



# **SENATE JOURNAL**

**STATE OF ILLINOIS**

**ONE HUNDRED FOURTH GENERAL  
ASSEMBLY**

**30TH LEGISLATIVE DAY**

**THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 2025**

**12:13 O'CLOCK P.M.**

**SENATE**  
**Daily Journal Index**  
**30th Legislative Day**

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The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.  
Senator Bill Cunningham, Chicago, Illinois, presiding.  
Prayer by Pastor Curt Fleck, Civil Servant Ministries, Springfield, Illinois.  
Senator Johnson led the Senate in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Senator Glowiak Hilton moved that reading and approval of the Journal of Wednesday, April 2, 2025, be postponed, pending arrival of the printed Journal.  
The motion prevailed.

**LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED**

The following Floor amendment to the Senate Bill listed below has been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2503

The following Committee amendments to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 8  
Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1899

**REPORT RECEIVED**

The Secretary placed before the Senate the following report:

IDOL Monthly Finance Report February 2025, submitted by the Department of the Lottery.

The foregoing report was ordered received and placed on file in the Secretary's Office.

**MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT**

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT  
DON HARMON  
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

327 STATE CAPITOL  
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62706  
217-782-2728

160 N. LASALLE ST., STE. 720  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601  
312-814-2075

April 3, 2025

Mr. Tim Anderson  
Secretary of the Senate  
Room 403 State House  
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 3-2(c), I hereby appoint Senator Elgie Sims to temporarily replace Senator Omar Aquino as a member of the Senate Executive Committee. This appointment will expire upon adjournment of the Senate Executive Committee on April 3, 2025.

Sincerely,

[April 3, 2025]

s/Don Harmon  
Don Harmon  
Senate President

cc: Senate Republican Leader John F. Curran

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT  
DON HARMON  
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

327 STATE CAPITOL  
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160 N. LASALLE ST., STE. 720  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601  
312-814-2075

April 3, 2025

Mr. Tim Anderson  
Secretary of the Senate  
Room 403 State House  
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 3-2(c), I hereby appoint Senator Dave Koehler to temporarily replace Senator Mattie Hunter as a member of the Senate Executive Committee. This appointment will expire upon adjournment of the Senate Executive Committee on April 3, 2025.

Sincerely,  
s/Don Harmon  
Don Harmon  
Senate President

cc: Senate Republican Leader John F. Curran

**COMMUNICATION FROM THE MINORITY LEADER**

SPRINGFIELD OFFICE:  
108 STATE HOUSE  
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62706  
PHONE: 217/782-9407

DISTRICT OFFICE:  
1011 STATE ST.  
SUITE 205  
LEMONT, ILLINOIS 62706  
PHONE: 630.914.5733  
SENATORCURRAN@GMAIL.COM

ILLINOIS STATE SENATE  
**JOHN CURRAN**  
SENATE REPUBLICAN LEADER  
41ST SENATE DISTRICT

April 3, 2025

Mr. Tim Anderson  
Secretary of the Senate  
058 State House  
Springfield, IL 62706

[April 3, 2025]

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 3-5, I hereby temporarily appoint **Senator Dave Syverson** to replace **Senator Chapin Rose** on the **Senate Appropriations Committee**. This appointment is effective April 3, 2025, and will automatically expire upon adjournment of the **Senate Appropriations Committee** on Thursday, April 3, 2025.

Sincerely,  
s/John F. Curran  
John F. Curran  
Illinois Senate Republican Leader  
41st District

Cc: Senate President Don Harmon  
Assistant Secretary of the Senate Scott Kaiser

#### **PRESENTATION OF CELEBRATION OF LIFE RESOLUTIONS**

##### **SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 206**

Offered by Senator Hills and all Senators:  
Mourns the death of Adela (Salas) Korecki of Algonquin.

##### **SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 207**

Offered by Senator Collins and all Senators:  
Mourns the death of Keywan Cordell Glenn Sr.

By unanimous consent, the foregoing resolutions were referred to the Resolutions Consent Calendar.

#### **PRESENTATION OF CONGRATULATORY RESOLUTIONS**

##### **SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 205**

Offered by Senator Collins:  
Recognizes Head Coach Doug Bruno of the DePaul University women's basketball team, the Blue Demons, on his 39-season coaching career and his decades of effort, dedication, and hard work. Wishes him the best in his future endeavors.

##### **SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 208**

Offered by Senator Bryant and all Senators:  
Congratulates Claire Ann Gulley on her election as Youth Governor of the Illinois YMCA Youth and Government program.

Under the Rules, the foregoing resolutions were referred to the Committee on Assignments.

#### **REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES**

Senator Loughran Cappel, Chair of the Committee on Education, to which was referred **Senate Bill No. 2423**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass.  
Under the rules, the bill was ordered to a second reading.

[April 3, 2025]

Senator Loughran Cappel, Chair of the Committee on Education, to which was referred **Senate Bill No. 1943**, reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bill, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bill was ordered to a second reading.

Senator Loughran Cappel, Chair of the Committee on Education, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 71  
 Senate Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 1519  
 Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1616  
 Senate Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1947  
 Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2057

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Loughran Cappel, Chair of the Committee on Education, to which was referred **Senate Resolution No. 125**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

Under the rules, **Senate Resolution No. 125** was placed on the Secretary's Desk.

Senator Simmons, Chair of the Committee on Public Health, to which was referred **Senate Bill No. 25**, reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bill, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bill was ordered to a second reading.

Senator Simmons, Chair of the Committee on Public Health, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 93  
 Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 291  
 Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1814  
 Senate Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1950

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Cervantes, Chair of the Committee on Criminal Law, to which was referred **Senate Bill No. 267**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass.

Under the rules, the bill was ordered to a second reading.

Senator Cervantes, Chair of the Committee on Criminal Law, to which was referred **Senate Bills Numbered 1195, 1773 and 2381**, reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bills, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Johnson, Chair of the Committee on Local Government, to which was referred **Senate Resolution No. 104**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

Under the rules, **Senate Resolution No. 104** was placed on the Secretary's Desk.

Senator Hastings, Chair of the Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 103  
Senate Amendment No. 4 to Senate Bill 1667  
Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1909  
Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1932

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Villa, Chair of the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred **Senate Bill No. 2475**, reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bill, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bill was ordered to a second reading.

Senator Villa, Chair of the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2194

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Villivalam, Chair of the Committee on Transportation, to which was referred **Senate Bills Numbered 1256 and 2285**, reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bills, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Martwick, Chair of the Committee on Pensions, to which was referred **Senate Resolution No. 112**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

Under the rules, **Senate Resolution No. 112** was placed on the Secretary's Desk.

Senator Fine, Chair of the Committee on Behavioral and Mental Health, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 188

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Walker, Chair of the Committee on Financial Institutions, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2457

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

#### INTRODUCTION OF BILL

**SENATE BILL NO. 2642.** Introduced by Senator Villivalam, a bill for AN ACT concerning appropriations.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

[April 3, 2025]

**READING BILLS OF THE SENATE A SECOND TIME**

On motion of Senator Fine, **Senate Bill No. 212** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Labor, adopted and ordered printed:

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 212**

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 212 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Nursing Mothers in the Workplace Act is amended by changing Section 10 as follows:

(820 ILCS 260/10)

Sec. 10. Break time for nursing mothers. An employer shall provide reasonable break time to an employee who needs to express breast milk for her nursing infant child each time the employee has the need to express milk for one year after the child's birth. The break time may run concurrently with any break time already provided to the employee. An employer shall compensate the employee during the break time at the employee's regular rate of compensation. An employer shall not require the employee to use paid leave during the break time or reduce the employee's compensation during the break time in any other manner. An employer may not reduce an employee's compensation for time used for the purpose of expressing milk or nursing a baby. An employer shall provide paid reasonable break time as needed by the employee unless to do so would create an undue hardship as defined by item (J) of Section 2-102 of the Illinois Human Rights Act.

(Source: P.A. 100-1003, eff. 8-21-18)."

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Castro, **Senate Bill No. 1872** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

The following amendments were offered in the Committee on Environment and Conservation, adopted and ordered printed:

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1872**

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1872 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Single-Use Plastic Bag Reduction Act.

Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Agency" means the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

"Consumer" means any person who makes a purchase at retail.

"Person" means an individual, natural person, public or private corporation, government, partnership, unincorporated association, or other entity.

"Plastic" means an organic or petroleum-derived synthetic or semisynthetic solid material synthesized by the polymerization of organic substances that is moldable into various rigid and flexible forms and to which additives or other substances may have been added. "Plastic" does not include natural polymers that have not been chemically modified.

"Primarily engaged in the sale of ready-to-eat food for immediate consumption" means having sales of ready-to-eat food for immediate consumption comprising at least 51% of the total sales, excluding the sale of liquor.

"Recycled paper bag" means a paper bag that:

(1) is 100% recyclable; and

(2) contains at least 40% post-consumer recycled material.

"Restaurant" means any business that is primarily engaged in the sale of ready-to-eat food for immediate consumption.

"Retail mercantile establishment" means a business that makes sales at retail and generates occupation or use tax revenue. "Retail mercantile establishment" does not include a restaurant or a small retail mercantile establishment.

"Reusable bag" means a bag with threaded stitched handles that:

- (1) is designed and manufactured for multiple uses;
- (2) can carry 22 pounds for a distance of 175 feet; and
- (3) is made of cloth, fiber, or other fabric or recycled material that is machine washable and can be cleaned and disinfected regularly.

"Single-use checkout bag" means a single-use plastic bag that is provided by a retail mercantile establishment at the checkout, cash register, or point of sale to a consumer for the purpose of transporting goods out of the retail mercantile establishment and that is not a recycled paper bag or reusable bag.

"Single-use checkout bag" does not include:

- (1) a bag that is used to package bulk items, such as fruit, vegetables, nuts, grains, or candy;
- (2) a bag that is used for greeting cards, balloons, or small hardware items, such as nails and bolts;
- (3) a bag that is used to contain or wrap frozen foods, meat, or fish, whether prepackaged or not;
- (4) a bag that is used to contain or wrap flowers or potted plants or other items where dampness may be a problem;
- (5) a bag that is used to contain unwrapped prepared foods or bakery goods;
- (6) a bag that is used to contain prescription drugs;
- (7) a bag that is sold in packages containing multiple bags intended for use as garbage bags, pet waste bags, or yard waste bags;
- (8) a bag that is brought to a store by the consumer for the consumer's own use or to carry away from the store goods that are not placed in a bag provided by the store;
- (9) a bag that is provided by a dine-in or take-out restaurant to contain food or drink purchased by the restaurant's consumers;
- (10) a bag containing a plastic liner that is permanently affixed, or designed and intended to be permanently affixed, to the inside of the particular bag;
- (11) a newspaper bag, door-hanger bag, laundry cleaning bag, garment bag; or
- (12) a bag that is used for online or digital orders where an employee of the retail mercantile establishment packages the goods for curbside pick-up or delivery.

"Small retail mercantile establishment" means a retail mercantile establishment that (i) has 12 or fewer locations in the State and employs 250 or fewer employees in the United States or (ii) is a retailer, as defined under the Motor Fuel and Petroleum Standards Act, and occupies less than 5,000 square feet.

Section 10. Single-use checkout bag prohibition. Beginning January 1, 2028, a retail mercantile establishment shall not offer a single-use checkout bag to consumers at the point of sale or otherwise make a single-use checkout bag available to consumers. A retail mercantile establishment may offer a recycled paper bag or reusable bag to consumers.

Section 15. Recycled paper bag fees.

(a) If a retail mercantile establishment offers a recycled paper bag to consumers, the retail mercantile establishment shall charge a fee of at least \$0.10 per recycled paper bag offered to a consumer.

(b) All amounts collected pursuant to this Section are retained by the retail mercantile establishment and may be used for any lawful purpose.

(c) A retail mercantile establishment may not rebate or otherwise reimburse a customer any portion of the fee charged under this Section.

(d) The fee imposed under this Section does not apply to recycled paper bags that are used to carry items purchased pursuant to the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, the special supplemental nutrition program for Women, Infants, and Children, or a similar governmental food assistance program.

Section 20. Education material and signage.

(a) Every retail mercantile establishment subject to the single-use checkout bag prohibition and collection of the recycled paper bag fee shall conspicuously display a sign in a location outside or inside of

the establishment, viewable by customers, alerting customers to the state's single-use checkout bag prohibition and recycled paper bag fee.

(b) The Agency shall develop educational and promotional material, including a sign that complies with subsection (a) of this Section, regarding the State's single-use checkout bag prohibition and recycled paper bag fee. The Agency shall make the material available on the Agency's website for use by retail mercantile establishments that are subject to the requirements of this Act.

**Section 25. Enforcement.**

(a) A person who violates any provision of this Act shall be liable for a civil penalty of up to \$250 for the first offense within a 12-month period; a civil penalty of up to \$500 for a second offense within a 12-month period; and a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for a third or subsequent offense within a 12-month period.

(b) Any violation of this Act may be enforced by the Attorney General or the State's Attorney of the county in which the violation occurs. The penalties provided for in subsection (a) may be recovered in a civil action brought in the name of the people of the State of Illinois by the State's Attorney of the county in which the violation occurred or by the Attorney General. Any penalties collected under this Section in an action in which the Attorney General has prevailed shall be deposited into the Environmental Protection Trust Fund, to be used in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Protection Trust Fund Act. The Attorney General or the State's Attorney of a county in which a violation occurs may institute a civil action for an injunction, prohibitory or mandatory, to restrain violations of this Act or to require such actions as may be necessary to address violations of this Act.

(c) The penalties and injunctions provided in this Act are in addition to any penalties, injunctions, or other relief provided under any other law. Nothing in this Act bars a cause of action by the State for any other penalty, injunction, or other relief provided by any other law.

**Section 30. Municipal plastic bag audits; home rule.** The power to audit taxes or fees on the collection, remittance, and payment of any taxes on plastic bags, however defined, is an exclusive power and function of the State. A municipality, including a home rule municipality, may not conduct a financial audit, with respect to the provision of plastic bags, of any person that provides a plastic bag to a consumer. This Section is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

**Section 35. Regulation of checkout bags; home rule.** A municipality or county, including a home rule unit, may not regulate in any manner the use, disposition, content, taxation, or sale of any checkout bag, however defined, that is provided by a retail mercantile establishment at the checkout, cash register, point of sale, or other point of departure to a consumer for the purpose of transporting goods out of the retail mercantile establishment. This Section is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (g) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution."

**AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 1872**

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 1872, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 1, on page 4, line 16, by replacing "2028" with "2029".

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments Numbered 1 and 2 were ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Hastings, **Senate Bill No. 2057** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

Senator Hastings offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2057**

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2057 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act is amended by adding Section 5-45.65 as follows:

[April 3, 2025]

(5 ILCS 100/5-45.65 new)

Sec. 5-45.65. Emergency rulemaking; School Safety Drill Act. To provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of Section 40 of the School Safety Drill Act, emergency rules implementing Section 40 of the School Safety Drill Act may be adopted in accordance with Section 5-45 by the State Board of Education, in consultation with the Illinois State Police. The adoption of emergency rules authorized by Section 5-45 and this Section is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.

This Section is repealed one year after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly.

Section 10. The School Safety Drill Act is amended by changing Sections 40 and 45 as follows:

(105 ILCS 128/40)

Sec. 40. Common rules. The State Board of Education and the Office of the State Fire Marshal shall cooperate together and coordinate with all appropriate education, first responder, and emergency management officials to (i) develop and implement one common set of rules to be administered under this Act and (ii) develop clear and definitive guidelines to school districts, private schools, and first responders as to how to develop school emergency and crisis response plans, how to develop school emergency and crisis response plans, threat assessment procedures, rapid entry response plans, and cardiac emergency response plans, how to exercise and drill based on such plans and procedures, and how to incorporate lessons learned from these exercises and drills into school emergency and crisis response plans.

The State Board of Education, in consultation with the Illinois State Police, shall adopt rules to implement this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly. Recognizing the adoption of such rules is deemed an emergency and necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare of schools in this State, the State Board of Education, in consultation with the Illinois State Police, may adopt rules necessary to implement this amendatory Act of the 104th General Assembly through the use of emergency rulemaking in accordance with Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act for a period not to exceed 365 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 104th amendatory Act.

(Source: P.A. 94-600, eff. 8-16-05.)

(105 ILCS 128/45)

Sec. 45. Threat assessment procedure.

(a) Each school district must implement a threat assessment procedure that may be part of a school board policy on targeted school violence prevention. The procedure must include the creation of a threat assessment team. The team must include at least one law enforcement official and cross-disciplinary representatives of the district who are most directly familiar with the mental and behavioral health needs of students and staff. Such cross-disciplinary representatives may include the following members:

(1) An administrator employed by the school district or a special education cooperative that serves the school district and is available to serve.

(2) A teacher employed by the school district or a special education cooperative that serves the school district and is available to serve.

(3) A school counselor employed by the school district or a special education cooperative that serves the school district and is available to serve.

(4) A school psychologist employed by the school district or a special education cooperative that serves the school district and is available to serve.

(5) A school social worker employed by the school district or a special education cooperative that serves the school district and is available to serve.

(6) (Blank).

If a school district is unable to establish a threat assessment team with school district staff and resources, it may utilize a regional behavioral threat assessment and intervention team that includes mental health professionals and representatives from the State, county, and local law enforcement agencies.

(b) A school district shall establish the threat assessment team under this Section no later than 180 days after August 23, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-455) and must implement an initial threat assessment procedure no later than 120 days after August 23, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-455). Each year prior to the start of the school year, the school board shall file the threat assessment procedure and a list identifying the members of the school district's threat assessment team or regional behavior threat assessment and intervention team with (i) a local law enforcement agency and (ii) the regional office of education or, with respect to a school district organized under Article 34 of the School Code, the State Board of Education.

(b-5) A charter school operating under a charter issued by a local board of education may adhere to the local board's threat assessment procedure or may implement its own threat assessment procedure in full compliance with the requirements of this Section. The charter agreement shall specify in detail how threat assessment procedures will be determined for the charter school.

(b-10) A special education cooperative operating under a joint agreement must implement its own threat assessment procedure in full compliance with the requirements of this Section, including the creation of a threat assessment team, which may consist of individuals employed by the member districts. The procedure must include actions the special education cooperative will take in partnership with its member districts to address a threat.

(c) Any sharing of student information under this Section must comply with the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 and the Illinois School Student Records Act.

(d) (Blank).

(e) The State Board of Education shall provide school districts with guidance outlining what steps or consideration shall be included within the school district's threat assessment procedure, including guidance for how and when a school district should notify parents and community members of a threat.

(Source: P.A. 102-791, eff. 5-13-22; 102-894, eff. 5-20-22; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23; 103-175, eff. 6-30-23; 103-780, eff. 8-2-24.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Castro, **Senate Bill No. 2153** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Joyce, as chief co-sponsor pursuant to Senate Rule 5-1(b)(ii), **Senate Bill No. 2455** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

### READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Morrison, **Senate Bill No. 32** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 52; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Arellano, L.	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Balkema	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Bryant	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Castro	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Mr. President
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	
Faraci	Lewis	Sims	

[April 3, 2025]

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

### SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Preston, **Senate Bill No. 40** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Preston offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 40

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 40 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by changing Section 356z.15 as follows:  
(215 ILCS 5/356z.15)

Sec. 356z.15. Habilitative services for children.

(a) As used in this Section, "habilitative services" means occupational therapy, physical therapy, speech therapy, and other services prescribed by the insured's treating physician pursuant to a treatment plan to enhance the ability of a child to function with a congenital, genetic, or early acquired disorder. A congenital or genetic disorder includes, but is not limited to, hereditary disorders. An early acquired disorder refers to a disorder resulting from illness, trauma, injury, or some other event or condition suffered by a child prior to that child developing functional life skills such as, but not limited to, walking, talking, or self-help skills. Congenital, genetic, and early acquired disorders may include, but are not limited to, autism or an autism spectrum disorder, cerebral palsy, and other disorders resulting from early childhood illness, trauma, or injury.

