borne by the party incurring them.

(c-5) If an educational employer or exclusive bargaining representative refuses to participate in mediation or fact finding when required by this Section, the refusal shall be deemed a refusal to bargain in good faith.

(d) Nothing in this Act prevents an employer and an exclusive bargaining representative from mutually submitting to final and binding impartial arbitration unresolved issues concerning the terms of a new collective bargaining agreement.

(Source: P.A. 101-664, eff. 4-2-21.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-1067)

Sec. 12. Impasse procedures.

(a) This subsection (a) applies only to collective bargaining between an educational employer that is not a public school district organized under Article 34 of the School Code and an exclusive representative of its employees. If the parties engaged in collective bargaining have not reached an agreement by 90 days before the scheduled start of the forthcoming school year, the parties shall notify the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Board concerning the status of negotiations. This notice shall include a statement on whether mediation has been used.

Upon demand of either party, collective bargaining between the employer and an exclusive bargaining representative must begin within 60 days of the date of certification of the representative by the Board, or in the case of an existing exclusive bargaining representative, within 60 days of the receipt by a party of a demand to bargain issued by the other party. Once commenced, collective bargaining must continue for at least a 60 day period, unless a contract is entered into.

Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this Section, if after a reasonable period of negotiation and within 90 days of the scheduled start of the forth-coming school year, the parties engaged in collective bargaining have reached an impasse, either party may petition the Board to initiate mediation. Alternatively, the Board on its own motion may initiate mediation during this period. However, mediation shall be initiated by the Board at any time when jointly requested by the parties and the services of the mediators shall continuously be made available to the employer and to the exclusive bargaining representative for purposes of arbitration of grievances and mediation or arbitration of contract disputes. If requested by the parties, the mediator may perform fact-finding and in so doing conduct hearings and make written findings and recommendations for resolution of the dispute. Such mediation shall be provided by the Board and shall be held before qualified impartial individuals. Nothing prohibits the use of other individuals or organizations such as the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, the Illinois Department of Labor, or the American Arbitration Association selected by both the exclusive bargaining representative and the employer.

If the parties engaged in collective bargaining fail to reach an agreement within 45 days of the scheduled start of the forthcoming school year and have not requested mediation, the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Board shall invoke mediation.

Whenever mediation is initiated or invoked under this subsection (a), the parties may stipulate to defer selection of a mediator in accordance with rules adopted by the Board.

(a-5) This subsection (a-5) applies only to collective bargaining between a public school district or a combination of public school districts, including, but not limited to, joint cooperatives, that is not organized under Article 34 of the School Code and an exclusive representative of its employees.

(1) Any time 15 days after mediation has commenced, either party may initiate the public posting process. The mediator may initiate the public posting process at any time 15 days after mediation has commenced during the mediation process. Initiation of the public posting process must be filed in writing with the Board, and copies must be submitted to the parties on the same day the initiation is filed with the Board.

(2) Within 7 days after the initiation of the public posting process, each party shall submit to the mediator, the Board, and the other party in writing the most recent offer of the party, including a cost summary of the offer. Seven days after receipt of the parties' offers, the Board shall make public the offers and each party's cost summary dealing with those issues on which the parties have failed to reach agreement by immediately posting the offers on its Internet website, unless otherwise notified by the mediator or jointly by the parties that agreement has been reached. On the same day of publication by the Board, at a minimum, the school district shall distribute notice of the availability of the offers on the Board's Internet website to all news media that have filed an annual request for notices from the school district pursuant to Section 2.02 of the Open Meetings Act. The parties' offers shall remain on the Board's Internet website until the parties have reached and ratified an agreement.

(a-10) This subsection (a-10) applies only to collective bargaining between a public school district organized under Article 34 of the School Code and an exclusive representative of its employees, other than educational employees who are forbidden from striking under this Act. For educational employees who are forbidden from striking, either the employer or exclusive representative may elect to utilize the fact-finding procedures set forth in this subsection (a-10), except as otherwise specified in paragraph (5) of this subsection (a-10).

(1) For collective bargaining agreements between an educational employer to which this subsection (a-10) applies and an exclusive representative of its employees, if the parties fail to reach an agreement after a reasonable period of mediation, the dispute shall be submitted to fact-finding in accordance with this subsection (a-10). Either the educational employer or the exclusive representative may initiate fact-finding by submitting a written demand to the other party with a copy of the demand submitted simultaneously to the Board.

(2) Within 3 days following a party's demand for fact-finding, each party shall appoint one member of the fact-finding panel, unless the parties agree to proceed without a tri-partite panel. Following these appointments, if any, the parties shall select a qualified impartial individual to serve

as the fact-finder and chairperson of the fact-finding panel, if applicable. An individual shall be considered qualified to serve as the fact-finder and chairperson of the fact-finding panel, if applicable, if he or she was not the same individual who was appointed as the mediator and if he or she satisfies the following requirements: membership in good standing with the National Academy of Arbitrators, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, or American Arbitration Association for a minimum of 10 years; membership on the mediation roster for the Illinois Labor Relations Board or Illinois Educational Labor Relations Board; issuance of at least 5 interest arbitration awards arising under the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act; and participation in impasse resolution processes arising under private or public sector collective bargaining statutes in other states. If the parties are unable to agree on a fact-finder, the parties shall request a panel of fact-finders who satisfy the requirements set forth in this paragraph (2) from either the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service or the American Arbitration Association and shall select a fact-finder from such panel in accordance with the procedures established by the organization providing the panel.

(3) The fact-finder shall have the following duties and powers:

- (A) to require the parties to submit a statement of disputed issues and their positions regarding each issue either jointly or separately;
- (B) to identify disputed issues that are economic in nature;
- (C) to meet with the parties either separately or in executive sessions;
- (D) to conduct hearings and regulate the time, place, course, and manner of the hearings;
- (E) to request the Board to issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence;
- (F) to administer oaths and affirmations;
- (G) to examine witnesses and documents;
- (H) to create a full and complete written record of the hearings;
- (I) to attempt mediation or remand a disputed issue to the parties for further collective bargaining;
- (J) to require the parties to submit final offers for each disputed issue either individually or as a package or as a combination of both; and
- (K) to employ any other measures deemed appropriate to resolve the impasse.

(4) If the dispute is not settled within 75 days after the appointment of the fact-finding panel, the fact-finding panel shall issue a private report to the parties that contains advisory findings of fact and recommended terms of settlement for all disputed issues and that sets forth a rationale for each recommendation. The fact-finding panel, acting by a majority of its members, shall base its findings and recommendations upon the following criteria as applicable:

- (A) the lawful authority of the employer;
- (B) the federal and State statutes or local ordinances and resolutions applicable to the employer;
- (C) prior collective bargaining agreements and the bargaining history between the parties;
- (D) stipulations of the parties;
- (E) the interests and welfare of the public and the students and families served by the employer;
- (F) the employer's financial ability to fund the proposals based on existing available resources, provided that such ability is not predicated on an assumption that lines of credit or reserve funds are available or that the employer may or will receive or develop new sources of revenue or increase existing sources of revenue;
- (G) the impact of any economic adjustments on the employer's ability to pursue its educational mission;
- (H) the present and future general economic conditions in the locality and State;
- (I) a comparison of the wages, hours, and conditions of employment of the employees involved in the dispute with the wages, hours, and conditions of employment of employees performing similar services in public education in the 10 largest U.S. cities, except that for educational employees who are forbidden to strike, this comparison shall be based on comparable communities;
- (J) the average consumer prices in urban areas for goods and services, which is commonly known as the cost of living;

(K) the overall compensation presently received by the employees involved in the dispute, including direct wage compensation; vacations, holidays, and other excused time; insurance and pensions; medical and hospitalization benefits; the continuity and stability of employment and all other benefits received; and how each party's proposed compensation structure supports the educational goals of the district, however for educational employees who are forbidden from striking, this analysis shall also include all other employees who are employed by the educational employer;

(L) changes in any of the circumstances listed in items (A) through (K) of this paragraph (4) during the fact-finding proceedings;

(M) the effect that any term the parties are at impasse on has or may have on the overall educational environment, learning conditions, and working conditions with the school district; and

(N) the effect that any term the parties are at impasse on has or may have in promoting the public policy of this State.

(5) The fact-finding panel's recommended terms of settlement shall be deemed agreed upon by the parties as the final resolution of the disputed issues and incorporated into the collective bargaining agreement executed by the parties, unless either party tenders to the other party and the chairperson of the fact-finding panel a notice of rejection of the recommended terms of settlement with a rationale for the rejection, within 15 days after the date of issuance of the fact-finding panel's report. With regard to educational employees who are forbidden from striking, if either party submits a notice of rejection, either party may utilize mandatory interest arbitration proceedings established in subsection (e). For all other educational employees subject to this subsection (a-10), if either party submits a notice of rejection, the chairperson of the fact-finding panel shall publish the fact-finding panel's report and the notice of rejection for public information by delivering a copy to all newspapers of general circulation in the community with simultaneous written notice to the parties.

The changes made to this subsection (a-10) by this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly apply only to collective bargaining agreements entered into, modified, extended, or renewed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly.

(b) (Blank).

(c) The costs of fact finding and mediation shall be shared equally between the employer and the exclusive bargaining agent, provided that, for purposes of mediation under this Act, if either party requests the use of mediation services from the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service or, if the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service is unable to provide mediation services, from the Illinois Department of Labor, the other party shall either join in such request or bear the additional cost of mediation services from another source. All other costs and expenses of complying with this Section must be borne by the party incurring them.

(c-5) If an educational employer or exclusive bargaining representative refuses to participate in mediation or fact finding when required by this Section, the refusal shall be deemed a refusal to bargain in good faith.

(d) Nothing in this Act prevents an employer and an exclusive bargaining representative from mutually submitting to final and binding impartial arbitration unresolved issues concerning the terms of a new collective bargaining agreement.

(e) This subsection only applies to collective bargaining between a public school district organized under Article 34 of the School Code and an exclusive representative of educational employees who are forbidden from striking under this Act after the parties reach impasse when bargaining an initial and any successor collective bargaining agreements. Educational employees who are forbidden from striking have the right to submit negotiation disputes regarding wages, hours, and conditions of employment that are mandatory subjects of bargaining for resolution through the following mandatory arbitration procedures:

(1) For collective bargaining agreements between an educational employer and exclusive representative, mediation shall commence 30 days prior to the expiration of a collective bargaining agreement; or upon 15 days' notice from either party; or at such later time as the mediation services chosen can be provided to the parties. In mediation under this Section, if either party requests the use of mediation services from the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, the other party shall either join in such request or bear the additional cost of mediation services from another source. The mediator shall have a duty to keep the Board informed on the progress of the mediation. If any dispute has not been resolved within 15 days after the first meeting of the parties and the mediator, or within

such other time limit as may be mutually agreed upon by the parties, either the exclusive representative or employer may request of the other, in writing, arbitration, and shall submit a copy of the request to the Board.

(2) Within 10 days after such a request for arbitration has been made, the educational employer shall choose a delegate and the employees' exclusive representative shall choose a delegate to a panel of arbitration as provided in this Section. The employer and employees shall forthwith advise the other and the Board of their selections. The parties may agree to waive the tripartite panel and use a sole arbitrator to resolve this issue.