(b) A group or individual policy of accident and health insurance or managed care plan amended, delivered, issued, or renewed after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly must provide coverage for habilitative services for children under 19 years of age with a congenital, genetic, or early acquired disorder so long as all of the following conditions are met:

(1) A physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches has diagnosed the child's congenital, genetic, or early acquired disorder.

(2) The treatment is administered by a licensed speech-language pathologist, licensed audiologist, licensed occupational therapist, licensed physical therapist, licensed physician, licensed nurse, licensed optometrist, licensed nutritionist, licensed social worker, or licensed psychologist upon the referral of a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches.

(3) The initial or continued treatment must be medically necessary and therapeutic and not experimental or investigational.

(b-5) For any child under 19 years of age with an early acquired disorder that is diagnosed as a speech-language disorder, including stuttering, the coverage required under this Section shall include rehabilitative services in addition to habilitative services. As used in this subsection, "rehabilitative services" means speech therapy that helps a child restore or improve skills and functions for daily living that have been lost or impaired.

(c) The coverage required by this Section shall be subject to other general exclusions and limitations of the policy, including coordination of benefits, participating provider requirements, restrictions on services provided by family or household members, utilization review of health care services, including review of medical necessity, case management, experimental, and investigational treatments, and other managed care provisions.

(d) Coverage under this Section does not apply to those services that are solely educational in nature or otherwise paid under State or federal law for purely educational services. Nothing in this subsection (d) relieves an insurer or similar third party from an otherwise valid obligation to provide or to pay for services provided to a child with a disability.

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(e) Coverage under this Section for children under age 19 shall not apply to treatment of mental or emotional disorders or illnesses as covered under Section 370 of this Code as well as any other benefit based upon a specific diagnosis that may be otherwise required by law.

(f) The provisions of this Section do not apply to short-term travel, accident-only, limited, or specific disease policies.

(g) Any denial of care for habilitative services shall be subject to appeal and external independent review procedures as provided by Section 45 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act.

(h) Upon request of the reimbursing insurer, the provider under whose supervision the habilitative services are being provided shall furnish medical records, clinical notes, or other necessary data to allow the insurer to substantiate that initial or continued medical treatment is medically necessary and that the patient's condition is clinically improving. When the treating provider anticipates that continued treatment is or will be required to permit the patient to achieve demonstrable progress, the insurer may request that the provider furnish a treatment plan consisting of diagnosis, proposed treatment by type, frequency, anticipated duration of treatment, the anticipated goals of treatment, and how frequently the treatment plan will be updated.

(i) Rulemaking authority to implement this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, if any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for whatever reason, is unauthorized.

(j) An insurer may not deny or refuse to provide otherwise covered services under a group or individual policy of accident and health insurance or a managed care plan solely because of the location wherein the clinically appropriate services are provided.

(Source: P.A. 102-322, eff. 1-1-22.)

Section 10. The Limited Health Service Organization Act is amended by changing Section 4003 as follows:

(215 ILCS 130/4003) (from Ch. 73, par. 1504-3)

Sec. 4003. Illinois Insurance Code provisions. Limited health service organizations shall be subject to the provisions of Sections 133, 134, 136, 137, 139, 140, 141.1, 141.2, 141.3, 143, 143.31, 143c, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 154, 154.5, 154.6, 154.7, 154.8, 155.04, 155.37, 155.49, 352c, 355.2, 355.3, 355b, 355d, 356m, 356q, 356v, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.10, 356z.15, 356z.21, 356z.22, 356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.29, 356z.32, 356z.33, 356z.41, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.54, 356z.57, 356z.59, 356z.61, 356z.64, 356z.67, 356z.68, 356z.71, 356z.73, 356z.74, 356z.75, 364.3, 368a, 401, 401.1, 402, 403, 403A, 408, 408.2, 409, 412, 444, and 444.1 and Articles II A, VIII 1/2, XII, XII 1/2, XIII, XIII 1/2, XXV, and XXVI of the Illinois Insurance Code. Nothing in this Section shall require a limited health care plan to cover any service that is not a limited health service. For purposes of the Illinois Insurance Code, except for Sections 444 and 444.1 and Articles XIII and XIII 1/2, limited health service organizations in the following categories are deemed to be domestic companies:

(1) a corporation under the laws of this State; or

(2) a corporation organized under the laws of another state, 30% or more of the enrollees of which are residents of this State, except a corporation subject to substantially the same requirements in its state of organization as is a domestic company under Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(Source: P.A. 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-775, eff. 5-13-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-84, eff. 1-1-24; 103-91, eff. 1-1-24; 103-420, eff. 1-1-24; 103-426, eff. 8-4-23; 103-445, eff. 1-1-24; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 103-649, eff. 1-1-25; 103-656, eff. 1-1-25; 103-700, eff. 1-1-25; 103-718, eff. 7-19-24; 103-751, eff. 8-2-24; 103-758, eff. 1-1-25; 103-832, eff. 1-1-25; 103-1024, eff. 1-1-25; revised 11-26-24.)

Section 15. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by adding Section 5-5j as follows:

(305 ILCS 5/5-5j new)

Sec. 5-5j. Speech-language rehabilitative and habilitative services. Subject to federal approval, for services beginning on and after July 1, 2025, the medical assistance program shall provide coverage for medically necessary rehabilitative and habilitative services for individuals under the age of 21 with an early acquired disorder that is diagnosed as a speech-language disorder, including stuttering. As used in this

subsection, "rehabilitative services" means speech therapy that helps an individual restore or improve skills and functions for daily living that have been lost or impaired.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1, 2025, except that Sections 5 and 10 take effect on January 1, 2027."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

### READING BILLS OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator S. Turner, **Senate Bill No. 39** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Belt, **Senate Bill No. 58** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.

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Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Peters, **Senate Bill No. 67** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

### SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Murphy, **Senate Bill No. 71** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Murphy offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SENATE BILL 71

AMENDMENT NO. 3. Amend Senate Bill 71, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Safety Drill Act is amended by changing Sections 5, 10, 15, and 25 and by adding Section 65 as follows:

(105 ILCS 128/5)

Sec. 5. Definitions. In this Act:

"Emergency services and disaster agency" means an agency by the name "emergency services and disaster agency", by the name "emergency management agency", or by any other name that is established by ordinance within a political subdivision to coordinate the emergency management program within that political subdivision with private organizations, other political subdivisions, and the State and federal governments.

"First responder" means and includes all fire departments and districts, law enforcement agencies and officials, emergency medical responders, emergency medical dispatchers, and emergency management officials involved in the execution and documentation of the drills administered under this Act.

"Hazardous substance" has the meaning given to that term in Section 3.215 of the Environmental Protection Act, except that, as used in this Act, "hazardous substance" also includes radioactive materials, hydrocarbons, petroleum, gasoline, and crude oil or any products, by-products, or fractions thereof.

"Local emergency planning committee" means the committee that is appointed for an emergency planning district under Section 301 of the federal Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986.

"School" means a public or private facility that offers elementary or secondary education to students under the age of 21. As used in this definition, "public facility" means a facility operated by the State or by a unit of local government. As used in this definition, "private facility" means any non-profit, non-home-based, non-public elementary or secondary school that is in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code. While more than one school may be housed in a facility, for purposes of this Act, the facility shall be considered a school. When a school has more than one location, for purposes of this Act, each different location shall be considered its own school.

"School district" means any public school district established under the School Code, any program of a special education joint agreement established under Section 3-15.14, 10-22.31, or 10-22.31a of the School Code, or any charter school authorized by the State Board of Education in accordance with Section 27A-7.5 of the School Code.

"School safety drill" means a pre-planned exercise conducted by a school in accordance with the drills and requirements set forth in this Act.

(Source: P.A. 102-894, eff. 5-20-22; 102-1006, eff. 1-1-23; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23; 103-175, eff. 6-30-23.)

(105 ILCS 128/10)

Sec. 10. Purpose. The purpose of this Act is (i) to establish minimum requirements and standards for schools to follow when conducting school safety drills and reviewing school emergency and crisis response plans and, beginning July 1, 2027, hazardous substance release procedures and (ii) to encourage schools and first responders to work together for the safety of children. Communities and schools may exceed these requirements and standards.

(Source: P.A. 94-600, eff. 8-16-05.)

(105 ILCS 128/15)

Sec. 15. Types of drills. Under this Act, the following school safety drills shall be instituted by all schools in this State:

(1) School evacuation drills, which shall address and prepare students and school personnel for situations that occur when conditions outside of a school building are safer than inside a school building. Evacuation incidents are based on the needs of particular communities and may include without limitation the following:

- (A) fire;
- (B) suspicious items or persons;
- (C) incidents involving hazardous materials, including, but not limited to, chemical, incendiary, and explosives; ~~and~~
- (D) bomb threats; ~~and~~ -
- (E) incidents involving the release or explosion of hazardous substances.

(2) Except as limited by subsection (b-5) of Section 20 of this Act, bus evacuation drills, which shall address and prepare students and school personnel for situations that occur when conditions outside of a bus are safer than inside the bus. Evacuation incidents are based on the needs of particular communities and may include without limitation the following:

- (A) fire;
- (B) suspicious items; ~~and~~

(C) incidents involving hazardous materials, including, but not limited to, chemical, incendiary, and explosives; ~~and~~ -

(D) incidents involving the release or explosion of hazardous substances.

(3) Law enforcement drills, which shall address and prepare school personnel for situations calling for the involvement of law enforcement when conditions inside a school building are safer than outside of a school building and it is necessary to protect building occupants from potential dangers in a school building. Law enforcement drills may involve situations that call for the reverse-evacuation or the lock-down of a school building. Evacuation or reverse-evacuation incidents shall include a shooting incident.

(4) Severe weather and shelter-in-place drills, which shall address and prepare students for situations involving severe weather emergencies or the release of external gas or chemicals. Severe weather and shelter-in-place incidents shall be based on the needs and environment of particular communities and may include without limitation the following:

(A) severe weather, including, but not limited to, shear winds, lightning, and earthquakes;

(B) incidents involving hazardous materials, including, but not limited to, chemical, incendiary, and explosives; ~~and~~

(C) incidents involving weapons of mass destruction, including, but not limited to, biological, chemical, and nuclear weapons; ~~and~~ -

(D) incidents involving the release or explosion of hazardous materials.

(Source: P.A. 100-443, eff. 8-25-17.)

(105 ILCS 128/25)

Sec. 25. Annual review.

(a) Each public school district, through its school board or the board's designee, shall conduct a minimum of one annual meeting at which it will review each school building's emergency and crisis response plans, protocols, and procedures, including procedures regarding the school district's threat assessment team, the school district's hazardous substance release procedures, procedures regarding the school district's cardiac emergency response plan, the efficacy and effects of law enforcement drills, and each building's compliance with the school safety drill programs. The purpose of this annual review shall be to review and update the emergency and crisis response plans, protocols, and procedures and the school safety drill programs of the district and each of its school buildings. This review must be at no cost to the school district. In updating a school building's emergency and crisis response plans, consideration may be given to making the emergency and crisis response plans available to first responders, administrators, and teachers for implementation and utilization through the use of electronic applications on electronic devices, including, but not limited to, smartphones, tablets, and laptop computers.

(b) Each school board or the board's designee is required to participate in the annual review and to invite each of the following parties to the annual review and provide each party with a minimum of 30 days' notice before the date of the annual review:

(1) The principal of each school within the school district or his or her official designee.

(2) Representatives from any other education-related organization or association deemed appropriate by the school district.

(3) Representatives from all local first responder organizations to participate, advise, and consult in the review process, including, but not limited to:

(A) the appropriate local fire department or district;

(B) the appropriate local law enforcement agency;

(C) the appropriate local emergency medical services agency if the agency is a separate, local first responder unit; ~~and~~

(D) any other member of the first responder or emergency management community that has contacted the district superintendent or his or her designee during the past year to request involvement in a school's emergency planning or drill process; ~~and~~ -

(E) the applicable emergency services and disaster agency or the applicable local emergency planning committee.

(4) The school board or its designee may also choose to invite to the annual review any other persons whom it believes will aid in the review process, including, but not limited to, any members of any other education-related organization or the first responder or emergency management community.

(c) Upon the conclusion of the annual review, the school board or the board's designee shall sign a one page report, which may be in either a check-off format or a narrative format, that does the following:

(1) summarizes the review's recommended changes to the existing school safety plans and drill plans;

(2) lists the parties that participated in the annual review, and includes the annual review's attendance record;

(3) certifies that an effective review of the emergency and crisis response plans, protocols, and procedures and the school safety drill programs of the district and each of its school buildings has occurred;

(4) states that the school district will implement those plans, protocols, procedures, and programs, during the academic year; and

(5) includes the authorization of the school board or the board's designee.

(d) The school board or its designee shall send a copy of the report to each party that participates in the annual review process and to the appropriate regional superintendent of schools. If any of the participating parties have comments on the certification document, those parties shall submit their comments in writing to the appropriate regional superintendent. The regional superintendent shall maintain a record of these comments. The certification document may be in a check-off format or narrative format, at the discretion of the district superintendent.

(e) The review must occur at least once during the fiscal year, at a specific time chosen at the school district superintendent's discretion.

(f) A private school shall conduct a minimum of one annual meeting at which the school must review each school building's emergency and crisis response plans, protocols, and procedures, including procedures regarding the school's cardiac emergency response plan, and each building's compliance with the school safety drill programs of the school. The purpose of this annual review shall be to review and update the emergency and crisis response plans, protocols, and procedures and the school safety drill programs of the school. This review must be at no cost to the private school.

The private school shall invite representatives from all local first responder organizations to participate, advise, and consult in the review process, including, but not limited to, the following:

(1) the appropriate local fire department or fire protection district;

(2) the appropriate local law enforcement agency;

(3) the appropriate local emergency medical services agency if the agency is a separate, local first responder unit; and

(4) any other member of the first responder or emergency management community that has contacted the school's chief administrative officer or his or her designee during the past year to request involvement in the school's emergency planning or drill process.

(Source: P.A. 102-395, eff. 8-16-21; 103-608, eff. 1-1-25.)

(105 ILCS 128/65 new)

Sec. 65. Hazardous substance release guidance and procedures.

(a) By July 1, 2026, the Illinois Emergency Management Agency and Office of Homeland Security, in consultation with the State Board of Education, shall develop and provide guidance to all local emergency planning committees, emergency services and disaster agencies, and school districts in the State specifically related to the potential impact to school districts of a release or explosion of a hazardous substance resulting from storage or rail transport. This guidance shall also be made available to these entities on the website of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency and Office of Homeland Security.

(b) The guidance developed under subsection (a) shall include:

(1) a description of the methods and procedures to be followed by school personnel in response to a release or explosion of a hazardous substance;

(2) a description of the federal, State, or local agencies, including first responders, responsible for identifying whether the release or explosion of a hazardous substance has occurred and how that information will be communicated to school personnel, including any appropriate precautions school districts should take to protect their students and staff and how the wind direction may impact their evacuation plans;

(3) recommendations for school evacuation plans, including recommendations for an alternative plan if advised by federal, State, or local agencies, including first responders, that one is needed due to the wind direction;

(4) a list of available training programs;

(5) a description of recommended communication protocols for school districts with first responders, local law enforcement agencies, and other local, State, or federal emergency management agencies; and

(6) a list of instructions for school districts on how to identify their applicable local emergency planning committee or emergency services and disaster agency.

(c) By July 1, 2027, each school district shall, in consultation with the applicable local emergency planning committee or emergency services and disaster agency, develop procedures for each of its schools to address the release or explosion of a hazardous substance based on the guidance developed under subsection (a). However, a school district is not required to develop procedures until the guidance provided in subsection (a) is made available on the website of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency and Office of Homeland Security.

(d) Each school district shall make available to all school personnel relevant and appropriate information related to the procedures in subsection (c), including identified evacuation plans, as well as alternative evacuation plans, safe locations where student and staff can seek shelter, and a description of how that information will be communicated to school personnel in such an emergency."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 3 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

#### READING BILLS OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator D. Turner, **Senate Bill No. 83** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAY 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Arellano, L.	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Balkema	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	
Faraci	Lewis	Sims	

The following voted in the negative:

Bryant

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

Senator Bryant asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect her intention to have voted in the affirmative on **Senate Bill No. 83**.

On motion of Senator Hastings, **Senate Bill No. 100** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

### SENATE BILLS RECALLED

On motion of Senator Feigenholtz, **Senate Bill No. 103** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Feigenholtz offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 103

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 103, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Adoption Act is amended by changing Sections 2 and 7 as follows:

(750 ILCS 50/2) (from Ch. 40, par. 1502)

Sec. 2. Who may adopt a child.

A. Any of the following persons, who is under no legal disability (except the minority specified in sub-paragraph (b)) and who has resided in the State of Illinois continuously for a period of at least 6 months immediately preceding the commencement of an adoption proceeding, or any member of the armed forces of the United States who has been domiciled in the State of Illinois for 90 days, may institute such proceeding:

(a) A reputable person of legal age and of either sex, provided that if such person is married or in a civil union and has not been living separate and apart from his or her spouse or civil union partner for 12 months or longer, his or her spouse or civil union partner shall be a party to the adoption proceeding, including a spouse or civil union partner desiring to adopt a child of the other spouse or civil union partner, in all of which cases the adoption shall be by both spouses or civil union partners jointly;

(b) A minor, by leave of court upon good cause shown;-

(c) Notwithstanding sub-paragraph (a) of this subsection, a spouse or civil union partner is not required to join in a petition for adoption for the adoption of an adult if a petitioner is a former stepparent of that adult, or to re-adopt a child after an intercountry adoption if the spouse or civil union partner did not previously adopt the child as set forth in subsections (c) and (e) of Section 4.1 of this Act. For purposes of this Section, "former stepparent" means a person who was married to, or in a civil union with, the legal parent of the adult seeking to be adopted, and the marriage or civil union has ended.

B. The residence requirement specified in paragraph A of this Section shall not apply to:

(a) an adoption of a related child;

(a-1) an adoption of a child previously adopted in a foreign country by the petitioner;

(b) an adoption of a child placed by an Illinois-licensed child welfare agency performing adoption services;

(c) an adoption of an adult by a former stepparent; or

(d) an adoption of a child born in this State who has resided continuously in this State since birth, or a child who has continuously resided in this State for at least 6 months immediately preceding the commencement of the adoption proceeding, if:

(1) an Illinois-licensed child welfare agency performing adoption services has acknowledged a consent or surrender of one or both of the biological or legal parents of the child under this Act and the Child Care Act of 1969; or

(2) an authorized person under Section 10 has acknowledged a consent of one or both of the biological or legal parents of the child and an Illinois-licensed child welfare agency performing adoption services has counseled the biological or legal parent or parents of the child as to the birth parent rights and responsibilities under the Child Care Act of 1969 and the rules adopted thereunder.

C. A person may commence an adoption proceeding for a youth in care only if the youth in care is placed with the petitioning person or persons by the Department of Children and Family Services at the time the petition is filed, and the Department has provided its consent to the adoption or has otherwise approved the adoption.

Nothing in this subsection precludes any rights under Section 15.1 of this Act. The Department shall adopt rules or procedures or both as to what constitutes its approval of the adoption under this subsection.

D. Nothing in this Section overrides the requirements contained in Public Act 94-586.

(Source: P.A. 102-139, eff. 1-1-22; revised 7-24-24.)

(750 ILCS 50/7) (from Ch. 40, par. 1509)

Sec. 7. Process.