(3) Within 7 days after the request of either party, the parties shall request a panel of impartial arbitrators from which they shall select the neutral chairperson, or sole arbitrator, according to the procedures provided in this Section. If the parties have agreed to a contract that contains a grievance resolution procedure, the chairperson or sole arbitrator shall be selected using their agreed contract procedure unless they mutually agree to another procedure. If the parties fail to notify the Board of their selection of a neutral chairperson within 7 days after receipt of the list of impartial arbitrators, the Board shall appoint, at random, a neutral chairperson from the list. In the absence of an agreed contract procedure for selecting an impartial arbitrator, the parties shall submit a request to the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service for a panel of 7 arbitrators who are members in good standing with the National Academy of Arbitrators, and have issued at least 5 interest arbitration awards arising under the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act or this Act. The parties shall conduct a coin toss to determine who strikes first, and the parties shall alternately strike arbitrators from the list until one remains. The parties shall promptly notify the Board of their selection.

(4) The chairperson or sole arbitrator shall call a hearing to begin within 15 days and give reasonable notice of the time and place of the hearing. The hearing shall be held at the offices of the Board or at such other location as the Board deems appropriate. The chairperson or sole arbitrator shall preside over the hearing and shall take testimony. Any oral or documentary evidence and other data deemed relevant by the arbitration panel may be received in evidence. The proceedings shall be informal. Technical rules of evidence shall not apply and the competency of the evidence shall not thereby be deemed impaired. A verbatim record of the proceedings shall be made and the arbitrator shall arrange for the necessary recording service. Transcripts may be ordered at the expense of the party ordering them, but the transcripts shall not be necessary for a decision by the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator. The expense of the proceedings, including a fee for the chairperson or sole arbitrator, shall be borne equally by each of the parties to the dispute. The delegates, if public officers or employees, shall continue on the payroll of the public employer without loss of pay. The hearing conducted by the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator may be adjourned from time to time, but unless otherwise agreed by the parties, shall be concluded within 30 days of the time of its commencement. Majority actions and rulings shall constitute the actions and rulings of the arbitration panel. Arbitration proceedings under this Section shall not be interrupted or terminated by reason of any unfair labor practice charge filed by either party at any time.

(5) The arbitration panel or sole arbitrator may administer oaths, require the attendance of witnesses, and the production of such books, papers, contracts, agreements, and documents as may be deemed by it material to a just determination of the issues in dispute, and for such purpose may issue subpoenas. If any person refuses to obey a subpoena, or refuses to be sworn or to testify, or if any witness, party, or attorney is guilty of any contempt while in attendance at any hearing, the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator may, or the Attorney General if requested shall, invoke the aid of any circuit court within the jurisdiction in which the hearing is being held, which court shall issue an appropriate order. Any failure to obey the order may be punished by the court as contempt.

(6) At any time before the rendering of an award, the chairperson of the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator, if the chairperson of the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator is of the opinion that it would be useful or beneficial to do so, may remand the dispute to the parties for further collective bargaining for a period not to exceed 2 weeks. If the dispute is remanded for further collective bargaining, the time provisions of this Act shall be extended for a time period equal to that of the remand. The chairperson of the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator shall notify the Board of the remand.

(7) At or before the conclusion of the hearing held pursuant to paragraph (4), the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator shall identify the economic issues in dispute, and direct each of the parties to submit, within such time limit as the panel shall prescribe, to the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator and to each other its last offer of settlement on each economic issue. The determination of the

arbitration panel or sole arbitrator as to the issues in dispute and as to which of these issues are economic shall be conclusive. The arbitration panel or sole arbitrator, within 30 days after the conclusion of the hearing, or such further additional periods to which the parties may agree, shall make written findings of fact and adopt a written opinion and shall mail or otherwise deliver a true copy thereof to the parties and their representatives and to the Board. As to each economic issue, the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator shall adopt the last offer of settlement which, in the opinion of the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator, more nearly complies with the applicable factors prescribed in paragraph (8). The findings, opinions, and order as to all other issues shall be based upon the applicable factors prescribed in paragraph (8).

(8) The arbitration decision shall be limited to mandatory subjects of bargaining. If there is no agreement between the parties, or if there is an agreement but the parties have begun negotiations or discussions looking to a new agreement or amendment of the existing agreement, and wage rates or other conditions of employment under the proposed new or amended agreement are in dispute, the arbitration panel shall base its findings, opinions, and order upon the following factors, as applicable:

- (A) the lawful authority of the employer;
- (B) the federal and State statutes or local ordinances and resolutions applicable to the employer;
- (C) prior collective bargaining agreements and the bargaining history between the parties;
- (D) stipulations of the parties;
- (E) the interests and welfare of the public and the students and families served by the employer;
- (F) the employer's financial ability to fund the proposals based on existing available resources, provided that such ability is not predicated on an assumption that lines of credit or reserve funds are available or that the employer may or will receive or develop new sources of revenue or increase existing sources of revenue;
- (G) the impact of any economic adjustments on the employer's ability to pursue its educational mission;
- (H) the present and future general economic conditions in the locality and State;
- (I) a comparison of the wages, hours, and conditions of employment of the employees involved in the arbitration proceeding with the wages, hours, and conditions of employment of other employees performing similar services in public education in the 10 largest cities in the United States;
- (J) the average consumer prices in urban areas for goods and services, which is commonly known as the cost of living;
- (K) the overall compensation presently received by the employees involved in the dispute and by all other employees who are employed by the educational employer, including direct wage compensation; vacations, holidays, and other excused time, insurance and pensions, medical and hospitalization benefits, the continuity and stability of employment and all other benefits received, and how each party's proposed compensation structure supports the educational goals of the district;
- (L) changes in any of the circumstances listed in items (A) through (K) of this paragraph (8) during the arbitration proceedings;
- (M) the effect that any term the parties are at impasse on has or may have on the overall educational environment, learning conditions, and working conditions with the school district; and
- (N) the effect that any term the parties are at impasse on has or may have in promoting the public policy of this State.

No terms in the arbitration award or order may conflict with any terms and conditions set forth in a collective bargaining agreement between the educational employer and another collective bargaining representative.

(9) Arbitration procedures shall be deemed to be initiated by the filing of a letter requesting mediation as required under paragraph (1). The commencement of a new fiscal year after the initiation of arbitration procedures under this Act, but before the arbitration decision, or its enforcement, shall not be deemed to render a dispute moot, or to otherwise impair the jurisdiction or authority of the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator or its decision. Increases in rates of compensation awarded by the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator may be effective only at the start of the fiscal year next

commencing after the date of the arbitration award. If a new fiscal year has commenced either since the initiation of arbitration procedures under this Act or since any mutually agreed extension of the statutorily required period of mediation under this Act by the parties to the labor dispute causing a delay in the initiation of arbitration, the foregoing limitations shall be inapplicable, and such awarded increases may be retroactive to the commencement of the fiscal year, any other statute or charter provisions to the contrary, notwithstanding. At any time the parties, by stipulation, may amend or modify an award of arbitration.

(10) Orders of the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator shall be reviewable, upon appropriate petition by either the educational employer or the exclusive bargaining representative, by the circuit court for the county in which the dispute arose or in which a majority of the affected employees reside, but only for reasons that the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator was without or exceeded its statutory authority; the order is arbitrary, or capricious; or the order was procured by fraud, collusion, or other similar and unlawful means. Such petitions for review must be filed with the appropriate circuit court within 90 days following the issuance of the arbitration order. The pendency of such proceeding for review shall not automatically stay the order of the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator. The party against whom the final decision of any such court shall be adverse, if such court finds such appeal or petition to be frivolous, shall pay reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the successful party as determined by said court in its discretion. If said court's decision affirms the award of money, such award, if retroactive, shall bear interest at the rate of 12% per annum from the effective retroactive date.

(11) During the pendency of proceedings before the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator, existing wages, hours, and other conditions of employment shall not be changed by action of either party without the consent of the other but a party may so consent without prejudice to the party's rights or position under this Act. The proceedings are deemed to be pending before the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator upon the initiation of arbitration procedures under this Act.

(12) The educational employees covered by this Section may not withhold services, nor may educational employers lock out or prevent such employees from performing services at any time.

(13) All of the terms decided upon by the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator shall be included in an agreement to be submitted to the educational employer's governing body for ratification and adoption by law, ordinance, or the equivalent appropriate means.

The governing body shall review each term decided by the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator. If the governing body fails to reject one or more terms of the arbitration panel's or sole arbitrator's decision by a 3/5 vote of those duly elected and qualified members of the governing body, at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the governing body after issuance, such term or terms shall become a part of the collective bargaining agreement of the parties. If the governing body affirmatively rejects one or more terms of the arbitration panel's or sole arbitrator's decision, it must provide reasons for such rejection with respect to each term so rejected, within 20 days of such rejection and the parties shall return to the arbitration panel or sole arbitrator for further proceedings and issuance of a supplemental decision with respect to the rejected terms. Any supplemental decision by an arbitration panel, sole arbitrator, or other decision maker agreed to by the parties shall be submitted to the governing body for ratification and adoption in accordance with the procedures and voting requirements set forth in this Section. The voting requirements of this subsection shall apply to all disputes submitted to arbitration pursuant to this Section notwithstanding any contrary voting requirements contained in any existing collective bargaining agreement between the parties.

(14) If the governing body of the employer votes to reject the panel's or sole arbitrator's decision, the parties shall return to the panel or sole arbitrator within 30 days from the issuance of the reasons for rejection for further proceedings and issuance of a supplemental decision. All reasonable costs of such supplemental proceeding including the exclusive representative's reasonable attorney's fees, as established by the Board, shall be paid by the educational employer.

(15) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, the educational employer and exclusive representative may agree to submit unresolved disputes concerning wages, hours, terms, and conditions of employment to an alternative form of impasse resolution.

(16) The costs of mediation and arbitration shall be shared equally between the educational employer and the exclusive bargaining agent, provided that for purposes of mediation under this Act, if either party requests the use of mediation services from the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, the other party shall either join in such request or bear the additional cost of mediation

services from another source. All other costs and expenses of complying with this Section must be borne by the party incurring them, except as otherwise expressly provided.

(17) If an educational employer or exclusive bargaining representative refuses to participate in mediation or arbitration when required by this Section, the refusal shall be deemed a refusal to bargain in good faith.

(18) Nothing in this Act prevents an employer and an exclusive bargaining representative who are not subject to mandatory arbitration under this Section from mutually submitting to final and binding impartial arbitration unresolved issues concerning the terms of a new collective bargaining agreement.

This subsection (e) applies only to collective bargaining agreements entered into, modified, extended, or renewed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly.

(Source: P.A. 103-1067, eff. 1-1-26.)

Section 25. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by adding Section 8-804.6 as follows:

(735 ILCS 5/8-804.6 new)

Sec. 8-804.6. Mediator and parties to mediation.

(a) A mediator or an agency employing a mediator shall not be compelled to disclose, in any court or to any administrative board or agency arbitration or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, any mediation communications or mediation documents received or created during a mediation. Mediation communications and mediation documents shall not be admissible as evidence in any action or proceeding, including, but not limited to, a judicial, administrative, or arbitration action or proceeding.

(b) A mediator may not testify about, use, or reveal any information obtained during the course of a mediation in any proceeding.

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

Floor Amendment No. 2 was held in the Committee on Labor earlier today.

Senator Peters offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO HOUSE BILL 3005

AMENDMENT NO. 3. Amend House Bill 3005, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 1, on page 61, immediately below line 4, by inserting the following:

"Section 30. The Workplace Transparency Act is amended by changing Section 1-35 as follows:

(820 ILCS 96/1-35)

(Text of Section from P.A. 101-221)

Sec. 1-35. Costs and attorney's fees. An employee, prospective employee, or former employee shall be entitled to reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in challenging a contract for violation of this Act upon a final, non-appealable action in favor of the employee, prospective employee, or former employee on the question of the validity and enforceability of the contract.

(Source: P.A. 101-221, eff. 1-1-20.)