A. All persons named in the petition for adoption or standby adoption, other than the petitioners and any party who has previously either denied being a parent pursuant to Section 12a of this Act or whose rights have been terminated pursuant to Section 12a of this Act or under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, but including the person sought to be adopted, shall be made parties defendant by name, and if the name or names of any such persons are alleged in the petition to be unknown such persons shall be made parties defendant under the name and style of "All whom it may concern". In all such actions petitioner or his attorney shall file, at the office of the clerk of the court in which the action is pending, an affidavit showing that the defendant resides or has gone out of this State, or on due inquiry cannot be found, or is concealed within this State, so that process cannot be served upon him, and stating the place of residence of the defendant, if known, or that upon diligent inquiry his place of residence cannot be ascertained, the clerk shall cause publication to be made in some newspaper published in the county in which the action is pending. If there is no newspaper published in that county, then the publication shall be in a newspaper published in an adjoining county in this State, having a circulation in the county in which such action is pending. In the event there is service on any of the parties by publication, the publication shall contain notice of pendency of the action, the name of the person to be adopted and the name of the parties to be served by publication, and the date on or after which default may be entered against such parties. Neither the name of petitioners nor the name of any party who has either surrendered said child, has given their consent to the adoption of the child, or whose parental rights have been terminated by a court of competent jurisdiction shall be included in the notice of publication. The Clerk shall also, within 10 ~~ten (10)~~ days of the first publication of the notice, send a copy thereof by mail, addressed to each defendant whose place of residence is stated in such affidavit. The certificate of the Clerk that he sent the copies pursuant to this

section is evidence that he has done so. Except as provided in this section pertaining to service by publication, all parties defendant shall be notified of the proceedings in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be required in other civil cases or proceedings, except that service of process need not be directed to a minor defendant under 14 years of age for whom a guardian ad litem has been or will be appointed pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection B of Section 13 of this Act. Nothing in the provisions of the preceding sentence stating that service of process need not be directed to a minor defendant under 14 years of age for whom a guardian ad litem has been or will be appointed is intended to override any provision of this Act which relates to information to which an adopted person is entitled under Section 18.1 of this Act. Any party defendant who is of age of 14 years or upward may waive service of process by entering an appearance in writing. The form to be used for publication shall be substantially as follows: "ADOPTION NOTICE - STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of ....., ss. - Circuit Court of .... County. In the matter of the Petition for the Adoption of ....., a ..male child. Adoption No. .... To-- .... (whom it may concern or the named parent) Take notice that a petition was filed in the Circuit Court of .... County, Illinois, for the adoption of a child named ....., Now, therefore, unless you ....., and all whom it may concern, file your answer to the Petition in the action or otherwise file your appearance therein, in the said Circuit Court of ....., County, Room ....., ....., in the City of ....., Illinois, on or before the .... day of ....., a default may be entered against you at any time after that day and a judgment entered in accordance with the prayer of said Petition. Dated, ....., Illinois, .... Clerk. (Name and address of attorney for petitioners.)

B. A minor defendant who has been served in accordance with this Section may be defaulted in the same manner as any other defendant.

C. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this or any other law, and in addition to the notice requirements of any law pertaining to persons other than those specified in this subsection, the persons entitled to notice that a petition has been filed under Section 5 of this Act shall include:

(a) any person adjudicated by a court in this State to be the father of the child;

(b) any person adjudicated by a court of another state or territory of the United States to be the father of the child, when a certified copy of the court order has been filed with the Putative Father Registry under Section 12.1 of this Act;

(c) any person who at the time of the filing of the petition is registered in the Putative Father Registry under Section 12.1 of this Act as the putative father of the child;

(d) any person who is recorded on the child's birth certificate as the child's parent, unless a court of competent jurisdiction has determined the person is not the parent of the child or has terminated the person's parental rights ~~father~~;

(e) any person who is openly living with the child or the child's mother at the time the proceeding is initiated and who holds out the child as that person's child, unless a court of competent jurisdiction has determined the person is not the parent of the child or has terminated the person's parental rights ~~is holding himself out to be the child's father~~;

(f) any person who has been identified as the child's parent ~~father~~ by the mother in a written, sworn statement, including an Affidavit of Identification as specified under Section 11 of this Act, unless a court of competent jurisdiction has determined the person is not the parent of the child or has terminated the person's parental rights;

(g) any person who was married to the child's mother on the date of the child's birth or within 300 days prior to the child's birth, unless a court of competent jurisdiction has determined the person is not the parent of the child or has terminated the person's parental rights.

The sole purpose of notice under this Section shall be to enable the person receiving notice to appear in the adoption proceedings to present evidence to the court relevant to whether the consent or surrender of the person to the adoption is required pursuant to Section 8 of this Act. If the court determines that the consent or surrender of the person is not required pursuant to Section 8, then the person shall not be entitled to participate in the proceedings or to any further notice of the proceedings.

(Source: P.A. 97-988, eff. 1-1-13.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Section and the changes made to Section 2 of the Adoption Act take effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cervantes, **Senate Bill No. 108** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Cervantes offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 108**

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 108 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is amended by changing Section 124A-20 as follows:

(725 ILCS 5/124A-20)

Sec. 124A-20. Assessment waiver.

(a) As used in this Section:

"Assessments" means any costs imposed on a criminal defendant under Article 15 of the Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act, but does not include violation of the Illinois Vehicle Code assessments except in a county having a population of more than 3,000,000 as provided in subsection (a-5).

"Indigent person" means any person who meets one or more of the following criteria:

(1) He or she is receiving assistance under one or more of the following means-based governmental public benefits programs: Supplemental Security Income; Aid to the Aged, Blind and Disabled; Temporary Assistance for Needy Families; Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; General Assistance; Transitional Assistance; or State Children and Family Assistance.

(2) His or her available personal income is 200% or less of the current poverty level, unless the applicant's assets that are not exempt under Part 9 or 10 of Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure are of a nature and value that the court determines that the applicant is able to pay the assessments.

(3) He or she is, in the discretion of the court, unable to proceed in an action with payment of assessments and whose payment of those assessments would result in substantial hardship to the person or his or her family.

"Poverty level" means the current poverty level as established by the United States Department of Health and Human Services.

(a-5) ~~(Blank). In a county having a population of more than 3,000,000, "assessments" means any costs imposed on a criminal defendant under Article 15 of the Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act, including violation of the Illinois Vehicle Code assessments. This subsection is inoperative on and after July 1, 2025.~~

(b) For criminal offenses reflected in Schedules 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8 of Article 15 of the Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act, upon the application of any defendant, after the commencement of an action, but no later than 30 days after sentencing:

(1) If the court finds that the applicant is an indigent person, the court shall grant the applicant a full assessment waiver exempting him or her from the payment of any assessments.

(2) The court shall grant the applicant a partial assessment as follows:

(A) 75% of all assessments shall be waived if the applicant's available income is greater than 200% but no more than 250% of the poverty level, unless the applicant's assets that are not exempt under Part 9 or 10 of Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure are such that the applicant is able, without undue hardship, to pay the total assessments.

(B) 50% of all assessments shall be waived if the applicant's available income is greater than 250% but no more than 300% of the poverty level, unless the applicant's assets that are not exempt under Part 9 or 10 of Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure are such that the court determines that the applicant is able, without undue hardship, to pay a greater portion of the assessments.

(C) 25% of all assessments shall be waived if the applicant's available income is greater than 300% but no more than 400% of the poverty level, unless the applicant's assets that are not exempt under Part 9 or 10 of Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure are such that the court determines that the applicant is able, without undue hardship, to pay a greater portion of the assessments.

(b-5) For traffic and petty offenses reflected in Schedules 2, 6, 9, 10, and 13 of Article 15 of the Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act, upon the application of any defendant, after the commencement of an action, but no later than 30 days after sentencing, the court shall grant the applicant a partial assessment as follows:

(1) 50% of all assessments shall be waived if the court finds that the applicant is an indigent person or if the applicant's available income is not greater than 200% of the poverty level, unless the applicant's assets that are not exempt under Part 9 or 10 of Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure are such that the applicant is able, without undue hardship, to pay the total assessments.

(2) 37.5% of all assessments shall be waived if the applicant's available income is greater than 200% but no more than 250% of the poverty level, unless the applicant's assets that are not exempt under Part 9 or 10 of Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure are such that the applicant is able, without undue hardship, to pay the total assessments.

(3) 25% of all assessments shall be waived if the applicant's available income is greater than 250% but no more than 300% of the poverty level, unless the applicant's assets that are not exempt under Part 9 or 10 of Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure are such that the court determines that the applicant is able, without undue hardship, to pay a greater portion of the assessments.

(4) 12.5% of all assessments shall be waived if the applicant's available income is greater than 300% but no more than 400% of the poverty level, unless the applicant's assets that are not exempt under Part 9 or 10 of Article XII of the Code of Civil Procedure are such that the court determines that the applicant is able, without undue hardship, to pay a greater portion of the assessments.

(c) An application for a waiver of assessments shall be in writing, signed by the defendant or, if the defendant is a minor, by another person having knowledge of the facts, and filed no later than 30 days after sentencing. The contents of the application for a waiver of assessments, and the procedure for deciding the applications, shall be established by Supreme Court Rule. Factors to consider in evaluating an application shall include:

(1) the applicant's receipt of needs based governmental public benefits, including Supplemental Security Income (SSI); Aid to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD); Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP or "food stamps"); General Assistance; Transitional Assistance; or State Children and Family Assistance;

(2) the employment status of the applicant and amount of monthly income, if any;

(3) income received from the applicant's pension, Social Security benefits, unemployment benefits, and other sources;

(4) income received by the applicant from other household members;

(5) the applicant's monthly expenses, including rent, home mortgage, other mortgage, utilities, food, medical, vehicle, childcare, debts, child support, and other expenses; and

(6) financial affidavits or other similar supporting documentation provided by the applicant showing that payment of the imposed assessments would result in substantial hardship to the applicant or the applicant's family.

(d) The clerk of court shall provide the application for a waiver of assessments to any defendant who indicates an inability to pay the assessments. The clerk of the court shall post in a conspicuous place in the courthouse a notice, no smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches and using no smaller than 30-point typeface printed in English and in Spanish, advising criminal defendants they may ask the court for a waiver of any court ordered assessments. The notice shall be substantially as follows:

"If you are unable to pay the required assessments, you may ask the court to waive payment of them. Ask the clerk of the court for forms."

(e) For good cause shown, the court may allow an applicant whose application is denied or who receives a partial assessment waiver to defer payment of the assessments, make installment payments, or make payment upon reasonable terms and conditions stated in the order.

(f) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to affect the right of a party to court-appointed counsel, as authorized by any other provision of law or by the rules of the Illinois Supreme Court.

(g) The provisions of this Section are severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.

(Source: P.A. 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-620, eff. 8-27-21; 103-1059, eff. 12-20-24.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

[April 3, 2025]

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

### READING BILLS OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Morrison, **Senate Bill No. 118** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Murphy, **Senate Bill No. 126** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President

Ellman

Koehler

Simmons

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Porfirio, **Senate Bill No. 220** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

At the hour of 12:59 o'clock p.m., Senator Koehler, presiding.

### SENATE BILLS RECALLED

On motion of Senator Johnson, **Senate Bill No. 246** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Johnson offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 246

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 246 on page 1, by replacing lines 15 and 16 with "that is exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Morrison, **Senate Bill No. 291** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Morrison offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 291**

AMENDMENT NO. 1 . Amend Senate Bill 291 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the One Health Commission Act.

Section 5. Findings and purpose. The General Assembly finds that:

(1) The term "One Health" reflects the interconnectedness of human health, animal health, and the environment.

(2) The strong connections and interdependency between humans, companion animals, livestock, wildlife, and ecosystem health are recognized in the One Health Framework, which facilitates addressing zoonotic diseases, vector-borne diseases, antimicrobial resistance, and other complex, multidisciplinary issues.

(3) Existing One Health initiatives at the federal level were included in both the 2021 Report of the Appropriations Committee of the United States House of Representatives and the 2023 Consolidated Appropriations Act. Congress directed the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention to collaborate with the U.S. Department of Agriculture, U.S. Department of the Interior, and other federal agency partners:

(A) to create a National One Health framework to address zoonotic diseases and advance public health preparedness in the United States; and

(B) to collaborate with interagency partners on the development of a One Health coordination mechanism at the federal level to strengthen One Health collaboration related to the prevention of, detection of, control of, and response to zoonotic diseases and related One Health work across the federal government.

(4) Existing One Health initiatives in other states include the passage of Senate Bill 347 and Assembly Bill 1992 in New Jersey in June 2021 for the purpose of developing a New Jersey One Health Commission.

(5) Awareness and collaboration among disciplines will help protect the environment and the health of all species, will save lives in present and future generations, and will improve the quality of life, the physical and mental health, and the productivity of residents of the State.

(6) A One Health approach recognizes that the health of people is connected to the health of animals and the environment, and it has been described as a collaborative, multisector, and transdisciplinary approach, working at the local, regional, national, and global levels, with the goal of achieving optimal health outcomes while recognizing the interconnection between people, animals, plants, and their shared environment.

(7) A One Health approach is important because approximately 60% of known infectious diseases in humans and 75% of emerging infectious diseases originate from animals; environmental factors, including climate change, land-use changes, and biodiversity loss, significantly influence the emergence and transmission of zoonotic diseases. Animals can serve as early warning indicators of potential public health threats, and robust agricultural and environmental health systems are integral to public health preparedness and response efforts.

(8) It is, therefore, in the public interest for the State to establish a One Health Commission to promote the health and wellness of Illinois' natural resource, residents, and animals, including pets, livestock, and wildlife, by encouraging the collaborative efforts of experts and leveraging knowledge and resources effectively.

Section 10. Definitions. In this Act:

"One Health" means an integrated, unifying approach that aims to sustainably balance and optimize the health of people, animals, and ecosystems while recognizing that the health of humans, domestic and wild animals, plants, and the wider environment (including ecosystems) are closely linked and interdependent.

"Commission" means the One Health Commission established under this Act.

Section 15. One Health Commission.

(a) The One Health Commission is established in the Department of Public Health. The purpose of this Commission shall be to develop a strategic plan to promote interdisciplinary communication and collaboration between physicians, veterinarians, and other scientific professionals and State agencies, with the goal of promoting the health and well-being of the State's residents, animals, and environment.

(b) The goals and responsibilities of the Commission shall include:

(1) recommending the best practices to promote interdisciplinary communication and collaboration between human, animal, and environmental health professionals;

(2) establishing mechanisms to provide feedback on, and to support State agency and local government responses to, and recovery from, zoonotic disease outbreaks in animals and humans;

(3) coordinating and collaborating with appropriate entities to develop effective approaches to reduce hazards to human, animal, and environmental health and ensuring innovative, science-based solutions are integrated into public health strategies;

(4) developing educational and outreach initiatives to promote the One Health approach across State government agencies, the State's academic and research institutions, nongovernmental organizations, and private entities;

(5) collaborating with disciplines for development of effective xenosurveillance and other means of surveilling emerging One Health-related threats; and

(6) promoting and providing education concerning judicious antibiotic use by physicians, veterinarians, and agricultural health professionals, including recommendations on use of antibiotic alternatives, such as bacteriophage therapy.

(c) The Commission shall partner with academic institutions and nongovernmental organizations in the State and consult with associations, organizations, and individuals who are knowledgeable about the One Health initiative.

(d) The Commission shall be composed of the following members:

(1) the Director of Public Health or the Director's designee, who shall serve as co-chairperson;

(2) the President of the University of Illinois, or the President's designee, who shall serve as co-chairperson;

(3) the Director of Agriculture or the Director's designee;

(4) the Director of the Environmental Protection Agency or the Director's designee;

(5) the Director of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency and Office of Homeland Security or the Director's designee;

(6) the Chairman of the Illinois Housing Development Authority or the Chairman's designee;

(7) the Director of Natural Resources or the Director's designee;

(8) the Secretary of Transportation or the Secretary's designee;

(9) the Director of Commerce and Economic Opportunity or the Director's designee, who shall serve as an ex officio, nonvoting, advisory member;

(10) 4 members who are experts regarding One Health from the academic or teaching community in this State, appointed by the Director of Public Health;

(11) 2 members who are experts regarding One Health and who are physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in this State, including at least one with expertise in epidemiology or infectious disease surveillance, appointed by the Director of Public Health;

(12) 2 members who are experts regarding One Health and who are veterinarians licensed in this State, entomologists, or licensed environmental health practitioners, appointed by the Director of Public Health; and

(13) one member who represents a safety net medical facility in the State of Illinois who has expertise in One Health, appointed by the Director of Public Health.

(e) The Commission shall convene and meet at the call of a co-chairperson and shall meet as frequently as necessary to carry out its duties as required by this Act.

(e-5) Members shall be appointed for 4-year terms.

(f) The Department of Public Health and the University of Illinois shall provide administrative and other support to the Commission.

(g) The members of the Commission shall serve without compensation.

(h) The Commission shall submit a final report to the General Assembly and the Governor on or before January 1, 2028. This report shall:

(1) outline the development of the One Health Framework described in this Act;

(2) provide details regarding the goals and responsibilities of the Commission in this Act;

(3) provide an assessment of One Health surveillance and response systems; and

(4) provide recommendations for future policy enhancements any other recommendations for legislative or regulatory action to improve, promote, and protect the health and well-being of the State's residents, animals, and environment.

The Commission shall provide an update to this report every 2 years.

(i) The final report under subsection (h) shall be posted on the public websites of the all the State agencies listed in subsection (d) that participate in the Commission."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Loughran Cappel, **Senate Bill No. 1231** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Loughran Cappel offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1231**

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1231 on page 3, line 20, by changing "14" to "7 school".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

**READING BILLS OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME**

On motion of Senator Villa, **Senate Bill No. 1238** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 53; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lightford	Syverson
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Loughran Cappel	Tracy
Balkema	Fine	Martwick	Turner, D.
Belt	Fowler	McClure	Turner, S.
Bryant	Guzmán	Morrison	Ventura
Castro	Harris, N.	Murphy	Villa
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villanueva
Chesney	Hastings	Plummer	Villivalam
Collins	Hills	Porfirio	Walker
Cunningham	Holmes	Preston	Wilcox
Curran	Johnson	Rezin	Mr. President
DeWitte	Joyce	Rose	
Edly-Allen	Koehler	Sims	
Ellman	Lewis	Stadelman	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Villa, **Senate Bill No. 1265** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lightford	Stadelman
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Balkema	Fine	Martwick	Tracy
Belt	Fowler	McClure	Turner, D.
Bryant	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Castro	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Chesney	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Collins	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Cunningham	Holmes	Preston	Walker
Curran	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
DeWitte	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Edly-Allen	Koehler	Simmons	
Ellman	Lewis	Sims	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator D. Turner, **Senate Bill No. 1295** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

[April 3, 2025]

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Morrison, **Senate Bill No. 1325** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Murphy, **Senate Bill No. 1329** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator D. Turner, **Senate Bill No. 1331** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 49; NAYS 5.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Arellano, L.	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Balkema	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Collins	Hastings	Peters	Villa
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villanueva
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Villivalam
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Walker
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	
Faraci	Lewis	Sims	
Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Chesney	Plummer
Bryant	Harriss, E.	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Fowler, **Senate Bill No. 1339** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President

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Ellman

Koehler

Simmons

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator D. Turner, **Senate Bill No. 1343** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Tracy, **Senate Bill No. 1368** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Arellano, L.	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Balkema	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Bryant	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Castro	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Chesney	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Collins	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Cunningham	Holmes	Preston	Walker
Curran	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

Faraci

Lewis

Sims

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

Senator DeWitte asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect his intention to have voted in the affirmative on **Senate Bill No. 1368**.

### SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Cervantes, **Senate Bill No. 1392** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Cervantes offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1392

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1392 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by changing Section 370a as follows:  
(215 ILCS 5/370a) (from Ch. 73, par. 982a)

Sec. 370a. Assignability of Accident and Health Insurance, including dental insurance. No provision of the Illinois Insurance Code, or any other law, prohibits an insured under any policy of dental insurance or accident and health insurance or any other person who may be the owner of any rights under any such policy from making an assignment of all or any part of his rights and privileges under the policy including but not limited to the right to designate a beneficiary and to have an individual policy issued in accordance with its terms. Subject to the terms of the policy or any contract relating thereto, an assignment by an insured or by any other owner of rights under the policy, made before or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1969 is valid for the purpose of vesting in the assignee, in accordance with any provisions included therein as to the time at which it is effective, all rights and privileges so assigned. However, such assignment is without prejudice to the company on account of any payment it makes or individual policy it issues before receipt of notice of the assignment. This amendatory Act of 1969 acknowledges, declares and codifies the existing right of assignment of interests under accident and health insurance policies. If an enrollee or insured of an insurer, health maintenance organization, managed care plan, health care plan, preferred provider organization, dental service plan corporation, dental insurer, or third party administrator assigns a claim to a health care professional, ~~or~~ health care facility, dental care provider, or dental care facility, then payment shall be made directly to the health care professional, ~~or~~ health care facility, dental care provider, or dental care facility, including any interest required under Section 368a~~7~~ of this Code for failure to pay claims within 30 days after receipt by the insurer of due proof of loss. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prevent any parties from reconciling duplicate payments.

(Source: P.A. 91-605, eff. 12-14-99; 91-788, eff. 6-9-00.)

Section 10. The Dental Service Plan Act is amended by adding Section 38.1 as follows:  
(215 ILCS 110/38.1 new)

Sec. 38.1. Illinois Insurance Code provisions. Every dental service plan corporation shall comply with Section 370a of the Illinois Insurance Code.

Section 15. The Health Maintenance Organization Act is amended by changing Section 5-3 as follows:

(215 ILCS 125/5-3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1411.2)

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-808)

Sec. 5-3. Illinois Insurance Code provisions.

(a) Health Maintenance Organizations shall be subject to the provisions of Sections 133, 134, 136, 137, 139, 140, 141.1, 141.2, 141.3, 143, 143.31, 143c, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 154, 154.5, 154.6, 154.7, 154.8, 155.04, 155.22a, 155.49, 352c, 355.2, 355.3, 355.6, 355b, 355c, 356f, 356g.5-1, 356m, 356q,

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356u.10, 356v, 356w, 356x, 356z.2, 356z.3a, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.5, 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10, 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.17, 356z.18, 356z.19, 356z.20, 356z.21, 356z.22, 356z.23, 356z.24, 356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.28, 356z.29, 356z.30, 356z.31, 356z.32, 356z.33, 356z.34, 356z.35, 356z.36, 356z.37, 356z.38, 356z.39, 356z.40, 356z.40a, 356z.41, 356z.44, 356z.45, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.48, 356z.49, 356z.50, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.54, 356z.55, 356z.56, 356z.57, 356z.58, 356z.59, 356z.60, 356z.61, 356z.62, 356z.63, 356z.64, 356z.65, 356z.66, 356z.67, 356z.68, 356z.69, 356z.70, 356z.71, 356z.72, 356z.73, 356z.74, 356z.75, 356z.77, 364, 364.01, 364.3, 367.2, 367.2-5, 367i, 368a, 368b, 368c, 368d, 368e, 370a, 370c, 370c.1, 401, 401.1, 402, 403, 403A, 408, 408.2, 409, 412, 444, and 444.1, paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of Section 367, and Articles IIA, VIII 1/2, XII, XII 1/2, XIII, XIII 1/2, XXV, XXVI, and XXXIIB of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(b) For purposes of the Illinois Insurance Code, except for Sections 444 and 444.1 and Articles XIII and XIII 1/2, Health Maintenance Organizations in the following categories are deemed to be "domestic companies":

(1) a corporation authorized under the Dental Service Plan Act or the Voluntary Health Services Plans Act;

(2) a corporation organized under the laws of this State; or

(3) a corporation organized under the laws of another state, 30% or more of the enrollees of which are residents of this State, except a corporation subject to substantially the same requirements in its state of organization as is a "domestic company" under Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(c) In considering the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control of a Health Maintenance Organization pursuant to Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code,

(1) the Director shall give primary consideration to the continuation of benefits to enrollees and the financial conditions of the acquired Health Maintenance Organization after the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control takes effect;

(2)(i) the criteria specified in subsection (1)(b) of Section 131.8 of the Illinois Insurance Code shall not apply and (ii) the Director, in making his determination with respect to the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control, need not take into account the effect on competition of the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control;

(3) the Director shall have the power to require the following information:

(A) certification by an independent actuary of the adequacy of the reserves of the Health Maintenance Organization sought to be acquired;

(B) pro forma financial statements reflecting the combined balance sheets of the acquiring company and the Health Maintenance Organization sought to be acquired as of the end of the preceding year and as of a date 90 days prior to the acquisition, as well as pro forma financial statements reflecting projected combined operation for a period of 2 years;

(C) a pro forma business plan detailing an acquiring party's plans with respect to the operation of the Health Maintenance Organization sought to be acquired for a period of not less than 3 years; and

(D) such other information as the Director shall require.

(d) The provisions of Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code and this Section 5-3 shall apply to the sale by any health maintenance organization of greater than 10% of its enrollee population (including, without limitation, the health maintenance organization's right, title, and interest in and to its health care certificates).

(e) In considering any management contract or service agreement subject to Section 141.1 of the Illinois Insurance Code, the Director (i) shall, in addition to the criteria specified in Section 141.2 of the Illinois Insurance Code, take into account the effect of the management contract or service agreement on the continuation of benefits to enrollees and the financial condition of the health maintenance organization to be managed or serviced, and (ii) need not take into account the effect of the management contract or service agreement on competition.

(f) Except for small employer groups as defined in the Small Employer Rating, Renewability and Portability Health Insurance Act and except for medicare supplement policies as defined in Section 363 of the Illinois Insurance Code, a Health Maintenance Organization may by contract agree with a group or other enrollment unit to effect refunds or charge additional premiums under the following terms and conditions:

(i) the amount of, and other terms and conditions with respect to, the refund or additional premium are set forth in the group or enrollment unit contract agreed in advance of the period for

which a refund is to be paid or additional premium is to be charged (which period shall not be less than one year); and

(ii) the amount of the refund or additional premium shall not exceed 20% of the Health Maintenance Organization's profitable or unprofitable experience with respect to the group or other enrollment unit for the period (and, for purposes of a refund or additional premium, the profitable or unprofitable experience shall be calculated taking into account a pro rata share of the Health Maintenance Organization's administrative and marketing expenses, but shall not include any refund to be made or additional premium to be paid pursuant to this subsection (f)). The Health Maintenance Organization and the group or enrollment unit may agree that the profitable or unprofitable experience may be calculated taking into account the refund period and the immediately preceding 2 plan years.

The Health Maintenance Organization shall include a statement in the evidence of coverage issued to each enrollee describing the possibility of a refund or additional premium, and upon request of any group or enrollment unit, provide to the group or enrollment unit a description of the method used to calculate (1) the Health Maintenance Organization's profitable experience with respect to the group or enrollment unit and the resulting refund to the group or enrollment unit or (2) the Health Maintenance Organization's unprofitable experience with respect to the group or enrollment unit and the resulting additional premium to be paid by the group or enrollment unit.

In no event shall the Illinois Health Maintenance Organization Guaranty Association be liable to pay any contractual obligation of an insolvent organization to pay any refund authorized under this Section.

(g) Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for whatever reason, is unauthorized.

(Source: P.A. 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-34, eff. 6-25-21; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-443, eff. 1-1-22; 102-589, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-775, eff. 5-13-22; 102-804, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-901, eff. 7-1-22; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-84, eff. 1-1-24; 103-91, eff. 1-1-24; 103-123, eff. 1-1-24; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23; 103-420, eff. 1-1-24; 103-426, eff. 8-4-23; 103-445, eff. 1-1-24; 103-551, eff. 8-11-23; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 103-618, eff. 1-1-25; 103-649, eff. 1-1-25; 103-656, eff. 1-1-25; 103-700, eff. 1-1-25; 103-718, eff. 7-19-24; 103-751, eff. 8-2-24; 103-753, eff. 8-2-24; 103-758, eff. 1-1-25; 103-777, eff. 8-2-24; 103-914, eff. 1-1-25; 103-918, eff. 1-1-25; 103-1024, eff. 1-1-25; revised 9-26-24.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-808)

Sec. 5-3. Illinois Insurance Code provisions.

(a) Health Maintenance Organizations shall be subject to the provisions of Sections 133, 134, 136, 137, 139, 140, 141.1, 141.2, 141.3, 143, 143.31, 143c, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 154, 154.5, 154.6, 154.7, 154.8, 155.04, 155.22a, 155.49, 352c, 355.2, 355.3, 355.6, 355b, 355c, 356f, 356g, 356g.5-1, 356m, 356q, 356u.10, 356v, 356w, 356x, 356z.2, 356z.3a, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.5, 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10, 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.17, 356z.18, 356z.19, 356z.20, 356z.21, 356z.22, 356z.23, 356z.24, 356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.28, 356z.29, 356z.30, 356z.31, 356z.32, 356z.33, 356z.34, 356z.35, 356z.36, 356z.37, 356z.38, 356z.39, 356z.40, 356z.40a, 356z.41, 356z.44, 356z.45, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.48, 356z.49, 356z.50, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.54, 356z.55, 356z.56, 356z.57, 356z.58, 356z.59, 356z.60, 356z.61, 356z.62, 356z.63, 356z.64, 356z.65, 356z.66, 356z.67, 356z.68, 356z.69, 356z.70, 356z.71, 356z.72, 356z.73, 356z.74, 356z.75, 356z.77, 364, 364.01, 364.3, 367.2, 367.2-5, 367i, 368a, 368b, 368c, 368d, 368e, 370a, 370c, 370c.1, 401, 401.1, 402, 403, 403A, 408, 408.2, 409, 412, 444, and 444.1, paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of Section 367, and Articles IIA, VIII 1/2, XII, XII 1/2, XIII, XIII 1/2, XXV, XXVI, and XXXIIB of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(b) For purposes of the Illinois Insurance Code, except for Sections 444 and 444.1 and Articles XIII and XIII 1/2, Health Maintenance Organizations in the following categories are deemed to be "domestic companies":

- (1) a corporation authorized under the Dental Service Plan Act or the Voluntary Health Services Plans Act;
- (2) a corporation organized under the laws of this State; or
- (3) a corporation organized under the laws of another state, 30% or more of the enrollees of which are residents of this State, except a corporation subject to substantially the same requirements

in its state of organization as is a "domestic company" under Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(c) In considering the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control of a Health Maintenance Organization pursuant to Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code,

(1) the Director shall give primary consideration to the continuation of benefits to enrollees and the financial conditions of the acquired Health Maintenance Organization after the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control takes effect;

(2)(i) the criteria specified in subsection (1)(b) of Section 131.8 of the Illinois Insurance Code shall not apply and (ii) the Director, in making his determination with respect to the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control, need not take into account the effect on competition of the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control;

(3) the Director shall have the power to require the following information:

(A) certification by an independent actuary of the adequacy of the reserves of the Health Maintenance Organization sought to be acquired;

(B) pro forma financial statements reflecting the combined balance sheets of the acquiring company and the Health Maintenance Organization sought to be acquired as of the end of the preceding year and as of a date 90 days prior to the acquisition, as well as pro forma financial statements reflecting projected combined operation for a period of 2 years;

(C) a pro forma business plan detailing an acquiring party's plans with respect to the operation of the Health Maintenance Organization sought to be acquired for a period of not less than 3 years; and

(D) such other information as the Director shall require.

(d) The provisions of Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code and this Section 5-3 shall apply to the sale by any health maintenance organization of greater than 10% of its enrollee population (including, without limitation, the health maintenance organization's right, title, and interest in and to its health care certificates).

(e) In considering any management contract or service agreement subject to Section 141.1 of the Illinois Insurance Code, the Director (i) shall, in addition to the criteria specified in Section 141.2 of the Illinois Insurance Code, take into account the effect of the management contract or service agreement on the continuation of benefits to enrollees and the financial condition of the health maintenance organization to be managed or serviced, and (ii) need not take into account the effect of the management contract or service agreement on competition.

(f) Except for small employer groups as defined in the Small Employer Rating, Renewability and Portability Health Insurance Act and except for medicare supplement policies as defined in Section 363 of the Illinois Insurance Code, a Health Maintenance Organization may by contract agree with a group or other enrollment unit to effect refunds or charge additional premiums under the following terms and conditions:

(i) the amount of, and other terms and conditions with respect to, the refund or additional premium are set forth in the group or enrollment unit contract agreed in advance of the period for which a refund is to be paid or additional premium is to be charged (which period shall not be less than one year); and

(ii) the amount of the refund or additional premium shall not exceed 20% of the Health Maintenance Organization's profitable or unprofitable experience with respect to the group or other enrollment unit for the period (and, for purposes of a refund or additional premium, the profitable or unprofitable experience shall be calculated taking into account a pro rata share of the Health Maintenance Organization's administrative and marketing expenses, but shall not include any refund to be made or additional premium to be paid pursuant to this subsection (f)). The Health Maintenance Organization and the group or enrollment unit may agree that the profitable or unprofitable experience may be calculated taking into account the refund period and the immediately preceding 2 plan years.

The Health Maintenance Organization shall include a statement in the evidence of coverage issued to each enrollee describing the possibility of a refund or additional premium, and upon request of any group or enrollment unit, provide to the group or enrollment unit a description of the method used to calculate (1) the Health Maintenance Organization's profitable experience with respect to the group or enrollment unit and the resulting refund to the group or enrollment unit or (2) the Health Maintenance Organization's unprofitable experience with respect to the group or enrollment unit and the resulting additional premium to be paid by the group or enrollment unit.

In no event shall the Illinois Health Maintenance Organization Guaranty Association be liable to pay any contractual obligation of an insolvent organization to pay any refund authorized under this Section.

(g) Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for whatever reason, is unauthorized.

(Source: P.A. 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-34, eff. 6-25-21; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-443, eff. 1-1-22; 102-589, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-775, eff. 5-13-22; 102-804, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-901, eff. 7-1-22; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-84, eff. 1-1-24; 103-91, eff. 1-1-24; 103-123, eff. 1-1-24; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23; 103-420, eff. 1-1-24; 103-426, eff. 8-4-23; 103-445, eff. 1-1-24; 103-551, eff. 8-11-23; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 103-618, eff. 1-1-25; 103-649, eff. 1-1-25; 103-656, eff. 1-1-25; 103-700, eff. 1-1-25; 103-718, eff. 7-19-24; 103-751, eff. 8-2-24; 103-753, eff. 8-2-24; 103-758, eff. 1-1-25; 103-777, eff. 8-2-24; 103-808, eff. 1-1-26; 103-914, eff. 1-1-25; 103-918, eff. 1-1-25; 103-1024, eff. 1-1-25; revised 11-26-24.)

Section 20. The Limited Health Service Organization Act is amended by changing Section 4003 as follows:

(215 ILCS 130/4003) (from Ch. 73, par. 1504-3)

Sec. 4003. Illinois Insurance Code provisions. Limited health service organizations shall be subject to the provisions of Sections 133, 134, 136, 137, 139, 140, 141.1, 141.2, 141.3, 143, 143.31, 143c, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 154, 154.5, 154.6, 154.7, 154.8, 155.04, 155.37, 155.49, 352c, 355.2, 355.3, 355b, 355d, 356m, 356q, 356v, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.10, 356z.21, 356z.22, 356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.29, 356z.32, 356z.33, 356z.41, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.54, 356z.57, 356z.59, 356z.61, 356z.64, 356z.67, 356z.68, 356z.71, 356z.73, 356z.74, 356z.75, 364.3, 368a, 370a, 401, 401.1, 402, 403, 403A, 408, 408.2, 409, 412, 444, and 444.1 and Articles IIA, VIII 1/2, XII, XII 1/2, XIII, XIII 1/2, XXV, and XXVI of the Illinois Insurance Code. Nothing in this Section shall require a limited health care plan to cover any service that is not a limited health service. For purposes of the Illinois Insurance Code, except for Sections 444 and 444.1 and Articles XIII and XIII 1/2, limited health service organizations in the following categories are deemed to be domestic companies:

(1) a corporation under the laws of this State; or

(2) a corporation organized under the laws of another state, 30% or more of the enrollees of which are residents of this State, except a corporation subject to substantially the same requirements in its state of organization as is a domestic company under Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(Source: P.A. 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-775, eff. 5-13-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-84, eff. 1-1-24; 103-91, eff. 1-1-24; 103-420, eff. 1-1-24; 103-426, eff. 8-4-23; 103-445, eff. 1-1-24; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 103-649, eff. 1-1-25; 103-656, eff. 1-1-25; 103-700, eff. 1-1-25; 103-718, eff. 7-19-24; 103-751, eff. 8-2-24; 103-758, eff. 1-1-25; 103-832, eff. 1-1-25; 103-1024, eff. 1-1-25; revised 11-26-24.)

Section 25. The Voluntary Health Services Plans Act is amended by changing Section 10 as follows:

(215 ILCS 165/10) (from Ch. 32, par. 604)

Sec. 10. Application of Illinois Insurance Code provisions. Health services plan corporations and all persons interested therein or dealing therewith shall be subject to the provisions of Articles IIA and XII 1/2 and Sections 3.1, 133, 136, 139, 140, 143, 143.31, 143c, 149, 155.22a, 155.37, 354, 355.2, 355.3, 355b, 355d, 356g, 356g.5, 356g.5-1, 356m, 356q, 356r, 356t, 356u, 356u.10, 356v, 356w, 356x, 356y, 356z.1, 356z.2, 356z.3a, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.5, 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10, 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.18, 356z.19, 356z.21, 356z.22, 356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.29, 356z.30, 356z.32, 356z.32a, 356z.33, 356z.40, 356z.41, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.54, 356z.56, 356z.57, 356z.59, 356z.60, 356z.61, 356z.62, 356z.64, 356z.67, 356z.68, 356z.71, 356z.72, 356z.74, 356z.75, 356z.77, 364.01, 364.3, 367.2, 368a, 370a, 401, 401.1, 402, 403, 403A, 408, 408.2, and 412, and paragraphs (7) and (15) of Section 367 of the Illinois Insurance Code.

Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act and all rules and

procedures of the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for whatever reason, is unauthorized.

(Source: P.A. 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-775, eff. 5-13-22; 102-804, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-901, eff. 7-1-22; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-84, eff. 1-1-24; 103-91, eff. 1-1-24; 103-420, eff. 1-1-24; 103-445, eff. 1-1-24; 103-551, eff. 8-11-23; 103-605, eff. 7-1-24; 103-656, eff. 1-1-25; 103-718, eff. 7-19-24; 103-751, eff. 8-2-24; 103-753, eff. 8-2-24; 103-758, eff. 1-1-25; 103-832, eff. 1-1-25; 103-914, eff. 1-1-25; 103-918, eff. 1-1-25; 103-1024, eff. 1-1-25; revised 11-26-24.)

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 1, 2026."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

### READING BILLS OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Peters, **Senate Bill No. 1441** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 48; NAYS 6.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Arellano, L.	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Stadelman
Balkema	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Ventura
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Villa
Collins	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hastings	Plummer	Villivalam
Curran	Hills	Porfirio	Walker
DeWitte	Holmes	Preston	Mr. President
Edly-Allen	Johnson	Rezin	
Ellman	Joyce	Rose	
Faraci	Koehler	Simmons	
Feigenholtz	Lightford	Sims	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Chesney	Turner, S.
Bryant	Syverson	Wilcox

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Morrison, **Senate Bill No. 1463** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 52; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Tracy
Arellano, L.	Fowler	Martwick	Turner, D.
Balkema	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, S.
Belt	Guzmán	Morrison	Ventura
Castro	Harris, N.	Murphy	Villa
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villanueva
Chesney	Hastings	Plummer	Villivalam
Collins	Hills	Porfirio	Walker
Cunningham	Holmes	Preston	Wilcox
Curran	Johnson	Rezin	Mr. President
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	
Ellman	Koehler	Sims	
Faraci	Lewis	Stadelman	
Feigenholtz	Lightford	Syverson	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

Senator DeWitte asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect his intention to have voted in the affirmative on **Senate Bill No. 1463**.