(Text of Section from P.A. 104-23)

Sec. 1-35. Compensatory damages, costs, and attorney's fees. An employee, prospective employee, or former employee shall be entitled to compensatory damages, in addition to reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in challenging a contract for violation of this Act upon a final, non-appealable action in favor of the employee, prospective employee, or former employee on the question of the validity and

enforceability of the contract or defending an action for breach of a confidentiality agreement pursuant to this Act.

(Source: P.A. 104-23, eff. 1-1-26.)

(Text of Section from P.A. 104-320)

Sec. 1-35. Compensatory ~~Consequential~~ damages, costs, and attorney's fees. An employee, prospective employee, or former employee shall be entitled to compensatory ~~consequential~~ damages, in addition to reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in challenging a contract for violation of this Act upon a final, non-appealable action in favor of the employee, prospective employee, or former employee on the question of the validity and enforceability of the contract or defending an action for breach of a confidentiality agreement pursuant to this Act.

(Source: P.A. 104-320, eff. 1-1-26.); and

on page 61, line 13, by replacing "law" with "law, except that Section 30 takes effect January 1, 2026".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

Senator Peters offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 4 TO HOUSE BILL 3005

AMENDMENT NO. 4 . Amend House Bill 3005, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 1, on page 61, immediately below line 10, by inserting the following:

"Section 26. The Prevailing Wage Act is amended by changing Section 3 as follows:
(820 ILCS 130/3) (from Ch. 48, par. 39s-3)

Sec. 3. Not less than the general prevailing rate of hourly wages for work of a similar character on public works in the locality in which the work is performed, and not less than the general prevailing rate of hourly wages for legal holiday and overtime work, shall be paid to all laborers, workers, and mechanics employed by or on behalf of any public body engaged in the construction or demolition of public works. This includes any maintenance, repair, assembly, or disassembly work performed on equipment whether owned, leased, or rented and, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, applies to field mechanics, technicians, or similar positions, including time spent transporting parts, materials, or equipment to and from a site, regardless of whether the person is employed by a contractor, subcontractor, seller, or supplier. Only such laborers, workers and mechanics as are directly employed by contractors or subcontractors in actual construction work on the site of the building or construction job, and laborers, workers and mechanics engaged in the transportation of materials and equipment to or from the site, but not including the transportation by the sellers and suppliers or the manufacture or processing of materials or equipment, in the execution of any contract or contracts for public works with any public body shall be deemed to be employed upon public works. The wage for a tradesman performing maintenance is equivalent to that of a tradesman engaged in construction or demolition.

(Source: P.A. 95-341, eff. 8-21-07; 96-186, eff. 1-1-10.)".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Peters, **House Bill No. 3005** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 40; NAYS 19.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Glowiak Hilton	Lightford	Turner, D.
Belt	Guzmán	Loughran Cappel	Ventura
Castro	Halpin	Martwick	Villa
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Morrison	Villanueva
Collins	Hastings	Murphy	Villivalam
Cunningham	Holmes	Peters	Walker
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Porfirio	Mr. President
Ellman	Johnson	Preston	
Faraci	Jones, E.	Simmons	
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Sims	
Fine	Koehler	Stadelman	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Curran	Lewis	Syverson
Arellano, L.	DeWitte	McClure	Tracy
Balkema	Fowler	Plummer	Turner, S.
Bryant	Harriss, E.	Rezin	Wilcox
Chesney	Hills	Rose	

This bill, having received the vote of three-fifths of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendments adopted thereto.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Peters, **House Bill No. 3492** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Peters offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3492

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3492 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Children and Family Services Act is amended by changing Section 17a-9 as follows:
(20 ILCS 505/17a-9) (from Ch. 23, par. 5017a-9)

Sec. 17a-9. Illinois Juvenile Justice Commission.

(a) There is hereby created the Illinois Juvenile Justice Commission which shall consist of 25 persons appointed by the Governor. The Chairperson of the Commission shall be appointed by the Governor. Of the initial appointees, 8 shall serve a one-year term, 8 shall serve a two-year term and 9 shall serve a three-year term. Thereafter, each successor shall serve a three-year term. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments. Once appointed, members shall serve until their successors are appointed and qualified. Members shall serve without compensation, except they shall be reimbursed for their actual expenses in the performance of their duties. The Commission shall carry out the rights, powers and duties established in subparagraph (3) of paragraph (a) of Section 223 of the Federal "Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974", as now or hereafter amended. The Commission shall determine the priorities for expenditure of funds made available to the State by the Federal Government pursuant to that Act. The Commission shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) Development, review and final approval of the State's juvenile justice plan for funds under the Federal "Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974";

(2) Review and approve or disapprove juvenile justice and delinquency prevention grant applications to the Department for federal funds under that Act;

(3) Annual submission of recommendations to the Governor and the General Assembly concerning matters relative to its function;

(4) Responsibility for the review of funds allocated to Illinois under the "Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974" to ensure compliance with all relevant federal laws and regulations;

(5) Function as the advisory committee for the State Youth and Community Services Program as authorized under Section 17 of this Act, and in that capacity be authorized and empowered to assist and advise the Secretary of Human Services on matters related to juvenile justice and delinquency prevention programs and services; ~~and~~

(5.5) Study and make recommendations to the General Assembly regarding the availability of youth services to reduce the use of detention and prevent deeper criminal involvement and regarding the impact and advisability of raising the minimum age of detention to 14, and develop a process to assist in the implementation of the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly; and

(6) Study the impact of, develop timelines, and propose a funding structure to accommodate the expansion of the jurisdiction of the Illinois Juvenile Court to include youth age 17 under the jurisdiction of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. The Commission shall submit a report by December 31, 2011 to the General Assembly with recommendations on extending juvenile court jurisdiction to youth age 17 charged with felony offenses.

(b) On the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, the Illinois Juvenile Jurisdiction Task Force created by Public Act 95-1031 is abolished and its duties are transferred to the Illinois Juvenile Justice Commission as provided in paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 96-1199, eff. 1-1-11.)

Section 10. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Section 5-410 as follows:
(705 ILCS 405/5-410)

Sec. 5-410. Non-secure custody or detention.

(1) Placement of a minor away from his or her home must be a last resort and the least restrictive alternative available. Any minor arrested or taken into custody pursuant to this Act who requires care away from the minor's home but who does not require physical restriction shall be given temporary care in a foster family home or other shelter facility designated by the court.

(2)(a-1) On or after July 1, 2026 and before July 1, 2027, any minor 12 years of age or older arrested pursuant to this Act where there is probable cause to believe that the minor is a delinquent minor and that secure custody is a matter of immediate and urgent necessity, in light of a serious threat to the physical safety of a person or persons in the community or in order to secure the presence of the minor at the next hearing, as evidenced by a demonstrable record of willful failure to appear at a scheduled court hearing within the past 12 months, may be kept or detained in an authorized detention facility. On or after July 1, 2027, minors age 12 years of age and under 13 years of age and charged with first degree murder, aggravated criminal sexual assault, aggravated battery in which a firearm was used in the offense, or aggravated vehicular hijacking, may be kept or detained in an authorized detention facility and any minor 13 years of age or older arrested pursuant to this Act where there is probable cause to believe that the minor is a delinquent minor and that secure custody is a matter of immediate and urgent necessity in light of a serious threat to the physical safety of a person or persons in the community, or to secure the presence of the minor at the next hearing as evidenced by a demonstrable record of willful failure to appear at a scheduled court hearing within the past 12 months may be kept or detained in an authorized detention facility. (a) Any minor 10 years of age or older arrested pursuant to this Act where there is probable cause to believe that the minor is a delinquent minor and that (i) secure custody is a matter of immediate and urgent necessity for the protection of the minor or of the person or property of another, (ii) the minor is likely to flee the jurisdiction of the court, or (iii) the minor was taken into custody under a warrant, may be kept or detained in an authorized detention facility. A minor under 13 years of age shall not be admitted, kept, or detained in a detention facility unless a local youth service provider, including a provider through the Comprehensive Community Based Youth Services network, has been contacted and has not been able to accept the minor.

No minor under 13 ~~42~~ years of age shall be detained in a county jail or a municipal lockup for more than 6 hours.

(a-2) Probation and court services shall document and share on a monthly basis with the Illinois Juvenile Justice Commission each instance where alternatives to detention failed or were lacking, including the basis for detention, the providers who were contacted, and the reason alternatives were rejected, lacking or denied.

(a-3) Instead of detention, minors under the age of 13 who are in conflict with the law may be held accountable through a community mediation program as set forth in Section 5-310 or through other court-ordered intervention services.

(a-5) For a minor arrested or taken into custody for vehicular hijacking or aggravated vehicular hijacking, a previous finding of delinquency for vehicular hijacking or aggravated vehicular hijacking shall be given greater weight in determining whether secured custody of a minor is a matter of immediate and urgent necessity for the protection of the minor or of the person or property of another.

(b) The written authorization of the probation officer or detention officer (or other public officer designated by the court in a county having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants) constitutes authority for the superintendent of any juvenile detention home to detain and keep a minor for up to 40 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and court-designated holidays. These records shall be available to the same persons and pursuant to the same conditions as are law enforcement records as provided in Section 5-905.

(b-4) The consultation required by paragraph (b-5) shall not be applicable if the probation officer or detention officer (or other public officer designated by the court in a county having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants) utilizes a scorable detention screening instrument, which has been developed with input by the State's Attorney, to determine whether a minor should be detained; however, paragraph (b-5) shall still be applicable where no such screening instrument is used or where the probation officer, detention officer (or other public officer designated by the court in a county having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants) deviates from the screening instrument.

(b-5) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (b-4), if a probation officer or detention officer (or other public officer designated by the court in a county having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants) does not intend to detain a minor for an offense which constitutes one of the following offenses, the probation officer or detention officer (or other public officer designated by the court in a county having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants) shall consult with the State's Attorney's Office prior to the release of the minor: first degree murder, second degree murder, involuntary manslaughter, criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual assault, aggravated battery with a firearm as described in Section 12-4.2 or subdivision (e)(1), (e)(2), (e)(3), or (e)(4) of Section 12-3.05, aggravated or heinous battery involving permanent disability or disfigurement or great bodily harm, robbery, aggravated robbery, armed robbery, vehicular hijacking, aggravated vehicular hijacking, vehicular invasion, arson, aggravated arson, kidnapping, aggravated kidnapping, home invasion, burglary, or residential burglary.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a), (d), or (e), no minor shall be detained in a county jail or municipal lockup for more than 12 hours, unless the offense is a crime of violence in which case the minor may be detained up to 24 hours. For the purpose of this paragraph, "crime of violence" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 1-10 of the Substance Use Disorder Act.

(i) The period of detention is deemed to have begun once the minor has been placed in a locked room or cell or handcuffed to a stationary object in a building housing a county jail or municipal lockup. Time spent transporting a minor is not considered to be time in detention or secure custody.

(ii) Any minor so confined shall be under periodic supervision and shall not be permitted to come into or remain in contact with adults in custody in the building.

(iii) Upon placement in secure custody in a jail or lockup, the minor shall be informed of the purpose of the detention, the time it is expected to last and the fact that it cannot exceed the time specified under this Act.

(iv) A log shall be kept which shows the offense which is the basis for the detention, the reasons and circumstances for the decision to detain, and the length of time the minor was in detention.

(v) Violation of the time limit on detention in a county jail or municipal lockup shall not, in and of itself, render inadmissible evidence obtained as a result of the violation of this time limit. Minors under 18 years of age shall be kept separate from confined adults and may not at any time be kept in the same cell, room, or yard with adults confined pursuant to criminal law. Persons 18 years of age and older who have a petition of delinquency filed against them may be confined in an adult detention facility. In making a determination whether to confine a person 18 years of age or older who has a

petition of delinquency filed against the person, these factors, among other matters, shall be considered:

- (A) the age of the person;
- (B) any previous delinquent or criminal history of the person;
- (C) any previous abuse or neglect history of the person; and
- (D) any mental health or educational history of the person, or both.