On motion of Senator Morrison, **Senate Bill No. 1466** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 53; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Arellano, L.	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Balkema	Fowler	Martwick	Turner, D.
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, S.
Bryant	Guzmán	Morrison	Ventura
Castro	Harris, N.	Murphy	Villa
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villanueva
Chesney	Hastings	Plummer	Villivalam
Collins	Hills	Porfirio	Walker
Cunningham	Holmes	Preston	Wilcox
Curran	Johnson	Rezin	Mr. President
DeWitte	Joyce	Rose	
Edly-Allen	Koehler	Simmons	
Faraci	Lewis	Sims	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

At the hour of 1:29 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stands at ease.

#### AT EASE

At the hour of 1:36 o'clock p.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business.  
Senator Koehler, presiding.

#### REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON ASSIGNMENTS

Senator Lightford, Chair of the Committee on Assignments, during its April 3, 2025 meeting, reported the following Legislative Measures have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Executive: **Committee Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 8; Committee Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 19; Committee Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1793; Committee Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1899; Committee Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1953.**

Licensed Activities: **Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2503.**

#### READING BILLS OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Lightford, **Senate Bill No. 28** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Arellano, L.	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Balkema	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Bryant	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Castro	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	
Faraci	Lewis	Sims	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Collins, **Senate Bill No. 1504** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Loughran Cappel, **Senate Bill No. 1555** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

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Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Tracy, **Senate Bill No. 1599** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

### SENATE BILLS RECALLED

On motion of Senator Edly-Allen, **Senate Bill No. 1740** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Edly-Allen offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SENATE BILL 1740

AMENDMENT NO. 3. Amend Senate Bill 1740 on page 48, line 4, after "because", by inserting "of an unpaid balance on the student's school account or because"; and

on page 142, by replacing line 8 with the following:

"(a) In this subsection (a):

"Age and developmentally appropriate" means suitable to particular ages or age groups of children or adolescents, based on the developing cognitive, emotional, and behavioral capacity typical for the age or age group.

"Consent" means an affirmative, knowing, conscious, ongoing, and voluntary agreement to engage in interpersonal, physical, or sexual activity, which can be revoked at any point, including during the course of interpersonal, physical, or sexual activity.

The program established under this Act shall include,"; and

on page 143, line 12, by replacing "consent education" with "age and developmentally appropriate consent education"; and

on page 143, immediately below line 21, by inserting the following:

"Consent education must be age and developmentally appropriate, and the instruction on age and developmentally appropriate consent shall require only instruction aligning with consent as defined in this Section."; and

on page 258, line 26, after "because", by inserting "of an unpaid balance on the student's school account or because".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 3 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Anderson, **Senate Bill No. 1814** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Anderson offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1814**

AMENDMENT NO. 1 . Amend Senate Bill 1814 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding Section 2310-735 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2310/2310-735 new)

Sec. 2310-735. Public educational effort on amniotic fluid embolism.

(a) As used in this Section, "amniotic fluid embolism" means a rare obstetric emergency in which amniotic fluid, fetal cells, hair, or other debris enters the maternal bloodstream leading to cardiovascular collapse, respiratory failure, and disseminated intravascular coagulation.

(b) The Department shall conduct educational activities for providers on the signs, symptoms, and management of amniotic fluid embolism.

(c) The Department shall make available information about amniotic fluid embolism on the Department's website.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator DeWitte, **Senate Bill No. 1909** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator DeWitte offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1909**

AMENDMENT NO. 1 . Amend Senate Bill 1909 on page 1, line 9, by inserting "months" after "12".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

### READING BILLS OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator D. Turner, **Senate Bill No. 1920** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Arellano, L.	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Balkema	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Belt	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Bryant	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Castro	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Cervantes	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	
Faraci	Lewis	Sims	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Morrison, **Senate Bill No. 1922** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Edly-Allen, **Senate Bill No. 1928** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

### SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Glowiak Hilton, **Senate Bill No. 1932** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Glowiak Hilton offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1932

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1932 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act is amended by adding Section 2HHHH as follows:

(815 ILCS 505/2HHHH new)

Sec. 2HHHH. Price gouging during a disaster.

(a) As used in this Section:

"Building materials" means lumber, construction tools, windows, and anything else used in the building or rebuilding of property.

"Consumer food item or good" means any article that is used or intended for use as food, drink, confection, or condiment by a person or animal.

"Emergency supplies" includes, but is not limited to, water, flashlights, radios, batteries, candles, blankets, soaps, diapers, temporary shelters, tape, toiletries, plywood, nails, and hammers.

"Goods" means tangible chattels bought for use primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.

"Medical supplies" includes, but is not limited to, prescription and nonprescription medications, bandages, gauze, isopropyl alcohol, masks, and antibacterial products.

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"Repair or reconstruction services" means services performed by any person for repairs to residential or commercial property, of any type, that is damaged as a result of a disaster.

"Transportation, freight, or storage services" means services performed by any company that contracts to move, store, or transport personal or business property or that rents equipment for those purposes, including towing services.

(b) It is an unlawful practice within the meaning of this Act, for a period of 45 days after a disaster is declared by the President of the United States or the Governor or during the continuation period of the disaster if the period is extended by the President of the United States or the Governor, for any person to sell or offer to sell to a consumer, for an unconscionably high price, in the designated disaster area any consumer food items or goods; goods or services used for emergency cleanup or response; emergency supplies; medical supplies; cleaning supplies; building materials; housing; lodging; transportation, freight, or storage services; repair or reconstruction services; or any other necessity.

(c) For the purposes of this Section, a price is unconscionably high if:

(1) the amount charged represents a gross disparity between the price of the good or service;

and

(A) the price at which the same good or service was sold or offered for sale by the person in the usual course of business immediately before the disaster declaration; or

(B) if the person did not sell or offer for sale the goods or services immediately before the disaster declaration, the price at which similar goods or services were offered for sale or sold by a similarly situated person in the usual course of business immediately before the disaster declaration; and

(2) the disparity is not directly attributable to increased prices charged by suppliers, additional costs for labor or materials to provide the good or service, or other increased costs not within the control of the person.

(d) For purposes of this Section, a price is not unconscionably high if:

(1) the increase in price is directly attributable to additional costs imposed on the person by the supplier of the goods or directly attributable to additional costs for labor or materials used to provide the services during the declared disaster; or

(2) if a good or service was offered at a reduced price by the person before the declared disaster, the price is the same as the price the person normally charges for the good or service.

(e) There is a rebuttable presumption that a price increase of 20% or more constitutes an unconscionably high price if it is not attributable to additional costs imposed on the person by the supplier of the goods or directly attributable to additional costs for labor or materials used to provide the services during the declared disaster.

(f) This Section does not apply to the sale of petroleum products as defined in 14 Ill. Adm. Code 465."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

### READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Martwick, **Senate Bill No. 1937** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson

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Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

### SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Ellman, **Senate Bill No. 1950** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Ellman offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 1950

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend Senate Bill 1950, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 1, on page 2, line 9, by replacing "Section." with "Section. A local health department or certified local health department may establish and assess a fee for any inspection it conducts at meal kit and ready-to-eat meal distribution facilities if the fee for the inspection is not included in the fee for the operating license or permit. Meal kit and ready-to-eat meal distribution facilities shall pay inspection fees within 30 days from the date of the inspection to the local health department or certified local health department that conducted the inspection. Meal kit and ready-to-eat meal distribution facilities that do not pay inspection fees on a timely basis shall be considered not in compliance with this Act. Late fees may be applied to inspection fees not paid on a timely basis in accordance with local ordinances or policy.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

### READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Loughran Cappel, **Senate Bill No. 2002** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.

[April 3, 2025]

Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villanueva
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villivalam
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Walker
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Wilcox
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Mr. President
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

### SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Morrison, **Senate Bill No. 2019** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Morrison offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2019

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2019 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Boat Registration and Safety Act is amended by changing Section 5-18 as follows:

(625 ILCS 45/5-18) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 315-13)

Sec. 5-18. (a) Beginning on January 1, 2016, no person born on or after January 1, 1998, unless exempted by subsection (i), shall operate a motorboat with over 10 horse power unless that person has a valid Boating Safety Certificate issued by the Department of Natural Resources or an entity or organization recognized and approved by the Department.

(b) No person under 10 years of age may operate a motorboat.

(c) Prior to January 1, 2016, persons at least 10 years of age and less than 12 years of age may operate a motorboat with over 10 horse power only if they are accompanied on the motorboat and under the direct control of a parent or guardian or a person at least 18 years of age designated by a parent or guardian. Beginning on January 1, 2016, persons at least 10 years of age and less than 12 years of age may operate a motorboat with over 10 horse power only if the person is under the direct on-board supervision of a parent or guardian who meets the requirements of subsection (a) or a person at least 18 years of age who meets the requirements of subsection (a) and is designated by a parent or guardian.

(d) Prior to January 1, 2016, persons at least 12 years of age and less than 18 years of age may operate a motorboat with over 10 horse power only if they are accompanied on the motorboat and under the direct control of a parent or guardian or a person at least 18 years of age designated by a parent or guardian, or the motorboat operator is in possession of a Boating Safety Certificate issued by the Department of Natural Resources, Division of Law Enforcement, authorizing the holder to operate motorboats. Beginning on January 1, 2016, persons at least 12 years and less than 18 years of age may operate a motorboat with over 10 horse power only if the person meets the requirements of subsection (a) or is under the direct on-board supervision of a parent or guardian who meets the requirements of subsection (a) or a person at least 18 years of age who meets the requirements of subsection (a) and is designated by a parent or guardian.

(e) Beginning January 1, 2016, the owner of a motorboat or a person given supervisory authority over a motorboat shall not permit a motorboat with over 10 horse power to be operated by a person who does not meet the Boating Safety Certificate requirements of this Section.

(f) Licensed boat livery shall offer abbreviated operating and safety instruction covering core boat safety rules to all renters, unless the renter can demonstrate compliance with the Illinois Boating Safety Certificate requirements of this Section, or is exempt under subsection (i) of this Section. A person who completes abbreviated operating and safety instruction may operate a motorboat rented from the livery

providing the abbreviated operating and safety instruction without having a Boating Safety Certificate for up to one year from the date of instruction. The Department shall adopt rules to implement this subsection.

(g) Violations.

(1) A person who is operating a motorboat with over 10 horse power and is required to have a valid Boating Safety Certificate under the provisions of this Section shall present the certificate to a law enforcement officer upon request. Failure of the person to present the certificate upon request is a petty offense.

(2) A person who provides false or fictitious information in an application for a Boating Safety Certificate; or who alters, forges, counterfeits, or falsifies a Boating Safety Certificate; or who possesses a Boating Safety Certificate that has been altered, forged, counterfeited, or falsified is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(3) A person who loans or permits his or her Boating Safety Certificate to be used by another person or who operates a motorboat with over 10 horse power using a Boating Safety Certificate that has not been issued to that person is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(4) A violation of this Section done with the knowledge of a parent or guardian shall be deemed a violation by the parent or guardian and punishable under Section 11A-1.

(h) The Department of Natural Resources shall establish a program of instruction on boating safety, laws, regulations and administrative laws, and any other subject matter which might be related to the subject of general boat safety. The program shall be conducted by instructors certified by the Department of Natural Resources. The course of instruction for persons certified to teach boating safety shall be not less than 8 hours in length, and the Department shall have the authority to revoke the certification of any instructor who has demonstrated his inability to conduct courses on the subject matter. The Department of Natural Resources shall develop and provide a method for students to complete the program online. Students satisfactorily completing a program of not less than 8 hours in length shall receive a certificate of safety from the Department of Natural Resources. The Department may cooperate with schools, online vendors, private clubs and other organizations in offering boating safety courses throughout the State of Illinois.

The Department shall issue certificates of boating safety to persons 10 years of age or older successfully completing the prescribed course of instruction and passing such tests as may be prescribed by the Department. The Department may charge each person who enrolls in a course of instruction a fee not to exceed \$5. If a fee is authorized by the Department, the Department shall authorize instructors conducting such courses meeting standards established by it to charge for the rental of facilities or for the cost of materials utilized in the course. Fees retained by the Department shall be utilized to defray a part of its expenses to operate the safety and accident reporting programs of the Department.

(i) A Boating Safety Certificate is not required by:

(1) a person who possesses a valid United States Coast Guard commercial vessel operator's license or a marine certificate issued by the Canadian government;

(2) a person employed by the United States, this State, another state, or a subdivision thereof while in performance of his or her official duties;

(3) a person who is not a resident, is temporarily using the waters of this State for a period not to exceed 90 days, and meets any applicable boating safety education requirements of his or her state of residency or possesses a Canadian Pleasure Craft Operator's Card;

(4) a person who is a resident of this State who has met the applicable boating safety education requirements of another state or possesses a Canadian Pleasure Craft Operator's Card;

(5) a person who has assumed operation of the motorboat due to the illness or physical impairment of the operator, and is returning the motorboat or personal watercraft to shore in order to provide assistance or care for that operator;

(6) a person who is registered as a commercial fisherman or a person who is under the onboard direct supervision of the commercial fisherman while operating the commercial fisherman's vessel;

(7) a person who is serving or has qualified as a surface warfare officer or enlisted surface warfare specialist in the United States Navy;

(8) a person who has assumed operation of the motorboat for the purpose of completing a watercraft safety course approved by the Department, the U.S. Coast Guard, or the National Association of State Boating Law Administrators;

(9) ~~(blank) a person using only an electric motor to propel the motorboat;~~

(10) a person operating a motorboat on private property;

(11) a person over the age of 12 years who holds a valid certificate issued by another state, a province of the Dominion of Canada, the United States Coast Guard Auxiliary or the United States Power Squadron need not obtain a certificate from the Department if the course content of the program in such other state, province or organization substantially meets that established by the Department under this Section. A certificate issued by the Department or by another state, province of the Dominion of Canada or approved organization shall not constitute an operator's license, but shall certify only that the student has successfully passed a course in boating safety instruction; or

(12) a person who is temporarily using the waters of this State for the purpose of participating in a boat racing event sanctioned by the Department of Natural Resources or authorized federal agency. The organizer or holder of the sanctioned event shall possess liability insurance for property damage and bodily injury or death with a minimum benefit of \$1,000,000 that shall remain in effect through the entirety of the event.

(j) The Department of Natural Resources shall adopt rules necessary to implement this Section. The Department of Natural Resources shall consult and coordinate with the boating public, professional organizations for recreational boating safety, and the boating retail, leasing, and dealer business community in the adoption of these rules.

(Source: P.A. 98-698, eff. 1-1-15; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-526, eff. 7-8-16.)".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

### READING BILLS OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Porfirio, **Senate Bill No. 2175** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Villanueva, **Senate Bill No. 2039** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

[April 3, 2025]

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 37; NAYS 16.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Belt	Fowler	Loughran Cappel	Turner, D.
Castro	Glowiak Hilton	Martwick	Ventura
Cervantes	Guzmán	Morrison	Villa
Collins	Harris, N.	Murphy	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hastings	Peters	Villivalam
Edly-Allen	Holmes	Porfirio	Walker
Ellman	Johnson	Preston	Mr. President
Faraci	Joyce	Simmons	
Feigenholtz	Koehler	Sims	
Fine	Lightford	Stadelman	

The following voted in the negative:

Anderson	Curran	Plummer	Wilcox
Arellano, L.	DeWitte	Rose	
Balkema	Harriss, E.	Syverson	
Bryant	Lewis	Tracy	
Chesney	McClure	Turner, S.	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

Senator Fowler asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect his intention to have voted in the negative on **Senate Bill No. 2039**.

On motion of Senator Villanueva, **Senate Bill No. 2040** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, “Shall this bill pass?” it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Ellman, **Senate Bill No. 2314** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAY 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Stadelman
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Syverson
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Tracy
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Turner, D.
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, S.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Ventura
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Villa
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villanueva
Collins	Hastings	Porfirio	Villivalam
Cunningham	Hills	Preston	Walker
Curran	Holmes	Rezin	Wilcox
DeWitte	Johnson	Rose	Mr. President
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Simmons	
Ellman	Koehler	Sims	

The following voted in the negative:

Plummer

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator S. Turner, **Senate Bill No. 2372** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Stadelman
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Syverson
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Tracy
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Turner, D.
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, S.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Ventura
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Villa
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villanueva
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villivalam
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Walker

Curran	Holmes	Preston	Wilcox
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Mr. President
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	
Ellman	Koehler	Sims	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Murphy, **Senate Bill No. 2425** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Faraci	Lewis	Sims
Arellano, L.	Feigenholtz	Lightford	Stadelman
Balkema	Fine	Loughran Cappel	Syverson
Belt	Fowler	Martwick	Tracy
Bryant	Glowiak Hilton	McClure	Turner, D.
Castro	Guzmán	Morrison	Turner, S.
Cervantes	Harris, N.	Murphy	Ventura
Chesney	Harriss, E.	Peters	Villa
Collins	Hastings	Plummer	Villanueva
Cunningham	Hills	Porfirio	Villivalam
Curran	Holmes	Preston	Walker
DeWitte	Johnson	Rezin	Wilcox
Edly-Allen	Joyce	Rose	Mr. President
Ellman	Koehler	Simmons	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

### READING BILLS OF THE SENATE A SECOND TIME

On motion of Senator Lightford, **Senate Bill No. 1299** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Health and Human Services, adopted and ordered printed:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1299

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1299 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act is amended by changing Sections 10, 15, 75, 80, 90, and 95 as follows:

(210 ILCS 9/10)

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-844)

Sec. 10. Definitions. For purposes of this Act:

"Activities of daily living" means eating, dressing, bathing, toileting, transferring, or personal hygiene.

"Assisted living establishment" or "establishment" means a home, building, residence, or any other place where sleeping accommodations are provided for at least 3 unrelated adults, at least 80% of whom are 55 years of age or older and where the following are provided consistent with the purposes of this Act:

(1) services consistent with a social model that is based on the premise that the resident's unit in assisted living and shared housing is his or her own home;

(2) community-based residential care for persons who need assistance with activities of daily living, including personal, supportive, and intermittent health-related services available 24 hours per day, if needed, to meet the scheduled and unscheduled needs of a resident;

(3) mandatory services, whether provided directly by the establishment or by another entity arranged for by the establishment, with the consent of the resident or resident's representative; and

(4) a physical environment that is a homelike setting that includes the following and such other elements as established by the Department: individual living units each of which shall accommodate small kitchen appliances and contain private bathing, washing, and toilet facilities, or private washing and toilet facilities with a common bathing room readily accessible to each resident. Units shall be maintained for single occupancy except in cases in which 2 residents choose to share a unit. Sufficient common space shall exist to permit individual and group activities.

"Assisted living establishment" or "establishment" does not mean any of the following:

(1) A home, institution, or similar place operated by the federal government or the State of Illinois.

(2) A long term care facility licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act, a facility licensed under the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, a facility licensed under the ID/DD Community Care Act, or a facility licensed under the MC/DD Act. However, a facility licensed under any of those Acts may convert distinct parts of the facility to assisted living. If the facility elects to do so, the facility shall retain the Certificate of Need for its nursing and sheltered care beds that were converted.

(3) A hospital, sanitarium, or other institution, the principal activity or business of which is the diagnosis, care, and treatment of human illness and that is required to be licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act.

(4) A facility for child care as defined in the Child Care Act of 1969.

(5) A community living facility as defined in the Community Living Facilities Licensing Act.

(6) A nursing home or sanitarium operated solely by and for persons who rely exclusively upon treatment by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the creed or tenants of a well-recognized church or religious denomination.

(7) A facility licensed by the Department of Human Services as a community-integrated living arrangement as defined in the Community-Integrated Living Arrangements Licensure and Certification Act.

(8) A supportive residence licensed under the Supportive Residences Licensing Act.

(9) The portion of a life care facility as defined in the Life Care Facilities Act not licensed as an assisted living establishment under this Act; a life care facility may apply under this Act to convert sections of the community to assisted living.

(10) A free-standing hospice facility licensed under the Hospice Program Licensing Act.

(11) A shared housing establishment.