(d)(i) If a minor 12 years of age or older is confined in a county jail in a county with a population below 3,000,000 inhabitants, then the minor's confinement shall be implemented in such a manner that there will be no contact by sight, sound, or otherwise between the minor and adult prisoners. Minors 12 years of age or older must be kept separate from confined adults and may not at any time be kept in the same cell, room, or yard with confined adults. This paragraph (d)(i) shall only apply to confinement pending an adjudicatory hearing and shall not exceed 40 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and court-designated holidays. To accept or hold minors during this time period, county jails shall comply with all monitoring standards adopted by the Department of Corrections and training standards approved by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board.

(ii) To accept or hold minors, 12 years of age or older, after the time period prescribed in paragraph (d)(i) of this subsection (2) of this Section but not exceeding 7 days including Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays pending an adjudicatory hearing, county jails shall comply with all temporary detention standards adopted by the Department of Corrections and training standards approved by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board.

(iii) To accept or hold minors 12 years of age or older, after the time period prescribed in paragraphs (d)(i) and (d)(ii) of this subsection (2) of this Section, county jails shall comply with all county juvenile detention standards adopted by the Department of Juvenile Justice.

(e) When a minor who is at least 15 years of age is prosecuted under the criminal laws of this State, the court may enter an order directing that the juvenile be confined in the county jail. However, any juvenile confined in the county jail under this provision shall be separated from adults who are confined in the county jail in such a manner that there will be no contact by sight, sound, or otherwise between the juvenile and adult prisoners.

(f) For purposes of appearing in a physical lineup, the minor may be taken to a county jail or municipal lockup under the direct and constant supervision of a juvenile police officer. During such time as is necessary to conduct a lineup, and while supervised by a juvenile police officer, the sight and sound separation provisions shall not apply.

(g) For purposes of processing a minor, the minor may be taken to a county jail or municipal lockup under the direct and constant supervision of a law enforcement officer or correctional officer. During such time as is necessary to process the minor, and while supervised by a law enforcement officer or correctional officer, the sight and sound separation provisions shall not apply.

(3) If the probation officer or State's Attorney (or such other public officer designated by the court in a county having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants) determines that the minor may be a delinquent minor as described in subsection (3) of Section 5-105, and should be retained in custody but does not require physical restriction, the minor may be placed in non-secure custody for up to 40 hours pending a detention hearing.

(4) A minor taken into temporary custody, not requiring secure detention, may, however, be detained in the home of the minor's parent or guardian subject to such conditions as the court may impose.

(5) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 98-61 apply to a minor who has been arrested or taken into custody on or after January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-61).

(Source: P.A. 103-22, eff. 8-8-23; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24.)

Section 15. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by adding Sections 3-2.5-25 and 3-2.5-105 as follows:

(730 ILCS 5/3-2.5-25 new)

Sec. 3-2.5-25. Youth nonviolent crime resource program.

(a) The Department shall provide resources to persons under 18 years of age who have been adjudicated delinquent for a nonviolent crime. For the purpose of this Section, a nonviolent crime does not include the use or threat of force toward a person. The resources shall include:

- (1) mentoring;
- (2) access to educational resources in collaboration with the State Board of Education;
- (3) employment training opportunities;

(4) behavioral health services, including trauma informed services;

(5) parent supports, including assistance applying for public health programs available through the Department of Human Services and other State agencies; and

(6) any other resources that the Department deems helpful to youth convicted of nonviolent crimes.

(b) The Department may provide services through existing or new service contracts with community agencies.

(c) The circuit courts and probation departments may refer youth to this program. The Department shall not provide any supervision of court-ordered conditions under this program.

(d) On or before July 1, 2028, the Department shall publicize on its website the program created under this Section and the process for referring eligible youth.

(e) The Department shall include the number of youth and families served and a summary of the types of services provided through this program in its annual report.

(730 ILCS 5/3-2.5-105 new)

Sec. 3-2.5-105. Child First Reform Task Force.

(a) The Child First Reform Task Force is created. The purpose of the Task Force is to review and study the current state of juvenile detention centers across the State. The Task Force shall consider the conditions and administration of individual juvenile detention centers, identify the resources needed to consistently meet the minimum standards set by the Department of Juvenile Justice and the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts, evaluate complaints arising out of juvenile detention centers, identify best practices to provide detention center care, propose community-based alternatives to juvenile detention, and advise on the creation of the Youth Advisory Agency with youth justice advisors and district youth advisory offices in each circuit court district. The Task Force shall also make recommendations for policy changes at the Department of Juvenile Justice to support child-first directives aligned with the policies and practices established in the Convention on the Rights of the Child that was adopted by the United Nations General Assembly on November 20, 1989, and became effective as an international treaty on September 2, 1990.

(b) The Task Force shall consist of the following members:

(1) A member of the Senate appointed by the President of the Senate.

(2) A member of the Senate appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate.

(3) A member of the House appointed by the Speaker of the House.

(4) A member of the House appointed by the Minority Leader of the House.

(5) A member appointed by the Director of Juvenile Justice.

(6) A member appointed by the Director of Human Rights.

(7) A member appointed by the Independent Juvenile Ombudsperson.

(8) A member appointed by the Independent Juvenile Ombudsperson who represents an organization that advocates for a community-based rehabilitation or systems impacted individuals.

(9) A member appointed by the Independent Juvenile Ombudsperson who represents an organization that advocates for juvenile justice reform.

(10) Two members appointed by the Illinois Juvenile Justice Commission.

(11) A member appointed by the Director of the Governor's Office of Management and Budget.

(12) One member appointed by the Lieutenant Governor who is a member of a county board of a county operating a county detention facility.