(12) A supportive living facility as described in Section 5-5.01a of the Illinois Public Aid Code.

"Certified medication aide" means a person who has met the qualifications for certification under Section 79 and assists with medication administration while under the supervision of a registered professional nurse as authorized by Section 50-75 of the Nurse Practice Act in an assisted living establishment.

"Department" means the Department of Public Health.

"Director" means the Director of Public Health.

"Emergency situation" means imminent danger of death or serious physical harm to a resident of an establishment.

"License" means any of the following types of licenses issued to an applicant or licensee by the Department:

(1) "Probationary license" means a license issued to an applicant or licensee that has not held a license under this Act prior to its application or pursuant to a license transfer in accordance with Section 50 of this Act.

(2) "Regular license" means a license issued by the Department to an applicant or licensee that is in substantial compliance with this Act and any rules promulgated under this Act.

"Licensee" means a person, agency, association, corporation, partnership, or organization that has been issued a license to operate an assisted living or shared housing establishment.

"Licensed health care professional" means a registered professional nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse, a physician assistant, and a licensed practical nurse.

"Mandatory services" include the following:

(1) 3 meals per day available to the residents prepared by the establishment or an outside contractor;

(2) housekeeping services including, but not limited to, vacuuming, dusting, and cleaning the resident's unit;

(3) personal laundry and linen services available to the residents provided or arranged for by the establishment;

(4) security provided 24 hours each day including, but not limited to, locked entrances or building or contract security personnel;

(5) an emergency communication response system, which is a procedure in place 24 hours each day by which a resident can notify building management, an emergency response vendor, or others able to respond to his or her need for assistance; and

(6) assistance with activities of daily living as required by each resident.

"Negotiated risk" is the process by which a resident, or his or her representative, may formally negotiate with providers what risks each are willing and unwilling to assume in service provision and the resident's living environment. The provider assures that the resident and the resident's representative, if any, are informed of the risks of these decisions and of the potential consequences of assuming these risks.

"Owner" means the individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other person who owns an assisted living or shared housing establishment. In the event an assisted living or shared housing establishment is operated by a person who leases or manages the physical plant, which is owned by another person, "owner" means the person who operates the assisted living or shared housing establishment, except that if the person who owns the physical plant is an affiliate of the person who operates the assisted living or shared housing establishment and has significant control over the day to day operations of the assisted living or shared housing establishment, the person who owns the physical plant shall incur jointly and severally with the owner all liabilities imposed on an owner under this Act.

"Physician" means a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987 to practice medicine in all of its branches.

"Program" means the Certified Medication Aide Program.

"Qualified establishment" means an assisted living and shared housing establishment licensed by the Department of Public Health.

"Resident" means a person residing in an assisted living or shared housing establishment.

"Resident's representative" means a person, other than the owner, agent, or employee of an establishment or of the health care provider unless related to the resident, designated in writing by a resident or a court to be his or her representative. This designation may be accomplished through the Illinois Power of Attorney Act, pursuant to the guardianship process under the Probate Act of 1975, or pursuant to an executed designation of representative form specified by the Department.

"Self" means the individual or the individual's designated representative.

"Shared housing establishment" or "establishment" means a publicly or privately operated free-standing residence for 16 or fewer persons, at least 80% of whom are 55 years of age or older and who are unrelated to the owners and one manager of the residence, where the following are provided:

(1) services consistent with a social model that is based on the premise that the resident's unit is his or her own home;

(2) community-based residential care for persons who need assistance with activities of daily living, including housing and personal, supportive, and intermittent health-related services available 24 hours per day, if needed, to meet the scheduled and unscheduled needs of a resident; and

(3) mandatory services, whether provided directly by the establishment or by another entity arranged for by the establishment, with the consent of the resident or the resident's representative.

"Shared housing establishment" or "establishment" does not mean any of the following:

(1) A home, institution, or similar place operated by the federal government or the State of Illinois.

(2) A long term care facility licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act, a facility licensed under the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, a facility licensed under the ID/DD Community Care Act, or a facility licensed under the MC/DD Act. A facility licensed under any of those Acts may, however, convert sections of the facility to assisted living. If the facility elects to do so, the facility shall retain the Certificate of Need for its nursing beds that were converted.

(3) A hospital, sanitarium, or other institution, the principal activity or business of which is the diagnosis, care, and treatment of human illness and that is required to be licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act.

(4) A facility for child care as defined in the Child Care Act of 1969.

(5) A community living facility as defined in the Community Living Facilities Licensing Act.

(6) A nursing home or sanitarium operated solely by and for persons who rely exclusively upon treatment by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the creed or tenants of a well-recognized church or religious denomination.

(7) A facility licensed by the Department of Human Services as a community-integrated living arrangement as defined in the Community-Integrated Living Arrangements Licensure and Certification Act.

(8) A supportive residence licensed under the Supportive Residences Licensing Act.

(9) A life care facility as defined in the Life Care Facilities Act; a life care facility may apply under this Act to convert sections of the community to assisted living.

(10) A free-standing hospice facility licensed under the Hospice Program Licensing Act.

(11) An assisted living establishment.

(12) A supportive living facility as described in Section 5-5.01a of the Illinois Public Aid Code.

"Total assistance" means that staff or another individual performs the entire activity of daily living without participation by the resident.

(Source: P.A. 103-886, eff. 8-9-24.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-844)

Sec. 10. Definitions. For purposes of this Act:

"Activities of daily living" means eating, dressing, bathing, toileting, transferring, or personal hygiene.

"Assisted living establishment" or "establishment" means a home, building, residence, or any other place where sleeping accommodations are provided for at least 3 unrelated adults, at least 80% of whom are 55 years of age or older and where the following are provided consistent with the purposes of this Act:

(1) services consistent with a social model that is based on the premise that the resident's unit in assisted living and shared housing is his or her own home;

(2) community-based residential care for persons who need assistance with activities of daily living, including personal, supportive, and intermittent health-related services available 24 hours per day, if needed, to meet the scheduled and unscheduled needs of a resident;

(3) mandatory services, whether provided directly by the establishment or by another entity arranged for by the establishment, with the consent of the resident or resident's representative; and

(4) a physical environment that is a homelike setting that includes the following and such other elements as established by the Department: individual living units each of which shall accommodate small kitchen appliances and contain private bathing, washing, and toilet facilities, or private washing and toilet facilities with a common bathing room readily accessible to each resident. Units shall be maintained for single occupancy except in cases in which 2 residents choose to share a unit. Sufficient common space shall exist to permit individual and group activities.

"Assisted living establishment" or "establishment" does not mean any of the following:

(1) A home, institution, or similar place operated by the federal government or the State of Illinois.

(2) A long term care facility licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act, a facility licensed under the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, a facility licensed under the ID/DD Community Care Act, or a facility licensed under the MC/DD Act. However, a facility licensed under any of those Acts may convert distinct parts of the facility to assisted living. If the facility elects to do

so, the facility shall retain the Certificate of Need for its nursing and sheltered care beds that were converted.

(3) A hospital, sanitarium, or other institution, the principal activity or business of which is the diagnosis, care, and treatment of human illness and that is required to be licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act.

(4) A facility for child care as defined in the Child Care Act of 1969.

(5) A community living facility as defined in the Community Living Facilities Licensing Act.

(6) A nursing home or sanitarium operated solely by and for persons who rely exclusively upon treatment by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the creed or tenants of a well-recognized church or religious denomination.

(7) A facility licensed by the Department of Human Services as a community-integrated living arrangement as defined in the Community-Integrated Living Arrangements Licensure and Certification Act.

(8) A supportive residence licensed under the Supportive Residences Licensing Act.

(9) The portion of a life care facility as defined in the Life Care Facilities Act not licensed as an assisted living establishment under this Act; a life care facility may apply under this Act to convert sections of the community to assisted living.

(10) A free-standing hospice facility licensed under the Hospice Program Licensing Act.

(11) A shared housing establishment.

(12) A supportive living facility as described in Section 5-5.01a of the Illinois Public Aid Code.

"Certified medication aide" means a person who has met the qualifications for certification under Section 79 and assists with medication administration while under the supervision of a registered professional nurse as authorized by Section 50-75 of the Nurse Practice Act in an assisted living establishment.

"Department" means the Department of Public Health.

"Director" means the Director of Public Health.

"Emergency situation" means imminent danger of death or serious physical harm to a resident of an establishment.

"Infection control committee" means persons, including an infection preventionist, who develop and implement policies governing control of infections and communicable diseases and are qualified through education, training, experience, or certification or a combination of such qualifications.

"Infection preventionist" means a registered nurse who develops and implements policies governing control of infections and communicable diseases and is qualified through education, training, experience, or certification or a combination of such qualifications.

"License" means any of the following types of licenses issued to an applicant or licensee by the Department:

(1) "Probationary license" means a license issued to an applicant or licensee that has not held a license under this Act prior to its application or pursuant to a license transfer in accordance with Section 50 of this Act.

(2) "Regular license" means a license issued by the Department to an applicant or licensee that is in substantial compliance with this Act and any rules promulgated under this Act.

"Licensee" means a person, agency, association, corporation, partnership, or organization that has been issued a license to operate an assisted living or shared housing establishment.

"Licensed health care professional" means a registered professional nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse, a physician assistant, and a licensed practical nurse.

"Mandatory services" include the following:

(1) 3 meals per day available to the residents prepared by the establishment or an outside contractor;

(2) housekeeping services including, but not limited to, vacuuming, dusting, and cleaning the resident's unit;

(3) personal laundry and linen services available to the residents provided or arranged for by the establishment;

(4) security provided 24 hours each day including, but not limited to, locked entrances or building or contract security personnel;

(5) an emergency communication response system, which is a procedure in place 24 hours each day by which a resident can notify building management, an emergency response vendor, or others able to respond to his or her need for assistance; and

(6) assistance with activities of daily living as required by each resident.

"Negotiated risk" is the process by which a resident, or his or her representative, may formally negotiate with providers what risks each are willing and unwilling to assume in service provision and the resident's living environment. The provider assures that the resident and the resident's representative, if any, are informed of the risks of these decisions and of the potential consequences of assuming these risks.

"Owner" means the individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other person who owns an assisted living or shared housing establishment. In the event an assisted living or shared housing establishment is operated by a person who leases or manages the physical plant, which is owned by another person, "owner" means the person who operates the assisted living or shared housing establishment, except that if the person who owns the physical plant is an affiliate of the person who operates the assisted living or shared housing establishment and has significant control over the day to day operations of the assisted living or shared housing establishment, the person who owns the physical plant shall incur jointly and severally with the owner all liabilities imposed on an owner under this Act.

"Physician" means a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987 to practice medicine in all of its branches.

"Program" means the Certified Medication Aide Program.

"Qualified establishment" means an assisted living and shared housing establishment licensed by the Department of Public Health.

"Resident" means a person residing in an assisted living or shared housing establishment.

"Resident's representative" means a person, other than the owner, agent, or employee of an establishment or of the health care provider unless related to the resident, designated in writing by a resident or a court to be his or her representative. This designation may be accomplished through the Illinois Power of Attorney Act, pursuant to the guardianship process under the Probate Act of 1975, or pursuant to an executed designation of representative form specified by the Department.

"Self" means the individual or the individual's designated representative.

"Shared housing establishment" or "establishment" means a publicly or privately operated free-standing residence for 16 or fewer persons, at least 80% of whom are 55 years of age or older and who are unrelated to the owners and one manager of the residence, where the following are provided:

(1) services consistent with a social model that is based on the premise that the resident's unit is his or her own home;

(2) community-based residential care for persons who need assistance with activities of daily living, including housing and personal, supportive, and intermittent health-related services available 24 hours per day, if needed, to meet the scheduled and unscheduled needs of a resident; and

(3) mandatory services, whether provided directly by the establishment or by another entity arranged for by the establishment, with the consent of the resident or the resident's representative.

"Shared housing establishment" or "establishment" does not mean any of the following:

(1) A home, institution, or similar place operated by the federal government or the State of Illinois.

(2) A long term care facility licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act, a facility licensed under the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, a facility licensed under the ID/DD Community Care Act, or a facility licensed under the MC/DD Act. A facility licensed under any of those Acts may, however, convert sections of the facility to assisted living. If the facility elects to do so, the facility shall retain the Certificate of Need for its nursing beds that were converted.

(3) A hospital, sanitarium, or other institution, the principal activity or business of which is the diagnosis, care, and treatment of human illness and that is required to be licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act.

(4) A facility for child care as defined in the Child Care Act of 1969.

(5) A community living facility as defined in the Community Living Facilities Licensing Act.

(6) A nursing home or sanitarium operated solely by and for persons who rely exclusively upon treatment by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the creed or tenants of a well-recognized church or religious denomination.

(7) A facility licensed by the Department of Human Services as a community-integrated living arrangement as defined in the Community-Integrated Living Arrangements Licensure and Certification Act.

(8) A supportive residence licensed under the Supportive Residences Licensing Act.

(9) A life care facility as defined in the Life Care Facilities Act; a life care facility may apply under this Act to convert sections of the community to assisted living.

(10) A free-standing hospice facility licensed under the Hospice Program Licensing Act.

(11) An assisted living establishment.

(12) A supportive living facility as described in Section 5-5.01a of the Illinois Public Aid Code.

"Total assistance" means that staff or another individual performs the entire activity of daily living without participation by the resident.

(Source: P.A. 103-844, eff. 7-1-25; 103-886, eff. 8-9-24; revised 10-7-24.)

(210 ILCS 9/15)

Sec. 15. Assessment and service plan requirements. Prior to admission to any establishment covered by this Act, a comprehensive assessment that includes an evaluation of the prospective resident's physical, cognitive, and psychosocial condition shall be completed. At least annually, a comprehensive assessment shall be completed, and upon identification of a significant change in the resident's condition, including, but not limited to, a diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease or a related dementia, the resident shall be reassessed. The Department may by rule specify circumstances under which more frequent assessments of skin integrity and nutritional status shall be required. The comprehensive assessment shall be completed by a physician. Based on the assessment, the resident's interests and preferences, dislikes, and any known triggers for behavior that endangers the resident or others, a written service plan shall be developed and mutually agreed upon by the provider, and the resident, and the resident's representative, if any. The service plan, which shall be reviewed annually, or more often as the resident's condition, preferences, or service needs change, shall serve as a basis for the service delivery contract between the provider and the resident. The resident and the resident's representative, if any, shall, upon request, be given a copy of the most recent assessment; a supplemental assessment, if any, completed by the establishment; and a service plan. Based on the assessment, the service plan may provide for the disconnection or removal of any appliance.

(Source: P.A. 91-656, eff. 1-1-01.)

(210 ILCS 9/75)

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-844)

Sec. 75. Residency requirements.

(a) No individual shall be accepted for residency or remain in residence if the establishment cannot provide or secure appropriate services, if the individual requires a level of service or type of service for which the establishment is not licensed or which the establishment does not provide, or if the establishment does not have the staff appropriate in numbers and with appropriate skill to provide such services.

(b) Only adults may be accepted for residency.

(c) A person shall not be accepted for residency if:

(1) the person poses a serious threat to himself or herself or to others;

(2) the person is not able to communicate his or her needs and no resident representative residing in the establishment, and with a prior relationship to the person, has been appointed to direct the provision of services;

(3) the person requires total assistance with 2 or more activities of daily living;

(4) the person requires the assistance of more than one paid caregiver at any given time with an activity of daily living;

(5) the person requires more than minimal assistance in moving to a safe area in an emergency;

(6) the person has a severe mental illness, which for the purposes of this Section means a condition that is characterized by the presence of a major mental disorder as classified in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV) (American Psychiatric Association, 1994), where the individual is a person with a substantial disability due to mental illness in the areas of self-maintenance, social functioning, activities of community living and work skills, and the disability specified is expected to be present for a period of not less than one year, but does not mean Alzheimer's disease and other forms of dementia based on organic or physical disorders;

(7) the person requires intravenous therapy or intravenous feedings unless self-administered or administered by a qualified, licensed health care professional;

(8) the person requires gastrostomy feedings unless self-administered or administered by a licensed health care professional;

(9) the person requires insertion, sterile irrigation, and replacement of catheter, except for routine maintenance of urinary catheters, unless the catheter care is self-administered or administered by a licensed health care professional;

(10) the person requires sterile wound care unless care is self-administered or administered by a licensed health care professional;

(11) (blank);

(12) the person is a diabetic requiring routine insulin injections unless the injections are self-administered or administered by a licensed health care professional;

(13) the person requires treatment of stage 3 or stage 4 decubitus ulcers or exfoliative dermatitis;

(14) the person requires 5 or more skilled nursing visits per week for conditions other than those listed in items (13) and (15) of this subsection for a period of 3 consecutive weeks or more except when the course of treatment is expected to extend beyond a 3-week ~~3-week~~ period for rehabilitative purposes and is certified as temporary by a physician; or

(15) other reasons prescribed by the Department by rule.

(d) A resident with a condition listed in items (1) through (15) of subsection (c) shall have his or her residency terminated.

(e) Residency shall be terminated when services available to the resident in the establishment are no longer adequate to meet the needs of the resident. The establishment shall notify the resident and the resident's representative, if any, when there is a significant change in the resident's condition that affects the establishment's ability to meet the resident's needs. The requirements of subsection (c) of Section 80 shall then apply. This provision shall not be interpreted as limiting the authority of the Department to require the residency termination of individuals.

(f) Subsection (d) of this Section shall not apply to terminally ill residents who receive or would qualify for hospice care and such care is coordinated by a hospice program licensed under the Hospice Program Licensing Act or other licensed health care professional employed by a licensed home health agency and the establishment and all parties agree to the continued residency.

(g) Items (3), (4), (5), and (9) of subsection (c) shall not apply to a quadriplegic, paraplegic, or individual with neuro-muscular diseases, such as muscular dystrophy and multiple sclerosis, or other chronic diseases and conditions as defined by rule if the individual is able to communicate his or her needs and does not require assistance with complex medical problems, and the establishment is able to accommodate the individual's needs. The Department shall prescribe rules pursuant to this Section that address special safety and service needs of these individuals.

(h) For the purposes of items (7) through (10) of subsection (c), a licensed health care professional may not be employed by the owner or operator of the establishment, its parent entity, or any other entity with ownership common to either the owner or operator of the establishment or parent entity, including but not limited to an affiliate of the owner or operator of the establishment. Nothing in this Section is meant to limit a resident's right to choose his or her health care provider.

(i) Subsection (h) is not applicable to residents admitted to an assisted living establishment under a life care contract as defined in the Life Care Facilities Act if the life care facility has both an assisted living establishment and a skilled nursing facility. A licensed health care professional providing health-related or supportive services at a life care assisted living or shared housing establishment must be employed by an entity licensed by the Department under the Nursing Home Care Act or the Home Health, Home Services, and Home Nursing Agency Licensing Act.

(Source: P.A. 103-444, eff. 1-1-24.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-844)

Sec. 75. Residency requirements.

(a) No individual shall be accepted for residency or remain in residence if the establishment cannot provide or secure appropriate services, if the individual requires a level of service or type of service for which the establishment is not licensed or which the establishment does not provide, or if the establishment does not have the staff appropriate in numbers and with appropriate skill to provide such services.

(b) Only adults may be accepted for residency.