(13) One member appointed by the Lieutenant Governor who is a juvenile detention officer, probation officer, or other facility employee at a county detention facility who makes the determination on whether to detain a juvenile at the county detention facility.

(14) A member appointed by the Lieutenant Governor from the Justice, Equity, and Opportunity Initiative.

(15) Two members appointed by the Director of Juvenile Justice who are over the age of 18 and who have served any amount of time in a county juvenile detention facility.

(16) A member appointed by the Director of the Illinois State Police.

(17) A member appointed by the Secretary of Human Services.

The Task Force may include 2 additional members appointed by the Illinois Supreme Court.

(c) Appointments to the Task Force shall be made within 90 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly. Members shall serve without compensation.

(d) The Task Force shall meet at the call of a co-chair at least quarterly to fulfill its duties. The members of the Task Force shall select 2 co-chairs from among themselves at their first meeting.

(e) The Task Force shall:

(1) engage community organizations, interested groups, and members of the public for the purpose of assessing:

(A) community-based alternatives to detention and the adoption and implementation of such alternatives;

(B) the needs of juveniles detained in county detention facilities;

(C) strategic planning for a transition away from juvenile detention facilities;

(D) the establishment of more accountability between county facilities and the Department of Juvenile Justice, or if there would be a benefit for the State in operating detention centers for persons awaiting sentencing or court determination, in lieu of counties providing this service, when in extreme cases the county detention center is unable to pass minimum standards;

(E) evidence-based best practices regarding the delivery of services within detention centers, including healthcare and education;

(F) the integration of restorative practices into the juvenile detention system, focusing on healing, accountability, and community restoration;

(G) the implementation of child-first directives within the Department of Juvenile Justice and throughout the State;

(H) strategic planning for creating a Youth Advisory Agency with district youth advisory offices in each circuit court district;

(I) the implementation of youth justice advisors within the Youth Advisory Agency to guide juveniles through the juvenile justice process, including through interactions with law enforcement, the courts, and community-based alternatives to detention;

(J) how county juvenile detention facilities are currently funded;

(K) how to encourage the Illinois Supreme Court and relevant authorities to require, as a consistent part of continuing education, training on child-first directives, child rights, and the unique needs of minors in the justice system; and

(L) the establishment of training requirements by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board for law enforcement on child-first directives, child rights, and the unique needs of minors in the justice system;

(2) review available research and data on the benefits of community-based alternatives to detention versus the benefits of juvenile detention;

(3) review Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts, Department of Juvenile Justice, and Independent Ombudsperson monitoring reports to identify specific instances of non-compliance arising out of county juvenile detention facilities and patterns of noncompliance Statewide; and

(4) make recommendations or suggestions for changes to the County Shelter Care and Detention Home Act and the Unified Code of Corrections, including changes and improvements to the juvenile detention system.

(f) On or before January 1, 2029, the Task Force shall publish a final report of its findings and non-binding recommendations. The report shall, at a minimum, detail findings and recommendations related to the duties of the Task Force and the following:

(1) the process and standards used to determine whether a juvenile will be detained in a county facility;

(2) information and recommendations on detention facility standards, including how to ensure compliance with minimum standards, which facilities are chronically noncompliant and the reasons for noncompliance, including specific instances of noncompliance, and penalties for noncompliance;

(3) strategic planning suggestions to transition away from juvenile detention;

(4) how county juvenile detention facilities are currently funded;

(5) recommendations on whether to establish more accountability between county facilities and the Department of Juvenile Justice, or whether the operation of all detention centers should be transferred to the Department of Juvenile Justice;

(6) how to incorporate restorative practices into the juvenile justice system;

(7) implementing child-first directives throughout the State;

(8) strategic planning suggestions on creating a Youth Advisory Agency with youth justice advisors and district youth advisory offices in each circuit court district;

(9) recommendations on the duties of youth justice advisors and the role they will serve in assisting juveniles through the juvenile justice process, including through interactions with law enforcement, the courts, and community-based alternatives to detention, and recommendations on how many youth justice advisors to staff for each circuit court district;

(10) strategic planning suggestions to encourage the Illinois Supreme Court and relevant authorities to require, as a consistent part of continuing education, training on child-first directives, child rights, and the unique needs of minors in the justice system; and

(11) strategic planning to require the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board to establish training for law enforcement on child-first directives, child rights, and the unique needs of minors in the justice system.

The final report shall be submitted to the General Assembly, the Offices of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor, the Chief Judge of each circuit court operating a county detention facility, the county board of each county operating a county detention facility, and the Office of the Attorney General.

(g) The Department of Juvenile Justice shall provide administrative support for the Task Force.

(h) This Section is repealed on June 1, 2029.

Section 99. Effective date. This Section and Section 3-2.5-105 of the Unified Code of Corrections take effect June 1, 2026. Section 3-2.5-25 of the Unified Code of Corrections takes effect January 1, 2028."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Peters, **House Bill No. 3492** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 37; NAYS 18.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Aquino	Fine	Koehler	Sims
Castro	Guzmán	Lightford	Ventura
Cervantes	Halpin	Loughran Cappel	Villa
Collins	Harris, N.	Martwick	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hastings	Morrison	Villivalam
DeWitte	Holmes	Murphy	Walker
Edly-Allen	Hunter	Peters	Mr. President
Ellman	Johnson	Porfirio	
Faraci	Jones, E.	Preston	
Feigenholtz	Joyce	Simmons	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Curran	McClure	Tracy
Arellano, L.	Fowler	Plummer	Turner, S.
Balkema	Harris, E.	Rezin	Wilcox
Bryant	Hills	Rose	
Chesney	Lewis	Syverson	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House by

Mr. Hollman, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 618

A bill for AN ACT concerning liquor.

Passed the House, October 29, 2025.

JOHN W. HOLLMAN, Clerk of the House

At the hour of 8:25 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stands adjourned until Thursday, October 30, 2025, at 12:00 o'clock p.m.