(c) A person shall not be accepted for residency if:

(1) the person poses a serious threat to himself or herself or to others;

(2) the person is not able to communicate his or her needs and no resident representative residing in the establishment, and with a prior relationship to the person, has been appointed to direct the provision of services;

(3) the person requires total assistance with 2 or more activities of daily living;

(4) the person requires the assistance of more than one paid caregiver at any given time with an activity of daily living;

(5) the person requires more than minimal assistance in moving to a safe area in an emergency;

(6) the person has a severe mental illness, which for the purposes of this Section means a condition that is characterized by the presence of a major mental disorder as classified in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV) (American Psychiatric Association, 1994), where the individual is a person with a substantial disability due to mental illness in the areas of self-maintenance, social functioning, activities of community living and work skills, and the disability specified is expected to be present for a period of not less than one year, but does not mean Alzheimer's disease and other forms of dementia based on organic or physical disorders;

(7) the person requires intravenous therapy or intravenous feedings unless self-administered or administered by a qualified, licensed health care professional;

(8) the person requires gastrostomy feedings unless self-administered or administered by a licensed health care professional;

(9) the person requires insertion, sterile irrigation, and replacement of catheter, except for routine maintenance of urinary catheters, unless the catheter care is self-administered or administered by a licensed health care professional or a nurse in compliance with education, certification, and training in catheter care or infection control by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention with oversight from an infection preventionist or infection control committee;

(10) the person requires sterile wound care unless care is self-administered or administered by a licensed health care professional;

(11) (blank);

(12) the person is a diabetic requiring routine insulin injections unless the injections are self-administered or administered by a licensed health care professional;

(13) the person requires treatment of stage 3 or stage 4 decubitus ulcers or exfoliative dermatitis;

(14) the person requires 5 or more skilled nursing visits per week for conditions other than those listed in items (13) and (15) of this subsection for a period of 3 consecutive weeks or more except when the course of treatment is expected to extend beyond a 3-week ~~3-week~~ period for rehabilitative purposes and is certified as temporary by a physician; or

(15) other reasons prescribed by the Department by rule.

(d) A resident with a condition listed in items (1) through (15) of subsection (c) shall have his or her residency terminated.

(e) Residency shall be terminated when services available to the resident in the establishment are no longer adequate to meet the needs of the resident. The establishment shall notify the resident and the resident's representative, if any, when there is a significant change in the resident's condition that affects the establishment's ability to meet the resident's needs. The requirements of subsection (c) of Section 80 shall then apply. This provision shall not be interpreted as limiting the authority of the Department to require the residency termination of individuals.

(f) Subsection (d) of this Section shall not apply to terminally ill residents who receive or would qualify for hospice care and such care is coordinated by a hospice program licensed under the Hospice Program Licensing Act or other licensed health care professional employed by a licensed home health agency and the establishment and all parties agree to the continued residency.

(g) Items (3), (4), (5), and (9) of subsection (c) shall not apply to a quadriplegic, paraplegic, or individual with neuro-muscular diseases, such as muscular dystrophy and multiple sclerosis, or other chronic diseases and conditions as defined by rule if the individual is able to communicate his or her needs and does not require assistance with complex medical problems, and the establishment is able to accommodate the individual's needs. The Department shall prescribe rules pursuant to this Section that address special safety and service needs of these individuals.

(h) For the purposes of items (7) through (10) of subsection (c), a licensed health care professional may not be employed by the owner or operator of the establishment, its parent entity, or any other entity with ownership common to either the owner or operator of the establishment or parent entity, including but not limited to an affiliate of the owner or operator of the establishment. Nothing in this Section is meant to limit a resident's right to choose his or her health care provider.

(i) Subsection (h) is not applicable to residents admitted to an assisted living establishment under a life care contract as defined in the Life Care Facilities Act if the life care facility has both an assisted living establishment and a skilled nursing facility. A licensed health care professional providing health-related or supportive services at a life care assisted living or shared housing establishment must be employed by an entity licensed by the Department under the Nursing Home Care Act or the Home Health, Home Services, and Home Nursing Agency Licensing Act.

(Source: P.A. 103-444, eff. 1-1-24; 103-844, eff. 7-1-25.)

(210 ILCS 9/80)

Sec. 80. Involuntary termination of residency.

(a) Residency shall be involuntarily terminated only for the following reasons:

(1) as provided in Section 75 of this Act;

(2) nonpayment of contracted charges after the resident and the resident's representative have received a minimum of 30 days' ~~30 days~~ written notice of the delinquency and the resident or the resident's representative has had at least 15 days to cure the delinquency; or

(3) failure to execute a service delivery contract or to substantially comply with its terms and conditions, failure to comply with the assessment requirements contained in Section 15, or failure to substantially comply with the terms and conditions of the lease agreement.

(b) A 30-day ~~30-day~~ written notice of residency termination shall be provided to the resident, the resident's representative, or both, the Department, and the long term care ombudsman, which shall include the reason for the pending action, the date of the proposed move, and a notice, the content and form to be set forth by rule, of the resident's right to appeal, the steps that the resident or the resident's representative must take to initiate an appeal, and a statement of the resident's right to continue to reside in the establishment until a decision is rendered. The notice shall include a toll free telephone number to initiate an appeal and a written hearing request form, together with a postage paid, pre-addressed envelope to the Department. If the resident or the resident's representative, if any, cannot read English, the notice must be provided in a language the individual receiving the notice can read or the establishment must provide a translator who has been trained to assist the resident or the resident's representative in the appeal process. In emergency situations as defined in Section 10 of this Act, the 30-day provision of the written notice may be waived.

(c) The establishment shall attempt to resolve with the resident or the resident's representative, if any, circumstances that if not remedied have the potential of resulting in an involuntary termination of residency and shall document those efforts in the resident's file. This action may occur prior to or during the 30-day ~~30 day~~ notice period, but must occur prior to the termination of the residency. In emergency situations as defined in Section 10 of this Act, the requirements of this subsection may be waived.

(d) A request for a hearing shall stay an involuntary termination of residency until a decision has been rendered by the Department, according to a process adopted by rule. During this time period, the establishment may not terminate or reduce any service without the consent of the resident or the resident's representative, if any, for the purpose of making it more difficult or impossible for the resident to remain in the establishment.

(e) The establishment shall offer the resident and the resident's representative, if any, residency termination and relocation assistance including information on available alternative placement. Residents shall be involved in planning the move and shall choose among the available alternative placements except when an emergency situation makes prior resident involvement impossible. Emergency placements are deemed temporary until the resident's input can be sought in the final placement decision. No resident shall be forced to remain in a temporary or permanent placement.

(f) The Department may offer assistance to the establishment and the resident in the preparation of residency termination and relocation plans to assure safe and orderly transition and to protect the resident's health, safety, welfare, and rights. In nonemergencies, and where possible in emergencies, the transition plan shall be designed and implemented in advance of transfer or residency termination.

(g) An establishment may not initiate a termination of residency due to an emergency situation if the establishment is able to safely care for the resident and (1) the resident has been hospitalized and the resident's physician, the establishment's manager, and the establishment's director of nursing state that

returning to the establishment would not create an imminent danger of death or serious physical harm to the resident; or (2) the emergency can be negated by changes in activities, health care, personal care, or available rooming accommodations, consistent with the license and services of the establishment. The Department may not find an establishment to be in violation of Section 75 of this Act for failing to initiate an emergency discharge in these circumstances.

(h) If the Department determines that an involuntary termination of residency does not meet the requirements of this Act, the Department shall issue a written decision stating that the involuntary termination of residency is denied. If the action of the establishment giving rise to the request for hearings is the establishment's failure to readmit the resident following hospitalization, other medical leave of absence, or other absence, the Department shall order the immediate readmission of the resident to the establishment unless a condition which would have allowed transfer or discharge develops within that timeframe.

(i) If an order to readmit is entered pursuant to subsection (h), the establishment shall immediately comply. As used in this subsection, "comply" means the establishment and the resident have agreed on a schedule for readmission or the resident is living in the establishment.

(j) An establishment that does not readmit a resident after the Department has ordered readmission shall be assessed a fine. The establishment shall be required to submit an acceptable plan of correction to the Department within 30 days after the violation is affirmed.

(k) Once a notice of appeal is filed, the Department shall hold a hearing unless the notice of appeal is withdrawn. If the notice of appeal is withdrawn based upon a representation made by the establishment to the resident and the Department, including the hearing officer, that a resident who has been previously denied readmission will be readmitted, failure to comply with the representation shall be considered a failure to comply with a Department order pursuant to subsection (h) and shall result in the imposition of a fine as provided in subsection (j) of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 91-656, eff. 1-1-01.)

(210 ILCS 9/90)

Sec. 90. Contents of service delivery contract. A contract between an establishment and a resident must be entitled "assisted living establishment contract" or "shared housing establishment contract" as applicable, shall be printed in no less than 12 point type, and shall include at least the following elements in the body or through supporting documents or attachments:

- (1) the name, street address, and mailing address of the establishment;
- (2) the name and mailing address of the owner or owners of the establishment and, if the owner or owners are not natural persons, the type of business entity of the owner or owners;
- (3) the name and mailing address of the managing agent of the establishment, whether hired under a management agreement or lease agreement, if the managing agent is different from the owner or owners;
- (4) the name and address of at least one natural person who is authorized to accept service on behalf of the owners and managing agent;
- (5) a statement describing the license status of the establishment and the license status of all providers of health-related or supportive services to a resident under arrangement with the establishment;
- (6) the duration of the contract;
- (7) the base rate to be paid by the resident and a description of the services to be provided as part of this rate;
- (8) a description of any additional services to be provided for an additional fee by the establishment directly or by a third party provider under arrangement with the establishment;
- (9) the fee schedules outlining the cost of any additional services;
- (10) a description of the process through which the contract may be modified, amended, or terminated;
- (11) a description of the establishment's complaint resolution process available to residents and notice of the availability of the Department on Aging's Senior Helpline for complaints;
- (12) the name of the resident's designated representative, if any;
- (13) the resident's obligations in order to maintain residency and receive services including compliance with all assessments required under Section 15;
- (14) the billing and payment procedures and requirements;

(15) a statement affirming the resident's freedom to receive services from service providers with whom the establishment does not have a contractual arrangement, which may also disclaim liability on the part of the establishment for those services;

(16) a statement that medical assistance under Article V or Article VI of the Illinois Public Aid Code is not available for payment for services provided in an establishment, excluding contracts executed with residents residing in licensed establishments participating in the Department on Aging's Comprehensive Care in Residential Settings Demonstration Project;

(17) a statement detailing the admission, risk management, and residency termination criteria and procedures;

(18) a written explanation, prepared by the Office of State Long Term Care Ombudsman, listing the rights specified in Sections 80 and Section 95, including an acknowledgment by the establishment and acknowledging that, by contracting with the assisted living or shared housing establishment, the resident does not forfeit those rights;

(19) a statement detailing the Department's annual on-site review process including what documents contained in a resident's personal file shall be reviewed by the on-site reviewer as defined by rule; and

(20) a statement outlining whether the establishment charges a community fee and, if so, the amount of the fee and whether it is refundable; if the fee is refundable, the contract must describe the conditions under which it is refundable and how the amount of the refund is determined.

(Source: P.A. 93-775, eff. 1-1-05; 94-256, eff. 7-19-05.)

(210 ILCS 9/95)

Sec. 95. Resident rights. No resident shall be deprived of any rights, benefits, or privileges guaranteed by law, the Constitution of the State of Illinois, or the Constitution of the United States solely on account of his or her status as a resident of an establishment, nor shall a resident forfeit any of the following rights:

(1) the right to retain and use personal property and a place to store personal items that is locked and secure;

(2) the right to refuse services and to be advised of the consequences of that refusal;

(3) the right to respect for bodily privacy and dignity at all times, especially during care and treatment;

(4) the right to the free exercise of religion;

(5) the right to privacy with regard to mail, phone calls, and visitors;

(6) the right to uncensored access to the State Ombudsman or his or her designee;

(7) the right to be free of retaliation for criticizing the establishment or making complaints to appropriate agencies;

(8) the right to be free of chemical and physical restraints;

(9) the right to be free of abuse or neglect or to refuse to perform labor;

(10) the right to confidentiality of the resident's medical records;

(11) the right of access and the right to copy the resident's personal files maintained by the establishment;

(12) the right to 24 hours access to the establishment;

(13) the right to a minimum of 90 days' ~~90 days'~~ notice of a planned establishment closure;

(14) the right to a minimum of 30 days' ~~30 days'~~ notice of an involuntary residency termination, except where the resident poses a threat to himself or others, or in other emergency situations, and the right to appeal such termination; if an establishment withdraws a notice of involuntary termination of residency, then the resident has the right to maintain residency at the establishment; and

(15) the right to a 30-day notice of delinquency and at least 15 days right to cure delinquency; and-

(16) the right to not be unlawfully transferred or discharged.

(Source: P.A. 91-656, eff. 1-1-01.)

Section 10. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by changing Sections 1-114.005, 2-111, 3-401, 3-402, 3-404, 3-405, 3-411, and 3-413 and by adding Sections 3-305.6, 3-305.7, and 3-413.1 as follows:

(210 ILCS 45/1-114.005)

Sec. 1-114.005. High risk designation. "High risk designation" means a violation of a provision of the Illinois Administrative Code or statute that has been identified by the Department through rulemaking or designated in statute to be inherently necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of a resident.

(Source: P.A. 96-1372, eff. 7-29-10.)

(210 ILCS 45/2-111) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4152-111)

Sec. 2-111. A resident shall not be transferred or discharged in violation of this Act. A resident may be discharged from a facility after he gives the administrator, a physician, or a nurse of the facility written notice of his desire to be discharged. If a guardian has been appointed for a resident or if the resident is a minor, the resident shall be discharged upon written consent of his guardian or if the resident is a minor, his parent unless there is a court order to the contrary. In such cases, upon the resident's discharge, the facility is relieved from any responsibility for the resident's care, safety or well-being. A resident has the right to not be unlawfully transferred or discharged.

(Source: P.A. 81-223.)

(210 ILCS 45/3-305.6 new)

Sec. 3-305.6. Failure to readmit a resident. A facility that fails to comply with an order of the Department to readmit a resident, pursuant to Section 3-703, who wishes to return to the facility and is appropriate for that level of care and services provided, shall be assessed a \$2,500 fine.

As used in this Section, "comply with an order" means that a resident is living in a facility or that a facility and a resident have agreed on a schedule for readmission.

(210 ILCS 45/3-305.7 new)

Sec. 3-305.7. Ordered readmission of a resident.

(a) A facility that complies with an order of the Department to readmit a resident that has been deemed to have been unlawfully discharged shall notify the Department within 10 business days after the resident has been readmitted to the facility. The notice provided to the Department shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:

(1) the executed order to readmit the resident that was issued by the Department;

(2) the Administrative Law Judge's Report and Recommendations submitted by the administrative law judge;

(3) the reason or reasons for which the resident was involuntarily discharged and an explanation of why the facility determined it should discharge the resident prior to the order to readmit;

(4) the interventions the facility had taken to attempt to mitigate or correct the behavior or condition of the resident who was involuntarily discharged and ordered to be readmitted;

(5) any concerns that the facility maintains about risks to safety associated with readmission of the resident; and

(6) a copy of the resident's current face sheet that indicates the readmission date. Unique identifiers, such as the resident's social security number and Medicare, Medicaid, or insurance number shall be redacted.

(b) Upon readmission of a resident following an executed order by the Department, the facility shall conduct a reassessment of the resident to determine any necessary changes to the resident's care plan. The assessment shall include identification of any steps the facility could take to attempt to mitigate or correct the behavior or condition of the resident that resulted in the resident being involuntarily discharged.

(c) If a resident whose readmission was ordered by the Department engages in conduct similar to that which led to the resident's involuntary discharge and for which the facility documented concerns pursuant to subsection (a), the Department shall take into account the notice provided by the facility under this Section in considering whether to impose a fine.

(210 ILCS 45/3-401) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4153-401)

Sec. 3-401. A facility may involuntarily transfer or discharge a resident only for one or more of the following reasons:

(a) the facility is unable to meet the medical needs of the resident, as documented in the resident's clinical record by the resident's physician ~~for medical reasons~~;

(b) for the resident's physical safety;

(c) for the physical safety of other residents, the facility staff or facility visitors; or

(d) for either late payment or nonpayment for the resident's stay, except as prohibited by Titles XVIII and XIX of the federal Social Security Act. For purposes of this Section, "late payment" means non-receipt of payment after submission of a bill. If payment is not received within 45 days after submission of a bill, a facility may send a notice to the resident and responsible party requesting payment within 30 days. If payment is not received within such 30 days, the facility may thereupon institute transfer or discharge proceedings by sending a notice of transfer or discharge to the resident and responsible party by registered or certified mail. The notice shall state, in addition to the

requirements of Section 3-403 of this Act, that the responsible party has the right to pay the amount of the bill in full up to the date the transfer or discharge is to be made and then the resident shall have the right to remain in the facility. Such payment shall terminate the transfer or discharge proceedings. This subsection does not apply to those residents whose care is provided for under the Illinois Public Aid Code. The Department shall adopt rules setting forth the criteria and procedures to be applied in cases of involuntary transfer or discharge permitted under this Section.

In the absence of other bases for transfer or discharge in this Section, unless it has complied with the prior notice and other procedural requirements of this Act, a facility may not refuse to readmit a resident following a medical leave of absence if the resident's need for care does not exceed the provisions of the facility's license or current services offered.

(Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

(210 ILCS 45/3-402) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4153-402)

Sec. 3-402. Involuntary transfer or discharge of a resident from a facility shall be preceded by the discussion required under Section 3-408 and by a minimum written notice of 30 ~~24~~ days, except in one of the following instances:

(a) When an emergency transfer or discharge is ordered by the resident's attending physician because of the resident's health care needs. The State Long Term Care Ombudsman shall be notified at the time of the emergency transfer or discharge.

(b) When the transfer or discharge is mandated by the physical safety of other residents, the facility staff, or facility visitors, as documented in the clinical record. The Department, the Office of State Long Term Care Ombudsman, and the resident's managed care organization, if applicable, and the State Long Term Care Ombudsman shall be notified prior to any such involuntary transfer or discharge. The Department shall immediately offer transfer, or discharge and relocation assistance to residents transferred or discharged under this subparagraph (b), and the Department may place relocation teams as provided in Section 3-419 of this Act.

(c) When an identified offender is within the provisional admission period defined in Section 1-120.3. If the Identified Offender Report and Recommendation prepared under Section 2-201.6 shows that the identified offender poses a serious threat or danger to the physical safety of other residents, the facility staff, or facility visitors in the admitting facility and the facility determines that it is unable to provide a safe environment for the other residents, the facility staff, or facility visitors, the facility shall transfer or discharge the identified offender within 3 days after its receipt of the Identified Offender Report and Recommendation.

(Source: P.A. 103-320, eff. 1-1-24.)

(210 ILCS 45/3-404) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4153-404)

Sec. 3-404. A request for a hearing made under Section 3-403 shall stay a transfer or discharge pending a hearing or appeal of the decision, unless a condition which would have allowed transfer or discharge in less than 30 ~~24~~ days as described under paragraphs (a) and (b) of Section 3-402 develops in the interim.

(Source: P.A. 81-223.)

(210 ILCS 45/3-405) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4153-405)

Sec. 3-405. A copy of the notice required by Section 3-402 shall be placed in the resident's clinical record and a copy shall be transmitted to the Department, the State Long Term Care Ombudsman, the resident, ~~and~~ the resident's representative, if any, and the resident's managed care organization.

(Source: P.A. 103-320, eff. 1-1-24.)

(210 ILCS 45/3-411) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4153-411)

Sec. 3-411. The Department of Public Health, when the basis for involuntary transfer or discharge is other than action by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) with respect to the Title XIX Medicaid recipient, shall hold a hearing at the resident's facility not later than 10 days after a hearing request is filed, and render a decision within 14 days after the filing of the hearing request. The Department has continuing jurisdiction over the transfer or discharge irrespective of the timing of the hearing and decision. Once a request for a hearing is filed, the Department shall hold a hearing unless the request is withdrawn by the resident. If the request for a hearing is withdrawn based upon a representation made by the facility to the resident and the Department, including the hearing officer, that a resident who has been denied readmission will be readmitted, and the resident or resident representative notifies the Department that the facility is still denying readmission, failure to readmit is considered failure

to comply with a Department order to readmit pursuant to Section 3-305.6, including the imposition of a \$2,500 fine under Section 3-305.6.

(Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)

(210 ILCS 45/3-413) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4153-413)

Sec. 3-413. If the Department determines that a transfer or discharge is authorized under Section 3-401, the resident shall not be required to leave the facility before the 34th day following receipt of the notice required under Section 3-402, or the 10th day following receipt of the Department's decision, whichever is later, unless a condition which would have allowed transfer or discharge in less than 30 ~~24~~ days as described under paragraphs (a) and (b) of Section 3-402 develops in the interim. The Department maintains jurisdiction over the transfer or discharge irrespective of the timing of the notice and discharge.

(Source: P.A. 81-223.)

(210 ILCS 45/3-413.1 new)

Sec. 3-413.1. Denial of transfer or discharge. If the Department determines that a transfer or discharge is not authorized under Section 3-401, then the Department shall issue a written decision stating that the transfer or discharge is denied. If the action of the facility giving rise to the request for hearings is the facility's failure to readmit the resident following hospitalization, other medical leave of absence, or other absence, then the Department shall order the immediate readmission of the resident to the facility. The facility shall comply with the order immediately. A copy of the Department's written decision shall be placed in the resident's medical chart. A surveyor shall make an on-site inspection of the facility's compliance with the order unless the resident or resident representative notifies the Department in writing that there is compliance with the order.

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 1, 2026."

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Castro, **Senate Bill No. 2427** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Education, adopted and ordered printed:

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2427**

AMENDMENT NO. 1 . Amend Senate Bill 2427 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by adding Sections 10-20.88, 27A-5.3, and 34-18.14a as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/10-20.88 new)

Sec. 10-20.88. Wireless communication device policy.

(a) As used in this Section:

"Instructional time" means the time during a school day students spend learning and participating in school activities. "Instructional time" does not include recess, passing time, or lunch time.

"Wireless communication device" means any portable wireless device that has the capability to provide voice, messaging, or other data communication between 2 or more parties, including, but not limited to:

- (1) cellular telephones;
- (2) tablet computers;
- (3) laptop computers;
- (4) gaming devices; and
- (5) wearable devices, including smart watches or smart glasses.

"Wireless communication device" does not include any device that a school district or teacher has directly issued to, provided for, or required a student to possess and use for educational purposes during instructional time.

(b) On or before the 2026-2027 school year, each school board shall adopt and implement a wireless communication device policy that:

(1) at a minimum, prohibits a student from using a wireless communication device during instructional time, except as otherwise provided in subsections (c) and (d); and

(2) incorporates guidance for secure and accessible storage of wireless devices during instructional time or directs the district superintendent or his or her designee to provide such guidance. However, this paragraph (2) does not preclude a school district from prohibiting the use or possession of wireless communication devices for students not meeting one of the exceptions set forth in subsection (c) or (d).

(c) The policy adopted and implemented under subsection (b) may not prohibit a student from using a wireless communication device during instructional time under the following circumstances:

(1) if a licensed physician determines that the possession or use of a wireless communication device is necessary for the health or well-being of the student and the student uses the wireless communication device as prescribed by the licensed physician;

(2) to fulfill an individualized education program or a plan developed under Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973; or

(3) if the wireless communication device is necessary for students who are English learners, as defined in Section 14C-2 of this Code, to access learning materials.

(d) The policy adopted and implemented under subsection (b) may allow for the following exceptions:

(1) if school personnel have authorized the student to use a wireless communication device for educational purposes; and

(2) in the event of an emergency as detailed in at least one of the school district's emergency and crises response plans, protocols, or procedures.

(e) No school district may enforce the wireless communication device policy through fees, fines, or the deployment of a school resource officer or local law enforcement officer.

(f) Each school board shall review its wireless communication device policy at least once every 3 years and make any necessary and appropriate revisions to the policy.

(g) A school district shall publicly post the policy adopted and implemented under subsection (b) on its website. If the school district does not operate a website, then the school district shall provide a copy of the policy adopted and implemented under subsection (b) to the parents or guardians of every student enrolled in the school district.

(105 ILCS 5/27A-5.3 new)

Sec. 27A-5.3. Wireless communication device policy.

(a) As used in this Section:

"Instructional time" means the time during a school day students spend learning and participating in school activities. "Instructional time" does not include recess, passing time, or lunch time.

"Wireless communication device" means any portable wireless device that has the capability to provide voice, messaging, or other data communication between 2 or more parties, including, but not limited to:

(1) cellular telephones;

(2) tablet computers;

(3) laptop computers;

(4) gaming devices; and

(5) wearable devices, including smart watches or smart glasses.

"Wireless communication device" does not include any device that a charter school or teacher has directly issued to, provided for, or required a student to possess and use for educational purposes during instructional time.

(b) Beginning with the 2026-2027 school year, each charter school shall adopt and implement a wireless communication device policy that:

(1) at a minimum, prohibits a student from using a wireless communication device during instructional time, except as otherwise provided in subsections (c) and (d); and

(2) incorporates guidance for secure and accessible storage of wireless devices during instructional time. However, this paragraph (2) does not preclude a charter school from prohibiting the

use or possession of wireless communication devices for students not meeting one of the exceptions set forth in subsection (c) or (d).

(c) The policy adopted and implemented under subsection (b) may not prohibit a student from using a wireless communication device during instructional time under the following circumstances:

(1) if a licensed physician determines that the possession or use of a wireless communication device is necessary for the health or well-being of the student and the student uses the wireless communication device as prescribed by the licensed physician;

(2) to fulfill an individualized education program or a plan developed under Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973; or

(3) if the wireless communication device is necessary for students who are English learners, as defined in Section 14C-2 of this Code, to access learning materials.

(d) The policy adopted and implemented under subsection (b) may allow for the following exceptions:

(1) if school personnel have authorized the student to use a wireless communication device for educational purposes; and

(2) in the event of an emergency as detailed in at least one of the charter school's emergency and crises response plans, protocols, or procedures.

(e) No charter school may enforce the wireless communication device policy through fees, fines, or the deployment of a school resource officer or local law enforcement officer.

(f) A charter school shall review its wireless communication device policy at least once every 3 years and make any necessary and appropriate revisions to the policy.

(g) A charter school shall publicly post the policy adopted and implemented under subsection (b) on its website. If the charter school does not operate a website, then the charter school shall provide a copy of the policy adopted and implemented under subsection (b) to the parents or guardians of every student enrolled in the charter school.

(105 ILCS 5/34-18.14a new)

Sec. 34-18.14a. Wireless communication device policy.

(a) As used in this Section:

"Instructional time" means the time during a school day students spend learning and participating in school activities. "Instructional time" does not include recess, passing time, or lunch time.

"Wireless communication device" means any portable wireless device that has the capability to provide voice, messaging, or other data communication between 2 or more parties, including, but not limited to:

(1) cellular telephones;

(2) tablet computers;

(3) laptop computers;

(4) gaming devices; and

(5) wearable devices, including smart watches or smart glasses.

"Wireless communication device" does not include any device that the school district or teacher has directly issued to, provided for, or required a student to possess and use for educational purposes during instructional time.

(b) On or before the 2026-2027 school year, the board shall adopt and implement a wireless communication device policy that:

(1) at a minimum, prohibits a student from using a wireless communication device during instructional time, except as otherwise provided in subsections (c) and (d); and

(2) incorporates guidance for secure and accessible storage of wireless devices during instructional time or directs the general superintendent of schools or his or her designee to provide such guidance. However, this paragraph (2) does not preclude the school district from prohibiting the use or possession of wireless communication devices for students not meeting one of the exceptions set forth in subsection (c) or (d).

(c) The policy adopted and implemented under subsection (b) may not prohibit a student from using a wireless communication device during instructional time under the following circumstances:

(1) if a licensed physician determines that the possession or use of a wireless communication device is necessary for the health or well-being of the student and the student uses the wireless communication device as prescribed by the licensed physician;

(2) to fulfill an individualized education program or a plan developed under Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973; or

(3) if the wireless communication device is necessary for students who are English learners, as defined in Section 14C-2 of this Code, to access learning materials.

(d) The policy adopted and implemented under subsection (b) may allow for the following exceptions:

(1) if school personnel have authorized the student to use a wireless communication device for educational purposes; and

(2) in the event of an emergency as detailed in at least one of the school district's emergency and crises response plans, protocols, or procedures.

(e) The school district may not enforce the wireless communication device policy through fees, fines, or the deployment of a school resource officer or local law enforcement officer.

(f) The board shall review its wireless communication device policy at least once every 3 years and make any necessary and appropriate revisions to the policy.

(g) The school district shall publicly post the policy adopted and implemented under subsection (b) on its website."

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Walker, **Senate Bill No. 2457** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Financial Institutions, adopted and ordered printed:

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2457**

AMENDMENT NO. 1 . Amend Senate Bill 2457 on page 6, line 23, by inserting "they" before "made"; and

on page 7, line 3, by replacing "were" with "they"; and

on page 7, line 6, by inserting "they" before "originated"; and

on page 20, immediately below line 24, by inserting the following:

"(205 ILCS 740/11) (was 225 ILCS 425/11)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 11. ~~Consent orders~~ ~~informal conferences~~. ~~Informal conferences, after a formal hearing is requested, shall be conducted with at least one member of the Board in attendance.~~ Notwithstanding any provisions concerning the conduct of hearings and recommendations for disciplinary actions, the Department has the authority to negotiate agreements with licensees and applicants resulting in disciplinary or non-disciplinary consent orders. The consent orders may provide for any of the forms of discipline provided in this Act. The consent orders shall provide that they were not entered into as a result of any coercion by the Department.

(Source: P.A. 102-975, eff. 1-1-23)."

Senator Walker offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

**AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 2457**

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend Senate Bill 2457 on page 2, line 2, after "11,", by inserting "13.1,"; and

on page 2, line 3, after "23,", by inserting "24,"; and

on page 2, by replacing lines 18 and 19 with the following:

"Collection agency" means any person who, in the ordinary course of business, regularly: (1) engages in the; and

on page 11, by replacing lines 14 and 15 with "penalty shall be assessed by the Department after a hearing is held in accordance with"; and

on page 20, immediately above line 25, by inserting the following:

"(205 ILCS 740/13.1) (was 225 ILCS 425/13.1)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 13.1. Annual meeting between debt collection industry and the Department ~~Collection Agency Licensing and Disciplinary Board; members; qualifications; duties.~~ The Department shall, if requested to do so by at least 20 interested persons or an association representing at least 20 interested persons, meet at least once per calendar year with representatives of the debt collection industry to discuss developments in the lawful collection of debt and issues confronting the Department in its regulation and discipline of collection agencies.

(a) ~~There is created in the Department the Collection Agency Licensing and Disciplinary Board composed of 7 members appointed by the Secretary. Five members of the Board shall be employed in a collection agency licensed under this Act and 2 members of the Board shall represent the general public, shall not be employed by or possess an ownership interest in any collection agency licensed under this Act, and shall have no family or business connection with the practice of collection agencies.~~

(b) ~~Each of the members appointed to the Board, except for the public members, shall have at least 5 years of active collection agency experience.~~

(c) ~~The Board shall annually elect a chairperson from among its members. The members of the Board shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall be reimbursed for their necessary expenses as authorized by the Department while engaged in their duties.~~

(d) ~~Members shall serve for a term of 4 years and until their successors are appointed and qualified. No Board member shall be appointed to more than 2 full consecutive terms. A partial term of more than 2 years shall be considered a full term. Appointments to fill vacancies for the unexpired portion of a vacated term shall be made in the same manner as original appointments. All members shall serve until their successors are appointed and qualified.~~

(e) ~~The Secretary may remove any member of the Board for cause at any time before the expiration of his or her term. The Secretary shall be the sole arbiter of cause.~~

(f) ~~The majority of the Board shall constitute a quorum. A vacancy in the membership of the Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the duties of the Board.~~

(g) ~~Members of the Board shall have no liability in any action based upon any disciplinary proceeding or other activity performed in good faith as a member of the Board.~~

(Source: P.A. 99-227, eff. 8-3-15; 100-132, eff. 8-18-17.); and

on page 27, by replacing lines 14 through 21 with: "have full authority to conduct the hearing. ~~A Board member or members may, but are not required to, attend hearings.~~ The hearing officer shall report his or her findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations to the Secretary and to all the parties to the proceeding ~~Board. The Board shall review the report of the hearing officer and present its findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations to the Secretary and to all parties to the proceeding.~~ If the Secretary disagrees with the recommendation"; and

on page 28, immediately below line 12, by inserting the following:

"(205 ILCS 740/24) (was 225 ILCS 425/24)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

Sec. 24. Restoration of license from discipline. At any time after the successful completion of a term of indefinite probation, suspension, or revocation of any license, the Department may restore the license to the licensee, ~~upon the written recommendation of the Board,~~ unless after an investigation and a hearing the Secretary determines that restoration is not in the public interest. No person whose license or authority has been revoked as authorized in this Act may apply for restoration of that license or authority until such time as provided for in the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

(Source: P.A. 99-227, eff. 8-3-15.); and

on page 29, by deleting line 16; and

on page 29, line 18, by replacing "Sections 3 and 13.1" with "Section 3".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments Numbered 1 and 2 were ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

### SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Villivalam, **Senate Bill No. 1616** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Villivalam offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

#### AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1616

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1616 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by adding Section 2-3.206 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.206 new)

Sec. 2-3.206. Scheduling guidance for major school events.

(a) As used in this Section, "major school event" means a school sanctioned or sponsored event that is part of a school or school district's locally created school calendar for the year, including, but not limited to, events or activities that would be difficult for a student to make up.

(b) The State Board of Education, in consultation with stakeholders, shall identify dates during the year of cultural or religious significance to the student population and in which students may have out-of-school commitments or otherwise be unable to participate in a major school event.

By July 1 of each year, the State Board of Education shall prominently post on its website and distribute to each school district a nonexhaustive list of the identified days and dates of cultural, religious, or other observances for, at a minimum, the school year that begins in the next calendar year as a resource for making scheduling decisions for major school events. The list shall include a statement encouraging schools to be mindful of the days and dates of cultural, religious, or other observances that impact student participation as schools plan major school events.

(c) The list of cultural, religious, or other observances under subsection (b) shall additionally include a statement indicating that the list is only for scheduling guidance purposes and does not affect a student's right to be excused from attendance because of the observance of a religious holiday pursuant to Section 26-2b of this Code, regardless of whether the religious holiday appears on the list.

Upon the posting and distribution of the list, the State Board of Education shall also inform school districts that the list is nonexhaustive and that a school district may include additional days and dates on its locally created school calendars based on community feedback or demographics.

The State Board of Education shall additionally distribute the list each year to relevant associations or entities as determined by the State Board of Education.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

### COMMUNICATION

[April 3, 2025]

Date: April 3, 2025

Legislative Measure(s): SB 83

Venue:

Committee on \_\_\_\_\_  
 Full Senate

Due to a potential conflict of interest (or the potential appearance thereof), I abstained from voting (or voted "present") on the above legislative measure(s).

Notwithstanding a potential conflict of interest (or the potential appearance thereof), I voted in favor of or against the above legislative measure(s) because I believe doing so is in the best interests of the State.

s/Chapin Rose  
 Senator Chapin Rose

#### LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED

The following Floor amendments to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 189  
 Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 406  
 Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 636  
 Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 706  
 Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 707  
 Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 798  
 Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1078  
 Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1411  
 Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1417  
 Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1456  
 Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1559  
 Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1602  
 Amendment No. 5 to Senate Bill 1667  
 Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1701  
 Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1784  
 Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2215  
 Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2247  
 Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2318  
 Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2437  
 Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2500

The following Committee amendments to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 101  
 Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1424

At the hour of 2:27 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stands adjourned until Friday, April 4, 2025, at 12:30 o'clock p.m.

[April 3, 2025]

**PERFUNCTORY SESSION  
6:24 O'CLOCK P.M.**

The Senate met in perfunctory session pursuant to the directive of the President.  
Pursuant to Senate Rule 2-5(c)2, the Secretary of the Senate conducted the perfunctory session.

**MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT**

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT  
DON HARMON  
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

327 STATE CAPITOL  
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62706  
217-782-2728

160 N. LASALLE ST., STE. 720  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601  
312-814-2075

April 3, 2025

Mr. Tim Anderson  
Secretary of the Senate  
Room 058, State House  
Springfield, Illinois 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Senate Rule 2-10, I am scheduling a Perfunctory Session to convene on April 3, 2025.

s/Don Harmon  
Don Harmon  
Senate President

cc: Senate Republican Leader John F. Curran

**PRESENTATION OF CONGRATULATORY RESOLUTION**

**SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 209**

Offered by Senator E. Harriss:  
Congratulates Rebecca L. Hooks on becoming the first woman to reach the rank of first deputy director with the Illinois State Police.

Under the Rules, the foregoing resolution was referred to the Committee on Assignments.

**PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTION**

Senator McClure offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Assignments:

**SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 210**

WHEREAS, The members of the Illinois Senate wish to congratulate Justin Allgaier on his outstanding racing career; and

[April 3, 2025]

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier is a distinguished racecar driver who has demonstrated exceptional skill, dedication, and sportsmanship throughout his racing career; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier was born on June 6, 1986 in Springfield and has become a distinguished figure in American stock car racing; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier grew up in Riverton and has been an ambassador representing his community with honor and bringing positive recognition to the area; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier's family plays a crucial role in his life, providing unwavering support and motivation; he is the son of Mike and Dorothy Allgaier; he is married to his high school sweetheart, Ashley Allgaier, and together, they have two daughters, Harper and Willow; his family's love and encouragement have been instrumental in his success; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier began his racing career at the young age of five, quickly showcasing his talent and passion for the sport; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier achieved significant milestones early in his career, including becoming a five-time quarter-midget champion by the age of 12; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier became the youngest driver to advance to an A-Main at the Chili Bowl, the star-studded midget racing event in Tulsa, Oklahoma in 2001 at the age of 14; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier secured the ARCA Re/Max Series Championship in 2008, marking a pivotal moment in his ascent within professional racing; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier was honored as the 2009 NASCAR Xfinity Series Rookie of the Year, further establishing his reputation in the racing community; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier has been a consistent and formidable competitor in the NASCAR Xfinity Series, driving the No. 7 Chevrolet for JR Motorsports; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier has accumulated 27 Xfinity Series victories over his career, placing him 9th on the all-time wins list; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier achieved the pinnacle of his career by winning the NASCAR Xfinity Series Championship in 2024, a testament to his dedication and skill; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier has been recognized multiple times as the all-time record holder for the NASCAR Xfinity Series Most Popular Driver Award, reflecting his positive impact on fans and the broader community; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier has exemplified the values of perseverance, sportsmanship, and community engagement throughout his career, serving as an inspiration to aspiring racers and Illinois residents alike; and

WHEREAS, Justin Allgaier's contributions to racing extend beyond the track, as he has actively engaged with fans, participated in community events, and supported charitable causes, including the Adopt-a-Soldier Platoon initiative, which he featured on his car during Memorial Day weekend at Charlotte Motor Speedway, as well as participating in numerous charity events and fundraisers; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDRED FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we declare November 9, 2025 as Justin Allgaier Day in the State of Illinois to commemorate the one year anniversary of his championship win, and we extend our best wishes for continued success in all his future endeavors; and be it further

[April 3, 2025]

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution be presented to Justin Allgaier as a symbol of our respect and esteem.

### REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES

Senator Joyce, Chair of the Committee on State Government, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1607

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Joyce, Chair of the Committee on State Government, to which was referred **Senate Resolution No. 96**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

Under the rules, **Senate Resolution No. 96** was placed on the Secretary's Desk.

Senator Glowiak Hilton, Chair of the Committee on Licensed Activities, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2154

Senate Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2431

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2494

Senate Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2503

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Castro, Chair of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred **Senate Bills Numbered 1180 and 1988**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Castro, Chair of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred **Senate Bills Numbered 8, 19, 1507, 1612, 1793, 1797, 1827, 1899, 1911, 1953, 1954 and 2044**, reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bills, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Castro, Chair of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1537

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2306

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

At the hour of 6:26 o'clock p.m., the perfunctory session stood adjourned, and pursuant to **Senate Joint Resolution No. 26**, the Senate stands adjourned until Friday, April 4, 2025, or until the call of the President.